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5 **Platform Level Data Model (PLDM) for SMBIOS**  
6 **Data Transfer Specification**

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## Foreword

75 The *Platform Level Data Model (PLDM) for SMBIOS Data Transfer Specification* (DSP0246) was  
76 prepared by the Platform Management Components Intercommunications (PMCI) Working Group.

77 DMTF is a not-for-profit association of industry members dedicated to promoting enterprise and systems  
78 management and interoperability.

79

## Introduction

80 This specification describes Platform Level Data Model (PLDM) data structures and commands for  
81 transferring SMBIOS data between the components of a platform management hardware subsystem.  
82 This document specifies PLDM representations of SMBIOS structure table and SMBIOS structures, and a  
83 set of commands for transferring SMBIOS structure table and SMBIOS structure data.

84

# 85 Platform Level Data Model (PLDM) for SMBIOS Data Transfer 86 Specification

## 87 1 Scope

88 DSP0134, *System Management BIOS (SMBIOS) Reference Specification*, defines BIOS extensions that  
89 provide platform asset information such as BIOS version, processor speed/type, and memory capacity.  
90 The SMBIOS structure table typically resides in the system memory and contains one or more SMBIOS  
91 structures. This document describes Platform Level Data Model (PLDM) data structures and commands  
92 for transferring SMBIOS data between the components of a platform management hardware subsystem.

93 This document meets the following objectives:

- 94 • Specifies PLDM representations of SMBIOS structure table and SMBIOS structures
- 95 • Specifies a set of commands for transferring SMBIOS structure table and SMBIOS structure  
96 data

## 97 2 Normative References

98 The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated  
99 references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced  
100 document (including any amendments) applies.

### 101 2.1 Approved References

102 DMTF DSP0134, *System Management BIOS (SMBIOS) Reference Specification 2.6*,  
103 [http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published\\_documents/DSP0134\\_2.6.0.pdf](http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP0134_2.6.0.pdf)

104 DMTF DSP0240, *Platform Level Data Model (PLDM) Base Specification*,  
105 [http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published\\_documents/DSP0240\\_1.0.0.pdf](http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP0240_1.0.0.pdf)

106 DMTF DSP0245, *Platform Level Data Model (PLDM) IDs and Codes*,  
107 [http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published\\_documents/DSP0245\\_1.0.0.pdf](http://www.dmtf.org/standards/published_documents/DSP0245_1.0.0.pdf)

### 108 2.2 Other References

109 ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, *Rules for the structure and drafting of International Standards*,  
110 <http://isotc.iso.org/livelink/livelink.exe?func=ll&objId=4230456&objAction=browse&sort=subtype>

111 OMG, *Unified Modeling Language (UML) from the Open Management Group (OMG)*, <http://www.uml.org/>

## 112 3 Terms and Definitions

113 Refer to [DSP0240](#) for terms and definitions that are used across the PLDM specifications. For the  
114 purposes of this document, the following additional terms and definitions apply.

**115 3.1****116 System Management BIOS****117 SMBIOS**

118 BIOS extensions that provide platform asset information such as BIOS version, processor speed/type,  
119 and memory capacity as specified in [DSP0134](#)

**120 3.2****121 SMBIOS structure**

122 A SMBIOS structure provides information about a component within a platform. A SMBIOS structure has  
123 a formatted section and an optional unformatted section. The formatted section of each structure begins  
124 with a 4-byte header. Remaining data in the formatted section is determined by the structure type, as is  
125 the overall length of the formatted section.

**126 3.3****127 SMBIOS structure table**

128 the table that contains the SMBIOS structures

**129 3.4****130 SMBIOS table**

131 See 3.3.

**132 4 Symbols and Abbreviated Terms**

133 Refer to [DSP0240](#) for symbols and abbreviated terms that are used across the PLDM specifications. For  
134 the purposes of this document, the following additional symbols and abbreviated terms apply.

**135 4.1****136 BIOS**

137 Basic Input Output System

**138 4.2****139 SMBIOS**

140 System Management BIOS

**141 5 Conventions**

142 Refer to [DSP0240](#) for conventions, notations, and data types that are used in the PLDM specifications.

**143 6 SMBIOS Overview**

144 The *Platform Level Data Model (PLDM) for SMBIOS Data Transfer Specification* defines BIOS extensions  
145 that provide platform asset information such as BIOS version, processor speed/type, and memory  
146 capacity. The SMBIOS structure table resides in the system memory and contains one or more SMBIOS  
147 structures. Each SMBIOS structure begins with a (type, length, and handle) header. The SMBIOS  
148 structures are not ordered and searching for a specific structure requires parsing the SMBIOS structure  
149 table.

150 The SMBIOS structure table data is important for the instrumentation because it is used in the following  
151 ways:



- 152 • Platform asset information available in the SMBIOS structure table can be used to populate the  
153 instances of CIM classes that provide physical asset and hardware inventory information to the  
154 remote management console using the WBEM infrastructure.
- 155 • The information available in the SMBIOS structure table can be used for system health  
156 monitoring.
- 157 • The event log information, if available in the SMBIOS structure table, can be used to access the  
158 event log and perform system event monitoring.

## 159 **7 PLDM for SMBIOS Data Transfer Overview**

160 A Management Controller, may wish to utilize the data in the SMBIOS structure table as a data source for  
161 providing platform inventory information via a CIM-based external interface. Depending on the  
162 implementation, additionally providing this information when the system is in low power states may  
163 require maintaining multiple copies of SMBIOS structure table data within a platform and keeping the  
164 copies consistent between the MC and the SMBIOS table information that is accessed by the system  
165 software and BIOS. There is thus a need for a platform-level data model (PLDM) for SMBIOS data  
166 transfer that can be used between the system firmware (BIOS) and a management controller, and  
167 between management controllers. Following are the design characteristics for the PLDM for SMBIOS  
168 data transfer:

- 169 • The PLDM defines commands to obtain the SMBIOS structure table metadata information, such  
170 as versioning information, checksum information, table length, number of SMBIOS structures,  
171 and maximum structure size.
- 172 • The PLDM preserves the SMBIOS structure format for the data transfer. By maintaining the  
173 SMBIOS structure format at the PLDM level, the need to parse the SMBIOS structure data for  
174 the PLDM data transfer is avoided.
- 175 • The SMBIOS structure table or SMBIOS structures can be large. The SMBIOS structure table  
176 data or SMBIOS structure data may not fit in a single PLDM message. The PLDM defines  
177 commands that allow the transfer of entire SMBIOS structure table or SMBIOS structures using  
178 either a single request/response or multiple requests/responses.
- 179 • The PLDM supports both pull and push models for the SMBIOS structure table data transfer  
180 and SMBIOS structure data transfer. In the push model, the SMBIOS structure table transfer is  
181 initiated by the sender without being explicitly requested by the receiving entity. In the pull  
182 model, the transfer of the SMBIOS structure table is requested by a receiving entity. The BIOS  
183 initiating the transfer of its SMBIOS structure table to a management controller is an example of  
184 the push model. A management controller sending read requests to BIOS telling it to provide  
185 SMBIOS structure table data is an example of the pull model.
- 186 • The PLDM defines a data integrity check to protect the SMBIOS structure table data transfer  
187 and SMBIOS structure data transfer.
- 188 • The PLDM defines commands to read SMBIOS structure data by type or by handle to enable  
189 reading a subset of structures from the SMBIOS structure table.
- 190 • The PLDM does not define commands to update or write a subset of structures from the  
191 SMBIOS structure table as it typically requires reading the entire table, followed by writing the  
192 subset of structures, and updating the SMBIOS table integrity checksum that covers the entire  
193 SMBIOS structure table.
- 194 • The PLDM does not define commands (read or write) to transfer partial SMBIOS structure or  
195 elements of an SMBIOS structure.

## 196 8 PLDM for SMBIOS Data Transfer

197 This section defines the data structures and commands for SMBIOS data transfer.

### 198 8.1 PLDM Representation of SMBIOS Structure Table

199 In the PLDM messages for SMBIOS data transfers, an SMBIOS structure representation is the same as  
 200 described in the SMBIOS specification ([DSP0134](#)). Each SMBIOS structure has a formatted section and  
 201 an optional unformatted section as defined in [DSP0134](#). The formatted section begins with a 4-byte header:  
 202 Type (1 byte), Length (1 byte), and Handle (2 bytes). The unformatted section is used to pass variable  
 203 length structures (for example, text strings). Each SMBIOS structure is terminated by double null (0000h).

204 Table 1 shows the SMBIOS structure representation at the PLDM level.

205 **Table 1 – PLDM Representation of an SMBIOS Structure**

Byte	Type	Field
0	uint8	<b>Type</b> as defined in <a href="#">DSP0134</a>
1	uint8	<b>Length</b> (L bytes) as defined in <a href="#">DSP0134</a>
2:3	uint16	<b>Handle</b> as defined in <a href="#">DSP0134</a>
4:L-1	–	The formatted area of the structure
Variable	–	Variable bytes of unformatted area of the structure terminated by double null (0000h) as defined in <a href="#">DSP0134</a>

206 The SMBIOS structure table data consists of multiple SMBIOS structures. When a set of one or more  
 207 SMBIOS structures (up to the entire SMBIOS structure table data) is transferred using PLDM messages,  
 208 the PLDM representation shown in Table 2 is used.

209 **Table 2 – PLDM Representation of SMBIOSStructureData**

Byte	Type	Field
Variable	–	<b>SMBIOS structures (one or more)</b> See Table 1 for the PLDM representation of an SMBIOS structure.
Variable	uint8[ ]	<b>Pad</b> 0 to 3 number of pad bytes. The value stored in each pad byte is 0x00. The transmitter can compute the number of pad bytes from the SMBIOSStructureData by using the following algorithm: Let L be the total number of bytes in the SMBIOSStructureData excluding the pad and the integrity checksum. if (L modulo 4 == 0) then NumPadBytes = 0; else NumPadBytes = 4 – L modulo 4; The receiver can compute the number of pad bytes from the SMBIOSStructureData by using the following algorithm. In the algorithm, the receiver parses SMBIOS structure data until the remaining bytes are less than 8. When it reaches that stage, the remaining bytes contain the pad bytes and four bytes of data integrity checksum. Let L be the total number of bytes in the SMBIOSStructureData including the pad and the integrity checksum. RemBytes = L; i = 0; while (RemBytes >= 8) { Process the i <sup>th</sup> SMBIOS structure in the SMBIOSStructureData;

Byte	Type	Field
		RemBytes = RemBytes - 4 – Total length of i <sup>th</sup> SMBIOS structure including the formatted and unformatted areas; i = i+1; } NumPadBytes = RemBytes modulo 4;
	uint32	<b>SMBIOSStructureDataIntegrityChecksum</b> Integrity checksum on the SMBIOS structure data including the pad bytes (if any). It is calculated starting at the first byte of the PLDM representation of SMBIOSStructureData. For this specification, the CRC-32 algorithm with the polynomial $x^{32} + x^{26} + x^{23} + x^{22} + x^{16} + x^{12} + x^{11} + x^{10} + x^8 + x^7 + x^5 + x^4 + x^2 + x + 1$ (same as the one used by IEEE 802.3) shall be used for the integrity checksum computation. The CRC computation involves processing a byte at a time with the least significant bit first.

210 **8.2 PLDM Commands for SMBIOS Data Transfer**

211 Table 3 defines the PLDM command codes defined in this section for the PLDM for SMBIOS data  
 212 transfer.

213 **Table 3 – PLDM for SMBIOS Data Transfer Command Codes**

Command	Code Value	Requirement	Section
GetSMBIOSStructureTableMetadata	0x01	Mandatory	See 8.2.1.
SetSMBIOSStructureTableMetadata	0x02	Conditional <sup>2</sup>	See 8.2.2.
GetSMBIOSStructureTable	0x03	Conditional <sup>1</sup>	See 8.2.3.
SetSMBIOSStructureTable	0x04	Conditional <sup>1</sup>	See 8.2.4.
GetSMBIOSStructureByType	0x05	Optional	See 8.2.5.
GetSMBIOSStructureByHandle	0x06	Optional	See 8.2.6.
<sup>1</sup> At least one of these two commands must be supported by the requester and the responder for a compliant PLDM for SMBIOS data transfer implementation. <sup>2</sup> If an implementation is transferring SMBIOS structure table data using the SetSMBIOSStructureTable command, it shall support the SetSMBIOSStructureTableMetadata command.			

214 The requirements specified in Table 3 are relative to the services provided by the PLDM terminus.

215 The following sections define the PLDM commands for SMBIOS data transfer.

216 **8.2.1 GetSMBIOSStructureTableMetadata**

217 The GetSMBIOSStructureTableMetadata command, described in Table 4, is used to get the SMBIOS  
 218 structure table metadata information that includes the SMBIOS major version, the SMBIOS minor version,  
 219 the size of the largest SMBIOS structure, total length of the SMBIOS structure table, total number of  
 220 SMBIOS structures, and the integrity checksum on the SMBIOS structure table data.

221

**Table 4 – GetSMBIOSStructureTableMetadata Command Format**

Byte	Type	Request Data
-	-	No Request Data
Byte	Type	Response Data
0	enum8	<b>CompletionCode</b> Possible values: { PLDM_BASE_CODES, NO_SMBIOS_STRUCTURE_TABLE_METADATA=0x83 }
1	uint8	<b>SMBIOSMajorVersion</b> The major version of the SMBIOS specification with which the SMBIOS structure table complies
2	uint8	<b>SMBIOSMinorVersion</b> The minor version of the SMBIOS specification with which the SMBIOS structure table complies
3:4	uint16	<b>MaximumStructureSize</b> Size of the largest SMBIOS structure, in bytes, including the structure's formatted area and unformatted area
5:6	uint16	<b>SMBIOSStructureTableLength</b> Total length of the SMBIOS structure table, in bytes
7:8	uint16	<b>NumberOfSMBIOSStructures</b> Total number of SMBIOS structures present in the SMBIOS structure table
9:12	uint32	<b>SMBIOSStructureTableIntegrityChecksum (CRC-32)</b> Integrity checksum on the SMBIOS structure table data See Table 2 for more information about this integrity checksum.

## 222 8.2.2 SetSMBIOSStructureTableMetadata

223 The SetSMBIOSStructureTableMetadata command, described in Table 5, is used to set the SMBIOS  
 224 structure table metadata information that includes the SMBIOS major version, the SMBIOS minor version,  
 225 the size of the largest SMBIOS structure, total length of the SMBIOS structure table, total number of  
 226 SMBIOS structures, and the integrity checksum on the SMBIOS structure table data.

227

**Table 5 – SetSMBIOSStructureTableMetadata Command Format**

Byte	Type	Request Data
0	uint8	<b>SMBIOSMajorVersion</b> The major version of the SMBIOS specification with which the SMBIOS structure table complies
1	uint8	<b>SMBIOSMinorVersion</b> The minor version of the SMBIOS specification with which the SMBIOS structure table complies
2:3	uint16	<b>MaximumStructureSize</b> Size of the largest SMBIOS structure, in bytes, including the structure's formatted area and unformatted area
4:5	uint16	<b>SMBIOSStructureTableLength</b> Total length of the SMBIOS structure table, in bytes
6:7	uint16	<b>NumberOfSMBIOSStructures</b> Total number of SMBIOS structures present in the SMBIOS structure table
8:11	uint32	<b>SMBIOSStructureTableIntegrityChecksum (CRC-32)</b> Integrity checksum on the SMBIOS structure table data See Table 2 for more information about this integrity checksum.
Byte	Type	Response Data
0	enum8	<b>CompletionCode</b> Possible value: { PLDM_BASE_CODES}

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**8.2.3 GetSMBIOSStructureTable**

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The GetSMBIOSStructureTable command, described in Table 6, is used to get the SMBIOS structure table data. This command is defined to allow the SMBIOS structure table data to be transferred using a sequence of one or more command/response messages. When more than one command is used to transfer the SMBIOS structure table data, the response messages contain the non-overlapping contiguous portions of SMBIOS structure table data as defined in Table 2. By combining the portions of SMBIOS structure table data from the response messages, the entire SMBIOS structure table data can be reconstructed.

236

**Table 6 – GetSMBIOSStructureTable Command Format**

Byte	Type	Request Data
0:3	uint32	<b>DataTransferHandle</b> A handle that is used to identify an SMBIOS structure table data transfer. This handle is ignored by the responder when the TransferOperationFlag is set to GetFirstPart.
4	enum8	<b>TransferOperationFlag</b> The operation flag that indicates whether this is the start of the transfer Possible values: {GetNextPart=0x00, GetFirstPart=0x01}

Byte	Type	Response Data
0	enum8	<b>CompletionCode</b> Possible values: { PLDM_BASE_CODES, INVALID_DATA_TRANSFER_HANDLE=0x80, INVALID_TRANSFER_OPERATION_FLAG=0x81, SMBIOS_STRUCTURE_TABLE_UNAVAILABLE=0x85 }
1:4	uint32	<b>NextDataTransferHandle</b> A handle that is used to identify the next portion of the transfer
5	enum8	<b>TransferFlag</b> The transfer flag that indicates what part of the transfer this response represents Possible values: {Start=0x01, Middle=0x02, End=0x04, StartAndEnd = 0x05}
Variable	–	<b>Portion of SMBIOSStructureData</b> See Table 2 for the format.

#### 237 8.2.4 SetSMBIOSStructureTable

238 The SetSMBIOSStructureTable command, described in Table 7, is used to push the SMBIOS structure  
 239 table data. This command is defined to allow the SMBIOS structure table data to be transferred using a  
 240 sequence of one or more command/response messages. When more than one command is used to  
 241 transfer the SMBIOS structure table data, the request messages contain the non-overlapping contiguous  
 242 portions of SMBIOS structure table data as defined in Table 2. By combining the portions of SMBIOS  
 243 structure table data from the request messages, the entire SMBIOS structure table data can be  
 244 reconstructed.

245 **Table 7 – SetSMBIOSStructureTable Command Format**

Byte	Type	Request Data
0:3	uint32	<b>DataTransferHandle</b> A handle that is used to identify SMBIOS structure table transfer. This handle is ignored by the responder when the TransferFlag is set to Start or StartAndEnd.
4	enum8	<b>TransferFlag</b> The transfer flag that indicates what part of the transfer this request represents Possible values: {Start=0x01, Middle=0x02, End=0x04, StartAndEnd = 0x05}
Variable	–	<b>Portion of SMBIOSStructureData</b> See Table 2 for the format.

Byte	Type	Response Data
0	enum8	<b>CompletionCode</b> Possible values: { PLDM_BASE_CODES, INVALID_DATA_TRANSFER_HANDLE=0x80, INVALID_TRANSFER_FLAG=0x82, INVALID_DATA_INTEGRITY_CHECK=0x84 }
1:4	uint32	<b>NextDataTransferHandle</b> A handle that is used to identify the next portion of the transfer

246 **8.2.5 GetSMBIOSStructureByType**

247 The GetSMBIOSStructureByType command, described in Table 8, is used to get the SMBIOS structures  
 248 of a specific type. This command is defined to allow the SMBIOS structure data to be transferred using a  
 249 sequence of one or more command/response messages. When more than one command is used to  
 250 transfer the SMBIOS structure data, the response messages contain the non-overlapping contiguous  
 251 portions of SMBIOS structure data as defined in Table 2. By combining the portions of SMBIOS structure  
 252 data from the response messages, the entire SMBIOS structure data can be reconstructed.

253 **Table 8 – GetSMBIOSStructureByType Command Format**

Byte	Type	Request Data
0:3	uint32	<b>DataTransferHandle</b> A handle that is used to identify SMBIOS structure data transfer. This handle is ignored by the responder when the TransferOperationFlag is set to GetFirstPart.
4	enum8	<b>TransferOperationFlag</b> The operation flag that indicates whether this is the start of the transfer Possible values: {GetNextPart=0x00, GetFirstPart=0x01}
5	uint8	<b>Type</b> Specifies the type of the SMBIOS structures
6:7	uint16	<b>StructureInstanceID</b> A handle that is used to identify an instance of an SMBIOS structure of the specified type Special values: 0xFFFF – All instances of the specified type

Byte	Type	Response Data
0	enum8	<b>CompletionCode</b> Possible values: { PLDM_BASE_CODES, INVALID_DATA_TRANSFER_HANDLE=0x80, INVALID_TRANSFER_OPERATION_FLAG=0x81, NO_SMBIOS_STRUCTURES=0x86, INVALID_SMBIOS_STRUCTURE_TYPE=0x87, INVALID_SMBIOS_STRUCTURE_INSTANCE_ID=0x89 }
1:4	uint32	<b>NextDataTransferHandle</b> A handle that is used to identify the next portion of the transfer
5	enum8	<b>TransferFlag</b> The transfer flag that indicates what part of the transfer this response represents Possible values: {Start=0x01, Middle=0x02, End=0x04, StartAndEnd = 0x05}
Variable	–	<b>SMBIOSStructureData</b> See Table 2 for the format.

## 254 8.2.6 GetSMBIOSStructureByHandle

255 The GetSMBIOSStructureByHandle command, described in Table 9, is used to get the SMBIOS structure  
 256 by a specific handle. This command is defined to allow the SMBIOS structure data to be transferred by  
 257 using a sequence of one or more command/response messages. When more than one command is used  
 258 to transfer the SMBIOS structure data, the response messages contain the non-overlapping contiguous  
 259 portions of SMBIOS structure data as defined in Table 2. By combining the portions of SMBIOS structure  
 260 data from the response messages, the entire SMBIOS structure data can be constructed.

261 **Table 9 – GetSMBIOSStructureByHandle Command Format**

Byte	Type	Request Data
0:3	uint32	<b>DataTransferHandle</b> A handle that is used to identify SMBIOS structure data transfer. This handle is ignored by the responder when the TransferOperationFlag is set to GetFirstPart.
4	enum8	<b>TransferOperationFlag</b> The operation flag that indicates whether this is the start of the transfer Possible values: {GetNextPart=0x00, GetFirstPart=0x01}
5:6	uint16	<b>Handle</b> Specifies the handle of the SMBIOS structure



Byte	Type	Response Data
0	enum8	<b>CompletionCode</b> Possible values: { PLDM_BASE_CODES, INVALID_DATA_TRANSFER_HANDLE=0x80, INVALID_TRANSFER_OPERATION_FLAG=0x81, INVALID_SMBIOS_STRUCTURE_HANDLE=0x88 }
1:4	uint32	<b>NextDataTransferHandle</b> A handle that is used to identify the next portion of the transfer
5	enum8	<b>TransferFlag</b> The transfer flag that indicates what part of the transfer this response represents Possible values: {Start=0x01, Middle=0x02, End=0x04, StartAndEnd = 0x05}
Variable	–	<b>SMBIOSStructureData</b> See Table 2 for the format.

### 262 8.3 PLDM for SMBIOS Data Transfer Version

263 The version of this PLDM for SMBIOS data transfer specification shall be 1.0.0 (major version number 1,  
 264 minor version number 0, update version number 0, and no alpha version).

265 For the GetPLDMVersion command described in DSP0240, the version of this specification is reported  
 266 using the encoding as: 0xF1F0F000.

## 267 9 PLDM for SMBIOS Data Transfer Examples

268 This section provides examples of PLDM communications using the PLDM commands defined in this  
 269 specification.

### 270 9.1 Multipart Transfers

271 The commands defined in Section 8 for transferring SMBIOS structure table data or SMBIOS structure  
 272 data support multipart transfers. The Get\* and Set\* commands use flags and data transfer handles to  
 273 perform multipart transfers. A data transfer handle uniquely identifies the next part of the transfer. The  
 274 data transfer handle values are implementation specific. For example, an implementation can use  
 275 memory addresses or sequence numbers as data transfer handles. Following are some requirements for  
 276 using TransferOperationFlag, TransferFlag, and DataTransferHandle for a given data transfer:

- 277 • For initiating a data transfer (or getting the first part of data) using a Get\* command, the  
 278 TransferOperationFlag shall be set to GetFirstPart in the request of the Get\* command.
- 279 • For transferring a part other than the first part of data by using a Get\* command, the  
 280 TransferOperationFlag shall be set to GetNextPart and the DataTransferHandle shall be set to  
 281 the NextDataTransferHandle that was obtained in the response of the previous Get\* command  
 282 for this data transfer.
- 283 • The TransferFlag specified in the request of a Set\* command or the response of a Get\*  
 284 command has the following meanings:  
 285 – Start, which is the first part of the data transfer

- 286           – Middle, which is neither the first nor the last part of the data transfer
- 287           – End, which is the last part of the data transfer
- 288           – StartAndEnd, which is the first and the last part of the data transfer
- 289           • The requester shall consider a data transfer complete when the TransferFlag in the response of
- 290           a Get\* command is set to End or StartAndEnd.
- 291           • The responder shall consider a data transfer complete when the TransferFlag in the request of
- 292           a Set\* command is set to End or StartAndEnd.

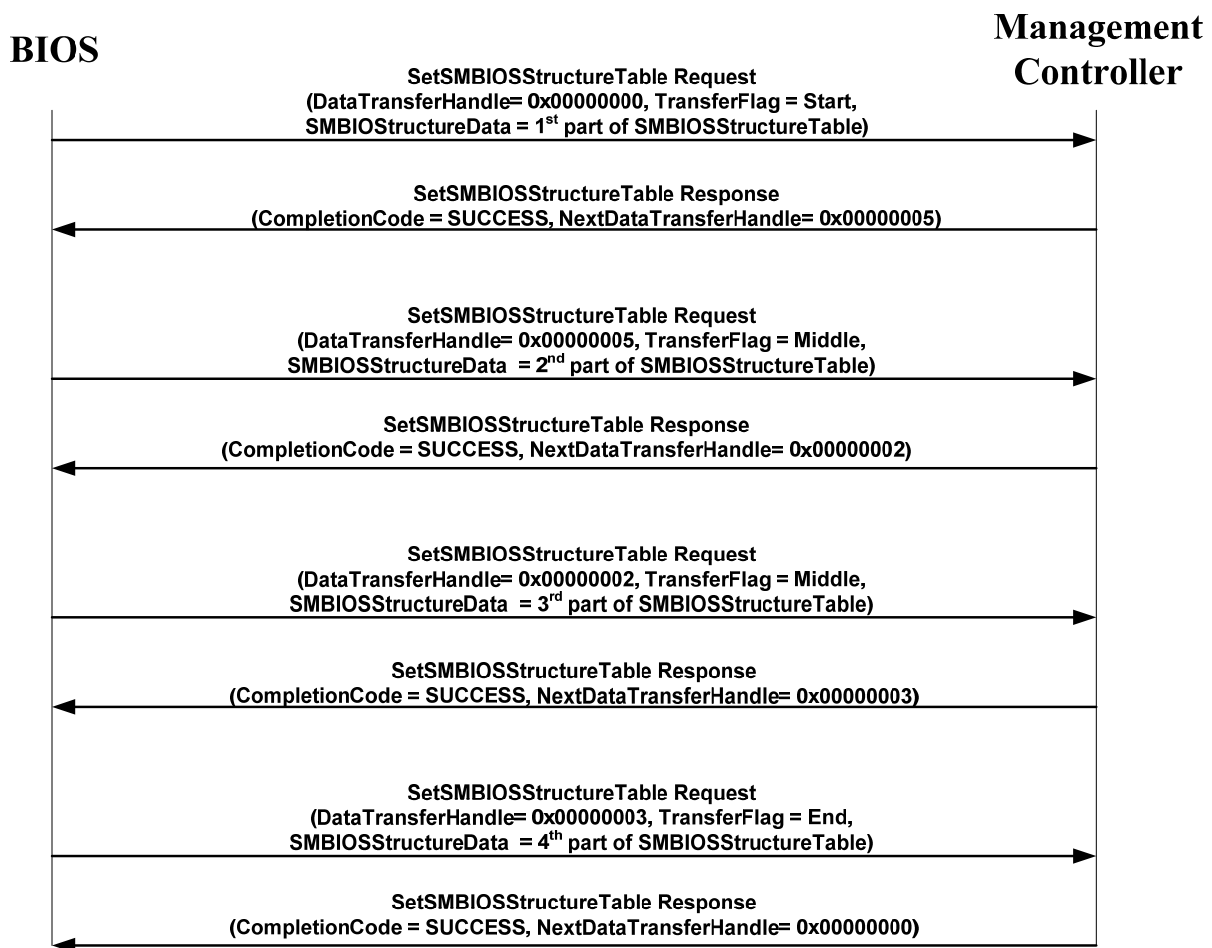
293 The following two examples show how the multipart transfers can be performed using the generic

294 mechanism defined in the commands.

295 EXAMPLE 1: In this example, the MC maintains a copy of the SMBIOS structure table provided by the BIOS. The

296 BIOS pushes a copy of its SMBIOS structure table to the MC by using the SetSMBIOSStructureTable command.

297 Figure 1 shows the flow of the data transfer.



298

299 **Figure 1 – Multipart SMBIOS Structure Table Transfer Using the SetSMBIOSStructureTable**

300 **Command**

301 EXAMPLE 2: In this example, the MC reads the SMBIOS structure table from the BIOS by using the  
 302 GetSMBIOSStructureTable command. This example shows a pull model where the MC obtains a copy of the  
 303 SMBIOS structure table from the BIOS. Figure 2 shows the flow of the data transfer.

**Management  
 Controller**

**BIOS**

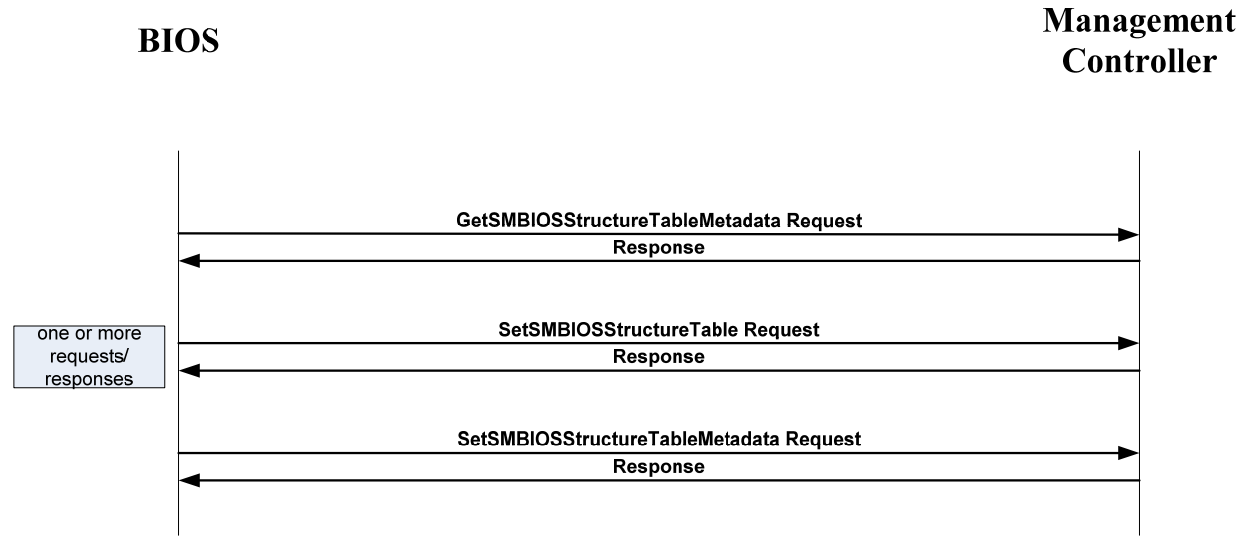


304

305 **Figure 2 – Multipart SMBIOS Structure Table Transfer Using the GetSMBIOSStructureTable**  
 306 **Command**

307 **9.2 SMBIOS Table Transfer from BIOS to MC Example**

308 EXAMPLE: In this example, the BIOS sets the SMBIOS table on the MC. The BIOS first queries the SMBIOS  
 309 table metadata by using the GetSMBIOSStructureTableMetadata command. The response from the MC to this  
 310 command indicates that the MC does not have the latest SMBIOS structure table. Upon finding that the MC does not  
 311 have the latest SMBIOS structure table, the BIOS transfers the latest SMBIOS structure table to the MC by using the  
 312 SetSMBIOSStructureTable command. After transferring the latest SMBIOS structure table, the BIOS sets up the  
 313 SMBIOS structure table metadata on the MC by using the SetSMBIOSStructureTableMetadata command. This  
 314 example can be used in a push model where the MC is maintaining a copy of the SMBIOS structure table provided by  
 315 the BIOS and the BIOS pushes to the MC a copy of the SMBIOS structure table by using SetSMBIOSStructureTable  
 316 command. Figure 3 shows the data transfer.



317

318 **Figure 3 – Example of SMBIOS Table Transfer Using the SetSMBIOSStructureTable Command**

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320

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322  
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324  
325

## **ANNEX A (Informative)**

### **Change Log**

<b>Version</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Author</b>	<b>Description</b>
1.0.0a	2008/9/24	Hemal Shah	1.0.0a Preliminary Release
1.0.0	2009/4/23		DMTF Standard Release

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