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5 Web Services for Management (WS-

6 Management) Specification

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Foreword

- 195 The Web Services for Management (WS-Management) Specification (DSP0226) was prepared by the
- 196 WS-Management sub-group of the WBEM Infrastructure & Protocols Working Group.
- 197 This International Standard makes use of functionality similar to the following W3C Recommendations:
- 198 Web Services Eventing (WS-Eventing)
- Web Services Transfer (WS-Transfer)
- Web Services Enumeration (WS-Enumeration)
- These W3C Recommendations were not available at the time WS-Management was defined, and
 similar functionality was incorporated directly into provisions of the WS-Management specification.
 Future revisions of WS-Management might incorporate these functions by External Reference to these
 W3C Recommendations
- 205 DMTF is a not-for-profit association of industry members dedicated to promoting enterprise and 206 systems management and interoperability.

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286	•

# 289 **1 Scope**

The Web Services for Management (WS-Management) Specification describes a Web services
 protocol based on SOAP for use in management-specific domains. These domains include the
 management of entities such as PCs, servers, devices, Web services and other applications, and other
 manageable entities. Services can expose only a WS-Management interface or compose the WS Management service interface with some of the many other Web service specifications.

A crucial application for these services is in the area of systems management. To promote
 interoperability between management applications and managed resources, this specification identifies
 a core set of Web service specifications and usage requirements that expose a common set of
 operations central to all systems management. This includes the ability to do the following:

- Get, put (update), create, and delete individual resource instances, such as settings and dynamic values
- Enumerate the contents of containers and collections, such as large tables and logs
- Subscribe to events emitted by managed resources
- Execute specific management methods with strongly typed input and output parameters

In each of these areas of scope, this specification defines minimal implementation requirements for
 conformant Web service implementations. An implementation is free to extend beyond this set of
 operations, and to choose not to support one or more of the preceding areas of functionality if that
 functionality is not appropriate to the target device or system.

- 308 This specification intends to meet the following requirements:
- Constrain Web services protocols and formats so that Web services can be implemented with
   a small footprint in both hardware and software management services.
- Define minimum requirements for compliance without constraining richer implementations.
- Ensure backward compatibility and interoperability with WS-Management version 1.0 and 1.1.
- Ensure composability with other Web services specifications.

# 314 2 Normative References

- The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.
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   <u>http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2616</u>
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# **369 3 Terms and Definitions**

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply. The fact that a normative term such as "shall", "shall not", "should", "should not", "may", or "need not" may be used in text which does not have an associated rule number does not mean that the text is not normative.

373 3.1 374 can 375 used for statements of possibility and capability, whether material, physical, or causal 376 3.2 377 cannot 378 used for statements of possibility and capability, whether material, physical, or causal 379 3.3 380 conditional 381 indicates requirements to be followed strictly to conform to the document when the specified conditions 382 are met 383 3.4 384 mandatory 385 indicates requirements to be followed strictly to conform to the document and from which no deviation is permitted 386 387 3.5 388 may 389 indicates a course of action permissible within the limits of the document 390 3.6 391 need not 392 indicates a course of action permissible within the limits of the document 393 3.7 394 optional 395 indicates a course of action permissible within the limits of the document 396 3.8 397 shall 398 indicates requirements to be followed strictly to conform to the document and from which no deviation is 399 permitted 400 3.9 401 shall not 402 indicates requirements to be followed strictly to conform to the document and from which no deviation is 403 permitted 404 3.10 405 should 406 indicates that among several possibilities, one is recommended as particularly suitable, without 407 mentioning or excluding others, or that a certain course of action is preferred but not necessarily 408 required

409	<b>3.11</b>
410	<b>should not</b>
411	indicates that a certain possibility or course of action is deprecated but not prohibited
412	3.12
413	client
414	the application that uses the Web services defined in this document to access the management service
415	<b>3.13</b>
416	<b>consumer</b>
417	the Web service that is requesting the data enumeration from the data source
418 419 420 421	<ul><li>3.14</li><li>data source</li><li>a Web service that supports traversal using enumeration contexts via the Enumerate operation defined in this specification</li></ul>
422	<b>3.15</b>
423	<b>delivery mode</b>
424	the mechanism by which notification messages are delivered from the source to the sink
425	<b>3.16</b>
426	enumeration context
427	a session context that represents a specific traversal through a logical sequence of XML element
428	information items using the Pull operation defined in this specification
429	3.17
430	event sink
431	a Web service that receives notifications
432	<b>3.18</b>
433	<b>event source</b>
434	a Web service that sends notifications and accepts requests to create subscriptions
435 436 437 438 439	<ul> <li>3.19</li> <li>managed resource</li> <li>an entity that can be of interest to an administrator</li> <li>It may be a physical object, such as a laptop computer or a printer, or an abstract entity, such as a service.</li> </ul>
440	3.20
441	notification
442	a message sent to indicate that an event has occurred
443	<b>3.21</b>
444	<b>push mode</b>
445	a delivery mechanism where the source sends event messages to the sink as individual, unsolicited
446	SOAP messages
447	<b>3.22</b>
448	<b>resource</b>
449	a Web service that is addressable by an endpoint reference and accessed using the operations defined
450	in this specification. This resource can be represented by an XML document. The XML document may
451	be a representation of managed resource

452 453 454 455 456 457	<ul> <li>3.23</li> <li>resource class</li> <li>an abstract representation (type) of a managed resource</li> <li>A resource class defines the representation of management-related operations and properties. An example of a resource class is the description of operations and properties for a set of laptop computers.</li> </ul>
458 459 460 461	<b>3.24</b> <b>resource factory</b> a Web service that is capable of creating new resources using the Create operation defined in this specification
462 463 464 465 466	<ul> <li>3.25</li> <li>resource instance</li> <li>an instantiation of a resource class</li> <li>An example is the set of management-related operations and property values for a specific laptop computer.</li> </ul>
467 468 469 470 471	<ul> <li>3.26</li> <li>selector</li> <li>a resource-relative name and value pair that acts as an instance-level discriminant when used with the WS-Management default addressing model</li> <li>A selector is essentially a filter or "key" that identifies the desired instance of the resource. A selector</li> </ul>
472 473 474	<ul> <li>may not be present when service-specific addressing models are used.</li> <li>The relationship of services to resource classes and instances is as follows:</li> <li>A service consists of one or more resource classes.</li> </ul>
475 476 477	<ul> <li>A resource class may contain zero or more instances.</li> <li>If more than one instance for a resource class exists, they are isolated or identified through parts of the SOAP address for the resource, such as the ResourceURI and SelectorSet fields in the default</li> </ul>

addressing model. 478

#### 479 3.27

480 service

481 an application that provides management services to clients by exposing the Web services defined in 482 this document

- 483 Typically, a service is equivalent to the network "listener," is associated with a physical transport
- address, and is essentially a type of manageability access point. 484

#### 485 3.28

#### 486 subscriber

487 a Web service that sends requests to create, renew, and/or delete subscriptions

#### 488 3.29

#### 489 subscription manager

- 490 a Web service that accepts requests to manage, get the status of, renew, and/or delete subscriptions
- 491 on behalf of an event source

# 492 **4 Symbols and Abbreviated Terms**

493 The following symbols and abbreviations are used in this document.

494	<b>4.1</b>
495	BNF
496	Backus-Naur Form ( <u>http://foldoc.org/foldoc/?Backus-Naur+Form</u> )
497	<b>4.2</b>
498	BOM
499	byte-order mark
500	<b>4.3</b>
501	CQL
502	CIM Query Language
503	<b>4.4</b>
504	EPR
505	Endpoint Reference
506	<b>4.5</b>
507	GSSAPI
508	Generic Security Services Application Program Interface
509	<b>4.6</b>
510	<b>SOAP</b>
511	Simple Object Access Protocol
512	<b>4.7</b>
513	SPNEGO
514	Simple and Protected GSSAPI Negotiation Mechanism
515	<b>4.8</b>
516	<b>SQL</b>
517	Structured Query Language
518	<b>4.9</b>
519	URI
520	Uniform Resource Identifier
521	<b>4.10</b>
522	URL
523	Uniform Resource Locator
524	<b>4.11</b>
525	<b>UTF</b>
526	UCS Transformation Format
527	<b>4.12</b>
528	<b>UUID</b>
529	Universally Unique Identifier

- 530 **4.13**
- 531 WSDL
- 532 Web Services Description Language

533 **4.14** 

534 WS-Man

535 Web Services Management

# 536 **5 Addressing**

WS-Management relies on a SOAP-based addressing mechanism (like the one defined in 5.1) to define
 references to other Web service endpoints and to define some of the headers used in SOAP
 messages. This addressing mechanism is semantically equivalent and fully wire-compatible with the
 version of WS-Addressing referenced in WS-Management 1.0. Therefore, this change to WS Management is fully backward compatible with existing WS-Management implementations.

542 Clause 5.2 specifies how more than one addressing version may be used with WS-Management, such 543 as the version defined in 5.1 or the W3C Recommendation version of addressing. In this specification, 544 unless explicitly referring to a particular version, the term "Addressing" refers generically to either 545 version of addressing as defined in 5.2.

546 Multiple addressing models may be used with any of the addressing versions described in 5.2. 547 Implementations may implement any of the following addressing models:

- basic addressing as defined in 5.1
- the Default Addressing Model as defined in 5.4.2
- new addressing models that are not defined in this specification. These addressing models
   may impose additional restrictions or requirements for addressing.

### 552 **5.1 Management Addressing**

553 The features defined in this clause provide a transport-neutral mechanism to address Web services and 554 messages. Specifically, this clause defines XML elements to identify Web service endpoints and to 555 secure end-to-end endpoint identification in messages. This enables messaging systems to support 556 message transmission through networks that include processing nodes such as endpoint managers, 557 firewalls, and gateways in a transport-neutral manner.

#### 558 **5.1.1** Introduction

559 This clause defines two interoperable constructs, endpoint references and message information 560 headers, that convey information that is typically provided by transport protocols and messaging 561 systems. These constructs normalize this underlying information into a uniform format that can be 562 processed independently of transport or application.

563 A Web service endpoint is an entity, processor, or resource that can be referenced and can be targeted 564 for Web service messages. Endpoint references convey the information needed to identify and 565 reference a Web service endpoint, and they may be used in several different ways:

- Endpoint references are suitable for conveying the information needed to access a Web service endpoint.
- Endpoint references are also used to provide addresses for individual messages sent to and from Web services.

570 To deal with the latter use case, this clause defines a family of message information headers that 571 allows uniform addressing of messages independent of underlying transport. These message

- 572 information headers convey end-to-end message characteristics including addressing for source and 573 destination endpoints as well as message identity.
- 574 EXAMPLE: The following example illustrates the use of these mechanisms in a SOAP 1.2 message being sent 575 from http://business456.example/client1 to <u>http://fabrikam123.example/Purchasing</u>.

576 Lines (002) to (014) represent the header of the SOAP message where the mechanisms defined in this clause are 577 used. The body is represented by lines (015) to (017).

578 Lines (003) to (013) contain the message information header blocks. Specifically, lines (003) to (005) specify the identifier for this message, lines (006) to (008) specify the endpoint from where the message originated, and lines (009) to (011) specify the endpoint to which replies to this message should be sent as an Endpoint Reference. Line (012) specifies the address URI of the ultimate receiver of this message. Line (013) specifies an Action URI identifying expected semantics.

583	(001)	<s:envelope <="" th="" xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"></s:envelope>
584		<pre>xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"&gt;</pre>
585	(002)	<s:header></s:header>
586	(003)	<wsa:messageid></wsa:messageid>
587	(004)	uuid:6B29FC40-CA47-1067-B31D-00DD010662DA
588	(005)	
589	(006)	<wsa:from></wsa:from>
590	(007)	<wsa:address>http://business456.example/client1</wsa:address>
591	(008)	
592	(009)	<wsa:replyto></wsa:replyto>
593	(010)	<wsa:address>http://business456.example/client1</wsa:address>
594	(011)	
595	(012)	<wsa:to>http://fabrikam123.example/Purchasing</wsa:to>
596	(013)	<wsa:action>http://fabrikam123.example/SubmitPO</wsa:action>
597	(014)	
598	(015)	<s:body></s:body>
599	(016)	•••
600	(017)	
601	(018)	

#### 602 **5.1.2 Endpoint References**

- 603 This clause defines the syntax of an Endpoint Reference (EPR).
- 604 5.1.2.1 Format of Endpoint References
- This clause defines an XML representation for an endpoint reference as both an XML type (wsa:EndpointReferenceType) and as an XML element (<wsa:EndpointReference>).

607 The wsa:EndpointReferenceType type is used wherever a Web service endpoint is referenced. The 608 following describes the contents of this type:

```
609
      <wsa:EndpointReference>
610
          <wsa:Address>xs:anyURI</wsa:Address>
611
          <wsa:ReferenceProperties>... </wsa:ReferenceProperties> ?
612
          <wsa:ReferenceParameters>... </wsa:ReferenceParameters> ?
613
          <wsa:PortType>xs:QName</wsa:PortType> ?
614
          <wsa:ServiceName PortName="xs:NCName"?>xs:QName</wsa:ServiceName> ?
615
          <wsp:Policy> ... </wsp:Policy>*
616
      </wsa:EndpointReference>
```

- </wsa:EndpointReference>
- 617 The following describes the attributes and elements listed in the preceding schema overview:
- 618 wsa:EndpointReference

- 619 This represents some element of type wsa:EndpointReferenceType. This example uses the
- 620 predefined <wsa:EndpointReference> element, but any element of type
- 621 wsa:EndpointReferenceType may be used.
- 622 wsa:EndpointReference/wsa:Address
- This required element (of type xs:anyURI) specifies the address URI that identifies the endpoint.
- This address may be a logical address or identifier for the service endpoint.
- 625 wsa:EndpointReference/wsa:ReferenceProperties/
- 626 This optional element contains any number of individual reference properties that are associated 627 with the endpoint to facilitate a particular interaction. Reference properties are XML elements that 628 are required to properly interact with the endpoint. Reference properties are provided by the issuer 629 of the endpoint reference and are otherwise assumed to be opaque to consuming applications.
- 630 NOTE: The use of reference properties is deprecated; reference parameters should be used instead.
- 631 wsa:EndpointReference/wsa:ReferenceProperties/{any}
- Each child element of ReferenceProperties represents an individual reference property.
- 633 wsa:EndpointReference/wsa:ReferenceParameters/
- This optional element contains any number of individual parameters that are associated with the endpoint to facilitate a particular interaction. Reference parameters are XML elements that are required to properly interact with the endpoint. Reference parameters are also provided by the issuer of the endpoint reference and are otherwise assumed to be opaque to consuming applications.
- 639 See 5.4 for some WS-Management-specific reference parameters.
- 640 wsa:EndpointReference/wsa:ReferenceParameters/{any}
- Each child element of ReferenceParameters represents an individual reference parameter.
- 642 wsa:EndpointReference/wsa:PortType
- 643 This optional element (of type xs:QName) specifies the value of the primary portType of the 644 endpoint being conveyed.
- 645 NOTE: The use of wsa:PortType is deprecated.
- 646 wsa:EndpointReference/wsa:ServiceName
- 647 This optional element (of type xs:QName) specifies the <wsdl:service> definition that contains a 648 WSDL description of the endpoint being referenced. The service name provides a link to a full 649 description of the service and point. An aptianal name uplified name identifies the specific part in the
- description of the service endpoint. An optional non-qualified name identifies the specific port in theservice that corresponds to the endpoint.
- 651 NOTE: The use of wsa:ServiceName is deprecated.
- 652 wsa:EndpointReference/wsa:ServiceName/@PortName
- This optional attribute (of type xs:NCName) specifies the name of the <wsdl:port> definition that corresponds to the endpoint being referenced.
- 655 wsa:EndpointReference/wsp:Policy
- 656 This optional element specifies a policy that is relevant to the interaction with the endpoint.
- 657 NOTE: The use of wsp:Policy is deprecated.

- 658 wsa:EndpointReference/{any}
- This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional elements to be specified.
- 660 wsa:EndpointReference/@{any}
- 661 This is an extensibility mechanism to allow additional attributes to be specified.
- 662 EXAMPLE: The following example illustrates an endpoint reference. This element references the URI 663 "http://www.fabrikam123.example/acct":

```
664 <wsa:EndpointReference xmlns:wsa="..." xmlns:fabrikam="...">
```

```
665 <wsa:Address>http://www.fabrikam123.example/acct</wsa:Address>
```

666 </wsa:EndpointReference>

#### 667 5.1.2.2 Binding Endpoint References

668 When a message needs to be addressed to the endpoint, the information contained in the endpoint reference is mapped to the message according to a transformation that is dependent on the protocol 669 670 and data representation used to send the message. Protocol-specific mappings (or bindings) define 671 how the information in the endpoint reference is copied to message and protocol fields. This clause defines the SOAP binding for endpoint references. This mapping may be explicitly replaced by other 672 673 bindings (defined as WSDL bindings or as policies); however, in the absence of an applicable policy stating that a different mapping is to be used, the SOAP binding defined here is assumed to apply. To 674 ensure interoperability with a broad range of devices, all conformant implementations shall support the 675 SOAP binding. 676

- 677 The SOAP binding for endpoint references is defined by the following two rules:
- 678 **R5.1.2.2-1**: The wsa:Address element in the endpoint reference shall be copied in the wsa:To 679 header field of the SOAP message.
- **R5.1.2.2-2**: Each Reference Property and Reference Parameter element becomes a header block
  in the SOAP message. The elements of each Reference Property or Reference Parameter
  (including all of its child elements, attributes, and in-scope namespaces) shall be added as a
  header block in the new message.
- 684 EXAMPLE: The following example shows how the default SOAP binding for endpoint references is used to construct a message addressed to the endpoint:

```
686 <wsa:EndpointReference xmlns:wsa="..." xmlns:fabrikam="...">
687 <wsa:Address>http://www.fabrikam123.example/acct</wsa:Address>
688 <wsa:ReferenceParameters>
689 <fabrikam:CustomerKey>123456789</fabrikam:CustomerKey>
690 <fabrikam:ShoppingCart>ABCDEFG</fabrikam:ShoppingCart>
691 </wsa:ReferenceParameters>
692 </wsa:EndpointReference>
```

According to the mapping rules stated before, the address value is copied in the "To" header and the "CustomerKey" element should be copied literally as a header in a SOAP message addressed to this endpoint. The SOAP message would look as follows:

```
696 <S:Envelope xmlns:S="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
697 xmlns:wsa="..." xmlns:fabrikam="... ">
698 <S:Header>
699 ...
700 <wsa:To>http://www.fabrikam123.example/acct</wsa:To>
701 <fabrikam:CustomerKey>123456789</fabrikam:CustomerKey>
702 <fabrikam:ShoppingCart>ABCDEFG</fabrikam:ShoppingCart>
703 ...
```

704 </S:Header> 705 <S:Body> 706 ... 707 </S:Body> 708 </S:Envelope>

#### 709 5.1.3 Message Information Headers

710 This clause defines the syntax of a message information header.

711 The message information headers collectively augment a message with the headers shown in

Figure 1. These headers enable the identification and location of the endpoints involved in an

interaction. The basic interaction pattern from which all others are composed is "one way". In this

pattern a source sends a message to a destination without any further definition of the interaction.

"Request Reply" is a common interaction pattern that consists of an initial message sent by a source
endpoint (the request) and a subsequent message sent from the destination of the request back to the
source (the reply). A reply can be an application message, a fault, or any other message.

718 The message information header blocks provide end-to-end characteristics of a message that can be 719 easily secured as a unit. The information in these headers is immutable and not intended to be modified 720 along the message path.

Figure 1 shows the contents of the message information header blocks:

722	<wsa:messageid> xs:anyURI </wsa:messageid>
723	<wsa:relatesto ?="" relationshiptype="">xs:anyURI</wsa:relatesto>
724	<wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to>
725 726	<pre><wsa:action>xs:anyURI</wsa:action> <wsa:from>endpoint-reference</wsa:from></pre>
727	<wsa:replyto>endpoint-reference</wsa:replyto>
728	<wsa:faultto>endpoint-reference</wsa:faultto>

729

#### Figure 1 – Message Information Header Blocks

- The following describes the attributes and elements listed in Figure 1:
- 731 wsa:MessageID

This optional element (of type xs:anyURI) uniquely identifies this message in time and space. This element shall be present if wsa:ReplyTo or wsa:FaultTo is present. No two messages with a distinct application intent may share a wsa:MessageID value. A message may be retransmitted for any purpose (including communications failure) and may use the same wsa:MessageID value. The value of this header is an opaque URI whose interpretation beyond equivalence is not defined in this specification. If a reply is expected, this property shall be present.

738 wsa:RelatesTo

This optional (repeating) element indicates how this message relates to another message, in the
form of a URI-QName pair. The child of this element (which is of type xs:anyURI) contains the
wsa:MessageID of the related message or the following well-known URI that means "unspecified
message":

- 743 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/id/unspecified
- A reply message shall contain a wsa:RelatesTo header consisting of wsa:Reply and the wsa:MessageID value of the request message.

#### 746 wsa:RelatesTo/@RelationshipType

- 747 This optional attribute (of type xs:QName) conveys the relationship type as a QName. When absent, 748 the implied value of this attribute is wsa:Reply.
- This specification has one predefined relationship type, as shown in Table 1:
- 750

#### Table 1 – Relationship Type

QName	Description
wsa:Reply	Indicates that this is a reply to the message identified by the URI.

#### 751 wsa:ReplyTo

This optional element (of type wsa:EndpointReferenceType) provides an endpoint reference that identifies the intended receiver for replies to this message. This element shall be present if a reply is expected. If this element is present, wsa:MessageID shall be present. If a reply is expected, a message shall contain a wsa:ReplyTo header. The sender shall use the contents of the wsa:ReplyTo to formulate the reply message as defined in 5.1.3.1. If the wsa:ReplyTo header is absent, the contents of the wsa:From header may be used to formulate a message to the source. This header may be absent if the message has no meaningful reply.

- 759 wsa:From
- This optional element (of type wsa:EndpointReferenceType) provides a reference to the endpoint where the message originated.
- 762 wsa:FaultTo

This optional element (of type wsa:EndpointReferenceType) provides an endpoint reference that identifies the intended receiver for faults related to this message. If this element is present, wsa:MessageID shall be present. When formulating a fault message as defined in 5.1.3.1, the sender shall use the contents of this header to formulate the fault message. If this header is absent, the sender should use the contents of the wsa:ReplyTo header to formulate the fault message. If both the wsa:FaultTo and wsa:ReplyTo header are absent, the sender may use the contents of the wsa:From header to formulate the fault message.

- 770 wsa:To
- This required element (of type xs:anyURI) provides the address of the intended receiver of this message.
- 773 wsa:Action

This required element (of type xs:anyURI) uniquely identifies the semantics implied by this message.
It is recommended that the value of this header be a URI identifying an input, output, or fault
message within a WSDL port type. An action may be explicitly or implicitly associated with the
corresponding WSDL definition. Finally, if in addition to the wsa:Action header, a SOAP Action URI
is encoded in a request, the URI of the SOAP Action shall either be the same as the one specified
by the wsa:Action header, or set to "".

The dispatching of incoming messages is based on two message properties. The mandatory wsa:To and wsa:Action header identify the target processing location and the verb or intent of the message.

782 Due to the range of network technologies currently in wide-spread use (for example, NAT, DHCP, and

firewalls), many deployments cannot assign a meaningful global URI to a given endpoint. To allow

these "anonymous" endpoints to initiate message exchange patterns and receive replies, Addressing

defines the following well-known URI for use by endpoints that cannot have a stable, resolvable URI:

786 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/role/anonymous

787 Requests whose wsa:ReplyTo, wsa:From and/or wsa:FaultTo headers use this address shall provide 788 some out-of-band mechanism for delivering replies or faults (for example, returning the reply on the 789 same transport connection). This mechanism may be a simple request/reply transport protocol (for 790 example, HTTP GET or POST). This URI may be used as the wsa:To header for reply messages and 791 should not be used as the wsa:To header in other circumstances.

#### 792 **5.1.3.1 Formulating a Reply Message**

The reply to an Addressing compliant request message shall be constructed according to the rules defined in this clause.

EXAMPLE 1: The following example illustrates a request message using message information header blocks in a
 SOAP 1.2 message:

797	<pre><s:envelope <="" pre="" xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"></s:envelope></pre>
798	<pre>xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"</pre>
799	<pre>xmlns:f123="http://www.fabrikam123.example/svc53"&gt;</pre>
800	<s:header></s:header>
801	<wsa:messageid>uuid:aaaabbbb-cccc-dddd-eeee-fffffffffff</wsa:messageid>
802	
803	<wsa:replyto></wsa:replyto>
804	<wsa:address>http://business456.example/client1</wsa:address>
805	
806	<wsa:to s:mustunderstand="1">mailto:joe@fabrikam123.example</wsa:to>
807	<wsa:action>http://fabrikam123.example/mail/Delete</wsa:action>
808	
809	<s:body></s:body>
810	<f123:delete></f123:delete>
811	<maxcount>42</maxcount>
812	
813	
814	

# EXAMPLE 2: The following example illustrates a reply message using message information header blocks in a SOAP 1.2 message:

817	<s:envelope< th=""></s:envelope<>
818	<pre>xmlns:S="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"</pre>
819	<pre>xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"</pre>
820	<pre>xmlns:f123="http://www.fabrikam123.example/svc53"&gt;</pre>
821	<s:header></s:header>
822	<wsa:messageid></wsa:messageid>
823	uuid:aaaabbbb-cccc-dddd-eeee-wwwwwwwwwww
824	
825	<wsa:relatesto></wsa:relatesto>
826	uuid:aaaabbbb-cccc-dddd-eeee-fffffffffff
827	
828	<wsa:to></wsa:to>
829	http://business456.example/client1
830	
831	<pre><wsa:action>http://fabrikam123.example/mail/DeleteAck</wsa:action></pre>
832	
833	<s:body></s:body>
834	<f123:deleteack></f123:deleteack>
835	
836	

#### 837 5.1.3.2 Associating Action with WSDL Operations

Addressing defines two mechanisms, explicit association and default action pattern, to associate an action with input, output, and fault elements within a WSDL port type.

#### 840 5.1.3.2.1 Explicit Association

The action may be explicitly associated using the wsa:Action attribute.

842 EXAMPLE: Consider the following WSDL excerpt:

```
843
      <definitions targetNamespace="http://example.com/stockquote" ...>
844
845
        <portType name="StockQuotePortType">
846
          <operation name="GetLastTradePrice">
847
            <input message="tns:GetTradePricesInput"
848
                   wsa:Action="http://example.com/GetQuote"/>
            <output message="tns:GetTradePricesOutput"</pre>
849
850
                  wsa:Action="http://example.com/Quote"/>
851
           </operation>
852
        </portType>
853
        . . .
854
      </definitions>
```

The action for the input of the GetLastTradePrice operation within the StockQuotePortType is explicitly defined to be http://example.com/GetQuote. The action for the output of this same operation is http://example.com/Quote.

#### 857 5.1.3.2.2 Default Action Pattern

858 In the absence of the wsa:Action attribute, the following pattern is used to construct a default action for 859 inputs and outputs. The general form of an action URI is as follows:

860 targetNamespace/portTypeName/(inputName|outputNname)

- 861 The "/" is a literal character to be included in the action. The values of the properties are as follows:
- targetNamespace is the target namespace (/definition/@targetNamespace). If target namespace ends with a "/" an additional "/" is not added.
- *portTypeName* is the name of the port type (/definition/portType/@name).
- (inputName|outputName) is the name of the element as defined in Section 2.4.5 of
   WSDL 1.1.

For fault messages, this pattern is not applied. Instead, the following URI is the default action URI for fault messages:

```
869 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/fault
```

```
870 EXAMPLE: Consider the following WSDL excerpt:
```

```
871
      <definitions targetNamespace="http://example.com/stockquote" ...>
872
873
        <portType name="StockQuotePortType">
874
          <operation name="GetLastTradePrice">
875
            <input message="tns:GetTradePricesInput" name="GetQuote"/>
876
            <output message="tns:GetTradePricesOutput" name="Quote"/>
877
          </operation>
878
        </portType>
879
880
      </definitions>
```

	Web Services for Management (WS-Management) Specification         DSP0226
881	targetNamespace = http://example.com/stockquote
882	<i>portTypeName</i> = StockQuotePortType
883	inputName = GetQuote
884	outputName = Quote
885	Applying the preceding pattern with these values produces the following:
886	input action = http://example.com/stockquote/StockQuotePortType/GetQuote
887	output action = http://example.com/stockquote/StockQuotePortType/Quote
888 889	WSDL defines rules for a default input or output name if the name attribute is not present. Consider the following example:
890	EXAMPLE: The following is a WSDL excerpt:
891 892 893 894 895 896 897 898 899 900	<pre><definitions targetnamespace="http://example.com/stockquote"> <porttype name="StockQuotePortType">         <operation name="GetLastTradePrice">             <input message="tns:GetTradePricesInput"/>             <output message="tns:GetTradePricesOutput"></output>             </operation>         </porttype>  </definitions></pre>
901	<i>targetNamespace</i> = http://example.com/stockquote
902	<i>portTypeName</i> = StockQuotePortType
903 904	According to the rules defined in 2.4.5 of <u>WSDL</u> , if the name attribute is absent for the input of a request response operation, the default value is the name of the operation with "Request" appended.
905	inputName = GetLastTradePriceRequest
906	Likewise, the output defaults to the operation name with "Response" appended.
907	outputName = GetLastTradePriceResponse
908	Applying the previous pattern with these values produces the following:
909	input action = http://example.com/stockquote/StockQuotePortType/GetLastTradePriceRequest
910	output action = http://example.com/stockquote/StockQuotePortType/GetLastTradePriceResponse
911	5.2 Versions of Addressing
912 913 914	To maintain compatibility with implementations of previous versions of WS-Management, this protocol accommodates messages formatted by those previous versions. However, WS-Management 1.2 and 1.1 also allow for the optional use of the <u>WS-Addressing W3C Recommendation</u> .

- 915 The following abbreviations are used for clarity and brevity.
- "WSMA" refers to the version of Management Addressing as specified in 5.1.
- 917 "WSA-Rec" refers to the WS-Addressing W3C Recommendation.

- 918 "WS-Man 1.0" refers to the WS-Management Specification 1.0 and implementations compatible with that specification.
- "WS-Man 1.2" refers to this specification and implementations compatible with this specification.
- 922 "Addressing Anonymous URI" refers to the anonymous URI that is defined by the version of 923 Addressing currently in use. The anonymous URI defined by WSA-Rec is 924 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/role/anonymous. The anonymous URI 925 defined by WSMA is http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing/anonymous.

926 NOTE: Some information in this clause is implementation advice to clients on algorithms for efficient
 927 communication with unknown services. This informative advice should not be construed to place normative
 928 requirements on the behavior of compliant clients or services.

#### 929 **5.2.1 Technical Differences**

The <u>WSMA</u> and <u>WSA-Rec</u> specifications reference different XML namespaces. An endpoint sending
 Web service messages shall use, for the Addressing SOAP headers, one namespace or the other; a
 receiving endpoint may recognize one namespace or both namespaces. Existing implementations of
 WS-Man 1.0 are limited to recognizing only the WSMA namespace. Interactions between WS-Man 1.0
 and WS-Man 1.2 or 1.1 implementations will have to allow for these limitations.

### 935 **5.3 Requirements for Compatibility**

To maximize interoperability of WS-Management implementations, WS-Man 1.0, WS-Man 1.1, and WS-Man 1.2 clients and services need to be able to exchange messages. These requirements are summarized in Table 2.

939

Table 2 – Interoperability Requirements	
-----------------------------------------	--

. ... _

Interoperability Requirements between WS-Management Versions	WS-Man 1.0 Service	WS-Man 1.1 Service	WS-Man 1.2 Service	
WS-Man 1.0 client	It works.	WS-Man 1.0 client needs to be able to access WS-Man 1.1 service, but some negotiation might be needed.	It works, but some negotiations might be needed.	
WS-Man 1.1 client	WSMan 1.1 client needs to be able to access 1.0 service.	It works, but some negotiations might be needed.	It works, but some negotiations might be needed.	
WS-Man 1.2 client	It works, but some negotiations are required.	It works, but some negotiations are required.	It works.	

940 Homogeneous pairings of compliant clients and services (that is, a version 1.0 client with a version 1.0

service, or a version 1.2 client with a version 1.2 service) can exchange messages in accordance with

942 their respective specifications. To ensure reliable communications, heterogeneous pairings need to

_ . . . .

943 meet certain requirements and implement certain sequencing strategies.

In particular, clients and services that implement WS-Man 1.0 can use only WSMA in any exchanges;
 therefore, all exchanges with version 1.0 endpoints use only WSMA. This conclusion is summarized in

946 Table 3.

947

#### Table 3 – WSA Versions in Exchanges

Interoperable Version of Addressing	WS-Man 1.0 Service	WS-Man 1.1 or WS-Man 1.2 Service	
WS-Man 1.0 client	WSMA	WSMA	
WS-Man 1.1 or WS-Man 1.2 client	WSMA	WSMA or WSA-Rec	

#### 948 **5.3.1 Discovery or Negotiation**

949 If it is possible for a client to determine the capabilities of the service with respect to WSA, such
950 discovery is more efficient than negotiating the WSA version. For instance, if a service supports
951 Identify, then a client can determine in advance the WS-Man protocol, as well as an Addressing version
952 or versions supported by the service. For this reason, support of Identify is mandatory in this
953 specification when <u>WSA-Rec</u> is used.

954 Identify would be used as follows:

- The client sends the service an Identify message.
- If the service does not support Identify, the client can conclude that the service is a WS-Man
   1.0 implementation and only supports WSMA.
- If the service successfully processes the Identify message, the client examines the versions of
   Addressing by looking at the AddressingVersionURI element (as defined in clause 11), if
   present, and can choose the appropriate version.
- If the Identify response message does not contain any Addressing versions, then there is no way for the client to know which version of Addressing to use and it would need to use one of the strategies described in 5.3.2.

In any case, to avoid unnecessary re-discovery or re-negotiation, a WS-Man 1.1 or 1.2 client should retain information about the capabilities of service endpoints where practical.

#### 966 **5.3.2 Client Negotiation Strategies**

A compliant WS-Man 1.0 client will use only WSMA in message exchanges. A WS-Man 1.1 or WS-Man
1.2 client, however, may use either WSMA or WSA-Rec in message exchanges. If a WS-Man client
does not know the WSA version capabilities of a service, it may use different strategies when initially
contacting the service. The client may begin a message exchange with either version of WSA, using
WSA-Rec or WSMA in the request message. The message exchange would proceed as follows:

- 972
  973 Strategy type 1: A client sends the request using WSA-Rec. The WSA-Rec SOAP headers 973 need to be marked with a mustUnderstand="1" attribute to ensure that a fault will be 974 generated if the receiver does not support the WSA-Rec version of Addressing. The client can 975 then retry the operation using WSMA.
- Strategy type 2: A client sends the request using WSMA. Both WS-Man 1.0 services and WS-977 Man versions 1.1 and later services respond to the request using WSMA.

#### 978 **5.3.3 Initiating Message Exchanges**

Outgoing messages initiated by a WS-Man implementation need to use the same version of Addressing
that was used in the Endpoint Reference to which those messages are being sent. For example, if a
Subscribe request message uses WSA-Rec in the SOAP headers (for example, for the wsa:To and
wsa:ReplyTo), but uses WSMA for the NotifyTo EPR, then the Subscribe response will be sent using
WSA-Rec, but the events will be sent using WSMA.

#### 984 **5.3.4 Normative Rules**

- 985 **R5.3.4-1**: If a WS-Man service supports WSA-Rec, then it shall also support the Identify 986 operation.
- 987 **R5.3.4-2**: A WS-Man service version 1.1 or later shall support WSMA and should support
  988 WSA-Rec.

989 **R5.3.4-3**: A WS-Man implementation that is version 1.1 or later shall send messages to
990 endpoints using the same version of Addressing used in the Endpoint Reference of the destination
991 endpoint (see 5.2).

992 **R5.3.4-4**: Within a single SOAP message, a WS-Man implementation shall use the same
 993 version of Addressing for all Addressing SOAP headers.

Because WS-Man version 1.1 or later allows for either version of Addressing to be used, R5.3.4-4
 removes the possibility of mixing the two versions for the WSA SOAP headers, but it does not disallow
 Endpoint References that might appear elsewhere in the message to be of a different version.

In order to provide a migration path from the WSMA to WSA-Rec, the schema of certain messages
 allows for either version's EndpointReferenceType to be used. While the schema itself is written in a
 very generic way (that is, using an xs:any) allowing any arbitrary XML to appear, implementations shall
 restrict the contents of this element to one of the EndpointReference Types.

1001 NOTE: This allows existing WS-Man 1.0 implementations to be compliant, while providing newer implementations a migration path. In this spirit, newer implementations are strongly encouraged to support both versions of Addressing.

### 1004 **5.4 Use of Addressing in WS-Management**

1005 This clause describes the use of Endpoint References regardless of whether an implementation uses 1006 WS-Management Addressing (see 5.1) or the W3C Recommendation version of WS-Addressing.

Addressing (either addressing type) endpoint references (EPRs) are used to convey information
 needed to address a Web service endpoint. WS-Management defines a default addressing model that
 can optionally be used in EPRs.

### 1010 **5.4.1 Use of Endpoint References**

WS-Management uses EPRs as the addressing mechanism for individual resource instances.
WS-Management also defines a default addressing model for use in addressing resources. In cases
where this default addressing model is not appropriate, such as in systems with well-established
addressing models or with EPRs retrieved from a discovery service, services may use those servicespecific addressing models if they are based on either addressing version supported by WSManagement.

- 1017**R5.4.1-1**: All messages that are addressed to a resource class or instance that is referenced by1018an EPR must follow the Addressing rules for representing content from the EPR (the address and1019reference parameters) in the SOAP message. This rule also applies to continuation messages such1020as Pull or Release, which continue an operation begun in a previous message. Even though such1021messages contain contextual information that binds them to a previous operation, the information1022from the EPR is still required in the message to help route it to the correct handler.
- Rule R5.4.1-1 clarifies that messages such as Pull or Renew still require a full EPR. For Pull, for
  example, this EPR would be the same as the original Enumerate, even though EnumerateResponse
  returns a context object that would seem to obviate the need for the EPR. The EPR is still required to

- route the message properly. Similarly, the Renew request uses the SubscriptionManager EPR receivedin the SubscribeResponse.
- 1028 When a service includes an EPR in a response message, it must be willing to accept subsequent 1029 request messages targeted to that EPR for the same individual managed resource. Clients are not 1030 required to process or enhance EPRs given to them by the service before using them to address a 1031 managed resource.
- 1032**R5.4.1-2**: An EPR returned by a service shall be acceptable to that service to refer to the same1033managed resource.
- 1034**R5.4.1-3**: All EPRs returned by a service, whether expressed using the WS-Management1035default addressing model (see 5.4.2) or any other addressing model, shall be valid as long as the1036managed resource exists.

#### 1037 5.4.2 WS-Management Default Addressing Model

- 1038 WS-Management defines a default addressing model for resources. A service is not required to use this
   addressing model, but it is suitable for many new implementations and can increase the chances of
   successful interoperation between clients and services.
- 1041 This document uses examples of this addressing model that contain its component parts, the
- 1042 ResourceURI and SelectorSet SOAP headers. This specification is independent of the actual data
  1043 model and does not define the structure of the ResourceURI or the set of values for selectors for a
  1044 given resource. These may be vendor specific or defined by other specifications.
- 1045 Description and use of this addressing model in this specification do not indicate that support for this 1046 addressing model is a requirement for a conformant service.
- All of the normative text, examples, and conformance rules in 5.4.2 and 5.4.2.2 presume that the
  service is based on the default addressing model. In cases where this addressing model is not in use,
  these rules do not apply.
- 1050 The default addressing model uses a representation of an EPR that is a tuple of the following SOAP1051 headers:
- wsa:To (required): the transport address of the service
- wsman:ResourceURI (required if the default addressing model is used): the URI of the resource class representation or instance representation
- wsman:SelectorSet (optional): a header that identifies or "selects" the resource instance to be accessed if more than one instance of a resource class exists

1057 The wsman:ResourceURI value needs to be marked with an s:mustUnderstand attribute set to "true" in 1058 all messages that use the default addressing model. Otherwise, a service that does not understand this 1059 addressing model might inadvertently return a resource that was not requested by the client.

#### 1060 The WS-Management default addressing model is defined in the following XML outline for an EPR:

1061	(1)	<wsa:endpointreference></wsa:endpointreference>
1062	(2)	<wsa:address></wsa:address>
1063	(3)	Network address
1064	(4)	
1065	(5)	<wsa:referenceparameters></wsa:referenceparameters>
1066	(6)	<wsman:resourceuri> resource URI </wsman:resourceuri>
1067	(7)	<wsman:selectorset></wsman:selectorset>
1068	(8)	<wsman:selector name="selector-name"> *</wsman:selector>
1069	(9)	Selector-value
1070	(10)	

1071 1072 1073	<pre>(11)  ? (12)  (13) </pre>
1074	The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
1075 1076	wsa:Address the URI of the transport address
1077 1078 1079 1080 1081	wsa:ReferenceParameters/wsman:ResourceURI the URI of the resource class or instance to be accessed Typically, this URI represents the resource class, but it may represent the instance. The combination of this URI and the wsa:To URI form the full address of the resource class or instance.
1082 1083 1084	wsa:ReferenceParameters/wsman:SelectorSet: the optional set of selectors as described in 5.4.2.2 These values are used to select an instance if the ResourceURI identifies a multi-instanced target.
1085 1086	When the default addressing model is used in a SOAP message, Addressing specifies that translations take place and the headers are flattened out.
1087	EXAMPLE: The following is an example EPR definition:
1088 1089 1090 1091 1092 1093 1094 1095 1096 1097 1098	<pre>(1) <wsa:endpointreference> (2) <wsa:address> Address </wsa:address> (3) <wsa:referenceparameters xmlns:wsman=""> (4) <wsman:resourceuri>resURI</wsman:resourceuri> (5) <wsman:selectorset> (6) <wsman:selector name="Selector-name"> (7) Selector-value (8) </wsman:selector> (9) </wsman:selectorset> (10) </wsa:referenceparameters> (11) </wsa:endpointreference></pre>
1099 1100 1101	This address definition is translated as follows when used in a SOAP message. wsa:Address becomes wsa:To, and the reference parameters are unwrapped and juxtaposed. The following example shows a sample SOAP message using WSMA:
1102 1103 1104 1105 1106 1107 1108 1109 1110 1111 1112 1113 1114 1115	<pre>(1) <s:envelope xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"> (2) <s:header> (3) <wsa:to> Address </wsa:to> (4) <wsa:action> Action URI </wsa:action> (5) <wsman:resourceuri s:mustunderstand="true">resURI</wsman:resourceuri> (6) <wsman:selectorset> (7) <wsman:selector name="Selector-name"> (8) Selector-value (9) </wsman:selector> (10) </wsman:selectorset> (11) (12) </s:header> (13) <s:body> </s:body> (14) </s:envelope></pre>
1116	The following message shows a sample SOAP message using WS-Rec:
1117 1118 1119	<pre>(1) <s:envelope xmlns:wsa="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing "> (2) <s:header> (3) <wsa:to s:mustunderstand="true"> Address </wsa:to></s:header></s:envelope></pre>

1120	<pre>(4) <wsa:action s:mustunderstand="true"> Action URI </wsa:action></pre>	
1121	(5) <wsman:resourceuri <="" s:mustunderstand="true" td=""></wsman:resourceuri>	
1122	(6) wsa:isReferenceParameter="true">resURI	
1123	(7) <wsman:selectorset wsa:isreferenceparameter="true"></wsman:selectorset>	
1124	(8) <wsman:selector name="Selector-name"></wsman:selector>	
1125	(9) Selector-value	
1126	(10)	
1127	(11)	
1128	(12)	
1129	(13)	
1130	(14) <s:body> </s:body>	
1131	(15)	
1132	In both cases, the wsa:To, wsman:ResourceURI, and wsman:SelectorSet elements work together to	
1133	reference the resource instance to be managed, but the actual <i>method</i> or <i>operation</i> to be executed	
1134	against this resource is indicated by the wsa:Action header.	
1135	<pre>EXAMPLE: The following is an example of Addressing headers based on the default addressing model in an</pre>	
1136	actual message:	
1137	(1) <s:envelope< td=""></s:envelope<>	
1138	(2) xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"	
1139	(3) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"	
1140	(4) xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd">	
1141	(5) <s:headers< td=""></s:headers<>	
1142	(6)	
1143	(7) <wsa:to>http://123.99.222.36/wsman</wsa:to>	
1144	(8) <wsman:resourceuri s:mustunderstand="true"></wsman:resourceuri>	
1145	(9) http://example.org/hardware/2005/02/storage/physDisk	
1146 1147 1148 1149 1150 1151 1152 1153 1154 1155 1156 1157	<pre>(10)  (11) <wsman:selectorset> (12) <wsman:selector name="LUN"> 2 </wsman:selector> (13) </wsman:selectorset> (14) <wsa:action> http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Get</wsa:action></pre>	
1158	The following definitions apply to the preceding message example:	
1159	wsa:To	
1160	the network (or transport-level) address of the service	
1161	wsman:ResourceURI	
1162	the ResourceURI of the resource class or resource instance to be accessed	
1163	wsman:SelectorSet	
1164	a wrapper for the selectors	
1165	wsman:SelectorSet/wsman:Selector	
1166	identifies or selects the resource instance to be accessed, if more than one instance of the	
1167	resource exists	
1168	In this case, the selector is "LUN" (logical unit number), and the selected device is unit number "2".	

- 1169 wsa:Action
- 1170 identifies which operation is to be carried out against the resource (in this case, a "Get")
- 1171 wsa:MessageID
- 1172 identifies this specific message uniquely for tracking and correlation purposes
- 1173 The format defined in <u>RFC 4122</u> is often used in the examples in this specification, but it is not required.

#### 1175 **5.4.2.1 ResourceURI**

- 1176 The ResourceURI is used to indicate the class resource or instance.
- 1177 **R5.4.2.1-1**: The format of the wsman:ResourceURI is unconstrained provided that it meets <u>RFC</u>
   1178 3986 requirements.
- The format and syntax of the ResourceURI is any valid URI according to <u>RFC 3986</u>. Although there is
  no default scheme, http: and urn: are common defaults. If http: is used, users may expect to find Webbased documentation of the resource at that address. The wsa:To and the wsman:ResourceURI
  elements work together to define the actual resource being targeted.
- 1183 **R5.4.2.1-2**: Vendor-specific or organization-specific URIs should contain the Internet domain name
  1184 in the first token sequence after the scheme, such as "example.org" in ResourceURI in the
  1185 following example.

#### 1186 EXAMPLE:

- 1187 (20)<s:Header> 1188 (21) <wsa:To> http://123.15.166.67/wsman </wsa:To> 1189 (22)<wsman:ResourceURI> 1190 (23)http//schemas.example.org/2005/02/hardware/physDisk 1191 (24)</wsman:ResourceURI> 1192 (25)
- **1193** (26) </s:Header>
- 1194 **R5.4.2.1-3**: When the default addressing model is used, the wsman:ResourceURI reference 1195 parameter is required in messages with the following wsa:Action URIs:
- 1196 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Get
- 1197 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Put
- 1198 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Create
- 1199 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Delete
- 1200 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Enumerate
- 1201 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Pull
- 1202 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew
- 1203 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus
- 1204 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Release
- 1205 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/Subscribe
- 1206 The following messages require the EPR to be returned in the SubscriptionManager element of the

1207 SubscribeResponse message. The format of the EPR is determined by the service and might or might 1208 not include the ResourceURI:

- 1209 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/Renew
- 1210 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/GetStatus

- 1211 While the ResourceURI SOAP header is required when the WS-Management default addressing mode
- 1212 is used, it may be short and of a very simple form, such as http://example.com/* or
- 1213 http://example.com/resource.
- 1214 **R5.4.2.1-4**: For the request message of custom actions (methods), the ResourceURI header may 1215 be present in the message to help route the message to the correct handler.
- 1216 **R5.4.2.1-5**: The ResourceURI element should not appear in other messages, such as responses or 1217 events, unless the associated EPR includes it in its ReferenceParameters.
- In practice, the wsman:ResourceURI element is required only in requests to reference the targeted
   resource class. Responses are not addressed to a management resource, so the wsman:ResourceURI
   has no meaning in that context.
- 1221**R5.4.2.1-6**: When the default addressing model is used and the wsman:ResourceURI element is1222missing or in an incorrect form, the service shall issue a wsa:DestinationUnreachable fault with a1223detail code of
- 1224 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidResourceURI
- 1225**R5.4.2.1-7**: The wsman:ResourceURI element shall be used to indicate only the identity of a1226resource, and it may not be used to indicate the action being applied to that resource, which is1227properly expressed using the wsa:Action URI.
- 1228 Custom WSDL-based methods have both a ResourceURI identity from the perspective of addressing 1229 and a wsa:Action URI from the perspective of execution. In many cases, the ResourceURI is simply a 1230 pseudonym for the WSDL identity and Port, and the wsa:Action URI is the specific method within that 1231 port (or interface) definition.
- Although a single URI could theoretically be used alone to define an instance of a multi-instance
  resource, it is recommended that the wsa:To element be used to locate the WS-Management service,
  that the wsman:ResourceURI element be used to identify the resource class, and that the
  wsman:SelectorSet element be used to reference the resource instance. If the resource consists of only
  a single instance, then the wsman:ResourceURI element alone refers to the single instance.
- 1237 This usage is not a strict requirement, just a guideline. The service can use distinct selectors for any 1238 given operation, even against the same resource class, and may allow or require selectors for the 1239 Enumerate operation.
- 1240 See the recommendations in 7.2 regarding addressing uniformity.
- 1241 Custom actions have two distinct identities: the ResourceURI, which can identify the WSDL and port (or 1242 interface), and the wsa:Action URI, which identifies the specific method. If only one method exists in the 1243 interface, in a sense the ResourceURI and wsa:Action URI are identical.
- 1244 It is not an error to use the wsa:Action URI for the ResourceURI of a custom method, but both are still 1245 required in the message for uniform processing on both clients and servers.
- 1246 EXAMPLE 1: The following action to reset a network card might have the following EPR usage:
- 1247 (1) <s:Header> 1248 <wsa:To> (2)1249 (3) http://1.2.3.4/wsman/ 1250 (4) </wsa:To> 1251 (5) <wsman:ResourceURI>http://example.org/2005/02/networkcards/reset 1252 </wsman:ResourceURI> 1253 (6) <wsa:Action>

1254	(7)	http://example.org/2005/02/networkcards/reset
1255	(8)	
1256	(9)	
1257	(10)	

1258 In many cases, the ResourceURI is equivalent to a WSDL name and port, and the wsa:Action URI 1259 contains an additional token as a suffix, as in the following example.

#### 1260 EXAMPLE 2:

1261	(1)	<s:header></s:header>
1262	(2)	<wsa:to></wsa:to>
1263	(3)	http://1.2.3.4/wsman
1264	(4)	
1265	(5)	<wsman:resourceuri>http://example.org/2005/02/networkcards</wsman:resourceuri>
1266		
1267	(6)	<wsa:action></wsa:action>
1268	(7)	http://example.org/2005/02/networkcards/reset
1269	(8)	
1270	(9)	
1271	(10)	

# Finally, the ResourceURI may be completely unrelated to the wsa:Action URI, as in the followingexample.

#### 1274 EXAMPLE 3:

1275	(1) <s:header></s:header>
1276	(2) <wsa:to>http://1.2.3.4/wsman</wsa:to>
1277	<pre>(3) <wsman:resourceuri></wsman:resourceuri></pre>
1278	(4) http://example.org/products/management/networkcards
1279	(5)
1280	(6) <wsa:action></wsa:action>
1281	(7) http://example.org/2005/02/netcards/reset
1282	<pre>(8) </pre>
1283	(9)
1284	(10)

#### 1285 All of these uses are legal.

When used with subscriptions, the EPR described by wsa:Address and wsman:ResourceURI (and optionally the wsman:SelectorSet values) identifies the event source to which the subscription is directed. In many cases, the ResourceURI identifies a real or virtual event log, and the subscription is intended to provide real-time notifications of any new entries added to the log. In many cases, the wsman:SelectorSet element might not be used as part of the EPR.

#### 1291 **5.4.2.2 Selectors**

In the WS-Management default addressing model, selectors are optional elements used to identify
 instances within a resource class. For operations such as Get or Put, the selectors are used to identify
 a single instance of the resource class referenced by the ResourceURI.

In practice, because the ResourceURI often acts as a table or a "class," the SelectorSet element is a discriminant used to identify a specific "row" or "instance." If only one instance of a resource class is implied by the ResourceURI, the SelectorSet can be omitted because the ResourceURI is acting as the full identity of the resource. If more than one selector value is required, the entire set of selectors is interpreted by the service in order to reference the specific instance. The selectors are interpreted as being separated by implied logical AND operators.

In some information domains, the values referenced by the selectors are "keys" that are part of the resource content itself, whereas in other domains the selectors are part of a logical or physical directory system or search space. In these cases, the selectors are used to identify the resource, but are not part of the representation.

R5.4.2.2-1: If a resource has more than one instance, a wsman:SelectorSet element may be used
 to distinguish which instance is targeted if the WS-Management default addressing model is in use.
 Any number of wsman:Selector values may appear with the wsman:SelectorSet element, as
 required to identify the precise instance of the resource class. The service may consider the case of
 selector names and values (see 13.6), as required by the underlying execution environment.

1310 If the client needs to discover the policy on how the case of selector values is interpreted, the service 1311 can provide metadata documents that describe this policy. The format of such metadata is beyond the 1312 scope of this specification.

**R5.4.2.2-2**: All content within the SelectorSet element is to be treated as a single reference
 parameter with a scope relative to the ResourceURI.

1315**R5.4.2.2-3**: A service using the WS-Management default addressing model shall examine all1316selectors in the message and process them as if they were logically joined by AND. If the set of1317selectors is incorrect for the targeted resource instance, a wsman:InvalidSelectors fault should be1318returned to the client with the following detail codes:

- if selectors are missing:
- 1320 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InsufficientSelectors
- if selector values are the wrong types:
- 1322 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/TypeMismatch
- if the selector value is of the correct type from the standpoint of XML types, but out of range or otherwise illegal in the specific information domain:
- 1325 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidValue
- 1326 if the name is not a recognized selector name
- 1327 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/UnexpectedSelectors
- 1328 **R5.4.2.2-4**: The Selector Name attribute shall not be duplicated at the same level of nesting. If this occurs, the service should return a wsman:InvalidSelectors fault with the following detail code:
- 1330 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/DuplicateSelectors

1331 This specification does not mandate the use of selectors. Some implementations may decide to use 1332 complex URI schemes in which the ResourceURI itself implicitly identifies the instance.

1333 The format of the SelectorSet element is as follows:

1334	(1) <s:envelope< th=""></s:envelope<>
1335	<pre>(2) xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"</pre>
1336	(3) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
1337	<pre>(4) xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"&gt;</pre>
1338	(5) <s:header></s:header>
1339	(6)
1340	<pre>(7) <wsa:to> service transport address </wsa:to></pre>
1341	<pre>(8) <wsman:resourceuri> ResourceURI </wsman:resourceuri></pre>
1342	<pre>(9) <wsman:selectorset></wsman:selectorset></pre>
1343	<pre>(10) <wsman:selector name="name"> value </wsman:selector> +</pre>
1344	<pre>(11)  ?</pre>
1345	(12)

1346 1347 1348	<pre>(13)  (14) <s:body> </s:body> (15) </pre>
1349	The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
1350 1351	wsman:SelectorSet the wrapper for one or more Selector elements required to reference the instance
1352 1353 1354 1355	wsman:SelectorSet/wsman:Selector used to describe the selector and its value If more than one selector is required, one Selector element exists for each part of the overall selector. The value of this element is the Selector value.
1356 1357	wsman:SelectorSet/wsman:Selector/@Name the name of the selector (to be treated in a case-insensitive manner)
1358	The value of a selector may be a nested EPR.
1359 1360 1361 1362	EXAMPLE: In the following example, the selector on line 9 is a part of a SelectorSet that contains a nested EPR (lines 10–18) with its own Address, ResourceURI, and SelectorSet elements: (1) <s:envelope (2) xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"</s:envelope 
1363 1364 1365 1366	<pre>(3) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing" (4) xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"&gt; (5) <s:header></s:header></pre>
1367 1368 1369 1370	<pre>(6) (7) <wsman:selectorset> (8) <wsman:selector name="Primary"> 123 </wsman:selector> (9) <wsman:selector name="EPR"></wsman:selector></wsman:selectorset></pre>
1371 1372 1373	<pre>(10) <wsa:endpointreference> (11) <wsa:address> address </wsa:address> (12) <wsa:referenceparameters> (13) <wsman:resourceuri> resource URI </wsman:resourceuri></wsa:referenceparameters></wsa:endpointreference></pre>
1374 1375 1376 1377	<pre>(14) <wsman:selectorset> (15) <wsman:selector name="name"> value </wsman:selector> (16) </wsman:selectorset> (17) </pre>
1378 1379 1380	<pre>(18)  (19)  (20) </pre>
1381 1382 1383 1384	<pre>(21) (22)  (23) <s:body> </s:body> (24) </pre>
1385	<b>R5.4.2.2-5</b> : For those services using the WS-Management default addressing model, the value of a

1386 wsman:Selector shall be one of the following values:

- a simple type as defined in the XML schema namespace
- 1388 http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema
- a nested wsa:EndpointReference using the WS-Management default addressing model

- A service may fault selector usage with wsman:InvalidSelectors if the selector is not a simple type or anEPR.
- 1392**R5.4.2.2-6**: A conformant service may reject any selector or nested selector with a nested EPR1393whose wsa:Address value is not the same as the primary wsa:To value or is not the Addressing1394Anonymous URI.
- 1395 The primary purpose for this nesting mechanism is to allow resources that can answer questions about 1396 other resources.
- 1397 **R5.4.2.2-7**: A service may fail to process a selector name of more than 2048 characters.
- 1398**R5.4.2.2-8**: A service may fail to process a selector value of more than 4096 characters, including1399any embedded selectors, and may fail to process a message that contains more than 80961400characters of content in the root SelectorSet element.

#### 1401**5.4.2.3**Faults for Default Addressing Model

When faults related to the information in the addressing model based on the default format are
generated, they may contain specific fault detail codes. These detail codes are called out separately in
1404 14.6 and do not apply when service-specific addressing is used.

#### 1405 5.4.3 Service-Specific Endpoint References

- Although WS-Management specifies a default addressing model, in some cases this model is notavailable or appropriate.
- 1408**R5.4.3-1**: A conformant service may not understand the header values used by the1409WS-Management default addressing model. If this is the case, and if the client marks the1410wsman:ResourceURI with mustUnderstand="true", the service shall return an s:NotUnderstood1411fault.
- 1412**R5.4.3-2**: A conformant service may require additional header values to be present that are1413beyond the scope of this specification.
- Services can thus use alternative addressing models for referencing resources with WS-Management.
   These addressing models might or might not use ResourceURI or SelectorSet elements and still be
   valid addressing models if they conform to the rules of Addressing.
- In addition to a defined alternative addressing model, a service might not explicitly define any
   addressing model at all and instead use an opaque EPR generated at run-time, which is handled
   according to the standard rules of Addressing.
- 1420 When such addressing models are used, the client application has to understand and interoperate with 1421 discovery methods for acquiring EPRs that are beyond the scope of this specification.

#### 1422 **5.4.4 mustUnderstand**

- 1423 This clause describes the use of the mustUnderstand attribute, regardless of whether an
- implementation uses WS-Management Addressing (see 5.1) or the W3C Recommendation type of WS-Addressing.
- 1426 The mustUnderstand attribute for SOAP headers is to be interpreted as a "must comply" instruction in
- 1427 WS-Management. For example, if a SOAP header that is listed as being optional in this specification is
- tagged with mustUnderstand="true", the service is required to comply or return a fault. To ensure that
- 1429 the service treats a header as optional, the mustUnderstand attribute can be omitted.

1430 If the wsa:Action URI is not understood, the implementation might not know how to process the 1431 message. So, for the following elements, the omission or inclusion of mustUnderstand="true" has no 1432 real effect on the message in practice, because mustUnderstand is implied:

- 1433 wsa:To
- 1434 wsa:MessageID
- wsa:RelatesTo
- 1436 wsa:Action
- wsa:ReplyTo
- 1438 wsa:FaultTo
- 1439**R5.4.4-1**: A conformant service shall process any of the preceding elements identically1440regardless of whether mustUnderstand="true" is present.
- As a corollary, clients can omit mustUnderstand="true" from any of the preceding elements with no change in meaning.
- 1443 **R5.4.4-2**: If a service cannot comply with a header marked with mustUnderstand="true", it shall issue an s:NotUnderstood fault.
- 1445 The goal is for the service to be tolerant of inconsistent mustUnderstand usage by clients when the 1446 request is not likely to be misinterpreted.
- 1447 It is important that clients using the WS-Management default addressing model (ResourceURI and
- 1448 SelectorSet) use mustUnderstand="true" on the wsman:ResourceURI element to ensure that the
- 1449 service is compliant with that addressing model. Implementations that use service-specific addressing
- 1450 models will otherwise potentially ignore these header values and behave inconsistently with the
- 1451 intentions of the client.

#### 1452 **5.4.5 wsa:To**

This clause describes the use of the Addressing wsa:To header regardless of whether an
 implementation uses WS-Management Addressing (see 5.1) or the W3C Recommendation version of
 WS-Addressing.

In request messages, the wsa:To address contains the transport address of the service. In some cases,
this address is sufficient to locate the resource. In other cases, the service is a dispatching agent for
multiple resources. In these cases, the message typically contains additional headers to allow the
service to identify a resource within its scope. For example, when the default addressing model is in
use, these additional headers will be the ResourceURI and SelectorSet elements.

NOTE: WS-Management does not preclude multiple listener services from coexisting on the same physical
 system. Such services would be discovered and distinguished using mechanisms beyond the scope of this
 specification.

- 1464 **R5.4.5-1**: The wsa:To header shall be present in all messages, whether requests, responses, or
  1465 events. In the absence of other requirements, it is recommended that the network address for
  1466 resources that require authentication be suffixed by the token sequence /wsman. If /wsman is used,
  1467 unauthenticated access should not be allowed.
- 1468 (1) <wsa:To> http://123.15.166.67/wsman </wsa:To>

R5.4.5-2: In the absence of other requirements, it is recommended that the network address for
 resources that do not require authentication be suffixed by the token sequence /wsman-anon. If
 /wsman-anon is used, authenticated access shall not be required.

1472 (1) <wsa:To> http://123.15.166.67/wsman-anon </wsa:To>

1473 Including the network transport address in the SOAP message may seem redundant because the
1474 network connection would already be established by the client. However, in cases where the message
1475 is routed through intermediaries, the network transport address is required so that the intermediaries
1476 can examine the message and make the connection to the actual endpoint.

- 1477 The wsa:To header may encompass any number of tokens required to locate the service and a group 1478 of resources within that service.
- 1479 **R5.4.5-3**: The service should generate a fault when the wsa:To address cannot be processed 1480 due to the following situations::
- If the resource is offline, a wsa:EndpointUnavailable fault is returned with the following detail code:
- 1483 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/ResourceOffline
- If the resource cannot be located ("not found"), a wsa:DestinationUnreachable fault is returned.
- If the resource is valid, but internal errors occur, a wsman:InternalError fault is returned.
- If the resource cannot be accessed for security reasons, a wsman:AccessDenied fault is returned.
- 1489 **5.4.6 Other Addressing Headers**
- This clause describes the use of other Addressing headers, regardless of whether an implementation
   uses WS-Management Addressing (see 5.1) or the W3C Recommendation version of WS-Addressing.
- 1492 WS-Management depends on Addressing to describe the rules for use of other Addressing headers.
- 1493 5.4.6.1 Processing Addressing Headers
- 1494 The following additional addressing-related header blocks occur in WS-Management messages.
- 1495 **R5.4.6.1-1**: A conformant service shall recognize and process the following Addressing header1496 blocks.
- 1497 wsa:To
- wsa:ReplyTo (required when a response is expected)
- wsa:FaultTo (optional)
- wsa:MessageID (required)
- wsa:Action (required)
- wsa:RelatesTo (required in responses)
- 1503 The use of these header blocks is discussed in subsequent clauses.
- 1504 **5.4.6.2 wsa:ReplyTo**
- 1505 WS-Management requires the following usage of wsa:ReplyTo in addressing:

**R5.4.6.2-1**: A wsa:ReplyTo header shall be present in all request messages when a reply is
required. This address shall be either a valid address for a new connection using any transport
supported by the service or the Addressing Anonymous URI, which indicates that the reply is to be

- delivered over the same connection on which the request arrived. If the wsa:ReplyTo header ismissing, a wsa:MessageInformationHeaderRequired fault is returned.
- 1511 Some messages, such as event deliveries, SubscriptionEnd, and so on, do not require a response and 1512 may omit a wsa:ReplyTo element.
- 1513 **R5.4.6.2-2**: A conformant service may require that all responses be delivered over the same
- 1514 connection on which the request arrives. In this case, the URI discussed in R5.4.6.2-1 shall indicate
   1515 this. Otherwise, the service shall return a wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault with the following detail
   1516 code:
- 1517 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/AddressingMode
- 1518**R5.4.6.2-3**: When delivering events for which acknowledgement of delivery is required, the sender1519of the event shall include a wsa:ReplyTo element and observe the usage in 10.8 of this1520specification.
- 1521 **R5.4.6.2-4**: This rule intentionally left blank.
- 1522 **R5.4.6.2-5**: This rule intentionally left blank.

Addressing allows clients to include client-defined reference parameters in wsa:ReplyTo headers. Addressing requires that these reference parameters be extracted from requests and placed in the responses by removing the ReferenceParameters wrapper and placing all of the values as top-level SOAP headers in the response, as discussed in 5.1. This allows clients to better correlate responses with the original requests. This step cannot be omitted.

1528 EXAMPLE: In the following example, the header x:someHeader is included in the reply message:

1529	l) <s:envelope< th=""><th></th></s:envelope<>	
1530	<pre>2) xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"</pre>	
1531	3) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/add	ressing"
1532	<pre>4) xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/ws</pre>	man.xsd">
1533	5) <s:header></s:header>	
1534	5)	
1535	<pre>// <wsa:to> http://1.2.3.4/wsman </wsa:to></pre>	
1536	3) <wsa:replyto></wsa:replyto>	
1537	<pre></pre>	
1538	<pre>L0) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressin</pre>	g/role/anonymous
1539	1)	
1540	<pre>L2) <wsa:referenceparameters></wsa:referenceparameters></pre>	
1541	<pre>L3) <x:someheader xmlns:x=""> user-defined conte</x:someheader></pre>	nt
1542	<pre>L4) </pre>	
1543	L5)	
1544	L6)	
1545	L7)	
1546	18) <s:body> </s:body>	
1547	19)	

1548**R5.4.6.2-6**: If the wsa:ReplyTo address is not usable or is missing, the service should not reply to1549the request and it should close or terminate the connection according to the rules of the current1550network transport. In these cases, the service should locally log some type of entry to help locate1551the client defect later.

#### 1552 **5.4.6.3 wsa:FaultTo**

1553 WS-Management qualifies the use of wsa:FaultTo as indicated in this clause.

**R5.4.6.3-1**: A conformant service may support a wsa:FaultTo address that is distinct from the
 wsa:ReplyTo address. If such a request is made and is not supported by the service, a
 wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault shall be returned with the following detail code:

1557 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/AddressingMode

1558 If both the wsa:FaultTo and wsa:ReplyTo headers are omitted from a request, transport-level
1559 mechanisms are typically used to fail the request because the address to which the fault is to be sent is
1560 uncertain. In such a case, it is not an error for the service to simply shut down the connection.

1561 **R5.4.6.3-2**: If wsa:FaultTo is omitted, the service shall return the fault to the wsa:ReplyTo address 1562 if a fault occurs.

1563**R5.4.6.3-3**: A conformant service may require that all faults be delivered to the client over the same1564transport or connection on which the request arrives. In this case, the URI shall be the Addressing1565Anonymous URI. If services do not support separately addressed fault delivery and the wsa:FaultTo1566is any other address, a wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault shall be returned with the following detail1567code:

- 1568 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/AddressingMode
- 1569 NOTE: This specification does not restrict richer implementations from fully supporting wsa:FaultTo.
- 1570 **R5.4.6.3-4**: This rule intentionally left blank.

1571 EXAMPLE: In the following example, the header x:someHeader is included in fault messages if they occur:

1572	(1) <s:envelope< th=""></s:envelope<>
1573	<pre>(2) xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"</pre>
1574	(3) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
1575	<pre>(4) xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"&gt;</pre>
1576	(5) <s:header></s:header>
1577	(6)
1578	(7) <wsa:to> http://1.2.3.4/wsman </wsa:to>
1579	<pre>(8) <wsa:faultto></wsa:faultto></pre>
1580	(9) <wsa:address></wsa:address>
1581	(10) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/role/anonymous
1582	(11)
1583	<pre>(12) <wsa:referenceparameters></wsa:referenceparameters></pre>
1584	<pre>(13) <x:someheader xmlns:x=""> user-defined content </x:someheader></pre>
1585	(14)
1586	<pre>(15) </pre>
1587	(16)
1588	(17)
1589	(18) <s:body> </s:body>
1590	(19)

**R5.4.6.3-5**: If the wsa:FaultTo address is not usable, the service should not reply to the request.
 Similarly, if according to WS-Addressing processing rules there is no suitable address to send a
 fault to, it should not reply and should close the network connection. In these cases, the service
 should locally log some type of entry to help locate the client defect later.

1595 **R5.4.6.3-6**: The service shall properly duplicate the wsa:Address of the wsa:FaultTo element in the 1596 wsa:To of the reply, even if some of the information is not understood by the service.

- 1597 This rule applies in cases where the client includes private content suffixes on the HTTP or HTTPS
- 1598 address that the service does not understand. If the service removes this information when constructing

1599 the address, the subsequent message might not be correctly processed.

#### 1600 **5.4.6.4 wsa:MessageID and wsa:RelatesTo**

- 1601 WS-Management qualifies the use of wsa:MessageID and wsa:RelatesTo as follows:
- 1602 **R5.4.6.4-1**: The MessageID and RelatesTo URIs may be of any format, as long as they are valid
   1603 URIs according to <u>RFC 3986</u>. Two URIs are considered different even if the characters in the URIs
   1604 differ only by case.
- 1605 The following two formats are endorsed by this specification. The first is considered a best practice 1606 because it is backed by <u>RFC 4122</u>:
- 1607 urn:uuid:xxxxxxx-xxxx-xxxx-xxxxx-xxxxx
- 1608

or

1609 uuid:xxxxxxx-xxxx-xxxx-xxxxx-xxxx

1610 In these formats, each *x* is an uppercase or lowercase hexadecimal digit (lowercase is required by 1611 <u>RFC 4122</u>); there are no spaces or other tokens. The value may be a DCE-style universally unique 1612 identifier (UUID) with provable uniqueness properties in this format, however, it is not necessary to 1613 have provable uniqueness properties in the URIs used in the wsa:MessageID and wsa:RelatesTo 1614 headers.

1615 Regardless of format, the URI should not exceed the maximum defined in R13.1-6.

1616 UUIDs have a numeric meaning as well as a string meaning, and this can lead to confusion. A UUID in
1617 lowercase is a different URI from the same UUID in uppercase. This is because URIs are case1618 sensitive. If a UUID is converted to its decimal equivalent the case of the original characters is lost. WS1619 Management works with the URI value itself, not the underlying decimal equivalent representation.
1620 Services are free to *interpret* the URI in any way, but are not allowed to alter the case usage when
1621 repeating the message or any of the MessageID values in subsequent messages.

1622 The <u>RFC 4122</u> requires the digits to be lowercase, which is the responsibility of the client. The service 1623 simply processes the values as URI values and is not required to analyze the URI for correctness or 1624 compliance. The service replicates the client usage in the wsa:RelatesTo reply header and is not 1625 allowed to alter the case usage.

1626**R5.4.6.4-2**: The MessageID should be generated according to any algorithm that ensures that no1627two MessageIDs are repeated. Because the value is treated as case-sensitive (R5.4.6.4-1),1628confusion can arise if the same value is reused differing only in case. As a result, the service shall1629not create or employ MessageID values that differ only in case. For any message transmitted by1630the service, the MessageID shall not be reused.

The client ensures that MessageID values are not reused in requests. Although services and clients
can issue different MessageIDs that differ only in case, the service is not required to detect this
difference, nor is it required to analyze the URI for syntactic correctness or repeated use.

- 1634 **R5.4.6.4-3**: The RelatesTo element shall be present in all response messages and faults, shall
   1635 contain the MessageID of the associated request message, and shall match the original in case,
   1636 being treated as a URI value and not as a binary UUID value.
- 1637 **R5.4.6.4-4**: If the MessageID is not parsable or is missing, a
- 1638 wsa:InvalidMessageInformationHeader fault should be returned.

1639 EXAMPLE: The following examples show wsa:MessageID usage:

1640 1641 1642	(20) (21)	<pre><wsa:messageid> uuid:d9726315-bc91-430b-9ed8-ce5ffb858a91 ()</wsa:messageid></pre>
1643 1644	(22) (23) (24)	
1645 1646	(25) (26)	anotherScheme:ID/12310/1231/16607/25 

#### 1647 **5.4.6.5 wsa:Action**

1648 The wsa:Action URI indicates the "operation" being invoked against the resource.

1649 R5.4.6.5-1: The wsa:Action URI shall not be used to identify the specific resource class or instance,
 1650 but only to identify the operation to use against that resource.

1651 **R5.4.6.5-2**: For all resource endpoints, a service shall return a wsa:ActionNotSupported fault if a requested action is not supported by the service for the specified resource.

In other words, to model the "Get" of item "Disk", the wsa:Action URI contains the "Get". The wsa:To,
and potentially other SOAP headers, indicate *what* is being accessed. When the default addressing
model is used, for example, the ResourceURI typically contains the reference to the "Disk" and the
SelectorSet identifies which disk. Other service-specific addressing models can factor the identity of the
resource in different ways.

Implementations are free to support additional custom methods that combine the notion of "Get" and
"Disk" into a single "GetDisk" action if they strive to support the separated form to maximize
interoperation. One of the main points behind WS-Management is to unify common methods wherever
possible.

1662**R5.4.6.5-3**: If a service exposes any of the following types of capabilities, a conformant service1663shall at least expose that capability using the definitions in Table 4 according to the rules of this1664specification. The service may optionally expose additional similar functionality using a distinct1665wsa:Action URI.

1666

#### Table 4 – wsa: Action URI Descriptions

Action URI	Description
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Get	Models any simple single item retrieval
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/GetResponse	Response to "Get"
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Put	Models an update of an entire item
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/PutResponse	Response to "Put"
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Create	Models creation of a new item
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/CreateResponse	Response to "Create"
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Delete	Models the deletion of an item
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/DeleteResponse	Response to "Delete"
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Enumerate	Begins an enumeration or query
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/EnumerateResponse	Response to "Enumerate"
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Pull	Retrieves the next batch of results from enumeration
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/PullResponse	Response to "Pull"

Action URI	Description
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew	Renews an enumerator that may have timed out (not required in WS-Management)
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse	Response to "Renew" (not required in WS-Management)
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus	Gets the status of the enumerator (not required in WS-Management)
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatusResponse	Response to "GetStatus" (not required in WS-Management)
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Release	Releases an active enumerator
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/ReleaseResponse	Response to "Release"
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/EnumerationEnd	Notifies that an enumerator has terminated (not required in WS-Management)
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/Subscribe	Models a subscription to an event source
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/SubscribeResponse	Response to "Subscribe"
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/Renew	Renews a subscription prior to its expiration
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/RenewResponse	Response to "Renew"
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/GetStatus	Requests the status of a subscription
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/GetStatusResponse	Response to "GetStatus"
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/Unsubscribe	Removes an active subscription
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/UnsubscribeResponse	Response to "Unsubscribe"
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/SubscriptionEnd	Delivers a message to indicate that a subscription has terminated
http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Events	Delivers batched events based on a subscription
http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Heartbeat	A pseudo-event that models a heartbeat of an active subscription; delivered when no real events are available, but used to indicate that the event subscription and delivery mechanism is still active
http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/DroppedEvents	A pseudo-event that indicates that the real event was dropped
http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Ack	Used by event subscribers to acknowledge receipt of events; allows event streams to be strictly sequenced
http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Event	Used for a singleton event that does not define its own action

1667 **R5.4.6.5-4**: A custom action may be supported if the operation is a custom method whose semantic 1668 meaning is not present in the table.

1669**R5.4.6.5-5**: All notifications shall contain a unique action URI that identifies the type of the event1670delivery. For singleton notifications with only one event per message (the delivery mode1671http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/DeliveryModes/Push), the wsa:Action URI defines

the event type. For other delivery modes, the Action varies, as described in clause 10.2.7 of thisspecification.

#### 1674 **5.4.6.6 wsa:From**

1675 The wsa:From header can be used in any messages, responses, or events to indicate the source.
1676 When the same connection is used for both request and reply, this header provides no useful
1677 information, but can be useful in cases where the response arrives on a different connection.

- 1678 **R5.4.6.6-1**: A conformant service may include a wsa:From address in the message. A conformant service should process any incoming message that has a wsa:From element.
- 1680 **R5.4.6.6-2**: A conformant service should not fault any message with a wsa:From element,
- 1681 regardless of whether the mustUnderstand attribute is included.
- 1682NOTE: Processing the wsa:From header is trivial because it has no effect on the meaning of the message.1683The From address is primarily for auditing and logging purposes.

# 1684 6 WS-Management Control Headers

1685 WS-Management defines several SOAP headers that can be used with any operation.

## 1686 6.1 wsman:OperationTimeout

1687 Most management operations are time-critical due to quality-of-service constraints and obligations. If 1688 operations cannot be completed in a specified time, the service returns a fault so that a client can 1689 comply with its obligations. The following header value can be supplied with any WS-Management 1690 message to indicate that the client expects a response or a fault within the specified time:

1691 (1) <wsman:OperationTimeout> xs:duration </wsman:OperationTimeout>

1692**R6.1-1**: All request messages may contain a wsman:OperationTimeout header element that1693indicates the maximum amount of time the client is willing to wait for the service to issue a1694response. The service should interpret the timeout countdown as beginning from the point the1695message is processed until a response is generated.

- 1696 R6.1-2: The service should *immediately* issue a wsman:TimedOut fault if the countdown time is
   1697 exceeded and the operation is not yet complete. If the OperationTimeout value is not valid, a
   1698 wsa:InvalidMessageInformationHeader fault should be returned.
- 1699 **R6.1-3**: If the service does not support user-defined timeouts, a wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault should be returned with the following detail code:
- 1701 I
  - http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/OperationTimeout
- 1702 R6.1-4: If the wsman:OperationTimeout element is omitted, the service may interpret this
  1703 omission as an instruction to block indefinitely until a response is available, or it may impose a
  1704 default timeout.
- These rules do not preclude services from supporting infinite or very long timeouts. Because network
  connections seldom block indefinitely with no traffic occurring, some type of transport timeout is likely.
  Also the countdown is initiated from the time the message is received, so network latency is not
  included. If a client needs to discover the range of valid timeouts or defaults, metadata can be retrieved,
  but the format of such metadata is beyond the scope of this specification.
- 1710 If the timeout occurs in such a manner that the service has already performed some of the work
- associated with the request, the service state reaches an anomalous condition. This specification does
- 1712 not attempt to address behavior in this situation. Clearly, services can attempt to undo the effects of any

partially complete operations, but this is not always practical. In such cases, the service can keep alocal log of requests and operations, which the client can query later.

For example, if a Delete operation is in progress and a timeout occurs, the service decides whether to attempt a rollback or roll-forward of the deletion, even though it issues a wsman:TimedOut fault. The service can elect to include additional information in the fault (see 14.5) regarding its internal policy in this regard. The service can attempt to return to the state that existed before the operation was attempted, but this is not always possible.

- 1720 **R6.1-5**: If the mustUnderstand attribute is applied to the wsman:OperationTimeout element and 1721 the service understands wsman:OperationTimeout, the service shall observe the requested value 1722 or return the fault specified in **R6.1-2**. The service should attempt to complete the request within the 1723 specified time or issue a fault without any further delay.
- 1724 Clients can always omit the mustUnderstand header for uniform behavior against all implementations. It 1725 is not an error for a compliant service to ignore the timeout value or treat it as a hint if mustUnderstand 1726 is omitted.
- 1727 EXAMPLE: The following is an example of a correctly formatted 30-second timeout in the SOAP header:
- 1728 (1) <wsman:OperationTimeout>PT30S</wsman:OperationTimeout>

1729 If the transport timeout occurs before the actual wsman:OperationTimeout, the operation can be treated
1730 as specified in 13.3, the same as a failed connection. In practice, the network transport timeout can be
1731 configured to be longer than any expected wsman:OperationTimeout.

## 1732 6.2 wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize

1733 To prevent a response beyond the capability of the client, the request message can contain a restriction 1734 on the response size.

- 1735 The following header value may be supplied with any WS-Management message to indicate that the 1736 client expects a response whose total SOAP envelope does not exceed the specified number of octets:
- 1737 (1) <wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize> xs:positiveInteger </wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize>

1738 The limitation is on the entire envelope. Resource-constrained implementations need a reliable figure 1739 for the required amount of memory for all SOAP processing, not just the SOAP Body.

- 1740 R6.2-1: All request messages may contain a wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize header element that
  1741 indicates the maximum number of octets (not characters) in the entire SOAP envelope in the
  1742 response. If the service cannot compose a reply within the requested size, it should return a
  1743 wsman:EncodingLimit fault with the following detail code:
- 1744 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MaxEnvelopeSize
- 1745**R6.2-2:** If the mustUnderstand attribute is set to "true", the service shall comply with the request.1746If the response would exceed the maximum size, the service should return a wsman:EncodingLimit1747fault. Because a service might execute the operation prior to knowing the response size, the service1748should undo any effects of the operation before issuing the fault. If the operation cannot be1749reversed (such as a destructive Put or Delete, or a Create), the service shall indicate that the1750operation succeeded in the wsman:EncodingLimit fault with the following detail code:
- 1751 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/UnreportableSuccess
- 1752 **R6.2-3**: If the mustUnderstand attribute is set to "false", the service may ignore the header.

1753 R6.2-4: Services should reject any MaxEnvelopeSize value less than 8192 octets. This number is
 1754 the safe minimum in which faults can be reliably encoded for all character sets. If the requested

- size is less than this, the service should return a wsman:EncodingLimit fault with the following detailcode:
- 1757 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MinimumEnvelopeLimit
- A service might have its own encoding limit independent of what the client specifies, and the same faultapplies.
- 1760 **R6.2-5**: If the service cannot compose a reply within its own internal limits, the service should 1761 return a wsman:EncodingLimit fault with the following detail code:
- 1762 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/ServiceEnvelopeLimit

The definition of the wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize element in the schema contains a Policy attribute
because this element is used for other purposes. This specification does not define a meaning for the
Policy attribute when the wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize element is used as a SOAP header.

1766 R6.2-6: Clients should not add the Policy attribute to the wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize element when
1767 it is used as a SOAP header. Services should ignore the Policy attribute if it appears in the
1768 wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize element when used as a SOAP header.

## 1769 **6.3 wsman:Locale**

Management operations often span locales, and many items in responses can require translation.
Typically, translation is required for descriptive information, intended for human readers, that is sent
back in the response. If the client requires such output to be translated into a specific language, it can
employ the optional wsman:Locale header, which makes use of the standard XML attribute xml:lang, as
follows:

1775 (1) <wsman:Locale xml:lang="xs:language" s:mustUnderstand="false"/>

1776 R6.3-1: If the mustUnderstand attribute is omitted or set to "false", the service should use this
1777 value when composing the response message and adjust any localizable values accordingly. This
1778 use is recommended for most cases. The locale is treated as a hint in this case.

1779 R6.3-2: If the mustUnderstand attribute is set to "true", the service shall ensure that the replies
1780 contain localized information where appropriate, or else the service shall issue a
1781 wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault with the following detail code:

- 1782 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/Locale
- 1783 A service may always fault if wsman:Locale contains s:mustUnderstand set to "true", because it 1784 may not be able to ensure that the reply is localized.
- 1785 Some implementations delegate the request to another subsystem for processing, so the service 1786 cannot be certain that the localization actually occurred.
- 1787 R6.3-3: The value of the xml:lang attribute in the wsman:Locale header shall be a valid <u>RFC</u>
   1788 <u>5646</u> language code.
- 1789 R6.3-4: In any response, event, or singleton message, the service should include the xml:lang
  1790 attribute in the s:Envelope (or other elements) to signal to the receiver that localized content
  1791 appears in the body of the message. This attribute may be omitted if no descriptive content appears
  1792 in the body. Including the xml:lang attribute is not an error, even if no descriptive content occurs.
- 1793 EXAMPLE:
- (1) <s:Envelope
- 1795 (2) xml:lang="en-us"

1796 (3) xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"

- 1797 (4) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
- (5) xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd">
- (6) <s:Header> ... </s:Header>
- 1800 (7) <s:Body> ... </s:Body>
- (8) </s:Envelope>

The xml:lang attribute can appear on any content in the message, although a simpler approach allowsthe client always to check for the attribute in one place, the s:Envelope wrapper.

1804 R6.3-5: For operations that span multiple message sequences, the wsman:Locale element is
 1805 processed in the initial message only. It should be ignored in subsequent messages because the
 1806 first message establishes the required locale. The service may issue a fault if the wsman:Locale is
 1807 present in subsequent messages and the value is different from that used in the initiating request.

This rule applies primarily to Enumerate and Pull messages. The locale is clearly established during the
initial Enumerate request, so changing the locale during the enumeration serves no purpose. The
service ignores any wsman:Locale elements in subsequent Pull messages, but the client can ensure
that the value does not change between Pull requests. This uniformity enables the client to construct
messages more easily.

1813 It is recommended (as established in R6.3-1) that the wsman:Locale element never contain a 1814 mustUnderstand attribute. In this way, the client will not receive faults in unexpected places.

## 1815 6.4 wsman:OptionSet

1816 The OptionSet header is used to pass a set of switches to the service to modify or refine the nature of 1817 the request. This facility is intended to help the service observe any context or side effects desired by 1818 the client, but *not* to alter the output schema or modify the meaning of the addressing. Options are 1819 similar to switches used in command-line shells in that they are service-specific, text-based extensions.

- 1820 R6.4-1: Any request message may contain a wsman:OptionSet header, which wraps a set of
  1821 optional switches or controls on the message. These switches help the service compose the
  1822 desired reply or observe the required side effect.
- 1823 R6.4-2: The service should not send responses, unacknowledged events, or singleton messages
   1824 that contain wsman:OptionSet headers unless it is acting in the role of a client to another service.
   1825 Those headers are intended for request messages to which a subsequent response is expected,
   1826 including acknowledged events.
- 1827**R6.4-3:** If the mustUnderstand attribute is omitted from the OptionSet block or if it is present with1828a value of "false", the service may ignore the entire wsman:OptionSet block. If it is present with a1829value of "true" and the service does not support wsman:OptionSet, the service shall return a1830s:NotUnderstood fault.
- Services can process an OptionSet block if it is present, but they are not required to understand or
  process individual options, as shown in R6.4-6. However, if MustComply is set to "true" on any given
  option, then mustUnderstand needs to be set to "true". Doing so avoids the incongruity of allowing the
  entire OptionSet block to be ignored while having MustComply on individual options.
- 1835 R6.4-4: Each resource class may observe its own set of options, and an individual instance of
   1836 that resource class may further observe its own set of options. Consistent option usage is not
   1837 required across resource class and instance boundaries. The metadata formats and definitions of
   1838 options are beyond the scope of this specification and may be service-specific.
- 1839 R6.4-5: Any number of individual option elements may appear under the wsman:OptionSet
   1840 wrapper. Option names may be repeated if appropriate. The content shall be a simple string
   1841 (xs:string). This specification places no restrictions on whether the names or values are to be

treated in a case-sensitive or case-insensitive manner. However, case usage shall be retained as
 the message containing the OptionSet element and its contents are propagated through SOAP
 intermediaries.

1845 Interpretation of the option with regard to case sensitivity is up to the service and the definition of the
1846 specific option because the value might be passed through to real-world subsystems that inconsistently
1847 expose case usage. Where interoperation is a concern, the client can omit both mustUnderstand and
1848 MustComply attributes.

1849**R6.4-6:** Individual option values may be advisory or may be required by the client. The service1850shall observe and execute any option marked with the MustComply attribute set to "true", or return1851a wsman:InvalidOptions fault with the following detail code:

1852 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/NotSupported

Any option not marked with this attribute (or if the attribute is set to "false") is advisory to the
service, and the service may ignore it. If any option is marked with MustComply set to "true", then
the mustUnderstand attribute shall be used on the entire wsman:OptionSet block.

- 1856This capability is required when the service delegates interpretation and execution of the options to1857another component. In many cases, the SOAP processor cannot know if the option was observed1858and can only pass it along to the next subsystem.
- 1859 R6.4-7: Options may optionally contain a Type attribute, which indicates the data type of the
  1860 content of the Option element. A service may require that this attribute be present on any given
  1861 option and that it be set to the QName of a valid XML schema data type. Only the standard simple
  1862 types declared in the http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema namespace are supported in this
  1863 version of WS-Management.
- 1864 This rule can help some services distinguish numeric or date/time types from other string values.

1865 **R6.4-8:** Options should not be used as a replacement for the documented parameterization technique for the message; they should be used only as a modifier for it.

1867 Options are primarily used to establish context or otherwise instruct the service to perform side-band 1868 operations while performing the operation, such as turning on logging or tracing.

- 1869 **R6.4-9:** The following faults should be returned by the service:
- when options are not supported, **wsman:InvalidOptions** with the following detail code:

1871 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/NotSupported

- when one or more option names are not valid or supported by the specific
   resource, wsman:InvalidOptions with the following detail code:
- 1874 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidName
- when the value is not correct for the option name, wsman:InvalidOptions with the following detail code:
- 1877 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidValue

1878 R6.4-10: For operations that span multiple message sequences, the wsman:OptionSet element is
1879 processed in the initial message only. It should be ignored in subsequent messages because the
1880 first message establishes the required set of options. The service may issue a fault if the
1881 wsman:OptionSet is present in subsequent messages and the value is different from that used in
1882 the initiating request, or the service may ignore the values of wsman:OptionSet in such messages.

This rule applies primarily to Enumerate and Pull messages. The set of options is established once
 during the initial Enumerate request, so changing the options during the enumeration would constitute
 an error.

Options are intended to make operations more efficient or to preprocess output on behalf of the client.
For example, the options could indicate to the service that the returned values are to be recomputed
and that cached values are not to be used, or that any optional values in the reply may be omitted.
Alternately, the options could be used to indicate verbose output within the limits of the XML schema
associated with the reply.

Option values are not intended to contain XML. If XML-based input is required, a custom operation with
its own wsa:Action URI is the correct model for the operation. This ensures that no backdoor
parameters are introduced over well-known message types. For example, when issuing a Subscribe
request, the message already defines a technique for passing an event filter to the service, so the
option is not used to circumvent this and pass a filter using an alternate method.

1896 EXAMPLE: The following is an example of wsman:OptionSet:

1897	(1)	<s:envelope< th=""></s:envelope<>
1898	(2)	xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
1899	(3)	<pre>xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"</pre>
1900	(4)	<pre>xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"</pre>
1901	(5)	<pre>xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"&gt;</pre>
1902	(6)	<s:header></s:header>
1903	(7)	
1904	(8)	<wsman:optionset s:mustunderstand="true"></wsman:optionset>
1905	(9)	<wsman:option name="VerbosityLevel" type="xs:int"></wsman:option>
1906	(10)	3
1907	(11)	
1908	(12)	<wsman:option mustcomply="true" name="LogAllRequests"></wsman:option>
1909	(13)	
1910	(14)	
1911	(15)	
1912	(16)	<s:body> </s:body>
1913	(17)	

- 1914 The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
- 1915 wsman:OptionSet
- 1916 used to wrap individual option blocks
- 1917 In this example, s:mustUnderstand is set to "true", indicating that the client is requiring the service
   1918 to process the option block using the given rules.
- 1919 wsman:OptionSet/wsman:Option/@Name
- 1920 identifies the option (an xs:string), which may be a simple name or a URI
- 1921 This name is scoped to the resource to which it applies. The name may be repeated in subsequent
- 1922 elements. The name cannot be blank and can be a short non-colliding URI that is vendor-specific.
- 1923 wsman:OptionSet/wsman:Option/@MustComply
- if set to "true", indicates that the option shall be observed; otherwise, indicates an advisory or ahint
- 1926 wsman:OptionSet/wsman:Option/@Type
- 1927 (optional) if present, indicates the data type of the element content, which helps the service to1928 interpret the content
- 1929 A service may require this attribute to be present on any given option element.

- 1930 wsman:OptionSet/wsman:Option
- 1931 the content of the option
- 1932 The value may be any simple string value. If the option value is empty, the option should be 1933 interpreted as logically "true", and the option should be "enabled". The following example enables
- 1934 the "Verbose" option: 1935 (1) <wsman:Option Name="Verbose"/>

1936 Options are logically false if they are not present in the message. All other cases require an explicit 1937 string to indicate the option value. The reasoning for allowing the same option to repeat is to allow 1938 specification of a list of options of the same name.

## 1939 6.5 wsman:RequestEPR

Some service operations, including "Put", are able to modify the resource representation in such a way
that the update results in a logical identity change for the resource, such as the "rename" of a
document. In many cases, this modification in turn alters the EPR of that resource after the operation is
completed, as EPRs are often dynamically derived from naming values within the resource
representation itself. This behavior is common in SOAP implementations that delegate operations to
underlying systems.

- 1946 To provide the client a way to determine when such a change has happened, two SOAP headers are 1947 defined to request and return the EPR of a resource instance.
- 1948 In any WS-Management request message, the following header may appear:
- 1949 (1) <wsman:RequestEPR .../>

1950 R6.5-1: A service receiving a message that contains the wsman:RequestEPR header block
1951 should return a response that contains a wsman:RequestedEPR header block. This block contains
1952 the most recent EPR of the resource being accessed or a status code if the service cannot
1953 determine or return the EPR. This EPR reflects any identity changes that may have occurred as a
1954 result of the current operation, as set forth in the following behavior. The header block in the
1955 corresponding response message has the following format:

- 1956 (1) <wsman:RequestedEPR ...>
- 1957 (2) [ <wsa:EndpointReference>
- 1958 (3) wsa:EndpointReferenceType
- 1959 (4) </wsa:EndpointReference> |
- 1960 (5) <wsman:EPRInvalid/> |
- 1961 (6) <wsman:EPRUnknown/> ]
- 1962 (7) </wsman:RequestedEPR>
- 1963 The following definitions describe additional, normative constraints on the preceding format:
- 1964 wsman:RequestedEPR/wsa:EndpointReference
- 1965one of three elements that can be returned as a child element of the wsman:RequestedEPR1966element
- 1967 The use of this element indicates that the service understood the request to return the EPR of the 1968 resource and is including the EPR of the resource. The returned EPR is calculated after all
- 1969 intentional effects or side effects of the associated request message have occurred. The EPR may
- 1970 not have changed as a result of the operation, but the service is still obligated to return it.
- 1971 wsman:RequestedEPR/wsman:EPRInvalid
- 1972 one of three elements that can be returned as a child element of the wsman:RequestedEPR1973 element
- 1974 The use of this element (no value is required) indicates that the service understands the request to
- 1975 return the EPR of the resource but is unable to calculate a full EPR. However, the service is able

- 1976 to determine that this message exchange has modified the resource representation in such a way 1977 that any previous references to the resource are no longer valid. When EPRInvalid is returned, the
- 1978 client shall not use the old wsa:EndpointReference in subsequent operations.
- 1979 wsman:RequestedEPR/wsman:EPRUnknown
- 1980one of three elements that can be returned as a child element of the wsman:RequestedEPR1981element
- 1982The use of this element (no value is required) indicates that the service understands the request to<br/>return the EPR of the resource but is unable to determine whether existing references to the
- 1984 resource are still valid. When EPRUnknown is returned, the client may attempt to use the old 1985 wsa:EndpointReference in subsequent operations. The result of using an old
- wsa.EndpointReference, however, is unpredictable; a result may be a fault or a successful
   response.

# 19887Resource Access

## 1989 **7.1 General**

Resource access applies to all synchronous operations regarding getting, setting, and enumerating
 values. The subclauses in clause 7 define a mechanism for acquiring management-specific XML-based
 representations of entities using the Web service infrastructure, such as managed resources.

Specifically, two operations are defined for sending and receiving the management representation of a
given resource and two operations are defined for creating and deleting a management resource and
its corresponding representation. Multi-instance retrieval is achieved using the enumeration messages.
This specification does not define any messages or techniques for batched operations, such as batched
Get or Delete. All such operations can be sent as a series of single messages.

1998 It should be noted that the state maintenance of a resource is at most subject to the "best efforts" of the 1999 hosting server. When a client receives the server's acceptance of a request to create or update a 2000 resource, it can reasonably expect that the resource now exists at the confirmed location and with the 2001 confirmed representation, but this is not a guarantee, even in the absence of any third parties. The 2002 server may change the representation of a resource, may remove a resource entirely, or may bring 2003 back a resource that was deleted.

For instance, the server may store resource state information on a disk drive. If that drive crashes and the server recovers state information from a backup tape, changes that occurred after the backup was made would be lost.

A server may have other operational processes that change resource state information. A server may
 run a background process that examines resources for objectionable content and deletes any such
 resources it finds. A server may purge resources that have not been accessed for some period of time.
 A server may apply storage quotas that cause it to occasionally purge resources.

- In essence, the confirmation by a service of having processed a request to create, modify, or delete a
   resource implies a commitment only at the instant that the confirmation was generated. While the usual
   case should be that resources are long-lived and stable, there are no guarantees, and clients should
   code defensively.
- There is no requirement for uniformity in resource representations between the messages defined in this specification. For example, the representations required by Create or Put may differ from the representation returned by Get, depending on the semantic requirements of the service. Additionally, there is no requirement that the resource content is fixed for any given endpoint reference. The resource content may vary based on environmental factors, such as the security context, time of day, configuration, or the dynamic state of the service.

As per the SOAP processing model, other specifications may define SOAP headers that may be optionally added to request messages to require the transfer of subsets or the application of transformations of the resource associated with the endpoint reference. When the Action URIs defined by this specification are used, such extension specifications must also allow the basic processing models defined herein.

NOTE: The WSDL for the resource access operations (see ANNEX G), as well as the pseudo schema and
 example message fragments throughout clause 7, is not usable as represented without first replacing the
 "resource-specific-GED" text with the application-defined GED.

2029 EXAMPLE 1: Following is a full example of a hypothetical Get request:

2030	(1)	<s:envelope< th=""></s:envelope<>
2031	(2)	xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
2032	(3)	xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
2033	(4)	<pre>xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"&gt;</pre>
2034	(5)	<s:header></s:header>
2035	(6)	<wsa:to>http://1.2.3.4/wsman/</wsa:to>
2036	(7)	<pre><wsman:resourceuri>http://example.org/2005/02/physicalDisk</wsman:resourceuri></pre>
2037		
2038	(8)	<wsa:replyto></wsa:replyto>
2039	(9)	<wsa:address></wsa:address>
2040	(10)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/role/anonymous
2041	(11)	
2042	(12)	
2043	(13)	<wsa:action></wsa:action>
2044	(14)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Get
2045	(15)	
2046	(16)	<wsa:messageid></wsa:messageid>
2047	(17)	urn:uuid:d9726315-bc91-430b-9ed8-ce5ffb858a87
2048	(18)	
2049	(19)	<wsman:selectorset></wsman:selectorset>
2050	(20)	<wsman:selector name="LUN"> 2 </wsman:selector>
2051	(21)	
2052	(22)	<pre><wsman:operationtimeout> PT30S </wsman:operationtimeout></pre>
2053	(23)	
2054	(24)	<s:body></s:body>
2055	(25)	

Notice that the wsa:ReplyTo indicates the response is to be sent on the same connection as the request (line 10), the action is a Get (line 14), and the ResourceURI (line 7) and wsman:SelectorSet (line 20) are used to address the requested management information. This example assumes that the WS-Management default addressing model is in use. The service is expected to complete the operation in 30 seconds or return a fault to the client (line 22).

2061 Also, the s:Body in a Get request has no content.

2062 EXAMPLE 1 (continued): The following shows a hypothetical response to the preceding hypothetical Get request:

2063	(26)	<s:envelope< th=""></s:envelope<>
2064	(27)	<pre>xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"</pre>
2065	(28)	xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
2066	(29)	<pre>xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"&gt;</pre>
2067	(30)	<s:header></s:header>
2068	(31)	<wsa:to></wsa:to>
2069	(32)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/role/anonymous
2070	(33)	
2071	(34)	<wsa:action s:mustunderstand="true"></wsa:action>
2072	(35)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/GetResponse
2073	(36)	
2074	(37)	<wsa:messageid s:mustunderstand="true"></wsa:messageid>

2075	(38)	urn:uuid:217a431c-b071-3301-9bb8-5f538bec89b8
2076	(39)	
2077	(40)	<wsa:relatesto></wsa:relatesto>
2078	(41)	urn:uuid:d9726315-bc91-430b-9ed8-ce5ffb858a87
2079	(42)	
2080	(43)	
2081	(44)	<s:body></s:body>
2082	(45)	<physicaldisk< th=""></physicaldisk<>
2083		<pre>xmlns="http://schemas.example.org/2005/02/samples/physDisk"&gt;</pre>
2084	(46)	<manufacturer> Acme, Inc. </manufacturer>
2085	(47)	<model> 123-SCSI 42 GB Drive </model>
2086	(48)	<lun> 2 </lun>
2087	(49)	<cylinders> 16384 </cylinders>
2088	(50)	<heads> 80 </heads>
2089	(51)	<sectors> 63 </sectors>
2090	(52)	<octetspersector> 512 </octetspersector>
2091	(53)	<bootpartition> 0 </bootpartition>
2092	(54)	
2093	(55)	
2094	(56)	

Notice that the response uses the wsa:To address (line 32) that the original request had specified in
 wsa:ReplyTo. Also, the wsa:MessageID for this response is unique (line 38). The wsa:RelatesTo
 (line 41) contains the UUID of the wsa:MessageID of the original request to allow the client to correlate
 the response.

2099 The s:Body (lines 44-55) contains the requested resource representation.

The same general approach exists for Delete, except that no content exists in the response s:Body.
 The Create and Put operations are similar, except that they contain content in the request s:Body to
 specify the values being created or updated.

## 2103 7.2 Addressing Uniformity

Where practical, the EPR of the resource can be the same whether a Get, Delete, or Put operation is being used. This is not a strict requirement, but it reduces the education and training required to construct and use WS-Management-aware tools.

Create is a special case, in that the EPR of the newly created resource is often not known until the
resource is actually created. For example, although it might be possible to return running process
information using a hypothetical *ProcessID* in an addressing header, it is typically not possible to assert
the *ProcessID* during the creation phase because the underlying system does not support the concept.
Thus, the Create operation would not have the same addressing headers as the corresponding Get or
Delete operations.

If the WS-Management default addressing model is in use, it would be typical to use the ResourceURI as a "type" and selector values for "instance" identification. Thus, the same address would be used for Get, Put, and Delete when working with the same instance. When enumerating all instances, the selectors would be omitted and the ResourceURI would be used alone to indicate the "type" of the object being enumerated. The Create operation might also share this usage, or have its own ResourceURI and selector usage (or not even use selectors). This pattern is not a requirement.

Throughout, it is expected that the s:Body of the messages contains XML with correct and valid XML namespaces referring to XML Schemas that can validate the message. Most services and clients do not perform real-time validation of messages in production environments because of performance constraints; however, during debugging or other systems verification, validation might be enabled, and messages without the appropriate XML namespace declarations would be considered invalid

2123 messages without the appropriate XML namespace declarations would be considered invalid.

When performing resource access operations, side effects might occur. For example, deletion of a particular resource by using Delete can result in several other dependent instances disappearing, and a Create operation can result in the logical creation of more than one resource that can be subsequently returned through a Get operation. Similarly, a Put operation can result in a rename of the target instance, a rename of some unrelated instance, or the deletion of some unrelated instance. These side effects are service specific, and this specification makes no statements about the taxonomy and semantics of objects over which these operations apply.

## 2131 **7.3 Get**

A Web service operation (Get) is defined for fetching a one-time snapshot of the representation of a
 resource. A snapshot is a complete XML representation of a resource at the time the service processes
 the request.

2135 The Get request message shall be of the following form:

<pre>(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope></pre>
(2) <s:header></s:header>
<pre>(3) <wsa:action></wsa:action></pre>
(4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Get
(5)
<pre>(6) <wsa:messageid>xs:anyURI</wsa:messageid></pre>
<pre>(7) <wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to></pre>
(8)
(9)
(10) <s:body></s:body>
(11)

2147 The following describes additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:

2148 /s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action

This required element shall contain the value http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Get.
If a SOAP Action URI is also present in the underlying transport, its value shall convey the same
value.

A Get request shall be targeted at the resource whose representation is desired.

2153 There are no body blocks defined by default for a Get Request. As per the SOAP processing model, 2154 other specifications may introduce various types of extensions to the semantics of this message that are enabled through headers tagged with s:mustUnderstand="true". Such extensions may define how 2155 resource or subsets of it are to be retrieved or transformed prior to retrieval. Specifications that define 2156 such extensions shall allow processing the basic Get request message without those extensions. 2157 2158 Because the response may not be sent to the original sender, extension specifications should consider 2159 adding a corresponding SOAP header value in the response to signal to the receiver that the extension 2160 is being used.

Implementations may respond with a fault message using the standard fault codes defined in
 Addressing (for example, wsa:ActionNotSupported). Other components of the preceding outline are not
 further constrained by this specification.

2164 If the resource accepts a Get request, it shall reply with a response of the following form:

2165	(1)	<s:envelope></s:envelope>
2166	(2)	<s:header></s:header>
2167	(3)	<wsa:action></wsa:action>
2168	(4)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/GetResponse
2169	(5)	
2170	(6)	<wsa:relatesto>xs:anyURI</wsa:relatesto>
2171	(7)	<wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to>
2172	(8)	

2173 2174 2175 2176 2177	<pre>(9)  (10) <s:body> (11) resource-specific-element (12) </s:body> (13) </pre>
2178	The following describes additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
2179 2180 2181 2182	/s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action This required element shall contain the value http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/GetResponse. If a SOAP Action URI is also present in the underlying transport, its value shall convey the same value.
2183 2184 2185	/s:Envelope/s:Body/child The representation itself shall be the child element of the SOAP:Body element of the response message.
2186	Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.
2187 2188 2189	The Get operation retrieves resource representations. The message can be targeted to return a complex XML document or to return a single, simple value. The nature and complexity of the representation is not constrained by this specification.
2190 2191	<b>R7.3-1:</b> A conformant service should support Get operations to service metadata requests about the service itself or to verify the result of a previous action or operation.
2192 2193	This statement does not constrain implementations from supplying additional similar methods for resource and metadata retrieval.
2194	<b>R7.3-2:</b> Execution of Get should not in itself have side effects on the value of the resource.
2195 2196	<b>R7.3-3:</b> If an object cannot be retrieved due to locking conditions, simultaneous access, or similar conflicts, a wsman:Concurrency fault should be returned.
2197 2198 2199	In practice, Get is designed to return XML that corresponds to real-world objects. To retrieve individual property values, either the client can postprocess the XML content for the desired value, or the service can support fragment-level access (7.7).
2200 2201 2202	Fault usage is generally as described in clause 14. An inability to locate or access the resource is equivalent to problems with the SOAP message when the EPR is defective. There are no "Get-specific" faults.
2203	7.4 Put
2204 2205 2206 2207	A Web service operation (Put) is defined for updating a resource by providing a replacement representation. A resource may accept updates that provide different XML representations than that returned by the resource; in such a case, the semantics of the update operation is defined by the resource.
2208	The Put request message shall be of the following form:
2209 2210	<pre>(1) <s:envelope> (2) <s:header></s:header></s:envelope></pre>

2209	(1)	<s:envelope></s:envelope>
2210	(2)	<s:header></s:header>
2211	(3)	<wsa:action></wsa:action>
2212	(4)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Put
2213	(5)	
2214	(6)	<wsa:messageid>xs:anyURI</wsa:messageid>
2215	(7)	<wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to>
2216	(8)	

2217 2218 2219 2220 2221	<pre>(9)  (10) <s:body> (11) resource-specific-element (12) </s:body> (13) </pre>
2222	The following describes additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
2223 2224 2225 2226	/s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action This required element shall contain the value http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Put. If a SOAP Action URI is also present in the underlying transport, its value shall convey the same value.
2227 2228 2229	/s:Envelope/s:Body/child The representation to be used for the update shall be the child element of the s:Body element of the request message.
2230 2231 2232 2233 2234	A Put request shall be targeted at the resource whose representation is desired to be replaced. As per the SOAP processing model, other specifications may introduce various types of extensions to this message, which are enabled through headers tagged with s:mustUnderstand="true". Such extensions may require that a full or partial update should be accomplished using symbolic, instruction-based, or other methodologies.
2235 2236 2237	Extension specifications may also define extensions to the original Put request, enabled by optional SOAP headers, which control the nature of the response (see the information about PutResponse later in this clause).
2238 2239	Specifications that define any of these extensions shall allow processing of the Put message without such extensions.
2240 2241 2242	In addition to the standard fault codes defined in Addressing, implementations may use the fault code wsmt:InvalidRepresentation if the presented representation is invalid for the target resource. Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.
2243	A successful Put operation updates the current representation associated with the targeted resource.
2244 2245	If the resource accepts a Put request and performs the requested update, it shall reply with a response of the following form:
2246 2247 2248 2249 2250 2251 2252 2253 2254 2255 2256 2257 2258	<pre>(1) <s:envelope> (2) <s:header> (3) <wsa:action> (4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/PutResponse (5) </wsa:action> (6) <wsa:relatesto>xs:anyURI</wsa:relatesto> (7) <wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to> (8) (9) </s:header> (10) <s:body> (11) resource-specific-element ? (12) </s:body> (13) </s:envelope></pre>
2259	/s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action
2260	This required element shall contain the value

- http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/PutResponse. If a SOAP Action URI is also present in the underlying transport, its value shall convey the same value. 2261
- 2262

- 2263 /s:Envelope/s:Body/child
- An implementation of a service shall choose, in advance, whether to return an empty Body or the resulting representation of the resource. This choice shall be explicitly stated in the WSDL, if WSDL is provided.
- By default, a service shall return the current representation of the resource as the child of the
   s:Body element if the updated representation differs from the representation sent in the Put
   request message.
- As an optimization and as a service to the requester, the s:Body element of the response message should be empty if the updated representation does not differ from the representation sent in the Put request message; that is, if the service accepted the new representation verbatim.
- 2273 Such a response (an empty s:Body) implies that the update request was successful in its entirety 2274 (assuming no intervening mutating operations are performed). A service may return the current
- representation of the resource as the initial child of the s:Body element even in this case, however.
- Extension specifications may define extensions to the original Put request, enabled by optional header
  values, in order to optimize the response. In the absence of such headers, the behavior shall be as
  previously described. Specifications that define any of these extensions shall allow processing the Put
  message without such extensions. Because the response may not be sent to the original sender,
  extension specifications should consider adding a corresponding SOAP header value in the response
  to signal to the receiver that the extension is being used.
- 2282 Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.
- If a resource can be updated in its entirety within the constraints of the corresponding XML schema forthe resource, the service can support the Put operation.
- 2285 **R7.4-1:** A conformant service may support Put.
- R7.4-2: If a single resource instance can be updated (within the constraints of its schema) by
   using a SOAP message, and that resource subsequently can be retrieved using Get, a service
   should support updating the resource by using Put. The service may additionally export a custom
   method for updates.
- R7.4-3: If a single resource instance contains a mix of modifiable and non-modifiable properties,
   the Put message may contain values for both the modifiable and non-modifiable properties if the
   XML content is legal with regard to its XML schema namespace. If the Put message contains
   values for modifiable properties, the service shall set these properties to these values during the
   Put operation. If the Put message contains values for non-modifiable properties, the service should
   ignore those values during the Put operation. If none of the properties are modifiable, the service
   should return a wsa:ActionNotSupported fault.
- This situation typically happens if a Get operation is performed, a value is altered, and the entire updated representation is sent using Put. In this case, any read-only values would still be present.
- A complication arises because Put contains the complete new representation for the instance. If the resource schema requires the presence of any given value (minOccurs is not zero), it will be supplied as part of the Put message, even if it is not being altered from its original value.
- 2302 **R7.4-4:** If a Put operation specifies a modifiable value as NULL using the xsi:nil attribute, then the 2303 service shall set the value to NULL.
- If the schema definition includes elements that are optional (minOccurs=0), the Put message can omit
   these values. Existing implementations provide two different responses when these elements are
   modifiable (writeable). They either set the omitted element's value to NULL or leave the value
   unchanged. Given this reality, the following rules apply:

R7.4-5: Any modifiable properties that are optional in the XML schema (that is, minOccurs="0")
and that are are omitted from the Put message shall either be set to a resource-specific default
value or be left unchanged. Setting to a resource specific default value is recommended.

- 2311 NOTE 1: Elements not set may have their value changed as a result of other constraints.
- 2312 NOTE 2: The resource-specific default value is outside the scope of this specification.

To update isolated values without having to supply all values, use the fragment-level resource access mechanism described in 7.7.

In short, the s:Body of the Put message complies with the constraints of the associated XML schema.

2316 EXAMPLE 1: For example, assume that Get returns the following information:

2317	(1)	<s:body></s:body>
2318	(2)	<myobject xmlns="examples.org/2005/02/MySchema"></myobject>
2319	(3)	<a> 100 </a>
2320	(4)	<b> 200 </b>
2321	(5)	<c> 100 </c>
2322	(6)	
2323	(7)	

2324 EXAMPLE 2: The corresponding XML schema has defined A, B, and C as minOccurs=1:

2325	(8)	<xs:element name="MyObjecct"></xs:element>	
2326	(9)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>	
2327	(10)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>	
2328	(11)	<xs:element maxoccurs="1" minoccurs="1" name="A" type="xs:int"></xs:element>	
2329	(12)	<xs:element maxoccurs="1" minoccurs="1" name="B" type="xs:int"></xs:element>	
2330	(13)	<xs:element maxoccurs="1" minoccurs="1" name="C" type="xs:int"></xs:element>	
2331	(14)		
2332	(15)		
2333	(16)		
2334	(17)		

In this case, the corresponding Put needs to contain all three elements because the schema mandates that all three be present. Even if the only value being updated is <B>, the client has to supply all three values. This usually means that the client first has to issue a Get to preserve the current values of <A> and <C>, change <B> to the desired value, and then write the object using Put. As noted in R7.4-3, the service can ignore attempts to update values that are read-only with regard to the underlying real-world object.

2340 **R7.4-6:** A conformant service should support Put using the same EPR as a corresponding Get or 2341 other messages, unless the Put mechanism for a resource is semantically distinct.

- 2342 **R7.4-7:** If the supplied Body does not have the correct content to update the resource, the service should return a wsmt:InvalidRepresentation fault and detail codes as follows:
- if any values in the s:Body are not correct:
- 2345 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidValues
- if any values in the s:Body are missing:
- 2347 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MissingValues
- if the wrong XML schema namespace is used and is not recognized by the service:
- 2349 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidNamespace
- R7.4-8: If an object cannot be updated because of locking conditions, simultaneous access, or
   similar conflicts, the service should return a wsman:Concurrency fault.

R7.4-9: A Put operation may result in a change to the EPR for the resource because the values
 being updated may in turn cause an identity change.

Because WS-Management services typically delegate the Put to underlying subsystems, the service might not always be aware of an identity change. Clients can make use of the mechanism in 6.5 to be informed of EPR changes that may have occurred as a side effect of executing a Put operation.

R7.4-10: It is recommended that the service return the new representation in the Put response in
 all cases. Knowing whether the actual resulting representation is different from the requested
 update is often difficult because resource-constrained implementations may have insufficient
 resources to determine the equivalence of the requested update with the actual resulting
 representation.

- The implication of this rule is that if the new representation is not returned, it precisely matches what was submitted in the Put message. Because implementations can rarely assure this, they can always return the new representation.
- R7.4-11: If the success of an operation cannot be reported as described in this clause because of
   encoding limits or other reasons, and it cannot be reversed, the service should return a
   wsman:EncodingLimit fault with the following detail code:
- 2368 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/UnreportableSuccess

R7.4-12: The Put operation may contain updates of multiple values. The service shall successfully
 carry out an update of all the specified values or return the fault that was the cause of the error. If
 any fault is returned, the implication is that 0...*n*-1 values were updated out of *n* possible update
 values.

## 2373 **7.5 Delete**

2374 This specification defines one Web service operation (Delete) for deleting a resource in its entirety.

Extension specifications may define extensions to the Delete request, enabled by optional header
values, which specifically control preconditions for the Delete to succeed and which may control the
nature or format of the response. Because the response may not be sent to the original sender,
extension specifications should consider adding a corresponding SOAP header value in the response
to signal to the receiver that the extension is being used.

2380 The Delete request message shall be of the following form:

2381	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
2382	(2) <s:header></s:header>
2383	(3) <wsa:action></wsa:action>
2384	(4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Delete
2385	(5)
2386	<pre>(6) <wsa:messageid>xs:anyURI</wsa:messageid></pre>
2387	<pre>(7) <wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to></pre>
2388	(8)
2389	(9)
2390	(10) <s:body></s:body>
2391	(11)

- 2392 The following describes additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
- 2393 /s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action
- 2394 This required element shall contain the value
- 2395 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Delete. If a SOAP Action URI is also present in
- the underlying transport, its value shall convey the same value.

A Delete request shall be targeted at the resource to be deleted.

2398 There are no body blocks defined for a Delete Request.

Implementations may respond with a fault message using the standard fault codes defined in
Addressing (for example, wsa:ActionNotSupported). Other components of the preceding outline are not
further constrained by this specification.

A successful Delete operation invalidates the current representation associated with the targeted resource.

2404 If the resource accepts a Delete request, it shall reply with a response of the following form:

2405 (1) <s:Envelope ...> 2406 (2) <s:Header ...> 2407 (3) <wsa:Action> 2408 (4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/DeleteResponse 2409 (5) </wsa:Action> 2410 <wsa:RelatesTo>xs:anyURI</wsa:RelatesTo> (6) 2411 <wsa:To>xs:anyURI</wsa:To> (7) 2412 (8) 2413 (9) </s:Header> 2414 (10)<s:Body .../> 2415 (11) </s:Envelope>

2416 /s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action

- 2417 This required element shall contain the value
- http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/DeleteResponse. If a SOAP Action URI is also
   present in the underlying transport, its value shall convey the same value.

By default, there are no s:Body blocks defined for a Delete response. Specifications that define
extensions for use in the original Delete request that control the format of the response shall allow
processing the Delete message without such extensions.

- 2423 Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.
- In general, the addressing can be the same as for a corresponding Get operation for uniformity, but thisis not absolutely required.
- 2426 **R7.5-1:** A conformant service may support Delete.
- 2427 **R7.5-2:** A conformant service should support Delete using the same EPR as a corresponding Get 2428 or other messages, unless the deletion mechanism for a resource is semantically distinct.
- R7.5-3: If deletion is supported and the corresponding resource can be retrieved using Get, a
   conformant service should support deletion using Delete. The service may additionally export a
   custom action for deletion.
- 2432 **R7.5-4:** If an object cannot be deleted due to locking conditions, simultaneous access, or similar conflicts, a wsman:Concurrency fault should be returned.
- In practice, Delete removes the resource instance from the visibility of the client and is a *logical*deletion.
- 2436 The operation might result in an actual deletion, such as removal of a row from a database table, or it 2437 might simulate deletion by unbinding the representation from the real-world object. Deletion of a
- 2438 "printer," for example, does not result in literal annihilation of the printer, but simply removes it from the
- 2439 access scope of the service, or "unbinds" it from naming tables. WS-Management makes no distinction 2440 between literal deletions and logical deletions.

- To delete individual property values within an object that, itself, is not to be deleted, either the client can perform a Put, according to section 7.4 or the service can support fragment-level delete (7.7).
- Fault usage is generally as described in clause 14. Inability to locate or access the resource is equivalent to problems with the SOAP message when the EPR is defective. There are no "Deletespecific" faults.

## 2446 **7.6 Create**

2447 A Web service operation (Create) is defined for creating a resource and providing its initial 2448 representation. In some cases, the initial representation may constitute the representation of a logical 2449 constructor for the resource and may thus differ structurally from the representation returned by Get or 2450 the one required by Put. This difference is because the parameterization requirement for creating a 2451 resource is often distinct from the steady-state representation of the resource. Implementations should 2452 provide metadata that describes the use of the representation and how it relates to the resource which is created, but such mechanisms are beyond the scope of this specification. The resource factory that 2453 receives a Create request allocates a new resource that is initialized from the presented representation. 2454 2455 The new resource is assigned a service-determined endpoint reference that is returned in the response 2456 message.

2457 The Create request message shall be of the following form:

2458	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
2459	(2) <s:header></s:header>
2460	(3) <wsa:action></wsa:action>
2461	(4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Create
2462	(5)
2463	<pre>(6) <wsa:messageid>xs:anyURI</wsa:messageid></pre>
2464	<pre>(7) <wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to></pre>
2465	(8)
2466	(9)
2467	(10) <s:body></s:body>
2468	(11) resource-specific-element
2469	(12)
2470	(13)

- 2471 The following describes additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
- 2472 /s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action
- 2473 This required element shall contain the value
- http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Create. If a SOAP Action URI is also present in
   the underlying transport, its value shall convey the same value.
- 2476 /s:Envelope/s:Body/child
- 2477The child element of the s:Body element shall not be omitted. The contents of this element are2478service-specific, and may contain the literal initial resource representation, a representation of the2479constructor for the resource, or other instructions for creating the resource.
- Extension specifications may also define extensions to the original Create request, enabled by optional
   SOAP headers, which constrain the nature of the response (see information about the CreateResponse
   later in this clause). Similarly, they may require headers that control the interpretation of the s:Body as
   part of the resource creation process.
- 2484 Such specifications shall also allow processing the Create message without such extensions.

A Create request shall be targeted at a resource factory capable of creating the desired new resource.
This factory is distinct from the resource being created (which by definition does not exist prior to the successful processing of the Create request message).

- 2488 In addition to the standard fault codes defined in Addressing, implementations may use the fault code 2489 wsmt:InvalidRepresentation if the presented representation is invalid for the target resource.
- 2490 Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.
- 2491 If the resource factory accepts a Create request, it shall reply with a response of the following form:

2492	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
2493	(2) <s:header></s:header>
2494	(3) <wsa:action></wsa:action>
2495	(4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/CreateResponse
2496	(5)
2497	<pre>(6) <wsa:relatesto>xs:anyURI</wsa:relatesto></pre>
2498	(7) <wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to>
2499	(8)
2500	(9)
2501	(10) <s:body></s:body>
2502	(11) <wsmt:resourcecreated>endpoint-reference</wsmt:resourcecreated>
2503	(12)
2504	(13)

- 2505 /s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action
- 2506 This required element shall contain the value
- http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/CreateResponse. If a SOAP Action URI is also
   present in the underlying transport, its value shall convey the same value.
- 2509 /s:Envelope/s:Body/wsmt:ResourceCreated
- This required element shall contain a resource reference for the newly created resource. This
   resource reference, represented as an endpoint reference as defined in Addressing, shall identify
   the resource for future Get, Put, and Delete operations.
- Extension specifications may define extensions to the original Create request, enabled by optional
  header values. These headers may override the default behavior if they are marked with
  s:mustUnderstand="true". In the absence of such optional headers, the behavior shall be as described
  in the previous paragraphs. Because the response may not be sent to the original sender, extension
  specifications should consider adding a corresponding SOAP header value in the response to signal to
  the receiver that the extension is being used.
- 2519 Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.

In general, the addressing is not the same as that used for Get or Delete in that the EPR assigned to a
 newly created instance for subsequent access is not necessarily part of the XML content used for
 creating the resource. Because the EPR is usually assigned by the service or one of its underlying
 systems, the CreateResponse contains the applicable EPR of the newly created instance.

2524 **R7.6-1:** A conformant service may support Create.

R7.6-2: If a single resource can be created using a SOAP message and that resource can be
 subsequently retrieved using Get, then a service should support creation of the resource using
 Create. The service may additionally export a custom method for instance creation.

- 2528 **R7.6-3:** If the supplied SOAP Body does not have the correct content for the resource to be 2529 created, the service should return a wsmt:InvalidRepresentation fault and detail codes as follows:
- if one or more values in the <s:Body> were not correct:
- 2531 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidValues
- if one or more values in the <s:Body> were missing:

- 2533 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MissingValues
- if the wrong XML schema namespace was used and is not recognized by the service:
- 2535 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidNamespace

R7.6-4: A service shall not use Create to modify the value of an existing representation (except
 as specified in 7.11). If the targeted object already exists, the service should return a
 wsman:AlreadyExists fault.

The message body for Create is not required to use the same schema as that returned with a Get operation for the resource. Often, the values required to create a resource are different from those retrieved using a Get operation or those used for updates with a Put operation.

2542 If a service needs to support creation of individual values within a representation (fragment-level creation, array insertion, and so on), it can support fragment-level access (7.7).

2544 **R7.6-5:** The response to a Create message shall contain the new EPR of the created resource in the ResourceCreated element.

2546 **R7.6-6:** This rule intentionally left blank.

2547 EXAMPLE: The following is a hypothetical example of a response for a newly created virtual drive:

	_/ 0	
2548	(1)	<s:envelope< th=""></s:envelope<>
2549	(2)	xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
2550	(3)	xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
2551	(4)	xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"
2552	(5)	<pre>xmlns:wsmt="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer"&gt;</pre>
2553	(6)	<s:header></s:header>
2554	(7)	
2555	(8)	<wsa:action></wsa:action>
2556	(9)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/CreateResponse
2557	(10)	
2558	(11)	
2559	(12)	
2560	(13)	<s:body></s:body>
2561	(14)	<wsmt:resourcecreated></wsmt:resourcecreated>
2562	(15)	<wsa:address></wsa:address>
2563	(16)	http://1.2.3.4/wsman/
2564	(17)	
2565	(18)	<wsa:referenceparameters></wsa:referenceparameters>
2566	(19)	<wsman:resourceuri></wsman:resourceuri>
2567	(20)	http://example.org/2005/02/virtualDrive
2568	(21)	
2569	(22)	<wsman:selectorset></wsman:selectorset>
2570	(23)	<wsman:selector name="ID"> F: </wsman:selector>
2571	(24)	
2572	(25)	
2573	(26)	
2574	(27)	
2575	(28)	

This example assumes that the default addressing model is in use. The response contains a ResourceCreated
 block (lines 14-26), which contains the new endpoint reference of the created resource, including its ResourceURI
 and the SelectorSet. This address would be used to retrieve the resource in a subsequent Get operation.

2579 The service might use a network address that is the same as the <wsa:To> address in the Create request.

- 2580 **R7.6-7:** The service may ignore any values in the initial representation that are considered read-2581 only from the point of view of the underlying real-world object.
- This rule allows Get, Put, and Create to share the same schema. Put also allows the service to ignore read-only properties during an update.
- 2584 **R7.6-8:** If the success of an operation cannot be reported as described in this clause and cannot be reversed, the service should return a wsman:EncodingLimit fault with the following detail code:
- 2586 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/UnreportableSuccess

## 2587 **7.7 Fragment-Level Access**

Because the resource access mechanism defined in this specification works with entire instances and it can be inconvenient to specify hundreds or thousands of EPRs just to model fragment-level access with full EPRs, WS-Management supports the concept of fragment-level (property) access of resources that are normally accessed through the resource access operations. This access is done through special use of these operations.

Because of the XML schema limitations discussed in 7.6, simply returning a subset of the XML defined
 for the object being accessed is often incorrect because a subset may violate the XML schema for that
 fragment. To support resource access of fragments or individual elements of a representation object,
 several modifications to the basic resource access operations are made.

- R7.7-1: A conformant service may support fragment-level access. If the service supports
   fragment-level access, the service shall not behave as if the normal access operations were in
   place but shall operate exclusively on the fragments specified. If the service does not support
   fragment-level access, it shall return a wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault with the following detail
   code:
  - http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/FragmentLevelAccess

2603 **R7.7-2:** A conformant service that supports fragment-level access shall accept the following 2604 SOAP header in all requests and include it in all responses that transport the fragments:

- 2605 (1) <wsman:FragmentTransfer s:mustUnderstand="true">
- 2606 (2) xpath to fragment

2602

2607 (3) </wsman:FragmentTransfer>

2608The value of this header is the XPath 1.0 expression that identifies the fragment being transferred2609with relation to the full representation of the object. If an expression other than XPath 1.0 is used, a2610Dialect attribute can be added to indicate this, as follows:

- 2611 (4) <wsman:FragmentTransfer s:mustUnderstand="true"
- 2612 (5) Dialect="URIToNewFragmentDialect">
- 2613 (6) dialect expression
- 2614 (7) </wsman:FragmentTransfer>

The client needs to understand that unless the header is marked mustUnderstand="true", the service might process the request while ignoring the header, resulting in unexpected and potentially serious side effects.

2618 XPath is explicitly defined as a dialect due to its importance, but it is not required that implementations 2619 support XPath as a fragment dialect. Any other type of language to describe fragment-level access is 2620 permitted as long as the Dialect value is set to indicate to the service what dialect is being used.

2621	R7.7-3:	For resource access fragment operations that use [XPath 1.0] (Dialect URI of
2622	http://www	v.w3.org/TR/1999/REC-xpath-19991116), the value of the

- 2623 /s:Envelope/s:Header/wsman:FragmentTransfer element is an XPath expression. This XPath
   2624 expression is evaluated using the following context:
- **Context Node**: the root element of the XML representation of the resource addressed in the request that would be returned as the initial child element of the SOAP Body response if a Get operation was applied against the addressed resource without using fragment access
- Context Position: 1
- **Context Size**: 1
- Variable Bindings: none
- Function Libraries: Core Function Library [XPath 1.0]
- **Namespace Declarations**: the [in-scope namespaces] property [XML Infoset] of the request /s:Envelope/s:Header/wsman:FragmentTransfer element

This rule means that the XPath is to be interpreted relative to the XML representation of the resource and not relative to any of the SOAP content.

For the Enumeration operations, the XPath is interpreted as defined in clause 8, although the output is subsequently wrapped in wsman:XmlFragment wrappers after the XPath is evaluated.

An XPath value can refer to the entire node, so the concept of a fragment includes the entire object, making fragment-level access a proper superset of normal resource access operations.

2640 If the full XPath expression syntax cannot be supported, a common subset for this purpose is described2641 in ANNEX C of this specification. However, in such cases, the Dialect URI is still that of XPath.

R7.7-4: If a service understands fragment access but does not understand the specified fragment
 Dialect URI or the default dialect, the service shall issue a wsman:FragmentDialectNotSupported
 fault.

2645**R7.7-5:** All resource access messages in either direction of the XML fragments shall be wrapped2646with a <wsman:XmlFragment> wrapper that contains a definition that suppresses validation and2647allows any content to pass. A service shall reject any attempt to use wsman:FragmentTransfer2648unless the s:Body wraps the content using a wsman:XmlFragment wrapper. If any other usage is2649encountered, the service shall fault the request by using a wsmt:InvalidRepresentation fault with the2650following detail code:

2651 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidFragment

Fragment access can occur at any level, including single element, complex elements, simple values, and attributes. In practice, services typically support only value-level access to elements.

R7.7-6: If fragment-level access is supported, a conformant service should support at least leaf node, value-level access using an XPath expression that uses the */text()* NodeTest. In this case,
 the value is not wrapped with XML but is transferred directly as text within the wsman:XmlFragment
 wrapper.

2658 In essence, the transferred content is whatever an XPath operation over the full XML would produce.

R7.7-7: If fragment-level access is supported but the filter expression exceeds the capability of
 the service, the service should return a wsman:CannotProcessFilter fault with text explaining why
 the filter was problematic.

2662 **R7.7-8:** For all fragment-level operations, partial successes are not permitted. The entire 2663 meaning of the XPath expression or other dialect shall be fully observed by the service in all

- 2664 operations, and the entire fragment that is specified shall be successfully transferred in either 2665 direction. Otherwise, faults occur as if none of the operation had succeeded.
- All faults are the same as for normal, "full" resource access operations.
- The following clauses show how the underlying resource access operations change when transferring XML fragments.

## 2669 **7.8 Fragment-Level Get**

2670 Fragment-level Get is similar to full Get, except for the wsman:FragmentTransfer header (lines 25-27).

2671 EXAMPLE 1: The following example is drawn from the example in 7.1:

2672	(1)	<s:envelope< th=""></s:envelope<>
2673	(2)	<pre>xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"</pre>
2674	(3)	<pre>xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"</pre>
2675	(4)	<pre>xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"&gt;</pre>
2676	(5)	<s:header></s:header>
2677	(6)	<wsa:to></wsa:to>
2678	(7)	http://1.2.3.4/wsman
2679	(8)	
2680 2681	(9)	<wsman:resourceuri>http://example.org/2005/02/physicalDisk </wsman:resourceuri>
2682	(10)	<wsa:replyto></wsa:replyto>
2683	(11)	<wsa:address></wsa:address>
2684	(12)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/role/anonymous
2685	(13)	
2686	(14)	
2687	(15)	<wsa:action></wsa:action>
2688	(16)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Get
2689	(17)	
2690	(18)	<wsa:messageid></wsa:messageid>
2691	(19)	urn:uuid:d9726315-bc91-430b-9ed8-ce5ffb858a87
2692	(20)	
2693	(21)	<wsman:selectorset></wsman:selectorset>
2694	(22)	<wsman:selector name="LUN"> 2 </wsman:selector>
2695	(23)	
2696	(24)	<wsman:operationtimeout> PT30S </wsman:operationtimeout>
2697	(25)	<wsman:fragmenttransfer s:mustunderstand="true"></wsman:fragmenttransfer>
2698	(26)	Manufacturer
2699	(27)	
2700	(28)	
2701	(29)	<s:body></s:body>
2702	(30)	

In this case, the service executes the specified XPath expression against the representation that wouldnormally have been retrieved, and then return a fragment instead.

EXAMPLE 2: The service repeats the wsman:FragmentTransfer element in the GetResponse (lines 48-50) to
 reference the fragment and signal that a fragment has been transferred. The response is wrapped in a
 wsman:XmlFragment wrapper, which suppresses the schema validation that would otherwise apply.

2708	(31)	<s:envelope< th=""></s:envelope<>
2709	(32)	<pre>xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"</pre>
2710	(33)	<pre>xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"</pre>
2711	(34)	<pre>xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"&gt;</pre>
2712	(35)	<s:header></s:header>
2713	(36)	<wsa:to></wsa:to>
2714	(37)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/role/anonymous

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2715	(38)	
2716	(39)	<wsa:action s:mustunderstand="true"></wsa:action>
2717	(40)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/GetResponse
2718	(41)	
2719	(42)	<wsa:messageid s:mustunderstand="true"></wsa:messageid>
2720	(43)	urn:uuid:1a7e7314-d791-4b4b-3eda-c00f7e833a8c
2721	(44)	
2722	(45)	<wsa:relatesto></wsa:relatesto>
2723	(46)	urn:uuid:d9726315-bc91-430b-9ed8-ce5ffb858a87
2724	(47)	
2725	(48)	<wsman:fragmenttransfer s:mustunderstand="true"></wsman:fragmenttransfer>
2726	(49)	Manufacturer
2727	(50)	
2728	(51)	
2729	(52)	<s:body></s:body>
2730	(53)	<wsman:xmlfragment< th=""></wsman:xmlfragment<>
2731	xm	<pre>ulns="http://schemas.example.org/2005/02/samples/physDisk"&gt;</pre>
2732	(54)	<manufacturer> Acme, Inc. </manufacturer>
2733	(55)	
2734	(56)	
2735	(57)	

2736 The output (lines 53-55) is like that supplied by a typical XPath processor.

To receive the value in isolation without an XML element wrapper, the client can use XPath techniques such as the text() operator to retrieve just the values.

#### 2739 EXAMPLE 3: The following example request uses text() to get the manufacturer name:

- (1) <wsman:FragmentTransfer s:mustUnderstand="true">
- 2741 (2) Manufacturer/text()
- 2742 (3) </wsman:FragmentTransfer>
- 2743 This request results in the following XML in the response SOAP Body:
- 2744 (1) <wsman:XmlFragment>
- 2745 (2) Acme, Inc.

2740

2746 (3) </wsman:XmlFragment>

## 2747 **7.9 Fragment-Level Put**

Fragment-level Put works like regular Put except that it transfers only the part being updated. Although
the fragment can be considered part of an instance from the observer's perspective, the referenced
fragment is treated as the "instance" during the execution of the operation.

NOTE: Put is *always* an update operation of an existing element, whether a simple element or an array. To create
 or insert new elements, Create is required.

2753 EXAMPLE 1: Consider the following XML for illustrative purposes:

2754	(1)	<a></a>	
2755	(2)	<b></b>	
2756	(3)	<c></c>	
2757	(4)	<d></d>	
2758	(5)		
2759	(6)	<e></e>	
2760	(7)	<f></f>	
2761	(8)	<g></g>	
2762	(9)		
2763	(10)		

2764 Although <a> is the entire representation of the resource instance, if the operation references the a/b 2765 node during the Put operation, using an XPath expression of "b", then the content of <b> is updated 2766 without touching other parts of <a>, such as <e>. If the client wants to update only <d>, then the 2767 XPath expression used is "b/d".

2768 EXAMPLE 2: Continuing from the example in SECTION 7.1, if the client wanted to update the <BootPartition> 2769 value from 0 to 1, the following Put fragment could be sent to the service:

2770	(1)	<s:envelope< th=""></s:envelope<>
2771	(2)	<pre>xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"</pre>
2772	(3)	<pre>xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"</pre>
2773	(4)	<pre>xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"&gt;</pre>
2774	(5)	<s:header></s:header>
2775	(6)	<wsa:to></wsa:to>
2776	(7)	http://1.2.3.4/wsman
2777	(8)	
2778	(9)	<wsman:resourceuri>http://example.org/2005/02/physicalDisk</wsman:resourceuri>
2779		
2780	(10)	<wsa:replyto></wsa:replyto>
2781	(11)	<wsa:address></wsa:address>
2782	(12)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/role/anonymous
2783	(13)	
2784	(14)	
2785	(15)	<wsa:action></wsa:action>
2786	(16)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Put
2787	(17)	
2788	(18)	<wsa:messageid></wsa:messageid>
2789	(19)	urn:uuid:d9726315-bc91-2222-9ed8-c044c9658a87
2790	(20)	
2791	(21)	<wsman:selectorset></wsman:selectorset>
2792	(22)	<wsman:selector name="LUN"> 2 </wsman:selector>
2793	(23)	
2794	(24)	<wsman:operationtimeout> PT30S </wsman:operationtimeout>
2795	(25)	<wsman:fragmenttransfer s:mustunderstand="true"></wsman:fragmenttransfer>
2796	(26)	BootPartition
2797	(27)	
2798	(28)	
2799	(29)	<s:body></s:body>
2800	(30)	<wsman:xmlfragment></wsman:xmlfragment>
2801	(31)	<bootpartition> 1 </bootpartition>
2802	(32)	
2803	(33)	
2804	(34)	

# 2805 EXAMPLE 3: The <BootPartition> wrapper is present because the XPath value specifies this. If 2806 "BootPartition/text()" were used as the expression, the Body would contain just the value, as in the following 2807 example:

2808	(35)	<s:header></s:header>
2809	(36)	
2810	(37)	<wsman:fragmenttransfer s:mustunderstand="true"></wsman:fragmenttransfer>
2811	(38)	BootPartition/text()
2812	(39)	
2813	(40)	
2814	(41)	<s:body></s:body>
2815	(42)	<wsman:xmlfragment></wsman:xmlfragment>
2816	(43)	1
2817	(44)	
2818	(45)	

- If the corresponding update occurs, the new representation matches, so no s:Body result is expected, although returning it is always legal. If a value does not match what was requested, the service needs to supply only the parts that are different than what is requested. This situation would generally not occur for single values because a failure to honor the new value would result in a wsmt:InvalidRepresentation fault.
- 2824 EXAMPLE 4: The following is a sample reply: 2825 (46) <s:Envelope 2826 xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope" (47) 2827 (48) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing" 2828 (49) xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"> 2829 <s:Header> (50)2830 (51)<wsa:To> 2831 (52) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/role/anonymous 2832 (53)</wsa:To> 2833 (54) <wsa:Action s:mustUnderstand="true"> 2834 (55) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/PutResponse 2835 (56) </wsa:Action> 2836 (57)<wsa:MessageID s:mustUnderstand="true"> 2837 urn:uuid:ee7f13b5-0091-430b-9ed8-2e12fbaa8a7e (58)2838 (59)</wsa:MessageID> 2839 (60)<wsa:RelatesTo> 2840 urn:uuid:d9726315-bc91-2222-9ed8-c044c9658a87 (61) 2841 </wsa:RelatesTo> (62) 2842 <wsman:FragmentTransfer s:mustUnderstand="true"> (63) 2843 (64) BootPartition/text() 2844 (65) </wsman:FragmentTransfer> 2845 (66) </s:Header> 2846 (67) <s:Body> 2847 (68) <wsman:XmlFragment> 2848 (69) 1 2849 (70)</wsman:XmlFragment> 2850 </s:Body> (71)2851 (72) </s:Envelope>
- 2852 **R7.9-1:** This rule intentionally left blank.

2853 **R7.9-2:** If the service encounters an attempt to update a read-only value using a fragment-level 2854 Put operation, it should return a wsa:ActionNotSupported fault with the following detail code:

http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/ActionMismatch

NOTE: The fragment-level Put operation implies replacement or update and does not insert new values into the
representation object. Thus, it is not appropriate to use Put to insert a new value at the end of an array, for
example. The entire array can be returned and then updated and replaced (because it is therefore an update of the
entire array), but a single operation to insert a new element in the middle or at the end of an array is actually a
Create operation.

As stated in 7.4, if the new representation differs from the input, the new representation is to be returned in the response. With fragment-level Put, this rule applies only to the portion of the representation object being written, not the entire object. If a single value is written and accepted, but has side effects on other values in the representation, the entire object is *not* returned.

To set a value to NULL without removing it as an element, use an attribute value of xsi:nil on the element being set to NULL to ensure that the fragment path is adjusted appropriately.

2855

2867	EXAMPLE	5:
2868	(73)	<s:header></s:header>
2869	(74)	<wsman:fragmenttransfer s:mustunderstand="true"></wsman:fragmenttransfer>
2870	(75)	AssetLabel
2871	(76)	
2872	(77)	
2873	(78)	
2874	(79)	<s:body></s:body>
2875	(80)	<wsman:xmlfragment xmlns:xsi="www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"></wsman:xmlfragment>
2876	(81)	<assetlabel xsi:nil="true"></assetlabel>
2877	(82)	
2878	(83)	

## 2879 7.10 Fragment-Level Delete

Fragment-level Delete applies only if the XML schema for the targeted object supports optional elements that can be removed from the representation object, or supports arrays (repeated elements) with varying numbers of elements and the client wants to remove an element in an array. If replacement of an entire array is needed, fragment-level Put can be used. For array access, the XPath array access notation can conveniently be used. To delete a value that is legal to remove (according to the rules of the schema for the object), the wsman:FragmentTransfer expression identifies the item to be removed.

#### 2886 EXAMPLE 1:

2887	(1)	<wsman:fragmenttransfer< th=""><th><pre>s:mustUnderstand="true"&gt;</pre></th></wsman:fragmenttransfer<>	<pre>s:mustUnderstand="true"&gt;</pre>
2888	(2)	VolumeLabel	
2889	(3)	<th>r&gt;</th>	r>

- 2890 To set a value to NULL without removing it as an element, use fragment-level Put with a value of xsi:nil.
- 2891 To delete an array element, use the XPath [] operators.
- 2892 EXAMPLE 2: The following example deletes the second <BlockedIPAddress> element in the representation.
   2893 (XPath arrays are 1 based.)
- 2894 (1) <wsman:FragmentTransfer s:mustUnderstand="true">
- 2895 (2) BlockedIPAddress[2]
- 2896 (3) </wsman:FragmentTransfer>
- The <s:Body> is empty for all Delete operations, even with fragment-level access, and all normal faults for Delete apply.
- 2899 **R7.10-1:** If a value cannot be deleted because of locking conditions or similar phenomena, the service should return a wsman:AccessDenied fault.

#### 2901 7.11 Fragment-Level Create

- Fragment-level Create applies only if the XML schema for the targeted object supports optional elements that are not currently present, or supports arrays with varying numbers of elements and the client wants to insert an element in an array (a repeated element). If entire array replacement is needed, Fragment-level Put can be used. For array access, the XPath array access notation (the [] operators) can be used.
- 2907 NOTE: Create can be used only to add new content, not to update existing content.
- To insert a value that can be legally added (according to the rules of the schema for the object), the wsman:FragmentTransfer expression identifies the item to be added.
- 2910 EXAMPLE 1: For example, assume the following message fragment is sent to a LogicalDisk resource:

2911 2912 2913	<pre>(1) <wsman:fragmenttransfer s:mustunderstand="true"> (2) VolumeLabel (3) </wsman:fragmenttransfer></pre>
2914	EXAMPLE 2: In this case, the <body> contains both the element and the value:</body>
2915 2916 2917 2918 2919	<pre>(4) <s:body> (5) <wsman:xmlfragment> (6) <volumelabel> MyDisk </volumelabel> (7) </wsman:xmlfragment> (8) </s:body></pre>
2920	This operation creates a <volumelabel> element where none existed before.</volumelabel>
2921	EXAMPLE 3: To create the target using the value alone, apply the XPath text() operator to the path, as follows:
2922 2923 2924	<pre>(9) <wsman:fragmenttransfer s:mustunderstand="true"> (10) VolumeLabel/text() (11) </wsman:fragmenttransfer></pre>
2925	EXAMPLE 4: The body of Create contains the value to be inserted and is the same as for fragment-level Put:
2926 2927 2928 2929 2930	<pre>(12) <s:body> (13) <wsman:xmlfragment> (14) MyDisk (15) </wsman:xmlfragment> (16) </s:body></pre>
2931 2932 2933	To create an array element in the target, the XPath [] operator may be used. To insert a new element at the end of the array, the user needs to know the number of elements in the array so that the new index can be used.
2934	EXAMPLE 5: The following message fragment is sent to an InternetServer resource:
2935 2936 2937	<pre>(17) <wsman:fragmenttransfer s:mustunderstand="true"> (18) BlockedIPAddress[3] (19) </wsman:fragmenttransfer></pre>
2938 2939 2940	Insertion of a new element within the array is done using the index of the desired location, and the array expands at that location to accommodate the new element. Using Put at this location <i>overwrites</i> the existing array element, whereas Create inserts a <i>new</i> element, making the array larger.
2941	The body of Create contains the value to be inserted and is the same as for fragment-level Put.
2942	EXAMPLE 6:
2943 2944 2945 2946 2947	<pre>(20) <s:body> (21) <wsman:xmlfragment> (22) <blockedipaddress> 123.12.188.44 </blockedipaddress> (23) </wsman:xmlfragment> (24) </s:body></pre>
2948 2949	This operation adds a third IP address to the <blockedipaddress> array (a repeated element), assuming that at least two elements are at that level already.</blockedipaddress>
2950 2951 2952	<b>R7.11-1:</b> A service shall not use fragment-level Create to modify the value of an existing property. If the targeted object and the targeted property already exists, the service should return a wsman:AlreadyExists fault.
2953	R7.11-2: If the Create fails because the result would not conform to the schema in some way, the

2954 service should return a wsmt:InvalidRepresentation fault.

As defined in 7.6, the CreateResponse contains the EPR of the created resource. In the case of fragment-level Create, the response additionally contains the wsman:FragmentTransfer block, including the path (line 12), in a SOAP header.

EXAMPLE 7: In the following example, the ResourceCreated EPR continues to refer to the entire object, not just to the fragment.

2960	(25)	<s:envelope< th=""></s:envelope<>
2961	(26)	<pre>xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"</pre>
2962	(27)	<pre>xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"</pre>
2963	(28)	<pre>xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"</pre>
2964	(29)	<pre>xmlns:wsmt="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer"&gt;</pre>
2965	(30)	<s:header></s:header>
2966	(31)	
2967	(32)	<wsa:action></wsa:action>
2968	(33)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/CreateResponse
2969	(34)	
2970	(35)	<wsman:fragmenttransfer s:mustunderstand="true"></wsman:fragmenttransfer>
2971	(36)	Path To Fragment
2972	(37)	
2973	(38)	
2974	(39)	
2975	(40)	<s:body></s:body>
2976	(41)	<wsmt:resourcecreated></wsmt:resourcecreated>
2977	(42)	<wsa:address> </wsa:address>
2978	(43)	<wsa:referenceparameters></wsa:referenceparameters>
2979	(44)	<wsman:selectorset></wsman:selectorset>
2980	(45)	<wsman:selector> </wsman:selector>
2981	(46)	
2982	(47)	
2983	(48)	
2984	(49)	
2985	(50)	

As discussed in 7.6, to remain compatible with WSDL, only the EPR of the item is returned in the SOAP Body, in spite of other options discussed in 7.6.

# 2988 8 Enumeration of Datasets

## 2989 **8.1 General**

This clause defines a set of operations that can be used as a basis for iteration through the members of a management-specific dataset or collection. WS-Management qualifies and extends these operations as described in this clause.

There are numerous applications for which a simple single-request/single-reply metaphor is insufficient for transferring large data sets over SOAP. Applications that do not fit into this simple paradigm include streaming, traversal, query, and enumeration.

This clause defines a simple SOAP-based protocol for enumeration that allows the data source to provide a session abstraction, called an enumeration context, to a consumer that represents a logical cursor through a sequence of data items. The consumer can then request XML element information items using this enumeration context over the span of one or more SOAP messages.

3000 Somewhere, state must be maintained regarding the progress of the iteration. This state may be 3001 maintained between requests by the data source being enumerated or by the data consumer. The

3002 operations defined in this clause allow the data source to decide, on a request-by-request basis, which 3003 party is responsible for maintaining this state for the next request.

In its simplest form, there is a single operation, Pull, which allows a data source, in the context of a
 specific enumeration, to produce a sequence of XML elements in the body of a SOAP message. Each
 subsequent Pull operation returns the next N elements in the aggregate sequence.

3007 A data source may provide a custom mechanism for starting a new enumeration. For instance, a data 3008 source that provides access to a SQL database may support a SELECT operation that performs a 3009 database query and uses an explicit database cursor to iterate through the returned rows. In general, 3010 however, it is simpler if all data sources support a single, standard operation to start an enumeration. 3011 This specification defines such an operation, Enumerate, which data sources may implement for 3012 starting a new enumeration of a data source. The Enumerate operation is used to create new 3013 enumeration contexts for subsequent traversal/retrieval. Each Enumerate operation results in a distinct enumeration context, each with its own logical cursor/position. 3014

3015 It should be emphasized that different enumerations of the same data source may produce different 3016 results; this may happen even for two enumeration contexts created concurrently by a single consumer 3017 using identical Enumerate requests. In general, the consumer of an enumeration should not make any 3018 assumptions about the ordering or completeness of the enumeration; the returned data items represent 3019 a selection by the data source of items it wishes to present to that consumer at that time in that order, 3020 with no guarantee that every available item is returned or that the order in which items is returned has 3021 any semantic meaning whatsoever (of course, any specific data source may provide strong guarantees, 3022 if so desired). In particular, it should be noted that the very act of enumerating the contents of a data 3023 source may modify the contents of the data source; for instance, a queue might be represented as a 3024 data source such that items that are returned in a Pull response are removed from the queue.

Enumeration contexts represent a specific traversal through a sequence of XML information items. An
 Enumerate operation may be used to establish an enumeration context from a data source. A Pull
 operation is used to fetch information items from a data source according to a specific enumeration
 context. A Release operation is used to tell a data source that the consumer is abandoning an
 enumeration context before it has completed the enumeration.

Enumeration contexts are represented as XML data that is opaque to the consumer. Initially, the consumer gets an enumeration context from the data source by means of an Enumerate operation. The consumer then passes that XML data back to the data source in the Pull request. Optionally, the data source may return an updated enumeration context in the Pull response; when present, this new enumeration context should replace the old one on the consumer, and it should be passed to the data source in all future responses until and unless the data source again returns an updated enumeration context.

3037 Consumers should not reuse old enumeration contexts that have been replaced by the data source.
3038 Using a replaced enumeration context in a Pull response may yield undefined results, including being
3039 ignored or generating a fault.

After the last element in a sequence has been returned, or the enumeration context has expired, the enumeration context is considered invalid and the result of subsequent operations referencing that context is undefined.

Callers may issue a Release operation against a valid enumeration context at any time, which causes
 the enumeration context to become invalid and allows the data source to free up any resources it may
 have allocated to the enumeration. Issuing a Release operation prior to reaching the end of the
 sequence of elements is explicitly allowed; however, no further operations should be issued after a
 Release.

3048 In addition, the data source may invalidate an enumeration context at any time, as necessary.

- 3049 If a resource with multiple instances provides a mechanism for enumerating or querying the set of 3050 instances, the operations defined in this clause can be used to perform the iteration.
- 3051 **R8.1-1:** A service may support the Enumeration operations if enumeration of any kind is supported.
- R8.1-2: If simple, unfiltered enumeration of resource instances is exposed through Web services,
   a conformant service shall support the Enumeration operations to expose this. The service may
   also support other techniques for enumerating the instances.
- R8.1-3: If filtered enumeration (queries) of resource instances is exposed through Web services,
   a conformant service should support the Enumeration operations to expose this. The service may
   also support other techniques for enumerating the instances.
- 3059 This clause indicates that enumeration is a three-part operation:
- 3060 1) An initial Enumerate message is issued to establish the enumeration context.
- 3061 2) Pull operations are used to iterate over the result set.
- 30623)When the enumeration iterator is no longer required and not yet exhausted, a Release3063message is issued to release the enumerator and associated resources.
- 3064 As with other WS-Management methods, the enumeration can make use of wsman:OptionSet.
- 3065 **R8.1-4:** A service may implement wsmen:Renew, wsmen:GetStatus and
- 3066wsmen:EnumerationEnd messages; however, in constrained environments these are candidates3067for exclusion. If these messages are not supported, then a wsa:ActionNotSupported fault shall be3068returned in response to these requests.
- 3069 R8.1-5: If a service is exposing enumeration, it shall at least support the following messages:
   3070 Enumerate, Pull, and Release, and their associated responses.
- 3071 If the service does not support stateful enumerators, the Release is a simple no-op, so it is trivial to 3072 implement. (It always succeeds when the operation is valid.) However, it is supported to allow for the 3073 uniform construction of clients.
- 3074 R8.1-6: The Pull and Release operations are a continuation of the original Enumerate operation.
   3075 The service should enforce the same authentication and authorization throughout the entire
   3076 sequence of operations and should fault any attempt to change credentials during the sequence.
- Some transports such as HTTP might drop or reestablish connections between Enumerate and
   subsequent Pull operations, or between Pull operations. It is expected that services will allow the
   enumeration to continue uninterrupted, but for practical reasons some services might require that the
   same connection be used. This specification establishes no requirements in this regard. However,
   R8.1-6 establishes that the user credentials do not change during the entire enumeration sequence.

# 3082 **8.2 Enumerate**

- All data sources shall support some operation that allows an enumeration to be started. A data source
   may support the Enumerate operation, or it may provide some other mechanism for starting an
   enumeration and receiving an enumeration context.
- The Enumerate operation is initiated by sending an Enumerate request message to the data source.The Enumerate request message shall be of the following form:

3088 3099 3091 3092 3093 3094 3095 3096 3097 3098 3099 3100 3101 3102 3103 3104 3105	<pre>(1) <s:envelope> (2) <s:header> (3) <wsa:action> (4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Enumerate (5) </wsa:action> (6) <wsa:messageid>xs:anyURI</wsa:messageid> (7) <wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to> (8) (9) </s:header> (10) <s:body> (11) <wsmen:enumerate> (12) <wsmen:endto>endpoint-reference</wsmen:endto> ? (13) <wsmen:expires>[xs:dateTime   xs:duration]</wsmen:expires> ? (14) <wsmen:filter ?="" dialect="xs:anyURI"> xs:any </wsmen:filter> ? (15) (16) </wsmen:enumerate> (17) </s:body> (18) </s:envelope></pre>
3106	The following describes additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
3107 3108	/s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action This required element shall contain the value:
3109	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Enumerate.
3110 3111	If a SOAP Action URI is also present in the underlying transport, its value shall convey the same value.
3112 3113 3114 3115 3116	/s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsmen:EndTo This optional element denotes where to send an EnumerationEnd message if the enumeration is terminated unexpectedly. If present, this element shall be of type wsa:EndpointReferenceType. The default is to not send this message. The endpoint referenced by this EPR shall implement a binding of the "EnumEndEndpoint" portType described in ANNEX H.
<ul> <li>3117</li> <li>3118</li> <li>3119</li> <li>3120</li> <li>3121</li> <li>3122</li> <li>3123</li> <li>3124</li> <li>3125</li> <li>3126</li> <li>3127</li> <li>3128</li> <li>3129</li> <li>3130</li> <li>3131</li> <li>3132</li> <li>3133</li> <li>3134</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>/s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsmen:Expires</li> <li>Requested expiration time for the enumeration. (No implied value.) The data source defines the actual expiration and is not constrained to use a time less or greater than the requested expiration. The expiration time may be a specific time or a duration from the enumeration's creation time. Both specific times and durations are interpreted based on the data source's clock.</li> <li>If this element does not appear, then the request is for an enumeration that will not expire. That is, the consumer is requesting the data source to create an enumeration with an indefinite lifetime. If the data source grants such an enumeration, it will terminate when the end of the enumeration is reached, or if the consumer sends a Release request, or by the data source at any time for reasons such as connection termination, resource constraints, or system shut-down.</li> <li>If the expiration time is either a zero duration or a specific time that occurs in the past according to the data source, then the request shall fail, and the data source may generate a wsmen:InvalidExpirationTime fault indicating that an invalid expiration time was requested.</li> <li>Some data sources may not have a "wall time" clock available, and so are able only to accept durations as expirations. If such a source receives an Enumerate request containing a specific time expiration, then the request shall fail; if so, the data source should generate a wsmen:UnsupportedExpirationType fault indicating that an unsupported expiration type was requested.</li> </ul>
3135 3136 3137 3138	/s:Envelope/s:Body/wsmen:Enumerate/wsmen:Filter This optional element contains a Boolean predicate in some dialect (see /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsmen:Filter/@Dialect) that all elements of interest must satisfy. The resultant enumeration context shall not return elements for which this predicate expression

- evaluates to the value false. If this element is absent, then the implied value is the expression
   true(), indicating that no filtering is desired.
- 3141 If the data source does not support filtering, the request shall fail, and the data source may 3142 generate a wsmen:FilteringNotSupported SOAP fault as follows:
- 3143 If the data source supports filtering but cannot honor the requested filter dialect, the request shall
   3144 fail, and the data source may generate a wsmen:FilterDialectRequestedUnavailable SOAP fault as
   3145 follows:
- 3146 If the data source supports filtering and the requested dialect but cannot process the requested
- 3147 filter content, the request shall fail, and the data source may generate a
- 3148 wsman:CannotProcessFilter SOAP fault as follows:
- 3149 /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsmen:Filter/@Dialect
- 3150 Implied value is "http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/REC-xpath-19991116".
- 3151 /s:Envelope/ s:Body/ */ wsmen:Filter/ @Dialect= "http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/REC-xpath-19991116"
   3152 Value of /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsmen:Filter is an XPath [XPath 1.0] predicate expression
   3153 (PredicateExpr): the context of the expression is:
- **Context Node:** any XML element that could be returned as a direct child of the Items element
- Context Position: 1
- 3156 **Context Size:** 1
- 3157 Variable Bindings: None
- Function Libraries: Core Function Library [XPath 1.0]
- Namespace Declarations: The [in-scope namespaces] property [XML Infoset] of /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsmen:Filter

3161 Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.

Upon successful processing of an Enumerate request message, a data source is expected to create an
 enumeration context and return that context in an Enumerate response message, which shall adhere to
 the following form:

3165	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
3166	(2) <s:header></s:header>
3167	(3) <wsa:action></wsa:action>
3168	(4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/EnumerateResponse
3169	(5)
3170	<pre>(6) <wsa:replyto>endpoint-reference</wsa:replyto></pre>
3171	(7) <wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to>
3172	(8)
3173	(9)
3174	(10) <s:body></s:body>
3175	(11) <wsmen:enumerateresponse></wsmen:enumerateresponse>
3176	<pre>(12) <wsmen:expires>[xs:dateTime   xs:duration]</wsmen:expires> ?</pre>
3177	<pre>(13) <wsmen:enumerationcontext></wsmen:enumerationcontext></pre>
3178	(14)
3179	(15)
3180	(16)
3181	(17)

- 3182 The following describes additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
- 3183 /s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action
- 3184 This required element shall contain the value:
- 3185 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/EnumerateResponse

- 3186If a SOAP Action URI is also present in the underlying transport, its value shall convey the same3187value.
- 3188 /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsmen:Expires

3189 The expiration time assigned by the data source. The expiration time may be either an absolute 3190 time or a duration but should be of the same type as the requested expiration (if any).

3191 If this element does not appear, then the enumeration will not expire. That is, the enumeration has 3192 an indefinite lifetime. It will terminate when the end of the enumeration is reached, if the consumer 3193 sends a Release request, or by the data source at any time for reasons such as connection 3194 termination, resource constraints, or system shut-down.

- 3195 /s:Envelope/s:Body/wsmen:EnumerateResponse/wsmen:EnumerationContext
- 3196 The required EnumerationContext element contains the XML representation of the new
- 3197 enumeration context. The consumer is required to pass this XML data in Pull requests for this
- 3198 enumeration context, until and unless a PullResponse message updates the enumeration context.

# 3199 **8.2.1 General**

3200 WS-Management qualifies the Enumerate operation as described in this clause.

R8.2.1-1: A conformant service may accept a wsmen:Enumerate message with an EndTo
 address; however, if EnumerationEnd is not supported, a service may instead issue a
 wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault with the following detail code:

3204 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/AddressingMode

3205 **R8.2.1-2:** A conformant service shall accept an Enumerate message with an Expires timeout or 3206 fault with wsman:UnsupportedFeature and the following detail code:

3207 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/ExpirationTime

R8.2.1-3: The wsman:Filter element (see 8.3) in the Enumerate body shall be either simple text
 or a single complex XML element. A conformant service shall not accept mixed content of both text
 and elements, or multiple peer XML elements under the wsman:Filter element.

Although this use of mixed content is allowed in the general case of Enumerate, it is unnecessarily complex for WS-Management implementations.

A common filter dialect is <u>XPath 1.0</u> (identified by the Dialect URI http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/RECxpath-19991116). Resource-constrained implementations might have difficulty exporting full XPath processing and yet still want to use a subset of XPath syntax. As long as the filter expression is a proper subset of the specified dialect, it is legal and can be described using that Dialect value.

- No rule mandates the use of XPath or any subset as a filtering dialect. If no Dialect is specified, the default interpretation is that the Filter value is XPath (as specified previously in this clause).
- R8.2.1-4: A conformant service may not support the entire syntax and processing power of the
   specified Filter Dialect. The only requirement is that the specified Filter is syntactically correct within
   the definition of the Dialect. Subsets are therefore legal. If the specified Filter exceeds the capability
   of the service, the service should return a wsmen:CannotProcessFilter fault with some text
   indicating what went wrong.

3224 Some services require filters to function because their search space is so large that simple enumeration 3225 is meaningless or impossible.

3226 **R8.2.1-5:** If a wsman:Filter is required, a conformant service shall fault any request without a 3227 wsman:Filter, by using a wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault with the following detail code:

- 3228 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/FilteringRequired
- R8.2.1-6: A conformant service may block, fault (using wsman:Concurrency faults), or allow
   other concurrent operations on the resource for the duration of the enumeration, and may include or
   exclude the results of such operations as part of any enumeration still in progress.

If clients execute other operations, such as Create or Delete, while an enumeration is occurring, this
specification makes no restrictions on the behavior of the enumeration. The service can include or
exclude the results of these operations in real-time, can produce an initial snapshot of the enumeration
and execute the Pull requests from this snapshot, or can deny access to other operations while
enumerations are in progress.

# 3237 8.2.2 Enumeration "Count" Option

To give clients an estimate of the number of items in an enumeration, two optional SOAP headers are defined: one for use in the request message to return an approximate count of items in an enumeration sequence, and a corresponding header for use in the response to return this value to the client.

These SOAP headers are defined for use with the Enumerate and Pull messages and their responses. The header used in Enumerate and Pull is as follows:

- 3243 (1) <s:Header> 3244 (2) ...
- 3245 (3) <wsman:RequestTotalItemsCountEstimate .../>
- **3246** (4) </s:Header>
- 3247 The header used by the service to return the value is as follows:
- 3248 (5) <s:Header>
- 3249 (6) ...
- 3250 (7) <wsman:TotalItemsCountEstimate>
- 3251 (8) xs:nonNegativeInteger
- 3252 (9) </wsman: TotalItemsCountEstimate>
- **3253** (10) </s:Header>
- 3254 The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding headers:
- 3255 wsman:RequestTotalItemsCountEstimate
- when present as a SOAP header on an Enumerate or Pull message, indicates that the client is
   requesting that the associated response message includes an estimate of the total number of
   items in the enumeration sequence
- 3259 This SOAP header does not have any meaning defined by this specification when included with 3260 any other messages.
- 3261 wsman:TotalltemsCountEstimate
- when present as a SOAP header on an EnumerateResponse or PullResponse message, indicates
   the approximate number of items in the enumeration sequence
- This is the total number of items and not the remaining number of items in the sequence. This SOAP header does not have any meaning defined by this specification when included with any other messages.
- 3267 When a service understands the TotalltemsCountEstimate feature but cannot determine the 3268 number of items, the service responds with the wsman:TotalltemsCountEstimate element having 3269 an xsi:nil attribute with value 'true', and having no value, as follows:

3270 (1) <wsman:TotalItemsCountEstimate xsi:nil="true"/>

R8.2.2-1: A conformant service may support the ability to return an estimate of the number of
 items in an enumeration sequence. If a service receives an Enumerate or Pull message without the
 wsman:RequestTotalItemsCountEstimate SOAP header, the service shall not return the
 wsman:TotalItemsCountEstimate SOAP header on the associated response message.

R8.2.2-2: The value returned in the wsman:TotalltemsCountEstimate SOAP header is only an
 estimate of the number of items in the sequence. The client should not use the
 wsman:TotalltemsCountEstimate value for determining an end of enumeration instead of using
 EndOfSequence.

This mechanism is intended to assist clients in determining the percentage of completion of an
enumeration as it progresses. When a service sends a result count estimate after a previous estimate
for the same enumeration sequence, the most recent total results count estimate is considered to be
the more precise estimate.

# 3283 8.2.3 Optimization for Enumerations with Small Result Sets

To optimize the number of round-trip messages required to enumerate the items in an enumerable resource, a client can request optimized enumeration behavior. This behavior is useful in cases where the enumeration has such a small number of items that the initial EnumerateResponse could reasonably include the entire result, without the need for a subsequent Pull to retrieve the items. This mechanism can be used even for large enumerations to get the first few results in the initial response.

A client initiates an optimized enumeration by placing the wsman:OptimizeEnumeration element as a
 child element of the Enumerate element, and can optionally include the wsman:MaxElements element,
 as follows:

#### 3292 EXAMPLE:

3293	(1)	<s:body></s:body>
3294	(2)	<wsmen:enumerate></wsmen:enumerate>
3295	(3)	
3296	(4)	<wsman:optimizeenumeration></wsman:optimizeenumeration>
3297	(5)	<wsman:maxelements>xs:positiveInteger</wsman:maxelements> ?
3298	(6)	
3299	(7)	

- 3300 The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
- 3301 wsmen:Enumerate/wsman:OptimizeEnumeration
- 3302 when present as a child of the Enumerate element, indicates that the client is requesting an 3303 optimized enumeration
- 3304 wsmen:Enumerate/wsman:MaxElements
- (optional) indicates the maximum number of items the consumer is willing to accept in theEnumerateResponse
- 3307 It plays the same role as wsmen:Pull/wsmen:MaxElements. When this element is absent, its3308 implied value is 1.

3309	R8.2.3-1: A conformant service may support enumeration optimization. If a service receives the	he
3310	wsman:OptimizeEnumeration element in an Enumerate message and it does not support	
3311	enumeration optimization, it should ignore the element and complete the enumeration request as	if
3312	the element were not present.	

- 3313 If the service ignores the element, the client continues with a subsequent Pull as if the option was not in
- 3314 force. The client requires no special mechanisms over what was needed for normal enumeration if the
- optimization request is ignored.
- 3316 **R8.2.3-2:** A conformant service that receives an Enumerate message without the wsman:OptimizeEnumeration element shall not return any enumeration items in the
- 3318 EnumerateResponse message and shall return a EnumerationContext initialized to return the first itoms when the first Bull message is received
- 3319 items when the first Pull message is received.
- 3320 If the service implements the optimization even if it was not requested, clients unaware of the3321 optimization will incorrectly process the enumeration result.
- 3322**R8.2.3-3:** A conformant service that receives an Enumerate message with the3323wsman:OptimizeEnumeration element shall not return more elements in the Enumerate response3324message than requested in the wsman:MaxElements element (or no more than1 item if the3325wsman:MaxElements element is not present). Implementations may return fewer items based on3326either the wsman:OperationTimeout SOAP header, wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize SOAP header, or3327implementation-specific constraints.
- 3328 When requested by the client, a service implementing the optimized enumeration will respond with the 3329 following additional content in an EnumerateResponse message:

3330	(1)	<s:body></s:body>
3331	(2)	<wsmen:enumerateresponse></wsmen:enumerateresponse>
3332	(3)	<pre><wsmen:enumerationcontext> </wsmen:enumerationcontext></pre>
3333	(4)	<wsman:items></wsman:items>
3334	(5)	same as for wsmen:Items in wsmen:PullResponse
3335	(6)	?
3336	(7)	<wsman:endofsequence></wsman:endofsequence> ?
3337	(8)	
3338	(9)	
3339	(10)	

- 3340 The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
- 3341 wsman:Items
- (optional) contains one or more enumeration-specific elements as would have been encoded forItems in a PullResponse
- The service will return no more than wsman:MaxElements elements in this list if
  wsman:MaxElements is specified in the request message, or one element if wsman:MaxElements
  was omitted.
- 3347 wsman:EndOfSequence
- (optional) indicates that no more elements are available from this enumeration and that the entire
   result (even if there are zero elements) is contained within the wsman: Items element
- 3350 wsmen:EnumerationContext
- 3351 required context for requesting additional items, if any, in subsequent Pull messages

If the wsman:EndOfSequence is also present, the EnumerationContext cannot be used in a
subsequent Pull request. The service should observe the same fault usage that would occur if the
EnumerationContext were used in a Pull request after the EndOfSequence element occurred in a
PullResponse. Although the EnumerationContext element must be present, no value is required;
therefore, in cases where the wsman:EndOfSequence element is present, the value for
EnumerationContext can be empty.

3358	EXAMPLE:
3359	(1) <s:body></s:body>
3360	<pre>(2) <wsmen:enumerateresponse></wsmen:enumerateresponse></pre>
3361	<pre>(3) <wsmen:enumerationcontext></wsmen:enumerationcontext></pre>
3362	(4) <wsman:items></wsman:items>
3363	(5) Items
3364	<pre>(6) </pre>
3365	(7) <wsman:endofsequence></wsman:endofsequence>
3366	(8)
3367	(9)
3368	(10)

- R8.2.3-4: A conformant service that supports optimized enumeration and is responding with an
   EnumerateResponse message shall include the wsman:Items element, the
   wsman:EndOfSequence element, or both in the response as an indication to the client that the
   optimized enumeration request was understood and honored.
- If neither wsman:Items nor wsman:EndOfSequence is in the EnumerateResponse message, the clientcan continue to use the enumeration message exchanges as defined in 8.2.1.
- 3375**R8.2.3-5:** A conformant service that supports optimized enumeration and has not returned all3376items of the enumeration sequence in the EnumerateResponse message shall return an3377EnumerationContext element that is initialized such that a subsequent Pull message will return the3378set of items after those returned in the EnumerateResponse. If all items of the enumeration3379sequence have been returned in the EnumerateResponse message, the service should return an3380empty EnumerationContext element and shall return the wsman:EndOfSequence element in the3381response.
- A client that has requested optimized enumeration can determine if this request was understood and honored by the service by examining the response message.
- Clients concerned about the size of the initial response, irrespective of the number of items, can use the wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize mechanism described in 6.2.

# 3386 8.3 Filter Interpretation

The Filter expression is constrained to be a Boolean predicate. To support ad hoc queries including projections, WS-Management defines a wsman:Filter element of exactly the same form as in the Enumeration filter except that the filter expression is not constrained to be a Boolean predicate. This allows the use of enumeration using existing query languages such as SQL and CQL, which combine predicate and projection information in the same syntax. The use of projections is defined by the filter dialect, not by WS-Management.

- 3393 (1) <wsman:Filter Dialect="xs:anyURI"?> xs:any </wsman:Filter>
- 3394 The Dialect attribute is optional. When not specified, it has the following implied value:
- 3395 http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/REC-xpath-19991116
- 3396 This dialect allows any full XPath expression or subset to be used.
- 3397 The wsman:Filter element is a child of the Enumerate element.
- 3398 If the filter dialect used for the Enumerate message is <u>XPath 1.0</u>, the context node is the same as that 3399 specified in 8.1.

- R8.3-1: If a service supports filtered enumeration using Filter, it shall also support filtering using
   wsman:Filter. This rule allows client stacks to always pick the wsman XML namespace for the Filter
   element. Even though a service supports wsman:Filter, it is not required to support projections.
- 3403 **R8.3-2:** If a service supports filtered enumeration using wsman:Filter, it should also support 3404 filtering using Filter.
- 3405 **R8.3-3:** If an Enumerate request contains both Filter and wsman:Filter, the service shall return a 3406 wsmen:CannotProcessFilter fault.
- Filters are generally intended to select entire XML document representations. However, most query languages have both filtering and compositional capabilities in that they can return subsets of the original representation, or perform complex operations on the original representation and return something entirely new.
- This specification places no restriction on the capabilities of the service, but services may elect to
   provide only simple filtering capability and no compositional capabilities. In general, filtering dialects fall
   into the following simple hierarchy:
- 3414 1) simple enumeration with no filtering
- 3415 2) filtered enumeration with no representation change (within the capabilities of XPath, for example)
- 3417 3) filtered enumeration in which a subset of each item is selected (within the capabilities of XPath, for example)
- 3419 4) composition of new output (XQuery), including simple projection

Most services fall into the first or second category. However, if a service wants to support fragmentlevel enumeration to complement fragment-level access (7.7), the service can implement category 3 as well. Only rarely do services implement category 4.

3423 <u>XPath 1.0</u> can be used simply for filtering, or it can be used to send back subsets of the representation
 3424 (or even the values without XML wrappers). In cases where the result is not just filtered but also
 3425 "altered," the technique in 8.6 applies.

- 3426 If full XPath cannot be supported, a common subset for this purpose is described in D.3 of this3427 specification.
- 3428 EXAMPLE 1: Following is a typical example of the use of XPath in a filter. Assume that each item in the 3429 enumeration to be delivered has the following XML content:

3430	(1) <s:body></s:body>
3431	(2)
3432	<pre>(3) <wsmen:items></wsmen:items></pre>
3433	<pre>(4) <diskinfo xmlns=""></diskinfo></pre>
3434	<pre>(5) <logicaldisk>C:</logicaldisk></pre>
3435	(6) <currentmegabytes>12</currentmegabytes>
3436	<pre>(7) <backupdrive> true </backupdrive></pre>
3437	<pre>(8) </pre>
3438	(9)
3439	<pre>(10) </pre>
3440	(11)

The anchor point for the XPath evaluation is at the first element of each item within the Items wrapper, and it does not reference the s:Body or Items elements. The XPath expression is evaluated as if each item in the Items block were a separate document.

3444 EXAMPLE 2: When used for simple document processing, the following four XPath expressions "select" the entire3445 DiskInfo node:

3446	(12)	/
3447	(13)	/DiskInfo
3448	(14)	/DiskInfo
3449	(15)	•

3450 If used as a "filter," this XPath expression does not filter out any instances and is the same as selecting
3451 all instances, or omitting the filter entirely. However, using the following syntax, the XPath expression
3452 selects the XML node only if the test expression in brackets evaluates to logical "true":

3453 (1) ../DiskInfo[LogicalDisk="C:"]

In this case, the item is selected only if it refers to disk drive "C:"; otherwise the XML node is not
 selected. This XPath expression filters out all DiskInfo instances for other drives.

3456 EXAMPLE 3: Full XPath implementations may support more complex test expressions, as follows:

3457 (1) ../DiskInfo[CurrentMegabytes>"10" and CurrentMegabytes <"200"]

3458 This action selects only drives with free space within the range of values specified.

In essence, the XML form of the event passes logically through the XPath processor to see if it would
be selected. If so, it is delivered in the enumeration. If not, the item is discarded and not delivered as
part of the enumeration.

3462 See the related clause (10.2.2) on filtering over subscriptions.

## 3463 **8.4 Pull**

The Pull operation is initiated by sending a Pull request message to the data source. The Pull request message shall be of the following form:

3466	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
3467	(2) <s:header></s:header>
3468	(3) <wsa:action></wsa:action>
3469	(4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Pull
3470	(5)
3471	<pre>(6) <wsa:messageid>xs:anyURI</wsa:messageid></pre>
3472	<pre>(7) <wsa:replyto>wsa:EndpointReference</wsa:replyto></pre>
3473	<pre>(8) <wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to></pre>
3474	(9)
3475	(10)
3476	(11) <s:body></s:body>
3477	(12) <wsmen:pull></wsmen:pull>
3478	<pre>(13) <wsmen:enumerationcontext></wsmen:enumerationcontext></pre>
3479	<pre>(14) <wsmen:maxtime>xs:duration</wsmen:maxtime> ?</pre>
3480	<pre>(15) <wsmen:maxelements>xs:long</wsmen:maxelements> ?</pre>
3481	<pre>(16) <wsmen:maxcharacters>xs:long</wsmen:maxcharacters> ?</pre>
3482	(17)
3483	(18)
3484	(19)
3485	(20)

- 3486 The following describes additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
- 3487 /s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action
- 3488 This required element shall contain the value:
- 3489 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Pull
- 3490If a SOAP Action URI is also present in the underlying transport, its value shall convey the same3491value.
- 3492 /s:Envelope/s:Body/wsmen:Pull/wsmen:EnumerationContext
- 3493 This required element contains the XML data that represents the current enumeration context.
- 3494 If the enumeration context is not valid, because it has been replaced in the response to another
- Pull request, it has completed (EndOfSequence has been returned in a Pull response), it has been
   Released, it has expired, or the data source has had to invalidate the context, then the data source
   should fail the request, and may generate a wsmen:InvalidEnumerationContext fault.
- 3498 The data source may not be able to determine that an enumeration context is not valid, especially 3499 if all of the state associated with the enumeration is kept in the enumeration context and refreshed 3500 on every PullResponse.
- 3501 /s:Envelope/s:Body/wsmen:Pull/wsmen:MaxTime
- 3502 This optional element (of type xs:duration) indicates the maximum amount of time the initiator is 3503 willing to allow the data source to assemble the Pull response. When this element is absent, the
- 3504 data source is not required to limit the amount of time it takes to assemble the Pull response.
- 3505 This is useful with data sources that accumulate elements over time and package them into a single Pull response.
- 3507 /s:Envelope/s:Body/wsmen:Pull/wsmen:MaxElements
- 3508 This optional element (of type xs:long) indicates the number of items (child elements of Items in 3509 the Pull response) the consumer is willing to accept. When this element is absent, its implied value
- 3510 is 1. Implementations shall not return more than this number of elements in the Pull response
- 3511 message. Implementations may return fewer than this number based on either the MaxTime
- 3512 timeout, the MaxCharacters size limit, or implementation-specific constraints.
- 3513 /s:Envelope/s:Body/wsmen:Pull/wsmen:MaxCharacters
- This optional element (of type xs:long) indicates the maximum size of the returned elements, in Unicode characters, that the initiator is willing to accept. When this element is absent, the data source is not required to limit the number of characters in the Pull response. Implementations shall not return a Pull response message whose Items element is larger than MaxCharacters.
- 3518 Implementations may return a smaller message based on the MaxTime timeout, the MaxElements 3519 limit, or implementation-specific constraints.
- Even if a Pull request contains a MaxCharacters element, the consumer shall be prepared to
   receive a Pull response that contains more data characters than specified, as XML
   canonicalization or alternate XML serialization algorithms may change the size of the
   representation.
- 3524It may happen that the next item the data source would return to the consumer is larger than3525MaxCharacters. In this case, the data source may skip the item, or may return an abbreviated
- 3526 representation of the item that fits inside MaxCharacters. If the data source skips the item, it may 3527 return it as part of the response to a future Pull request with a larger value of MaxCharacters, or it
- return it as part of the response to a future Pull request with a larger value of MaxCharacters, or it may omit it entirely from the enumeration. If the oversize item is the last item to be returned for this
- 3529 enumeration context and the data source skips it, it shall include the EndOfSequence item in the
- 3530 Pull response and invalidate the enumeration context; that is, it may not return zero items but not
- 3531 consider the enumeration completed. See the discussion of EndOfSequence later in this clause.
- 3532 Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.

Upon receipt of a Pull request message, the data source may wait as long as it deems necessary (but not longer than the value of the MaxTime element, if present) to produce a message for delivery to the consumer. The data source shall recognize the MaxTime element and return the wsmen:TimedOut fault if no elements are available prior to the request message's deadline.

However, this fault should not cause the enumeration context to become invalid (of course, the data
source may invalidate the enumeration context for other reasons). That is, the requestor should be able
to issue additional Pull requests using this enumeration context after receiving this fault.

Upon successful processing of a Pull request message, a data source is expected to return a Pull response message, which shall adhere to the following form:

3542	(1)	<s:envelope></s:envelope>
3543	(2)	<s:header></s:header>
3544	(3)	<wsa:action></wsa:action>
3545	(4)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/PullResponse
3546	(5)	
3547	(6)	<wsa:relatesto>xs:anyURI</wsa:relatesto>
3548	(7)	<wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to>
3549	(8)	
3550	(9)	
3551	(10)	<s:body></s:body>
3552	(11)	<wsmen:pullresponse></wsmen:pullresponse>
3553	(12)	<pre><wsmen:enumerationcontext></wsmen:enumerationcontext> ?</pre>
3554	(13)	<wsmen:items> ?</wsmen:items>
3555	(14)	<xs:any> enumeration-specific element </xs:any> +
3556	(15)	
3557	(16)	<wsmen:endofsequence></wsmen:endofsequence> ?
3558	(17)	
3559	(18)	
3560	(19)	
3561	(20)	

3562 The following describes additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:

- 3563 /s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action
- 3564 This required element shall contain the value:
- 3565 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/PullResponse
- 3566 If a SOAP Action URI is also present in the underlying transport, its value shall convey the same value.
- 3568 /s:Envelope/s:Body/wsmen:PullResponse/wsmen:EnumerationContext
- The optional EnumerationContext element, if present, contains a new XML representation of the current enumeration context. The consumer is required to replace the prior representation with the contents of this element.
- 3572 /s:Envelope/s:Body/wsmen:PullResponse/wsmen:Items/any
- 3573 The optional Items element contains one or more enumeration-specific elements, one for each 3574 element being returned.
- 3575 /s:Envelope/s:Body/wsmen:PullResponse/wsmen:EndOfSequence
- This optional element indicates that no more elements are available from this enumeration.
   Additionally, once this element is returned in a Pull response message, subsequent Pull requests
   using that enumeration context should generate an InvalidEnumerationContext fault message: in
- 3579 any case, they shall not return a valid PullResponse.

At least one of Items or EndOfSequence shall appear. It is possible for both to appear if items are returned and the sequence is exhausted. Similarly, EnumerationContext and EndOfSequence shall not both appear; neither may appear, or one without the other, but not both in the same PullResponse.

The consumer should not issue additional Pull request messages after a Pull response containing an EndOfSequence element has been returned. Similarly, upon receipt of a Pull response containing an EndOfSequence element, the consumer should not issue a Release operation to signal that the enumeration context is no longer needed.

- 3587 If the consumer does issue a Pull or Release on an invalid enumeration context, the result is undefined:
   3588 the data source may ignore the request or may return an InvalidEnumerationContext fault, as described
   3589 previously in this clause, or may take some other action.
- Because Pull allows the client to specify a wide range of batching and timing parameters, it is often advisable for the client to know the valid ranges ahead of time. This information can be exported from the service in the form of metadata, which is beyond the scope of this specification. No message-based negotiation is available for discovering the valid ranges of the parameters.
- Because wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize can be requested for any response in WS-Management, it is used
   in the Pull message instead of MaxCharacters, which is generally redundant and preferably is omitted.
   However, if wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize is present, it has the following characteristics:
- R8.4-1: If a service is exposing enumeration operations and supports Pull with the
   MaxCharacters element, the service should implement MaxCharacters as a general guideline or
   hint, but may ignore it if wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize is present, because it takes precedence. The
   service should not fault in the case of a conflict but should observe the wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize
   value.
- R8.4-2: If a service is exposing enumeration operations and supports Pull with the
   MaxCharacters element, and a single response element would cause the limit to be exceeded, the
   service may return the single element in violation of the hint. However, the service shall not violate
   wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize in any case.
- 3606 A service can send a PullResponse with fewer elements to ensure that the wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize is 3607 not exceeded. However, if a single item would cause this to be exceeded, then the rules from 6.2 apply.
- 3608 In general, MaxCharacters is a hint, and wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize is a strict rule.
- R8.4-3: If any fault occurs during a Pull, a compliant service should allow the client to retry Pull
   with other parameters, such as a larger limit or with no limit, and attempt to retrieve the items. The
   service should not cancel the enumeration as a whole, but retain enough context to be able to retry
   if the client so wishes. However, the service may cancel the enumeration outright if an error occurs
   with an InvalidEnumerationContext fault.
- 3614 If a fault occurs with a Pull request, the service generally does not need to cancel the entire3615 enumeration, but it can simply freeze the cursor and allow the client to try again.
- The EnumerationContext from only the latest response is considered to be valid. Although the service can return the same EnumerationContext values with each Pull, it is not required to do so and can in fact change the EnumerationContext unpredictably.
- R8.4-4: A conformant service may ignore MaxTime if wsman:OperationTimeout is also specified,
   as wsman:OperationTimeout takes precedence. These elements have precisely the same meaning
   and may be used interchangeably. If both are used, the service should observe only the
   wsman:OperationTimeout element.
- 3623 Clients can use wsman:OperationTimeout and wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize rather than MaxTime and 3624 MaxCharacters to allow for uniform message construction.

Any fault issued for Pull applies to the Pull message itself, not the underlying enumeration that is in progress. The most recent EnumerationContext is still considered valid, and if the service allows a retry of the most recent Pull message, the client can continue. However, the service can terminate early upon encountering any kind of problem (as specified in **R8.4-7**).

- 3629 **R8.4-5:** This rule intentionally left blank.
- 3630 If no content is available, the enumerator is still considered active and the Pull message can be retried.

R8.4-6: If a service cannot populate the PullResponse with any items before the timeout, it
 should return a wsman:TimedOut fault to indicate that true timeout conditions occurred and that the
 client is not likely to succeed by simply issuing another Pull message. If the service is only waiting
 for results at the point of the timeout, it should return a response with no items and an updated
 EnumerationContext, which may have changed, even though no items were returned, as follows:
 (1) <s:Body>

- 3637 (2) <wsmen:PullResponse>
- 3638 (3) <wsmen:EnumerationContext> ...possibly updated...
- 3639 </wsmen:EnumerationContext>
- **3640** (4) <wsmen:Items/>
- **3641** (5) </wsmen:PullResponse>
- **3642** (6) </s:Body>

An empty Items block is essentially a directive from the service to try again. If the service faults with a wsman:TimedOut fault, it implies that a retry is not likely to succeed. Typically, the service knows which one to return based on its internal state. For example, on the very first Pull message, if the service is waiting for another component, a wsman:TimedOut fault could be likely. If the enumeration is continuing with no problem and after 50 requests a particular Pull message times out, the service can simply send back zero items in the expectation that the client can continue with another Pull message.

- R8.4-7: The service may terminate the entire enumeration early at any time, in which case an
   InvalidEnumerationContext fault is returned. No further operations are possible, including Release.
   In specific cases, such as internal errors or responses that are too large, other faults may also be
   returned. In all such cases, the service should invalidate the enumeration context as well.
- 3653 **R8.4-8:** If the EndOfSequence marker occurs in the PullResponse message, the
- 3654 EnumerationContext element shall be omitted, as the enumeration has completed. The client 3655 cannot subsequently issue a Release message.
- Normally, the end of an enumeration in all cases is reported by the EndOfSequence element being
   present in the PullResponse content, not through faults. If the client attempts to enumerate past the end
   of an enumeration, an InvalidEnumerationContext fault is returned. The client need not issue a Release
   message if the EndOfSequence actually occurs because the enumeration is then completed and the
   enumeration context is invalid.
- 3661 **R8.4-9:** If no MaxElements element is specified, the batch size is 1.
- 3662 **R8.4-10:** If the value of MaxElements is larger than the service supports, the service may ignore the value and use any default maximum of its own.
- The service can export its maximum MaxElements value in metadata, but the format and location of such metadata is beyond the scope of this specification.

R8.4-11: The EnumerationContext element shall be present in all Pull requests, even if the service
 uses a constant value for the lifetime of the enumeration sequence.

# 3668 **8.5 Release**

3669 The Release operation is initiated by sending a Release request message to the data source. The 3670 Release request message shall be of the following form:

3671	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
3672	(2) <s:header></s:header>
3673	(3) <wsa:action></wsa:action>
3674	(4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Release
3675	(5)
3676	<pre>(6) <wsa:messageid>xs:anyURI</wsa:messageid></pre>
3677	(7) <wsa:replyto>wsa:EndpointReference</wsa:replyto>
3678	<pre>(8) <wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to></pre>
3679	(9)
3680	(10)
3681	(11) <s:body></s:body>
3682	(12) <wsmen:release></wsmen:release>
3683	<pre>(13) <wsmen:enumerationcontext></wsmen:enumerationcontext></pre>
3684 3685	$(14) \qquad \dots \qquad (15) \qquad \qquad (4)$
3686	<pre>(15)  (16) </pre>
3687	<pre>(16)  (17) </pre>
5007	(I/) (/S.Enverope/
3688	The following describes additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
3689	/s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action
3690	This required element shall contain the value:
3691	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Release
3692 3693	If a SOAP Action URI is also present in the underlying transport, its value shall convey the same value.
3694	/s:Envelope/s:Body/wsmen:Release/wsmen:EnumerationContext
	· ·
3695	This required element contains the XML data that represents the enumeration context being
3696	abandoned.
3697	Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.
3698 3699	Upon successful processing of a Release request message, a data source is expected to return a
	Release response message, which shall adhere to the following form:
3700	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
3701	(2) <s:header></s:header>
3702	(3) <wsa:action></wsa:action>
3703	(4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/ReleaseResponse
3704	(5)
3705 3706	<pre>(6) <wsa:relatesto>xs:anyURI</wsa:relatesto></pre>
3707	<pre>(7) <wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to></pre>
3708	<pre>(8) (9) </pre>
3709	(10) <s:body></s:body>
3710	(10) (11)
0,10	
3711	The following describes additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
3712	/s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action
3713	This required element shall contain the value:

3714 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/ReleaseResponse

3715If a SOAP Action URI is also present in the underlying transport, its value shall convey the same3716value.

Release is used only to perform an early cancellation of the enumeration. In cases in which it is not
actually needed, the implementation can expose a dummy implementation that always succeeds. This
promotes uniform client-side messaging.

- R8.5-1: The service shall recognize and process the Release message if the enumeration is
   terminated early. If an EndOfSequence marker occurs in a PullResponse message, the enumerator
   is already completed and a Release message cannot be issued because no up-to-date
   EnumerationContext exists.
- 3724 R8.5-2: The client may fail to deliver the Release message in a timely fashion or may never send
  3725 it. A conformant service may terminate the enumeration after a suitable idle time has expired, and
  3726 any attempt to reuse the enumeration context shall result in an InvalidEnumerationContext fault.
- 3727 **R8.5-3:** This rule intentionally left blank.
- R8.5-4: The service may accept a Release message asynchronously to any Pull requests already
   in progress and cancel the enumeration. The service may refuse such an asynchronous request
   and fault it with a wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault with the following detail code:
- 3731 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/AsynchronousRequest
- The service may also queue or block the request and serialize it so that it is processed after the Pull message.

In most cases, it is desirable to be able to asynchronously cancel an outstanding Pull message. This
capability requires the service to be able to receive the Release message asynchronously while still
processing a pending Pull message. Further, it requires that the EnumerationContext element contain
information that is constant between Pull operations.

NOTE: If the value of EnumerationContext is a simple increasing integer, Release always uses a previous value,
so the service may consider it to be invalid. If the EnumerationContext element contains a value that is constant
across Pull requests (as well as any other information that the service might need), the service can more easily
implement the cancellation.

# 3742 **8.6 Ad-Hoc Queries and Fragment-Level Enumerations**

As discussed in 7.7, it is desirable that clients be able to access subsets of a representation. This is especially important in the area of query processing, where users routinely want to execute XPath or XQuery operations over the representation to receive ad-hoc results.

Because SOAP messages need to conform to known schemas, and ad-hoc queries return results that
are dynamically generated and might conform to no schema, the wsman:XmlFragment wrapper from
7.7 is used to wrap the responses.

R8.6-1: The service may support ad-hoc compositional queries, projections, or enumerations of
 fragments of the representation objects by supplying a suitable dialect in the wsman:Filter. The
 resulting set of Items in the PullResponse element (or EnumerateResponse element if
 OptimizedEnumeration is used) should be wrapped with wsman:XmlFragment wrappers as follows:

0750	
3753	(1) <s:body></s:body>
3754	<pre>(2) <wsmen:pullresponse></wsmen:pullresponse></pre>
3755	<pre>(3) <wsmen:enumerationcontext>possibly updated</wsmen:enumerationcontext></pre>
3756	
3757	(4) <wsmen:items></wsmen:items>
3758	<pre>(5) <wsman:xmlfragment></wsman:xmlfragment></pre>
3759	(6) XML content

3760	(7)	
3761	(8)	<wsman:xmlfragment></wsman:xmlfragment>
3762	(9)	XML content
3763	(10)	
3764	(11)	
3765	(12)	
3766	(13)	
3767	(14)	

The schema for wsman:XmlFragment contains a directive to suppress schema validation, allowing a
 validating parser to accept ad-hoc content produced by the query processor acting behind the
 enumeration.

3771 <u>XPath 1.0</u> and <u>XQuery 1.0</u> already support returning subsets or compositions of representations, so
 3772 they are suitable for use in this regard.

3773 R8.6-2: If the service does not support fragment-level enumeration, it should return a
 3774 wsmen:FilterDialectRequestedUnavailable fault, the same as for any other unsupported dialect.

The XPath expression used for filtering is still as described in the Enumeration clauses (see 8.2, 8.2.2,
8.2.3). The wsman:XmlFragment wrappers are applied after the XPath is evaluated to prevent schema
violations if the XPath selects node sets that are fragments and not legal according to the original
schema.

# 3779 8.7 Enumeration of EPRs

Typically, inferring the EPR of an enumerated object simply by inspection is not possible. In many
cases, it is desirable to enumerate the EPRs of objects rather than the objects themselves. Such EPRs
can be usable in subsequent Get or Delete requests, for example. Similarly, it is often desirable to
enumerate both the objects and the associated EPRs.

The default behavior for Enumerate is as defined in 8.1. However, WS-Management provides an additional extension for controlling the output of the enumeration.

R8.7-1: A service may optionally support the wsman:EnumerationMode modifier element with a
 value of *EnumerateEPR*, which returns only the EPRs of the objects as the result of the
 enumeration.

# 3789 EXAMPLE 1:

3790	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
3791	(2) <s:header></s:header>
3792	(3)
3793	(4) <wsa:action></wsa:action>
3794	(5) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Enumerate
3795	<pre>(6) </pre>
3796	(7)
3797	(8)
3798	(9) <s:body></s:body>
3799	<pre>(10) <wsmen:enumerate></wsmen:enumerate></pre>
3800	<pre>(11) <wsman:filter dialect=""> filter </wsman:filter></pre>
3801	(12) <wsman:enumerationmode> EnumerateEPR </wsman:enumerationmode>
3802	(13)
3803	(14)
3804	(15)
3805	(16)

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3806 EXAMPLE 2: The hypothetical response would appear as in the following example:

3807	(17)	<s:body></s:body>
3808	(18)	<wsmen:pullresponse></wsmen:pullresponse>
3809	(19)	<wsmen:items></wsmen:items>
3810	(20)	<wsa:endpointreference> </wsa:endpointreference>
3811	(21)	<wsa:endpointreference> </wsa:endpointreference>
3812	(22)	<wsa:endpointreference> </wsa:endpointreference>
3813	(23)	
3814	(24)	
3815	(25)	
3816	(26)	

The filter, if any, is still applied to the enumeration, but the response contains only the EPRs of the items that would have been returned. These EPRs are intended for use in subsequent Get operations.

3819**R8.7-2:** A service may optionally support the wsman:EnumerationMode modifier with the value of3820EnumerateObjectAndEPR. If present, the enumerated objects are wrapped in a wsman:Item3821element that juxtaposes two XML representations: the payload representation followed by the3822associated wsa:EndpointReference.

3823 EXAMPLE 3: The wsman:EnumerationMode example appears as follows:

3824	(1) <s:header></s:header>
3825	(2)
3826	(3) <wsa:action></wsa:action>
3827	(4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Enumerate
3828	(5)
3829	(6)
3830	(7) <s:body></s:body>
3831	(8) <wsmen:enumerate></wsmen:enumerate>
3832	<pre>(9) <wsman:filter dialect=""> filter </wsman:filter></pre>
3833	(10) <wsman:enumerationmode> EnumerateObjectAndEPR </wsman:enumerationmode>
3834	(11)
3835	<pre>(12) </pre>
3836	(13)
3837	EXAMPLE 4: The response appears as follows:
3838	(1) <s:body></s:body>
3839	<pre>(2) <wsmen:pullresponse></wsmen:pullresponse></pre>
3840	(3) <wsmen:items></wsmen:items>
3841	(4) <wsman:item></wsman:item>
3842	(5) <payloadobject xmlns=""> </payloadobject> Object
3843	(6) <wsa:endpointreference> </wsa:endpointreference> EPR
3844	(7)
3845	(8) <wsman:item></wsman:item>
3846	<pre>(9) <payloadobject xmlns=""> </payloadobject> <!-- Object--></pre>
3847	(10) <wsa:endpointreference> </wsa:endpointreference> EPR
3848	(11)
3849	(12)
3850	(13)
3851	(14)
3852	(15)

3853 In the preceding example, each item is wrapped in a wsman:Item wrapper (line 8), which itself contains the 3854 representation object (line 9) followed by its EPR (line 10). As many wsman:Item objects may be present as is 3855 consistent with other encoding limitations.

- 3856 **R8.7-3:** If a service does not support the wsman:EnumerationMode modifier, it shall return a fault of wsman:UnsupportedFeature with the following detail code:
- 3858 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/EnumerationMode

## 3859 8.8 Renew

3860 To renew an enumeration, the consumer sends a request of the following form to the data source:

(1)	<s:envelope></s:envelope>
(2)	<s:header></s:header>
(3)	<wsa:action></wsa:action>
(4)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew
(5)	
(6)	<wsa:messageid>xs:anyURI</wsa:messageid>
(7)	<wsa:faultto>endpoint-reference</wsa:faultto> ?
(8)	<wsa:replyto>endpoint-reference</wsa:replyto>
(9)	<wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to>
(10)	
(11)	
(12)	<s:body></s:body>
(13)	<wsmen:renew></wsmen:renew>
(14)	<wsmen:enumerationcontext></wsmen:enumerationcontext>
(15)	<pre><wsmen:expires>[xs:dateTime   xs:duration]</wsmen:expires> ?</pre>
(16)	
(17)	
(18)	
(19)	
	(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18)

3880 Components of the preceding outline are additionally constrained as for a request to create an 3881 enumeration with the following addition(s):

3882 /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsmen:EnumerationContext

3883 This required element contains the XML data that represents the current enumeration context.

If the enumeration context is not valid, either because it has been replaced in the response to
 another Pull request, or because it has completed (EndOfSequence has been returned in a Pull
 response), or because it has been Released, or because it has expired, or because the data
 source has had to invalidate the context, then the data source should fail the request, and may
 generate a wsmen:InvalidEnumerationContext fault.

The data source may not be able to determine that an enumeration context is not valid, especially
 if all of the state associated with the enumeration is kept in the enumeration context and refreshed
 on every PullResponse.

- 3892 Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.
- 3893 If the data source accepts a request to renew an enumeration, it shall reply with a response of the 3894 following form:

3895	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
3896	(2) <s:header></s:header>
3897	(3) <wsa:action></wsa:action>
3898	(4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse
3899	(5)
3900	<pre>(6) <wsa:relatesto>xs:anyURI</wsa:relatesto></pre>
3901	<pre>(7) <wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to></pre>
3902	(8)
3903	(9)
3904	(10) <s:body></s:body>
3905	(11) <wsmen:renewresponse></wsmen:renewresponse>
3906	<pre>(12) <wsmen:expires>[xs:dateTime   xs:duration]</wsmen:expires> ?</pre>
3907	<pre>(13) <wsmen:enumerationcontext></wsmen:enumerationcontext> ?</pre>
3908	(14)
3909	(15)
3910	(16)
3911	(17)

Components of the preceding outline listed are constrained as for a response to an Enumerate requestwith the following addition:

- 3914 /s:Envelope/s:Body/wsmen:RenewResponse/wsmen:Expires
- 3915 If the requested expiration is a duration, then the implied start of that duration is the time when the3916 data source starts processing the Renew request.
- 3917 /s:Envelope/s:Body/wsmen:RenewResponse/wsmen:EnumerationContext
- 3918 This element is optional in this response.

If the data source chooses not to renew this enumeration, the request shall fail, and the data
 source should generate a wsmen:UnableToRenew fault indicating that the renewal was not
 accepted.

3922 Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.

# 3923 8.9 GetStatus

To get the status of an enumeration, the subscriber sends a request of the following form to the data source:

0000	
3926	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
3927	(2) <s:header></s:header>
3928	(3) <wsa:action></wsa:action>
3929	(4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus
3930	(5)
3931	<pre>(6) <wsa:messageid>xs:anyURI</wsa:messageid></pre>
3932	<pre>(7) <wsa:faultto>endpoint-reference</wsa:faultto> ?</pre>
3933	<pre>(8) <wsa:replyto>endpoint-reference</wsa:replyto></pre>
3934	<pre>(9) <wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to></pre>
3935	(10)
3936	(11)
3937	(12) <s:body></s:body>
3938	<pre>(13) <wsmen:getstatus></wsmen:getstatus></pre>
3939	(14) <wsmen:enumerationcontext></wsmen:enumerationcontext> ?
3940	(15)
3941	<pre>(16) </pre>
3942	(17)
3943	(18)

- Components of the preceding outline are additionally constrained as for a request to renew an
   enumeration. Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this
   specification.
- 3947 If the enumeration is valid and has not expired, the data source shall reply with a response of the3948 following form:

3949	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
3950	(2) <s:header></s:header>
3951	<pre>(3) <wsa:action></wsa:action></pre>
3952	(4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatusResponse
3953	(5)
3954	<pre>(6) <wsa:relatesto>xs:anyURI</wsa:relatesto></pre>
3955	(7) <wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to>
3956	(8)
3957	(9)
3958	(10) <s:body></s:body>
3959	(11) <wsmen:getstatusresponse></wsmen:getstatusresponse>
3960	<pre>(12) <wsmen:expires>[xs:dateTime   xs:duration]</wsmen:expires> ?</pre>
3961	(13)
3962	<pre>(14) </pre>
3963	(15)
3964	(16)

3965 Components of the preceding outline are constrained as for a response to a Renew request. Other 3966 components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.

# 3967 8.10 EnumerationEnd

If the data source terminates an enumeration unexpectedly, the data source should send an
 EnumerationEnd SOAP message to the endpoint reference indicated when the enumeration was
 created. The message shall be of the following form:

 3971
 (1) <s:Envelope ...>

 3972
 (2) <s:Header ...>

 3973
 (3) <wsa:Action>

 3974
 (4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/EnumerationEnd

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3975 3976 3977 3978 3979 3980 3981 3982 3983 3984 3985 3986 3987 3988 3987 3988 3989 3990 3991 3992 3993 3994	<pre>(5)  (6) <wsa:to>xs:anyURI</wsa:to> (7) (8)  (9) <s:body> (10) <wsmen:enumerationend> (11) <wsmen:enumerationcontext></wsmen:enumerationcontext> (12) <wsmen:code> (13) [ (14) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/SourceShuttingDown (15)   http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/SourceCancelling (16) ] (17) </wsmen:code> (18) <wsmen:reason xml:lang="language identifier"> (19) xs:string (20) </wsmen:reason> ? (21) (22) </wsmen:enumerationend> (23) </s:body></pre>
3995	The following describes additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
3996	/s:Envelope/s:Body/wsmen:Release/wsmen:EnumerationContext
3997 3998 3999 4000 4001 4002	This required element contains the XML data that represents the enumeration context being terminated. It is recommended that consumers DO NOT attempt to compare this element against any collection of wsmen:EnumerationContext elements for purposes of correlation, because that requires the ability to compare arbitrary XML elements. If consumers wish to correlate this message against their outstanding contexts, it is recommend that they use the reference parameters of the /wsmen:Enumerate/wsmen:EndTo EPR.
4003 4004	/s:Envelope/s:Body/wsmen:EnumerationEnd/wsmen:Code = "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/SourceShuttingDown"
4005 4006 4007	This value shall be used if the data source terminated the enumeration because the source is being shut down in a controlled manner; that is, if the data source is being shut down but has the opportunity to send an EnumerationEnd message before it exits.
4008 4009	/s:Envelope/s:Body/wsmen:EnumerationEnd/wsmen:Code = "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/SourceCancelling"
4010 4011	This value shall be used if the data source terminated the enumeration for some other reason before it expired.
4012	/s:Envelope/s:Body/wsmen:EnumerationEnd/wsmen:Reason
4013 4014	This optional element contains text, in the language specified by the @xml:lang attribute, describing the reason for the unexpected enumeration termination.
4015	Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.
4016	9 Custom Actions (Methods)
4017	Custom actions or "methods," are ordinary SOAP messages with unique Actions. An implementation

4017 Custom actions, or "methods," are ordinary SOAP messages with unique Actions. An implementation
4018 can support resource-specific methods in any form, subject to the addressing model and restrictions
4019 described in clause 5 of this specification.

4020 **R9-1:** A conformant service may expose any custom actions or methods.

- 4021 **R9-2:** If custom methods are exported, Addressing rules, as described elsewhere in this specification, shall be observed, and each custom method shall have a unique wsa:Action.
- 4023 **R9-3:** If a request does not contain the correct parameters for the custom action, the service may 4024 return a wsman:InvalidParameter fault. Fault details for incorrect type and incorrect name may also 4025 be included.
- 4026http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/TypeMismatch(incorrect type)4027http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidName(incorrect name)
- As defined by Addressing, the Action URI is used to describe the semantics of the operation and the
  wsa:To element describes the destination of the message. A custom method thus has a dedicated
  Addressing Action URI.
- Because options are a parameterization technique for message types that are not user-extensible, such
  as the resource access operations, they are not appropriate for use as a custom method or combined
  with a custom method. Custom operations defined in a WSDL document define any required
  parameters and thus expose naming and type checking in a stringent way. Mixing wsman:OptionSet
  with a strongly typed WSDL operation is likely to lead to confusion.

# 4036 **10 Notifications (Eventing)**

# 4037 **10.1 General**

4038 Management infrastructures often want to receive messages when events occur in remote 4039 management services and applications. A mechanism for registering interest is needed because the set 4040 of Web services interested in receiving such messages is often unknown in advance or changes over 4041 time. This specification defines a set of operations for one management Web service (called a 4042 "subscriber") to register interest (called a "subscription") with another management Web service (called 4043 an "event source") in receiving messages about events (called "notifications" or "event messages"). The 4044 subscriber may manage the subscription by interacting with a Web service (called the "subscription 4045 manager") designated by the event source.

4046 To improve robustness, a subscription may be leased by an event source to a subscriber, and the 4047 subscription expires over time. The subscription manager provides the ability for the subscriber to 4048 renew or cancel the subscription before it expires.

- There are many mechanisms by which event sources may deliver events to event sinks. This
  specification provides an extensible way for subscribers to identify the delivery mechanism they prefer.
  While asynchronous, pushed delivery is defined here; the intent is that there should be no limitation or
  restriction on the delivery mechanisms capable of being supported by this specification.
- 4053 To create, renew, and delete subscriptions, subscribers send request messages to event sources and 4054 subscription managers.

4055 When an event source accepts a request to create a subscription, it typically does so for a given 4056 amount of time, although an event source may accept an indefinite subscription with no time-based 4057 expiration. If the subscription manager accepts a renewal request, it updates that amount of time. During that time, notifications are delivered by the event source to the requested event sink. An event 4058 4059 source may support filtering to limit notifications that are delivered to the event sink; if it does, and a 4060 subscribe request contains a filter, the event source sends only notifications that match the requested 4061 filter. The event source sends notifications until one of the following happens: the subscription manager 4062 accepts an unsubscribe request for the subscription, the subscription expires without being renewed, or 4063 the event source cancels the subscription prematurely. In this last case, the event source makes a best 4064 effort to indicate why the subscription ended.

In the absence of reliable messaging at the application layer (for example, [WS-ReliableMessaging]),
 messages defined herein are delivered using the quality of service of the underlying transport(s) and on
 a best-effort basis at the application layer.

4068 If a managed entity emits events, it can publish those events using this publish-and-subscribe 4069 mechanism and paradigms.

4070 **R10.1-1:** If a resource can emit events and allows clients to subscribe to and receive notification 4071 messages, it shall do so by implementing the operations as specified in this clause.

4072R10.1-2: If the eventing mechanism as described in this clause is supported, the wsme:Subscribe,4073wsme:Renew, and wsme:Unsubscribe messages shall be supported. The wsme:SubscriptionEnd4074message is optional. The wsme:GetStatus message in a constrained environment is a candidate for4075exclusion. If this message is not supported, then a wsa:ActionNotSupported fault shall be returned4076in response to this request.

# 4077 **10.2 Subscribe**

4078 In some scenarios the event source itself manages the subscriptions it has created. In other scenarios, 4079 for example a geographically distributed publish-and-subscribe system, it may be useful to delegate the 4080 management of a subscription to another Web service. To support this flexibility, the response to a subscription request to an event source includes the EPR of a service that the subscriber may interact 4081 4082 with to manage this subscription. This EPR should be the target for future requests to renew or cancel the subscription. It may address the same Web service (Address and ReferenceParameters) as the 4083 4084 event source itself, or it may address some other Web service to which the event source has delegated 4085 management of this subscription; however, the full subscription manager EPR (Address and 4086 ReferenceParameters) must be unique for each subscription.

4087 We use the term "subscription manager" in this specification to refer to the Web service that manages 4088 the subscription, whether it is the event source itself or some separate Web service.

4089 To create a subscription, a subscriber sends a request message of the following form to an event 4090 source:

4091	(1)	<s:envelope></s:envelope>
4092	(2)	<s:header></s:header>
4093	(3)	<wsa:action></wsa:action>
4094	(4)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/Subscribe
4095	(5)	
4096	(6)	
4097	(7)	
4098	(8)	<s:body></s:body>
4099	(9)	<wsme:subscribe></wsme:subscribe>
4100	(10)	<wsme:endto>endpoint-reference</wsme:endto> ?
4101	(11)	<wsme:delivery ?="" mode="xs:anyURI">xs:any</wsme:delivery>
4102	(12)	<pre><wsme:expires>[xs:dateTime   xs:duration]</wsme:expires> ?</pre>
4103	(13)	<wsme:filter ?="" dialect="xs:anyURI"> xs:any </wsme:filter> ?
4104	(14)	
4105	(15)	
4106	(16)	
4107	(17)	

- 4108 The following describes additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
- 4109 /s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action
- 4110 If a SOAP Action URI is used in the binding for SOAP, the value indicated herein shall be used for 4111 that URI.

4112 /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsme:EndTo

4113 Where to send a SubscriptionEnd message if the subscription is terminated unexpectedly. If

4114 present, this element shall be of type wsa:EndpointReferenceType. The default is not to send this
4115 message. The endpoint referenced by this EPR shall implement a binding of the "EndToEndpoint"
4116 portType described in ANNEX I.

- 4117 /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsme:Delivery
- 4118 A delivery destination for notification messages, using some delivery mode.
- 4119 /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsme:Delivery/@Mode

The delivery mode to be used for notification messages sent in relation to this subscription. Implied
value is "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/DeliveryModes/Push", which indicates
that Push Mode delivery should be used.

4123 If the event source does not support the requested delivery mode, the request shall fail, and the 4124 event source may generate a wsme:DeliveryModeRequestedUnavailable fault indicating that the 4125 requested delivery mode is not supported.

- 4126 /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsme:Delivery/@Mode="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/Deliver
   4127 yModes/Push"
- 4128 The value of /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsme:Delivery is a single element, NotifyTo, that contains the 4129 endpoint reference to which notification messages should be sent.
- 4130 /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsme:Expires

Requested expiration time for the subscription. (No implied value.) The event source defines the
actual expiration and is not constrained to use a time less or greater than the requested expiration.
The expiration time may be a specific time or a duration from the subscription's creation time. Both
specific times and durations are interpreted based on the event source's clock.

If this element does not appear, then the request is for a subscription that will not expire. That is,
the subscriber is requesting the event source to create a subscription with an indefinite lifetime. If
the event source grants such a subscription, it may be terminated by the subscriber using an
Unsubscribe request, or it may be terminated by the event source at any time for reasons such as
connection termination, resource constraints, or system shut-down.

4140 If the expiration time is either a zero duration or a specific time that occurs in the past according to 4141 the event source, then the request shall fail, and the event source may generate a

4142 InvalidExpirationTime fault indicating that an invalid expiration time was requested.

- 4143 Some event sources may not have a "wall time" clock available, and so are only able to accept 4144 durations as expirations. If such a source receives a Subscribe request containing a specific time 4145 expiration, then the request may fail; if so, the event source may generate an
- 4146 UnsupportedExpirationType fault indicating that an unsupported expiration type was requested.
- 4147 /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsme:Filter
- 4148 A Boolean expression in some dialect, either as a string or as an XML fragment. If the expression
- 4149 evaluates to false for a notification, the notification shall not be sent to the event sink. Implied value
- 4150 is an expression that always returns true. If the event source does not support filtering, then a
- 4151 request that specifies a filter shall fail, and the event source may generate a
- 4152 wsme:FilteringNotSupported fault indicating that filtering is not supported.

- 4153 If the event source supports filtering but cannot honor the requested filtering, the request shall fail,
  4154 and the event source may generate a wsme:FilteringRequestedUnavailable fault indicating that the
  4155 requested filter dialect is not supported.
- 4156 /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsme:Filter/@Dialect
- 4157 Implied value is "http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/REC-xpath-19991116".
- While an XPath predicate expression provides great flexibility and power, alternate filter dialects
  may be defined. For instance, a simpler, less powerful dialect might be defined for resourceconstrained implementations, or a new dialect might be defined to support filtering based on data
  not included in the notification message itself. If desired, a filter dialect could allow the definition of
- 4162 a composite filter that contained multiple filters from other dialects.
- 4163 /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsme:Filter/@Dialect=" http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/REC-xpath-19991116"
- 4164 Value of /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsme:Filter is an XPath [XPath 1.0] predicate expression 4165 (PredicateExpr); the context of the expression is:
- **Context Node:** the SOAP Envelope containing the notification
- 4167 Context Position: 1
- 4168 **Context Size:** 1
- 4169 Variable Bindings: None
- 4170 Function Libraries: Core Function Library [XPath 1.0]
- 4171
   Namespace Declarations: The [in-scope namespaces] property [XML Infoset] of /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsme:Filter

4173 Other message information headers defined by Addressing may be included in the request and 4174 response messages, according to the usage and semantics defined in Addressing.

4175 Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.

4176 If the event source accepts a request to create a subscription, it shall reply with a response of the 4177 following form:

4178	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
4179	(2) <s:header></s:header>
4180	(3) <wsa:action></wsa:action>
4181	(4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/SubscribeResponse
4182	(5)
4183	(6)
4184	(7)
4185	(8) <s:body></s:body>
4186	<pre>(9) <wsme:subscriberesponse></wsme:subscriberesponse></pre>
4187	<pre>(10) <wsme:subscriptionmanager></wsme:subscriptionmanager></pre>
4188	(11) wsa:EndpointReferenceType
4189	<pre>(12) </pre>
4190	<pre>(13) <wsme:expires>[xs:dateTime   xs:duration]</wsme:expires></pre>
4191	(14)
4192	<pre>(15) </pre>
4193	(16)
4194	(17)

- 4195 The following describes additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
- 4196 /s:Envelope/S:Header/wsa:RelatesTo
- 4197 Shall be the value of the wsa:MessageID of the corresponding request.
- 4198 /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsme:SubscriptionManager
- 4199 The EPR of the subscription manager for this subscription.

In some cases, it is convenient for all EPRs issued by a single event source to address a single
 Web service and use a reference parameter to distinguish among the active subscriptions. For
 convenience in this common situation, this specification defines a global element, Identifier of type
 xs:anyURI, that may be used as a distinguishing reference parameter if desired by the event
 source.

4205 /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsme:Expires

4206 The expiration time assigned by the event source. The expiration time may be either an absolute 4207 time or a duration but should be of the same type as the requested expiration (if any).

If this element does not appear, then the subscription will not expire. That is, the subscription has
an indefinite lifetime. It may be terminated by the subscriber using an Unsubscribe request, or it
may be terminated by the event source at any time for reasons such as connection termination,
resource constraints, or system shut-down.

4212 Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.

4213 If the event source chooses not to accept a subscription, the request shall fail, and the event source
4214 may generate a wsme:EventSourceUnableToProcess fault indicating that the request was not
4215 accepted.

4216 This specification does not constrain notifications because any message may be a notification.

4217 However, if a subscribing event sink wishes to have notifications specifically marked, it may specify 4218 literal SOAP header blocks in the Subscribe request, in the

4219 /s:Envelope/s:Body/wsme:Subscribe/wsme:NotifyTo/wsa:ReferenceParameters elements; per

4220 Addressing, the event source shall include each such literal SOAP header block in every notification

4221 sent to the endpoint addressed by /s:Envelope/s:Body/wsme:Subscribe/wsme:NotifyTo.

4222 **10.2.1 General** 

4223 WS-Management uses Subscribe substantially as documented here, except that the WS-Management 4224 default addressing model is incorporated as described in 5.1.

- 4225 **R10.2.1-1:** The identity of the event source shall be based on the Addressing EPR.
- 4226 **R10.2.1-2:** If the service cannot support the requested addressing, it should return a 4227 wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault with the following detail code:
- 4228 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/AddressingMode

Verifying that the address is usable allows errors to be detected at the time the subscription is created.
For example, if the address cannot be reached due to firewall configuration and the service can detect this, telling the client allows for it to be corrected immediately.

4232 **R10.2.1-3:** Because many delivery modes require a separate connection to deliver the event, the 4233 service should comply with the security profiles defined in clause 11 of this specification, if HTTP or

- 4234 HTTPS is used to deliver events. If no security is specified, the service may attempt to use default 4235 security mechanisms, or return a wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault with the following detail code:
- 4236 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InsecureAddress

4237 Because clients might need to have client-side context sent back with each event delivery, the NotifyTo 4238 address in the Delivery block can be used for this purpose. This NotifyTo EPR can contain any number 4239 of client-defined reference parameters.

R10.2.1-4: A service may validate the address by attempting a connection while the Subscribe
 request is being processed to ensure delivery can occur successfully. If the service determines that
 the address is not valid or permissions cannot be acquired, it should emit a
 wsman:EventDeliverToUnusable fault.

- 4244 This situation can occur when the address is incorrect or when the event source cannot acquire 4245 permissions to deliver events properly.
- 4246 **R10.2.1-5:** Any reference parameters supplied in the NotifyTo address shall be included with 4247 each event delivery as top-level headers as specified 5.4. If EndTo is supported, this behavior 4248 applies as well.

When the default addressing model is used by the service, the ResourceURI is often used to reference
the logical event source, and selector values can additionally be used to indicate a real or virtual log
within the scope of that source, or might even be used to limit the types or groups of events available.
This action can logically overlap with the Filter mechanism in the subscription body itself, so due
consideration should be given to the interplay among the address of the event source, the types of
events it can publish, and the subscription-level filtering.

4255 If a client needs to have events delivered to more than one destination, more than one subscription is 4256 required.

R10.2.1-6: If the events contain localized content, the service should accept a subscription with a
wsman:Locale block acting as a hint (see 6.3) within the Delivery block of the Subscribe message.
The language is encoded in an xml:lang attribute using <u>RFC 5646</u> language codes.

4260 The service attempts to localize any descriptive content to the specified language when delivering 4261 such events, which is outlined as follows:

'>

4262	(1)	<wsme:subscribe></wsme:subscribe>
4263	(2)	<wsme:delivery></wsme:delivery>
4264	(3)	<wsme:notifyto> </wsme:notifyto>
4265	(4)	<wsman:locale <="" th="" xml:lang="language-code"></wsman:locale>
4266	(5)	
4267	(6)	

4268 NOTE: In this context, the wsman:Locale element (defined in 6.3) is not a SOAP header and mustUnderstand 4269 cannot be used.

R10.2.1-7: The service should accept a subscription with a wsman:ContentEncoding block within
the Delivery block of the Subscribe message. This block acts as a hint to indicate how the delivered
events are to be encoded. The two standard xs:language tokens defined for this purpose are "UTF8" or "UTF-16", although other encoding formats may be specified if necessary. The service should
attempt to encode the events using the requested language token, as in the following example:

#### 4275 EXAMPLE:

4276	(1) <	wsme:Subscribe>	
4277	(2)	<wsme:delivery></wsme:delivery>	
4278	(3)		
4279	(4)	<wsme:notifyto></wsme:notifyto>	 

4280	(5)	<wsman:< th=""><th>ContentEncoding&gt;</th><th>UTF-16</th><th></th></wsman:<>	ContentEncoding>	UTF-16	
1001					

- 4281 (6) </wsme:Delivery>
- 4282 (7) </wsme:Subscribe>

# 4283 **10.2.2 Filtering**

Filter expression is constrained to be a Boolean predicate. To support ad hoc queries including
projections, WS-Management defines a wsman:Filter element of exactly the same form as what is used
in the Subscribe operation except that the filter expression is not constrained to be a Boolean predicate.
This allows the use of subscriptions using existing query languages such as SQL and CQL, which
combine predicate and projection information in the same syntax. The use of projections is defined by
the filter dialect, not by WS-Management.

- If the filter dialect for either Filter or wsman:Filter used for the Subscribe message is
   http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/REC-xpath-19991116 (the default dialect in both cases), the context node
   is the SOAP Envelope element.
- 4293 WS-Management defines the wsman: Filter element as a child of the Subscribe element.
- 4294 WS-Management defines the wsman:Filter element to allow projections, which is outlined as follows:
- 4295 (1) <wsman:Filter Dialect="xs:anyURI"?> xs:any </wsman:Filter>
- 4296 The Dialect attribute is optional. When not specified, it has the following implied value:
- 4297 http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/REC-xpath-19991116
- 4298 This dialect allows any full XPath expression or subset to be used.
- R10.2.2-1: If a service supports filtered subscriptions using Filter, it shall also support filtering
  using wsman:Filter. This rule allows client stacks to always pick the wsman XML namespace for the
  Filter element. Even though a service supports wsman:Filter, it is not required to support
  projections.
- 4303 **R10.2.2-2:** If a service supports filtered subscriptions using wsman:Filter, it should also support 4304 filtering using Filter.
- 4305 **R10.2.2-3:** If a Subscribe request contains both Filter and wsman:Filter, the service shall return a 4306 wsa:InvalidMessage fault.

To allow eventing filter expressions to be defined independently of the delivery mode, WS-Management
defines a new filter dialect that is the same as previously defined except that the context node is
defined as the element that would be returned as the first child of the SOAP Body element if the Push
delivery mode were used. The URI for this filter dialect is:

- 4311 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/filter/eventRootXPath
- 4312 The context node for this expression is as follows:
- 4313
   Context Node: any XML element that could be returned as a direct child of the s:Body element if the delivery mode was Push
- Context Position: 1
- 4316 **Context Size**: 1
- 4317 Variable Bindings: none
- 4318 Function Libraries: Core Function Library [XPath 1.0]

- 4319
   Namespace Declarations: the [in-scope namespaces] property [XML Infoset] of /s:Envelope/s:Body/wsme:Subscribe/wsman:Filter
- 4321 **R10.2.2-4:** Services should support this filter dialect when they want to use an XPath-based filter, 4322 rather than the default filter dialect defined in 10.2.1.
- 4323 The considerations described in 8.3 regarding the <u>XPath 1.0</u> filter dialect also apply to the preceding 4324 eventing filter.

Resource-constrained implementations might have difficulty providing full XPath processing and yet still
want to use a subset of XPath syntax. This does not require the addition of a new dialect if the
expression specified in the filter is a true XPath expression. The use of the filter dialect URI does not
imply that the service supports the entire specification for that dialect, only that the expression conforms
to the rules of that dialect. Most services use XPath only for filtering, but they will not support the
composition of new XML or removing portions of XML that would result in the XML fragment violating
the schema of the event.

4332 EXAMPLE 1: A typical example of the use of XPath in a subscription follows. Assume that each event that would 4333 be delivered has the following XML content:

4334	(1)	<s:body></s:body>
4335	(2)	<lowdiskspaceevent xmlns=""></lowdiskspaceevent>
4336	(3)	<logicaldisk>C:</logicaldisk>
4337	(4)	<currentmegabytes>12</currentmegabytes>
4338	(5)	<megabytes24hoursago>17</megabytes24hoursago>
4339	(6)	
4340	(7)	

The event is wholly contained within the s:Body of the SOAP message. The anchor point for the XPath
evaluation is the first element of each event, and it does not reference the <s:Body> element as such.
The XPath expression is evaluated as if the event content were a separate XML document.

4344 EXAMPLE 2: When used for simple document processing, the following four XPath expressions "select" the entire 4345 <LowDiskSpaceEvent> node:

 4346
 (8) /

 4347
 (9) /LowDiskSpaceEvent

 4348
 (10) ../LowDiskSpaceEvent

- **4349** (11) .
- If used as a "filter", this XPath expression does not filter out any instances and is the same as selecting allinstances of the event, or omitting the filter entirely.

4352 EXAMPLE 3: However, using the following syntax, the XPath expression selects the XML node only if the test 4353 expression in brackets evaluates to logical "true":

4354 (1) ../LowDiskSpaceEvent[LogicalDisk="C:"]

In this case, the event is selected if it refers to disk drive "C:"; otherwise the XML node is not selected. This XPath
 expression would filter out all <LowDiskSpaceEvent> events for other drives.

- 4357 EXAMPLE 4: Full XPath implementations may support more complex test expressions:
- 4358 (1) ../LowDiskSpaceEvent[LogicalDisk="C:" and CurrentMegabytes < "20"]

In essence, the XML form of the event is logically passed through the XPath processor to see if it would
be selected. If so, it is delivered as an event. If not, the event is discarded and not delivered to the
subscriber.

- 4362 <u>XPath 1.0</u> can be used simply for filtering or to send back subsets of the representation (or even the
  4363 values without XML wrappers). In cases where the result is not just filtered but is "altered," the
  4364 technique in 8.6 applies.
- 4365 If full XPath cannot be supported, a common subset for this purpose is described in ANNEX D of this 4366 specification.
- 4367R10.2.2-5:The wsman:Filter element shall contain either simple text or a single XML element of4368a single or complex type. A service should reject any filter with mixed content or multiple peer XML4369elements using a wsme:EventSourceUnableToProcess fault.
- R10.2.2-6: A conformant service may not support the entire syntax and processing power of the
  specified filter dialect. The only requirement is that the specified filter is syntactically correct within
  the definition of the dialect. Subsets are therefore legal. If the specified filter exceeds the capability
  of the service, the service should return a wsman:CannotProcessFilter fault with text explaining why
  the filter was problematic.
- R10.2.2-7: If a service requires complex initialization parameters in addition to the filter, these
  should be part of the wsman:Filter block because they logically form part of the filter initialization,
  even if some of the parameters are not strictly used in the filtering process. In this case, a unique
  dialect URI shall be devised for the event source and the schema and usage published.
- R10.2.2-8: If the service supports composition of new XML or filtering to the point where the
  resultant event would not conform to the original schema for that event, the event delivery should
  be wrapped in the same way as content for the fragment-level access operations (see 7.7).
- 4382 Events, regardless of how they are filtered or reduced, need to conform to some kind of XML schema
  4383 definition when they are actually delivered. Simply sending out unwrapped XML fragments during
  4384 delivery is not legal.
- 4385R10.2.2-9:If the service requires specific initialization XML in addition to the filter to formulate a4386subscription, this initialization XML shall form part of the filter body and be documented as part of4387the filter dialect.
- This rule promotes a consistent location for initialization content, which may be logically seen as part of
  the filter. The filter XML schema is more understandable if it separates the initialization and filtering
  parts into separate XML elements.
- 4391 For information about filtering over enumerations, see 8.3.

# 4392 10.2.3 Connection Retries

- 4393 Due to the nature of event delivery, the subscriber might not be reachable at event-time. Rather than
  4394 terminate all subscriptions immediately, typically the service attempts to connect several times with
  4395 suitable timeouts before giving up.
- 4396R10.2.3-1:A service may observe any connection retry policy or allow the subscriber to define it4397by including the following wsman:ConnectionRetry element in a subscription. If the service does not4398accept the wsman:ConnectionRetry element, it should return a wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault4399with the following detail code:
- 4400 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/DeliveryRetries
- 4401 This only applies to failures to *connect* and does not include replay of actual SOAP deliveries.
- 4402 (1) <wsme:Subscribe>
- 4403 (2) <wsme:Delivery>
- 4404 (3) <wsme:NotifyTo> ... </wsme:NotifyTo>

- 4405 (4) <wsman:ConnectionRetry Total="count"> xs:duration
- 4406 </wsman:ConnectionRetry>
- 4407 (5) </wsme:Delivery>
- 4408 (6) </wsme:Subscribe>
- 4409 The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
- 4410 wsman:ConnectionRetry
- 4411 an xs:duration for how long to wait between retries while trying to connect
- 4412 wsman:ConnectionRetry/@Total
- 4413 how many retries to attempt, observing the specified interval between the attempts
- 4414 **R10.2.3-2:** If the retry counts are exhausted, the subscription should be considered abnormally terminated.
- 4416 The retry mechanism applies only to attempts to connect. Failures to deliver on an established 4417 connection can result in terminating the connection according to the rules of the transport in use, and 4418 terminating the subscription. Other Web services mechanisms can be used to synthesize reliable
- 4419 delivery or safe replay of the actual deliveries.

# 4420 **10.2.4 SubscribeResponse**

- 4421 The service returns any service-specific reference parameters in the SubscriptionManager EPR, and 4422 these are included by the subscriber (client) later when issuing Unsubscribe and Renew messages.
- 4423 **R10.2.4-1:** In SubscribeResponse, the service may specify any EPR for the
- 4424 SubscriptionManager. However, it is recommended that the address contain the same wsa:To 4425 address as the original Subscribe request and differ only in other parts of the address, such as the 4426 reference parameters.
- 4427 **R10.2.4-2:** A conformant service may not return the Expires field in the response, but, as specified in 10.2, this implies that the subscription does not expire until explicitly canceled.

# 4429 **10.2.5 Heartbeats**

- 4430 A typical problem with event subscriptions is a situation in which no event traffic occurs. It is difficult for
  4431 clients to know whether no events matching the subscription have occurred or whether the subscription
  4432 has simply failed and the client was not able to receive any notification.
- Because of this, WS-Management defines a "heartbeat" pseudo-event that can be sent periodically for
  any subscription. This event is sent if no regular events occur so that the client knows the subscription
  is still active. If the heartbeat event does not arrive, the client knows that connectivity is bad or that the
  subscription has expired, and it can take corrective action.
- 4437 The heartbeat event is sent *in place of* the events that would have occurred and is *never* intermixed 4438 with "real" events. In all modes, including batched, it occurs alone.
- 4439 To request heartbeat events as part of a subscription, the Subscribe request has an additional field in 4440 the Delivery section:

4441	(1)	<wsme:delivery></wsme:delivery>
4442	(2)	
4443	(3)	<pre><wsman:heartbeats> xs:duration </wsman:heartbeats></pre>
4444	(4)	
4445	(5)	

- wsman:Heartbeats specifies that heartbeat events are added to the event stream at the specifiedinterval.
- 4448 **R10.2.5-1:** A service should support heartbeat events. If the service does not support them, it 4449 shall return a wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault with the following detail code:
- 4450 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/Heartbeats
- 4451 Heartbeats apply to all delivery modes.

Heartbeats apply to "pull" mode deliveries as well, in that they are a hint to the publisher about how
often to expect a Pull request. The service can refuse to deliver events if the client does not regularly
call back at the heartbeat interval. If no events are available at the heartbeat interval, the service simply
includes a heartbeat event as the result of the Pull.

- R10.2.5-2: While a subscription with heartbeats is active, the service shall ensure that either real
  events or heartbeats are sent out within the specified wsman:Heartbeat interval. The service may
  send out heartbeats at this interval in addition to the events, as long as the heartbeat events are
  sent separately (not batched with other events). The goal is to ensure that some kind of event traffic
  always occurs within the heartbeat interval.
- R10.2.5-3: A conformant service may send out heartbeats at earlier intervals than specified in
  the subscription. However, the events should not be intermixed with other events when batching
  delivery modes are used. Typically, heartbeats are sent out *only when no real events occur*. A
  service may fail to produce heartbeats at the specified interval if real events have been delivered.
- R10.2.5-4: A conformant service shall not send out heartbeats asynchronously to any event
  deliveries already in progress. They shall be delivered in sequence like any other events, although
  they are delivered alone as single events or as the only event in a batch.
- In practice, heartbeat events are based on a countdown timer. If no events occur, the heartbeat is sent
  out alone. However, every time a real event is delivered, the heartbeat countdown timer is reset. If a
  steady stream of events occurs, heartbeats might never be delivered.
- Heartbeats need to be acknowledged like any other event if one of the acknowledged delivery modes isin effect.
- The client assumes that the subscription is no longer active if no heartbeats are received within the
  specified interval, so the service can proceed to cancel the subscription and send any requested
  SubscriptionEnd messages, because the client will likely resubscribe shortly. Used in combination with
  bookmarks (see 10.2.6), heartbeats can achieve highly reliable delivery with known latency behavior.
- The heartbeat event itself is simply an event message with no body and is identified by its wsa:Action URI as follows:

4479	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
4480	(2) <s:header></s:header>
4481	(3) <wsa:to> </wsa:to>
4482	<pre>(4) <wsa:action s:mustunderstand="true"></wsa:action></pre>
4483	(5) http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Heartbeat
4484	(6)
4485	(7)
4486	(8)
4487	(9) <s:body></s:body>
4488	(10)

## 4489 **10.2.6 Bookmarks**

Reliable delivery of events is difficult to achieve, so management subscribers need to have a way to be
certain of receiving all events from a source. When subscriptions expire or when deliveries fail, windows
of time can occur in which the client cannot be certain whether critical events have occurred. Rather
than using a highly complex, transacted delivery model, WS-Management defines a simple mechanism
for ensuring that all events are delivered or that dropped events can be detected.

4495 This mechanism requires event sources to be backed by logs, whether short-term or long-term. The 4496 client subscribes in the same way as a normal Subscribe operation, and specifies that bookmarks are 4497 to be used. The service then sends a new bookmark with each event delivery, which the client is 4498 responsible for persisting. This bookmark is essentially a context or a pointer to the logical event stream 4499 location that matches the subscription filter. As each new delivery occurs, the client updates the 4500 bookmark in its own space. If the subscription expires or is terminated unexpectedly, the client can subscribe again, using the last known bookmark. In essence, the subscription filter identifies the desired 4501 4502 set of events, and the bookmark tells the service where to start in the log. The client may then pick up 4503 where it left off.

This mechanism is immune to transaction problems, because the client can simply start from any of several recent bookmarks. The only requirement for the service is to have some type of persistent log in which to apply the bookmark. If the submitted bookmark is too old (temporally or positionally within the log), the service can fault the request, and at least the client reliably knows that events have been dropped.

- 4509 **R10.2.6-1:** A conformant service may support the WS-Management bookmark mechanism. If the 4510 service does not support bookmarks, it should return a wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault with the 4511 following detail code:
- 4512 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/Bookmarks

4513 To request bookmark services, the client includes the wsman:SendBookmarks element in the 4514 Subscribe request as follows:

4515 4516 4517 4518 4519 4520 4521	<ol> <li>(1)</li> <li>(2)</li> <li>(3)</li> <li>(4)</li> <li>(5)</li> <li>(6)</li> <li>(7)</li> </ol>	<s:body> <wsme:subscribe> <wsme:delivery>  </wsme:delivery> <wsman:sendbookmarks></wsman:sendbookmarks> </wsme:subscribe></s:body>
	• •	
4522	(8)	

4523 wsman:SendBookmarks instructs the service to send a bookmark with each event delivery. Bookmarks4524 apply to all delivery modes.

The bookmark is a token that represents an abstract pointer in the event stream, but whether it points to the last delivered event or the last event plus one (the upcoming event) makes no difference because the token is supplied to the same implementation during a subsequent Subscribe operation. The service can thus attach any service-specific meaning and structure to the bookmark with no change to the client.

4530 If bookmarks are requested, each event delivery contains a new bookmark value as a SOAP header, as
4531 shown in the following outline. The format of the bookmark is entirely determined by the service and is
4532 treated as an opaque value by the client.

4533	(1)	<s:envelope< th=""></s:envelope<>
4534	(2)	<pre>xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"</pre>
4535	(3)	<pre>xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"</pre>
4536	(4)	<pre>xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"&gt;</pre>

4537	(5) <s:header></s:header>
4538	<pre>(6) <wsa:to s:mustunderstand="true">http://2.3.4.5/client</wsa:to></pre>
4539	(7)
4540	<pre>(8) <wsman:bookmark> xs:any </wsman:bookmark></pre>
4541	(9)
4542	(10)
4543	(11) <s:body></s:body>
4544	(12)event content
4545	(13)
4546	(14)

wsman:Bookmark contains XML content supplied by the service that indicates the logical position ofthis event or event batch in the event stream implied by the subscription.

R10.2.6-2: If bookmarks are supported, the wsman:Bookmark element content shall be either
 simple text or a single complex XML element. A conformant service shall not accept mixed content
 of both text and elements, or multiple peer XML elements, under the wsman:Bookmark element.

4552 R10.2.6-3: If bookmarks are supported, the service shall use a wsman:Bookmark element in the
4553 header to send an updated bookmark with each event delivery. Bookmarks accompany only event
4554 deliveries and are not part of any SubscriptionEnd message.

4555 After the subscription has terminated, for whatever reason, a subsequent Subscribe message on the 4556 part of the client can include the bookmark in the subscription request. The service then knows where 4557 to start.

The last-known bookmark received by the client is added to the Subscribe message as a new block, positioned after the child elements of Subscribe, as in the following outline:

4560	(1)	<s:body></s:body>
4561	(2)	<wsme:subscribe></wsme:subscribe>
4562	(3)	<wsme:delivery> </wsme:delivery>
4563	(4)	<wsme:expires> </wsme:expires>
4564	(5)	<wsman:filter> </wsman:filter>
4565	(6)	<wsman:bookmark></wsman:bookmark>
4566	(7)	last known bookmark from a previous delivery
4567	(8)	
4568	(9)	<wsman:sendbookmarks></wsman:sendbookmarks>
4569	(10)	
4570	(11)	

- 4571 The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
- 4572 wsman:Bookmark
- 4573 arbitrary XML content previously supplied by the service as a wsman:Bookmark during event4574 deliveries from a previous subscription
- 4575 wsman:SendBookmarks
- 4576 an instruction to continue delivering updated bookmarks with each event delivery

4577 R10.2.6-4: The bookmark is a pointer to the last event delivery or batched delivery. The service
4578 shall resume delivery at the first event or events after the event represented by the bookmark. The
4579 service shall not replay events associated with the bookmark or skip any events since the
4580 bookmark.

4581 **R10.2.6-5:** The service may support a short queue of previous bookmarks, allowing the 4582 subscriber to start using any of several previous bookmarks. If bookmarks are supported, the

- 4583 service is required only to support the most recent bookmark for which delivery had apparently 4584 succeeded.
- 4585 **R10.2.6-6:** If the bookmark cannot be honored, the service shall fault with a wsman:InvalidBookmark fault with one of the following detail codes:
- bookmark has expired (the source is not able to back up and replay from that point):
- 4588 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/Expired
- format is unknown:
- 4590 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidFormat

4591 If multiple new subscriptions are made using a previous bookmark, the service can allow multiple reuse
4592 or may limit bookmarks to a single subscriber, and can even restrict how long bookmarks can be used
4593 before becoming invalid.

- The following predefined, reserved bookmark value indicates that the subscription starts at the earliest possible point in the event stream backed by the publisher:
- 4596 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/bookmark/earliest

4597 If a subscription is received with this bookmark, the event source replays all possible events that match
4598 the filter and any events that subsequently occur for that event source. The absence of any bookmark
4599 means "begin at the next available event".

4600 **R10.2.6-7:** A conformant service may support the reserved bookmark

http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/bookmark/earliest and not support any other type
of bookmark. If the http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/bookmark/earliest bookmark is
supported, the event source should send all previous and future events that match the filter starting
with the earliest such event.

# 4605 **10.2.7 Delivery Modes**

While the general pattern of asynchronous, event-based messages is extremely common, different applications often require different event message delivery mechanisms. For instance, in some cases a simple asynchronous message is optimal, while other situations may work better if the event consumer can poll for event messages in order to control the flow and timing of message arrival. Some consumers require event messages to be wrapped in a standard "event" SOAP envelope, while others prefer messages to be delivered unwrapped. Some consumers may require event messages to be delivered reliably, while others may be willing to accept best-effort event delivery.

In order to support this broad variety of event delivery requirements, this specification introduces an
abstraction called a Delivery Mode. This concept is used as an extension point, so that event sources
and event consumers may freely create new delivery mechanisms that are tailored to their specific
requirements. This specification provides a minimal amount of support for delivery mode negotiation by
allowing an event source to provide a list of supported delivery modes in response to a subscription
request specifying a delivery mode it does not support.

- 4619 A WS-Management implementation can support a variety of event delivery modes.
- 4620 In essence, delivery consists of the following items:
- a delivery mode (how events are packaged)
- an address (the transport and network location)
- an authentication profile to use when connecting or delivering the events (security)

- The standard security profiles are discussed in clause 12 and may be required for subscriptions if the service needs hints or other indications of which security model to use at event-time.
- 4626 If the delivery mode is supported but not actually usable due to firewall configuration, the service can 4627 return a wsme:DeliveryModeRequestedUnavailable fault with additional detail to this effect.
- 4628 **R10.2.7-1:** For any given transport, a conformant service should support at least one of the following delivery modes to interoperate with standard clients:
- 4630 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/DeliveryModes/Push
- 4631 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/PushWithAck
- 4632 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Events
- 4633 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Pull
- 4634 The delivery mode does *not* imply any specific transport.
- 4635 Modes describe SOAP message behavior and are unrelated to the transport that is in use. A delivery 4636 mode implies a specific SOAP message format, so a message that deviates from that format requires a 4637 new delivery mode.
- 4638 **R10.2.7-2:** The NotifyTo address in the Subscribe message shall support only a single delivery 4639 mode.
- This requirement is for the client because the service cannot verify whether this statement is true. If this
  requirement is not observed by the client, the service might not operate correctly. If the subscriber
  supports multiple delivery modes, the NotifyTo address needs to be differentiated in some way, such as
  by adding an additional reference parameter.

#### 4644 **10.2.8 Event Action URI**

- 4645 Typically, each event type has its own wsa:Action URI to quickly identify and route the event. If an 4646 event type does not define its own wsa:Action URI, the following URI can be used as a default:
- 4647 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Event

4648 This URI can be used in cases where event types are inferred in real-time from other sources and not 4649 published as Web service events, and thus do not have a designated wsa: Action URI. This specification 4650 places no restrictions on the wsa: Action URI for events. More specific URIs can act as a reliable 4651 dispatching point. In many cases, a fixed schema can serve to model many different types of events, in 4652 which case the event "ID" is simply a field in the XML content of the event. The URI in this case might reflect the schema and be undifferentiated for all of the various event IDs that might occur or it might 4653 4654 reflect the specific event by suffixing the event ID to the wsa:Action URI. This specification places no restrictions on the granularity of the URI, but careful consideration of these issues is part of designing 4655 the URIs for events. 4656

#### 4657 10.2.9 Delivery Sequencing and Acknowledgement

4658 The delivery mode indicates how the service will exchange events with interested parties. This clause 4659 describes delivery modes in detail.

#### 4660 **10.2.9.1 General**

4661 For some event types, ordered and acknowledged delivery is important, but for other types of events 4662 the order of arrival is not significant. WS-Management defines four standard delivery modes:

- http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/DeliveryModes/Push
- 4664With this mode, each SOAP message has only one event and no acknowledgement or SOAP4665response. The service can deliver events for the subscription asynchronously without regard4666to any events already in transit. This mode is useful when the order of events does not matter,4667such as with events containing running totals in which each new event can replace the4668previous one completely and the time stamp is sufficient for identifying the most recent event.
- http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/PushWithAck
- 4670With this mode, each SOAP message has only one event, but each event is acknowledged4671before another is sent. The service queues all undelivered events for the subscription and4672delivers each new event only after the previous one has been acknowledged.
- http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Events
- With this mode, each SOAP message can have many events, but each batch is
  acknowledged before another is sent. The service queues all events for the subscription and
  delivers them in that order, maintaining the order in the batches.
- http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Pull
- With this mode, each SOAP message can have many events, but each batch is
  acknowledged. Because the receiver uses Pull to synchronously retrieve the events,
  acknowledgement is implicit. The order of delivery is maintained.
- 4681 Ordering of events across subscriptions is not implied.
- 4682 The acknowledgement model is discussed in 10.8.
- 4683 **10.2.9.2 Push Mode**
- The standard delivery mode is http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/DeliveryModes/Push,
  in which each delivery consists of a single event. No acknowledgement occurs, so the delivery cannot
  be faulted to cancel the subscription.
- Therefore, subscriptions made with this delivery mode can have short durations to prevent a situation in
   which deliveries cannot be stopped if the SubscriptionManager content from the SubscribeResponse
   information is corrupted or lost.
- 4690 To promote fast routing of events, the required wsa:Action URI in each event message can be distinct 4691 for each event type, regardless of how strongly typed the event body is.
- 4692 **R10.2.9.2-1:** A service may support the
- 4693 http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/DeliveryModes/Push delivery mode.
- 4694 **R10.2.9.2-2:** To precisely control how to deal with events that are too large, the service may 4695 accept the following additional instruction in a subscription:

1000		
4696	(1)	<wsme:delivery></wsme:delivery>
4697	(2)	<wsme:notifyto> </wsme:notifyto>
4698	(3)	
4699	(4)	<pre><wsman:maxenvelopesize policy="enumConstant"></wsman:maxenvelopesize></pre>
4700	(5)	xs:positiveInteger
4701	(6)	

4702 4703	<pre>(7) (8) </pre>
4704	The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
4705 4706	wsme:Delivery/wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize the maximum number of octets for the entire SOAP envelope in a single event delivery
4707 4708	wsme:Delivery/wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize/@Policy an optional value with one of the following enumeration values:
4709	CancelSubscription: cancel on the first oversized event
4710	Skip: silently skip oversized events
4711	• Notify: notify the subscriber that events were dropped as specified in 10.9
4712 4713 4714 4715 4716 4717 4718	<b>R10.2.9.2-3:</b> If wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize is requested, the service shall not send an event body larger than the specified limit. The default behavior is to notify the subscriber as specified in 10.9, unless otherwise instructed in the subscription, and to attempt to continue delivery. If the event exceeds any internal default maximums, the service should also attempt to notify as specified in 10.9 rather than terminate the subscription, unless otherwise specified in the subscription. If wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize is too large for the service, the service shall return a wsman:EncodingLimit fault with the following detail code:
4719	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MaxEnvelopeSize
4720 4721	In the absence of any other Policy instructions, services are to deliver notifications of dropped events to subscribers, as specified in 10.9.
4722	10.2.9.3 PushWithAck Mode
4723 4724 4725	This delivery mode is identical to the standard "Push" mode except that each delivery is acknowledged. Each delivery still has one event, and the wsa:Action element indicates the event type. However, a SOAP-based acknowledgement occurs as described in 10.7.
4726	The delivery mode URI is:
4727	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/PushWithAck
4728 4729	In every other respect except the delivery mode URI, this mode is identical to Push mode as described in 10.2.9.2.
4730 4731 4732	<b>R10.2.9.3-1:</b> A service should support the http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/PushWithAck delivery mode. If the delivery mode is not supported, the service should return a fault of wsme:DeliveryModeRequestedUnavailable.
4733	10.2.9.4 Batched Delivery Mode
4734 4735 4736 4737	Batching events is an effective way to minimize event traffic from a high-volume event source without sacrificing event timeliness. WS-Management defines a custom event delivery mode that allows an event source to bundle multiple outgoing event messages into a single SOAP envelope. Delivery is always acknowledged, using the model defined in 10.7.

4738**R10.2.9.4-1:** A service may support the http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Events4739delivery mode. If the delivery mode is not supported, the service should return a fault of4740wsme:DeliveryModeRequestedUnavailable.

4741	For this delivery mode, the Delivery element has the following format:
4742 4743 4744 4745 4746 4747 4748 4749 4750 4751	<pre>(1) <wsme:delivery mode="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Events"> (2) <wsme:notifyto> (3) wsa:EndpointReferenceType (4) </wsme:notifyto> (5) <wsman:maxelements> xs:positiveInteger </wsman:maxelements> ? (6) <wsman:maxtime> xs:duration </wsman:maxtime> ? (7) <wsman:maxenvelopesize policy="enumConstant"> (8) xs:positiveInteger (9) </wsman:maxenvelopesize> ? (10) </wsme:delivery></pre>
4752	The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
4753	wsme:Delivery/@Mode
4754	required attribute that shall be defined as
4755	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Events
4756	wsme:Delivery/wsme:NotifyTo
4757 4758	required element that shall contain the EPR to which event messages are to be sent for this subscription
4759	wsme:Delivery/wsman:MaxElements
4760 4761	optional element that contains a positive integer that indicates the maximum number of event bodies to batch into a single SOAP envelope
4762 4763	The resource shall not deliver more than this number of items in a single delivery, although it may deliver fewer.
4764	wsme:Delivery/wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize
4765 4766	optional element that contains a positive integer that indicates the maximum number of octets in the SOAP envelope used to deliver the events
4767	wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize/@Policy
4768	an optional attribute with one of the following enumeration values:
4769	CancelSubscription: cancel on the first oversized event
4770	Skip: silently skip oversized events
4771	• <b>Notify:</b> notify the subscriber that events were dropped as specified in 10.9
4772	wsme:Delivery/wsman:MaxTime
4773 4774	optional element that contains a duration that indicates the maximum amount of time the service should allow to elapse while batching Event bodies
4775 4776 4777 4778 4779 4780 4781	This time may not be exceeded between the encoding of the first event in the batch and the dispatching of the batch for delivery. Some publisher implementations may choose more complex schemes in which different events included in the subscription are delivered at different latencies or at different priorities. In such cases, a specific filter dialect can be designed for the purpose and used to describe the instructions to the publisher. In such cases, wsman:MaxTime can be omitted if it is not applicable; if present, however, it serves as an override of anything defined within the filter.

- In the absence of any other instructions in any part of the subscription, services are to delivernotifications of dropped events to subscribers, as specified in 10.9.
- 4784 If a client wants to discover the appropriate values for wsman:MaxElements or
- wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize, the client can query for service-specific metadata. The format of such
   metadata is beyond the scope of this particular specification.

4787 4788 4789	<b>R10.2.9.4-2:</b> If batched mode is requested in a Subscribe message, and MaxElements, MaxEnvelopeSize, and MaxTime elements are not present, the service may pick any applicable defaults. The following faults apply:
4790 4791	<ul> <li>If MaxElements is not supported, wsman:UnsupportedFeature is returned with the following fault detail code:</li> </ul>
4792	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MaxElements
4793 4794	<ul> <li>If MaxEnvelopeSize is not supported, wsman:UnsupportedFeature is returned with the following fault detail code:</li> </ul>
4795	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MaxEnvelopeSize
4796 4797	<ul> <li>If MaxTime is not supported, wsman:UnsupportedFeature is returned with the following fault detail code:</li> </ul>
4798	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MaxTime
4799 4800	<ul> <li>If MaxEnvelopeSize/@Policy is not supported, wsman:UnsupportedFeature is returned with the following fault detail code:</li> </ul>
4801	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MaxEnvelopePolicy
4802 4803 4804 4805 4806	<b>R10.2.9.4-3:</b> If wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize is requested, the service shall not send an event body larger than the specified limit. The default behavior is to notify the subscriber as specified in 10.9, unless otherwise instructed in the subscription, and to attempt to continue delivery. If the event exceeds any internal default maximums, the service should also attempt notification as specified in 10.9 rather than terminate the subscription, unless otherwise specified in the subscription.
4807 4808	If a subscription has been created using batched mode, all event delivery messages shall have the following format:
4809	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
4810	(2) <s:header></s:header>
4811 4812	<pre>(3) (4) <wsa:action></wsa:action></pre>
4813	<ul><li>(1) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i) (i</li></ul>
4814	(6)
4815	(7)
4816 4817	(8)
4818	<pre>(9) <s:body> (10) <wsman:events></wsman:events></s:body></pre>
4819	<pre>(10) <wsman:event action="event action URI"></wsman:event></pre>
4820	(12)event body
4821	(13)  +
4822	(14)
4823	(15)
4824	(16)
4825	The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:

- 4825 The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
- 4826 s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action
- 4827 required element that shall be defined as

<ul> <li>s:Envelope/s:Body/wsman:Events/wsman:Event</li> <li>required elements that shall contain the body of the corresponding event message, as if wsman:Event were the s:Body element</li> <li>s:Envelope/s:Body/wsman:Events/wsman:Event/@Action</li> <li>required attribute that shall contain the wsa:Action URI that would have been used for the contained event message</li> <li>R10.2.9.4.4: If batched mode is requested, deliveries shall be acknowledged as described in 10.7.</li> <li>Dropped events (as specified in 10.9) are encoded with any other events.</li> <li>EXAMPLE: The following example shows batching parameters supplied to a Subscribe operation. The service is instructed to send no more than 10 items per batch, to wait no more than 20 seconds from the time the first event is encoded unit the entire batch is dispatched, and to include no more than 8192 octets in the SOAP message.</li> <li>(1) &lt;</li> <li>(2) </li> <li>(3) </li> <li>(3) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(3) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(3) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(3) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(5) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(6) </li> <li>(7) </li> <li>(7) </li> <li>(8) </li> <li>(8) </li> <li>(9) </li> <li>(9) </li> <li>(9) </li> <li>(10) </li> <li>(10) </li> <li>(10) </li> <li>(11) </li> <li>(2) </li> <li>(2) </li> <li>(3) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(5) </li> <li>(10) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(2) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(3) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(5) </li> <li>(10) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(2) </li> <li>(2) </li> <li>(3) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(4) </li> <li>(5) </li> <li>(6) </li> <li>(7) </li> <li>(7) </li> <li>(8) </li> <li>(8) </li> <li>(8) </li> <li>(9) </li> <li>(9) </li> <li>(10) </li> <li>(11) </li> <li>(11) </li> <li>(12) </li> <li>(12) </li> <li>(13) </li> <li>(14) </li> <li>(14) </li> <li>(15) </li> <li>(15) </li> <li>(16) </li> <li>(16) </li> <li>(17) </li> <li>(17) </li> <li>(18) </li> <li>(18) </li> <li>(19) </li> <li>(11) </li> <li>(11) </li> <li>(11)</li></ul>	4828	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Events
<ul> <li>required elements that shall contain the body of the corresponding event message, as if wsman:Event were the s:Body element</li> <li>s:Envelope/s:Body/wsman:Events/wsman:Event/@Action</li> <li>required attribute that shall contain the wsa:Action URI that would have been used for the contained event message</li> <li>R10.2.9.4.4: If batched mode is requested, deliveries shall be acknowledged as described in 10.7.</li> <li>Dropped events (as specified in 10.9) are encoded with any other events.</li> <li>EXAMPLE: The following example shows batching parameters supplied to a Subscribe operation. The service is instructed to send no more than 10 items per batch, to wait no more than 20 seconds from the time the first event is encoded until the entire batch is dispatched, and to include no more than 8192 octets in the SOAP message.</li> <li>(1)</li></ul>	4829	
4831       wsman:Event were the s:Body element         4832       s:Envelope/s:Body/wsman:Events/wsman:Event/@Action         4833       required attribute that shall contain the wsa:Action URI that would have been used for the contained event message         4834       contained event message         4835       R10.2.9.4.4: If batched mode is requested, deliveries shall be acknowledged as described in 10.7.         4836       10.7.         4837       Dropped events (as specified in 10.9) are encoded with any other events.         4838       EXAMPLE: The following example shows batching parameters supplied to a Subscribe operation. The service is instructed to send no more than 10 items per batch, to wait no more than 20 seconds from the time the first event is encoded until the entire batch is dispatched, and to include no more than 8192 octets in the SOAP message.         4842       (1)          4843       (2) <wsman:matchements 16="" vsman:maxelements="">         4844       (3)       Mode="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/l/wsman/Events"&gt;         4845       (4)       <kwsman:matchements 16="" vsman:maxelements="">         4846       (5)       <kwsman:matchements 16="" vsman:maxelements="">         4847       (6)       <kwsman:matchements 16="" vsman:maxelements="">         4848       (3)       wman:Matchements/16/vsman:MaxElements&gt;         4849       (8)       <kwsman:matchements 16="" td="" vsman:m<=""><th></th><td></td></kwsman:matchements></kwsman:matchements></kwsman:matchements></kwsman:matchements></wsman:matchements>		
4833       required attribute that shall contain the wsa:Action URI that would have been used for the         4834       contained event message         4835       R10.2.9.4.4: If batched mode is requested, deliveries shall be acknowledged as described in         4836       10.7.         4837       Dropped events (as specified in 10.9) are encoded with any other events.         4838       EXAMPLE: The following example shows batching parameters supplied to a Subscribe operation. The         4839       service is instructed to send no more than 10 items per batch, to wait no more than 01 seconds from the time the first event is encoded until the entire batch is dispatched, and to include no more than 8192 octets in the SOAP message.         4842       (1)		
4834       contained event message         4835       R10.2.9.44: If batched mode is requested, deliveries shall be acknowledged as described in         4836       10.7.         4837       Dropped events (as specified in 10.9) are encoded with any other events.         4838       EXAMPLE: The following example shows batching parameters supplied to a Subscribe operation. The service is instructed to send no more than 10 items per batch, to wait no more than 20 seconds from the time the first event is encoded until the entire batch is dispatched, and to include no more than 8192 octets in the SOAP message.         4842       (1)         4843       (2) <wsme:delivery< td="">         4844       (3) Mode="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/l/wsman/Events"&gt;         4845       (4) <wsme:notifyto>         4846       (5) <wsma:naximme>TOSOAF(man:MaxTime&gt;         4847       (6)        <wsma:maxime>PT200s/vsma:MaxElements&gt;         4848       (2) <wsma:maxime>PT200s/vsma:MaxEnvelopeSize&gt;         4850       (9) <wsma:maxime>PT200s/vsma:MaxEnvelopeSize&gt;         4851       (1) &lt;</wsma:maxime></wsma:maxime></wsma:maxime></wsma:naximme></wsme:notifyto></wsme:delivery<>	4832	s:Envelope/s:Body/wsman:Events/wsman:Event/@Action
<pre>4836 10.7. 4837 Dropped events (as specified in 10.9) are encoded with any other events. 4838 EXAMPLE: The following example shows batching parameters supplied to a Subscribe operation. The 4839 service is instructed to send no more than 10 items per batch, to wait no more than 20 seconds from the time 4840 the first event is encoded until the entire batch is dispatched, and to include no more than 8192 octets in the 4841 SOAP message. 4842 (1) 4843 (2) <wsme:delivery 4844 (3) Mode="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Events"&gt; 4845 (4) <wsme:notifyto> 4846 (5) <wsma:matclements>10 4847 (6) &lt;</wsma:matclements></wsme:notifyto> 4848 (7) <wsman:maxelements>10</wsman:maxelements> 4849 (8) <wsman:maxelements>10</wsman:maxelements> 4849 (8) <wsman:maxelements>10 4851 (10)  4852 EXAMPLE: Following is an example of batched delivery that conforms to this specification: 4853 (1) &lt;4854 (2) xmlns:se="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing 4856 (3) xmlns:wsma="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing 4856 (4) xmlns:wsma="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing"&gt; 4858 (6) &lt;<s:header> 4859 (7) <wsa:to s:mustunderstand="true">http://2.3.4.5/client</wsa:to> 4860 (8) <wsa:action> 4861 (9) http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd" 4866 (10) </wsa:action> 4861 (2) xmlns:wsma="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing"&gt; 4866 (10)  4866 (11) 4866 (12) 4867 (13)  4866 (14) 4866 (15) &lt;<s:beader> 4866 (16) 4866 (16) 4866 (17) 4866 (18) 4866 (19) 4866 (19) 4866 (19) 4869 (17) 4869 (17) 4869 (17) 4869 (17) 4869 (17) 4869 (17) 4870 (18) xmlns="htt</s:beader></s:header></wsman:maxelements></wsme:delivery </pre>		
<pre>EXAMPLE: The following example shows batching parameters supplied to a Subscribe operation. The service is instructed to send no more than 10 items per batch, to wait no more than 20 seconds from the time the first event is encoded until the entire batch is dispatched, and to include no more than 8192 octets in the SOAP message.</pre> <pre>4842 (1) 4843 (2) <wmme:delivery (3)="" 4844="" mode="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/l/wsman/Events"> 4845 (4) <wmme:notifyto> 4846 (5) <wmme:notifyto> 4846 (5) <wmme:notifyto> 4846 (6) <wmme:notifyto> 4848 (7) &lt;<wmma:naxelements>10 4849 (8) <wmme:natime>PT208 4849 (8) <wmme:natime>PT208 4850 (9) <wmme:delivery> 4852 EXAMPLE: Following is an example of batched delivery that conforms to this specification: 4853 (1) <s:envelope (2)="" (3)="" 08="" 2004="" 4854="" 4856="" addressing="" schemas.mlsoap.org="" ws="" xmins:ss"http:="" xmins:wsm="http://schemas.mlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing"> 4856 (4) xmIns:wsmm="http://schemas.mlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing"&gt; 4856 (5) <wmma:maxelements) (9)="" 4859="" <wmme:delivery=""> 4852 EXAMPLE: Following is an example of batched delivery that conforms to this specification: 4853 (1) <s:envelope (2)="" 08="" 2004="" 4854="" eventing"="" http:="" schemas.mlsoap.org="" ws="" xmins:wsm="http://schemas.mlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing 4856 (3) xmIns:wsm="> 4857 (5) xmIns:wsm="http://schemas.mlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing"&gt; 4858 (6) <s:header> 4859 (7) &lt;<wmmess.detion> 4860 (8) <wmmess.detion> 4863 (11) 4864 (12)  4866 (14) <wmmess.detion> 4866 (14) &lt; 4866 (14) &lt; 4866 (14) &lt; 4869 (17) &lt; &gt;  <p< td=""><th></th><td></td></p<></wmmess.detion></wmmess.detion></wmmess.detion></s:header></s:envelope></wmma:maxelements)></s:envelope></wmme:delivery></wmme:natime></wmme:natime></wmma:naxelements></wmme:notifyto></wmme:notifyto></wmme:notifyto></wmme:notifyto></wmme:delivery></pre>		
4839service is instructed to send no more than 10 items per batch, to wait no more than 20 seconds from the time4840the first event is encoded until the entire batch is dispatched, and to include no more than 8192 octets in the4841SOAP message.4842(1)4843(2) <wsme: delivery<="" td="">4844(3) Mode="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/lwsman/Events"&gt;4844(3) Mode="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/lwsman/Events"&gt;4845(4) <wsme:notifyto>4846(5) <wsma:naxelements>lo4847(6) &lt;<wsma:naxelements>lo4848(7) <wsman:maxelements>lo4849(8) <wsman:maxelements>lo4850(9) <wsman:maxenvelopesize>8192</wsman:maxenvelopesize>4851(10) 4852EXAMPLE: Following is an example of batched delivery that conforms to this specification:4853(1) <s:envelope< td="">4854(2) xnlns:ws="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/l/wsman.xsd"4855(3) xmlns:wsme="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/l/wsman.xsd"4856(4) xmlns:wsme="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing4857(5) xmlns:wsme="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing"&gt;4860(8) <wsa:atcion>4861(9) http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/l/wsman/Events4862(10) (wsa:Atcion&gt;4863(11)4864(12) (s:Body&gt;4855(3) xmlns:wset="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2005/02/diskspacechange"&gt;4856(13) (s:Body&gt;4857(5) xman:Events4866</wsa:atcion></s:envelope<></wsman:maxelements></wsman:maxelements></wsma:naxelements></wsma:naxelements></wsme:notifyto></wsme:>	4837	Dropped events (as specified in 10.9) are encoded with any other events.
4843       (1) <wsme:delivery< td="">         4844       (3)       Mode="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/l/wsman/Events"&gt;         4845       (4)       <wsme:notifyto>         4846       (5)       <wsme:notifyto>         4847       (6)        <wsme:notifyto>         4848       (7)       <wsman:maxelements>10          4849       (8)       <wsman:maxelments>10          4850       (9)       <wsman:maxenvelopesize>8192          4851       (10)            4851       (10)            4852       EXAMPLE: Following is an example of batched delivery that conforms to this specification:         4853       (1)       &lt;:s:Envelope</wsman:maxenvelopesize></wsman:maxelments></wsman:maxelements></wsme:notifyto></wsme:notifyto></wsme:notifyto></wsme:delivery<>	4839 4840	service is instructed to send no more than 10 items per batch, to wait no more than 20 seconds from the time the first event is encoded until the entire batch is dispatched, and to include no more than 8192 octets in the
4853       (1) <s:envelope< td="">         4854       (2) xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"         4855       (3) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing         4856       (4) xmlns:wsma="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/l/wsman.xsd"         4857       (5) xmlns:wsme="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing"&gt;         4858       (6) <s:header>         4859       (7) <wsa:to s:mustunderstand="true">http://2.3.4.5/client</wsa:to>         4860       (8) <wsa:action>         4861       (9) http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/l/wsman/Events         4862       (10)          4863       (11)         4864       (12)          4865       (13) <s:body>         4866       (14)          4867       (15)          4868       (16) Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2005/02/diskspacechange"&gt;         4869       (17)          4869       (17)          4869       (18) xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2005/02/diskspacechange"&gt;         4870       (18) xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2005/02/diskspacechange"&gt;         4871       (19)        Orive&gt; C:</s:body></wsa:action></s:header></s:envelope<>	4843 4844 4845 4846 4847 4848 4849 4850	<pre>(2) <wsme:delivery (3) Mode="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Events"&gt; (4) <wsme:notifyto> (5) <wsa:address>http://2.3.4.5/client</wsa:address> (6) </wsme:notifyto> (7) <wsman:maxelements>10</wsman:maxelements> (8) <wsman:maxtime>PT20S</wsman:maxtime> (9) <wsman:maxenvelopesize>8192</wsman:maxenvelopesize></wsme:delivery </pre>
4854       (2) xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"         4855       (3) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing         4856       (4) xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd"         4857       (5) xmlns:wsme="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing">         4858       (6) <s:header>         4859       (7) <wsa:to s:mustunderstand="true">http://2.3.4.5/client</wsa:to>         4860       (8) <wsa:action>         4861       (9) http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Events         4862       (10)          4863       (11)         4864       (12) </wsa:action></s:header> 4865       (13) <s:body>         4866       (14)          4867       (15)          4868       (16) Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2005/02/diskspacechange"&gt;         4869       (17)          4869       (17)          4870       (18) xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2005/02/diskspacechange"&gt;         4871       (19)</s:body>	4852	EXAMPLE: Following is an example of batched delivery that conforms to this specification:
4872       (20)	4854 4855 4856 4857 4858 4859 4860 4861 4862 4863 4864 4865 4866 4867 4868 4869 4870 4871 4872 4873 4874 4875	<pre>(2) xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope" (3) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing (4) xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd" (5) xmlns:wsme="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing"&gt; (6) <s:header> (7) <wsa:to s:mustunderstand="true">http://2.3.4.5/client</wsa:to> (8) <wsa:action> (9) http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Events (10) </wsa:action> (11) (12) </s:header> (13) <s:body> (14) <wsman:events> (15) <wsman:event (16) Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2005/02/diskspacechange"&gt; (17) <diskchange (18) xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2005/02/diskspacechange"&gt; (19) <drive> C: </drive> (20) <freespace> 802012911 </freespace> (21) </diskchange </wsman:event </wsman:events></s:body></pre>

4878	(26)	<pre>xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2005/02/diskspacechange"&gt;</pre>
4879	(27)	<drive> D: </drive>
4880	(28)	<freespace> 1402012913 </freespace>
4881	(29)	
4882	(30)	
4883	(31)	
4884	(32)	
4885	(33)	

The Action URI in line 9 specifies that this is a batch that contains distinct events. The individual event
bodies are at lines 15–22 and lines 23–30. The actual Action attribute for the individual events is an
attribute of the wsman:Event wrapper.

#### 4889 **10.2.9.5 Pull Delivery Mode**

In some circumstances, polling for events is an effective way of controlling data flow and balancing
timeliness against processing ability. Also, in some cases, network restrictions prevent "push" modes
from being used; that is, the service cannot initiate a connection to the subscriber.

WS-Management defines a custom event delivery mode, "pull mode," which allows an event source to
maintain a logical queue of event messages received by enumeration. This delivery mode borrows the
Pull message to retrieve events from the logical queue. However, all of the other pub/sub operations
defined in this clause can continue to be used. (For example, Unsubscribe, rather than Release, is used
to cancel a subscription.)

#### 4898 For this delivery mode, the Delivery element has the following format:

- 4899 (1) <wsme:Delivery Mode="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Pull">
  4900 (2) ...
- 4901 (3) </wsme:Delivery>
- 4902 wsme:Delivery/@Mode shall be
- 4903 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Pull
- 4904 R10.2.9.5-1: A service may support the http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Pull
   4905 delivery mode. If pull mode is requested but not supported, the service shall return a fault of
   4906 wsme:DeliveryModeRequestedUnavailable.
- 4907 wsman:MaxElements, wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize, and wsman:MaxTime do not apply in the Subscribe
  4908 message when using this delivery mode because the Pull message contains all of the necessary
  4909 functionality for controlling the batching and timing of the responses.
- 4910 **R10.2.9.5-2:** If a subscription incorrectly specifies parameters that are not compatible with pull 4911 mode, the service should issue a wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault with the following detail code:
- 4912 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/FormatMismatch
- R10.2.9.5-3: If pull mode is requested in a Subscribe message and the event source accepts the
   subscription request, the SubscribeResponse element in the REPLY message shall contain an
   EnumerationContext element suitable for use in a subsequent Pull operation.

#### 4916 EXAMPLE:

4917	(1)	<s:body></s:body>
4918	(2)	<wsme:subscriberesponse></wsme:subscriberesponse>
4919	(3)	<wsme:subscriptionmanager></wsme:subscriptionmanager>
4920	(4)	wsa:EndpointReferenceType
4921	(5)	
4922	(6)	<wsme:expires>[xs:dateTime   xs:duration]</wsme:expires>
4919 4920 4921	(3) (4) (5)	<wsme:subscriptionmanager> wsa:EndpointReferenceType </wsme:subscriptionmanager>

4923 4924 4925 4926	<pre>(7) <wsmen:enumerationcontext></wsmen:enumerationcontext> (8) (9)  (10) </pre>
4927	The subscriber extracts the EnumerationContext and uses it thereafter in Pull requests.
4928 4929 4930 4931	<b>R10.2.9.5-4:</b> If pull mode is active, Pull messages shall use the EPR of the subscription manager obtained from the SubscribeResponse message. The EPR reference parameters are of a service-specific addressing model, but may use the WS-Management default addressing model if it is suitable.
4932 4933 4934 4935	<b>R10.2.9.5-5:</b> If pull mode is active and a Pull request returns no events (because none have occurred since the last "pull"), the service should return a wsman:TimedOut fault. The EnumerationContext is still considered active, and the subscriber may continue to issue Pull requests with the most recent EnumerationContext for which event deliveries actually occurred.
4936 4937 4938 4939	<b>R10.2.9.5-6:</b> If pull mode is active and a Pull request returns events, the service may return an updated EnumerationContext as specified for Pull, and the subscriber is expected to use the update, if any, in the subsequent Pull, as specified for the Enumeration operations. Bookmarks, if active, may also be returned in the header and shall also be updated by the service.
4940 4941	In practice, the service might not actually change the EnumerationContext, but the client cannot depend on it remaining constant. It is updated conceptually, if not actually.
4942 4943	In pull mode, the Pull request controls the batching. If no defaults are specified, the batch size is 1 and the maximum envelope size and timeouts are service-defined.
4944 4945 4946	<b>R10.2.9.5-7:</b> If pull mode is active, the service shall not return an EndOfSequence element in the event stream because no concept of a "last event" exists in this mode. Rather, the enumeration context should become invalid if the subscription expires or is canceled for any reason.
4947 4948	<b>R10.2.9.5-8:</b> If pull mode is used, the service shall accept the wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize used in the Pull as the limitation on the event size that can be delivered.
4949 4950	The batching properties used in batched mode do not apply to pull mode. The client controls the maximum event size using the normal mechanisms in Pull.
4951	10.3 GetStatus
4952 4953	To get the status of a subscription, the subscriber sends a request of the following form to the subscription manager:
4954 4955 4956 4957 4958	<pre>(1) <s:envelope> (2) <s:header> (3) <wsa:action> (4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/GetStatus (5) </wsa:action></s:header></s:envelope></pre>

(5) (6) 4959 ... 4960

4961 4962

- <wsme:GetStatus ...> 4963 (10) ...
- 4964 (11) </wsme:GetStatus>
- 4965 (12) </s:Body>
- 4966 (13) </s:Envelope>

- 4967 Components of the preceding outline are additionally constrained as for a request to renew a
  4968 subscription. Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this
  4969 specification.
- 4970 If the subscription is valid and has not expired, the subscription manager shall reply with a response of 4971 the following form:

4972	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
4973	(2) <s:header></s:header>
4974	(3) <wsa:action></wsa:action>
4975	(4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/GetStatusResponse
4976	(5)
4977	(6)
4978	(7)
4979	(8) <s:body></s:body>
4980	(9) <wsme:getstatusresponse></wsme:getstatusresponse>
4981	<pre>(10) <wsme:expires>[xs:dateTime   xs:duration]</wsme:expires> ?</pre>
4982	(11)
4983	<pre>(12) </pre>
4984	(13)
4985	(14)

- 4986 Components of the preceding outline are constrained as for a response to a renew request. Other 4987 components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.
- 4988 The wsme:GetStatus message is optional for WS-Management.
- R10.3-1: The wse:GetStatus message in a constrained environment is a candidate for exclusion. If
   this message is not supported, then a wsa:ActionNotSupported fault shall be returned in response
   to this request.
- 4992 Heartbeat support may be implemented rather than the wsme:GetStatus message.

#### 4993 **10.4 Unsubscribe**

- 4994 Though subscriptions expire eventually, to minimize resources the subscribing event sink should 4995 explicitly delete a subscription when it no longer wants notifications associated with the subscription.
- 4996 To explicitly delete a subscription, a subscribing event sink sends a request of the following form to the 4997 subscription manager:

4998	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
4999	(2) <s:header></s:header>
5000	(3) <wsa:action></wsa:action>
5001	(4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/Unsubscribe
5002	(5)
5003	(6)
5004	(7)
5005	(8) <s:body></s:body>
5006	(9) <wsme:unsubscribe></wsme:unsubscribe>
5007	(10)
5008	(11)
5009	(12)
5010	(13)

5011 Components of the preceding outline are additionally constrained only as for a request to renew a 5012 subscription. For example, the faults listed there are also defined for a request to delete a subscription.

5013 If the subscription manager accepts a request to delete a subscription, it shall reply with a response of 5014 the following form:

5015	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
5016	(2) <s:header></s:header>
5017	(3) <wsa:action></wsa:action>
5018	(4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/UnsubscribeResponse
5019	(5)
5020	<pre>(6) <wsa:relatesto>xs:anyURI</wsa:relatesto></pre>
5021	(7)
5022	(8)
5023	(9) <s:body></s:body>
5024	(10)

- 5025 Components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.
- 5026 **R10.4-1:** If a service supports Subscribe, it shall implement the Unsubscribe message and ensure 5027 that event delivery will be terminated if the message is accepted as valid. Delivery of events may 5028 occur after responding to the Unsubscribe message as long as the event traffic stops at some point.
- 5029 **R10.4-2:** A service may unilaterally cancel a subscription for any reason, including internal timeouts, reconfiguration, or unreliable connectivity.
- 5031 Clients need to be prepared to receive any events already in transit even though they have issued an 5032 Unsubscribe message. Clients have the option to either fault any such deliveries or accept them.
- 5033 The EPR to use for this message is received from the SubscribeResponse element in the 5034 SubscriptionManager element.

#### 5035 **10.5 Renew**

- 5036 To update the expiration for a subscription, subscription managers shall support requests to renew 5037 subscriptions.
- 5038 To renew a subscription, the subscriber sends a request of the following form to the subscription 5039 manager:

5040	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>		
5041	(2) <s:header></s:header>		
5042	(3) <wsa:action></wsa:action>		
5043	(4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/Renew		
5044	(5)		
5045	(6)		
5046	(7)		
5047	(8) <s:body></s:body>		
5048	(9) <wsme:renew></wsme:renew>		
5049	<pre>(10) <wsme:expires>[xs:dateTime   xs:duration]</wsme:expires> ?</pre>		
5050	(11)		
5051	(12)		
5052	(13)		
5053	(14)		

- 5054 Components of the preceding outline are additionally constrained as for a request to create a 5055 subscription. Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this 5056 specification.
- 5057 If the subscription manager accepts a request to renew a subscription, it shall reply with a response of 5058 the following form:

5059	(1)	<s:envelope></s:envelope>
5060	(2)	<s:header></s:header>
5061	(3)	<wsa:action></wsa:action>
5062	(4)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/RenewResponse

5063	(5)
5064	(6)
5065	(7)
5066	(8) <s:body></s:body>
5067	(9) <wsme:renewresponse></wsme:renewresponse>
5068	<pre>(10) <wsme:expires>[xs:dateTime   xs:duration]</wsme:expires> ?</pre>
5069	(11)
5070	<pre>(12) </pre>
5071	(13)
5072	(14)

- 5073 Components of the preceding outline are constrained as for a response to a subscribe request with the 5074 following addition(s):
- 5075 /s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsme:Expires
- 5076 If the requested expiration is a duration, then the implied start of that duration is the time when the 5077 subscription manager starts processing the Renew request.
- 5078 If the subscription manager chooses not to renew this subscription, the request shall fail, and the 5079 subscription manager may generate a wsme:UnableToRenew fault indicating that the renewal was not 5080 accepted.
- 5081 Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.
- 5082 Processing of the Renew message is required, but it is not required to succeed.
- 5083**R10.5-1:** Although a conformant service shall accept the Renew message as a valid action, the5084service may always fault the request with a wsme:UnableToRenew fault, forcing the client to5085subscribe from scratch.
- 5086 Renew has no effect on deliveries in progress, bookmarks, heartbeats, or other ongoing activity. It 5087 simply extends the lifetime of the subscription.
- 5088 The EPR to use for this message is received from the SubscribeResponse element in the 5089 SubscriptionManager element.

# 5090 **10.6 SubscriptionEnd**

If the event source terminates a subscription unexpectedly, the event source should send a
Subscription End SOAP message to the endpoint reference indicated when the subscription was
created. The message shall be of the following form:

5094	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
5095	(2) <s:header></s:header>
5096	(3) <wsa:action></wsa:action>
5097	(4) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/SubscriptionEnd
5098	(5)  ?
5099	(6)
5100	(7)
5101	(8) <s:body></s:body>
5102	(9) <wsme:subscriptionend></wsme:subscriptionend>
5103	<pre>(10) <wsme:subscriptionmanager></wsme:subscriptionmanager></pre>
5104	(11) endpoint-reference
5105	<pre>(12) </pre>
5106	(13) <wsme:status></wsme:status>
5107	(14) [
5108	(15) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/DeliveryFailure
5109	(16) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/SourceShuttingDown
5110	(17) http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/SourceCancelling
5111	(18) ]

5112 5113 5114 5115 5116 5117 5118	<pre>(19)  (20) <wsme:reason xml:lang="language identifier">xs:string</wsme:reason> ? (21) (22)  (23) (24)  (25) </pre>
5119	The following describes additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
5120 5121 5122 5123 5124	/s:Envelope/s:Body/*/wsme:SubscriptionManager Endpoint reference of the subscription manager. It is recommended that event sinks ignore this element as its usage requires the ability to compare EPRs for equality when no such mechanism exists. Event sinks are advised to use reference parameters in the /wsme:Subscribe/wsme:EndTo EPR if they wish to correlate this message against their outstanding subscriptions.
5125 5126 5127 5128	/s:Envelope/s:Body/wsme:SubscriptionEnd/wsme:Status = "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/DeliveryFailure" This value shall be used if the event source terminated the subscription because of problems delivering notifications.
5129 5130 5131 5132 5133	/s:Envelope/s:Body/wsme:SubscriptionEnd/wsme:Status = "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/SourceShuttingDown" This value shall be used if the event source terminated the subscription because the source is being shut down in a controlled manner (that is, if the event source is being shut down but has the opportunity to send a SubscriptionEnd message before it exits).
5134 5135 5136 5137	/s:Envelope/s:Body/wsme:SubscriptionEnd/wsme:Status = "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/SourceCancelling" This value shall be used if the event source terminated the subscription for some other reason before it expired.
5138 5139 5140	/s:Envelope/s:Body/wsme:SubscriptionEnd/wsme:Reason This optional element contains text, in the language specified by the @xml:lang attribute, describing the reason for the unexpected subscription termination.
5141 5142	Other message information headers defined in 5.4 may be included in the message, according to the usage and semantics defined in 5.4.
5143	Other components of the preceding outline are not further constrained by this specification.
5144 5145 5146	This SubscriptionEnd message is optional for WS-Management. In effect, it is the "last event" for a subscription. Because its primary purpose is to warn a subscriber that a subscription has ended, it is not suitable for use with pull-mode delivery.
5147	<b>R10.6-1:</b> A conformant service may implement the SubscriptionEnd message.
5148 5149	<b>R10.6-2:</b> A conformant service shall not implement the SubscriptionEnd message when event delivery is done using pull mode as defined in 10.2.9.4.
5150 5151	<b>R10.6-3:</b> If SubscriptionEnd is supported, the message shall contain any reference parameters specified by the subscriber in the EndTo address in the original subscription.
5152	R10.6-4: This rule intentionally left blank.
5153 5154	If the service delivers events over the same connection as the Subscribe operation, the client typically knows that a subscription has been terminated because the connection itself closes or terminates.

5155 When the delivery connection is distinct from the subscribe connection, a SubscriptionEnd message is 5156 highly recommended; otherwise, the client has no immediate way of knowing that a subscription is no 5157 longer active.

## 5158 **10.7 Acknowledgement of Delivery**

5159 To ensure that delivery is acknowledged at the application level, the original subscriber can request that 5160 the event sink physically acknowledge event deliveries, rather than relying entirely on transport-level 5161 guarantees.

In other words, the transport might have accepted delivery of the events but not forwarded them to the
actual event sink process, and the service would move on to the next set of events. System failures
might result in dropped events. Therefore, a mechanism is needed in which a message-level
acknowledgement can occur. This allows acknowledgement to be pushed up to the application level,
increasing the reliability of event deliveries.

- 5167 The client selects acknowledged delivery by selecting a delivery mode in which each event has a 5168 response. In this specification, the two acknowledged delivery modes are
- http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/PushWithAck
- http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Events
- **R10.7-1:** A conformant service may support the PushWithAck or Events delivery mode. However,
  if either of these delivery modes is requested, to maintain an ordered queue of events, the service
  shall wait for the acknowledgement from the client before delivering the next event or events that
  match the subscription.
- 5175 **R10.7-2:** If an acknowledged delivery mode is selected for the subscription, the service shall include the following SOAP headers in each event delivery:

5177	(1)	<s:header></s:header>
5178	(2)	<wsa:replyto> where to send the acknowledgement </wsa:replyto>
5179	(3)	<wsman:ackrequested></wsman:ackrequested>
5180	(4)	
5181	(5)	

- 5182 The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
- 5183 wsa:ReplyTo
- 5184address that shall always be present in the event delivery as a consequence of the presence of5185wsman:AckRequested
- 5186 The client extracts this address and sends the acknowledgement to the specified EPR as required 5187 by Addressing.
- 5188 wsman:AckRequested
- 5189 no content; requires that the subscriber acknowledge all deliveries as described later in this clause
- 5190 The client then replies to the delivery with an acknowledgement or a fault.
- 5191 R10.7-3: A service may request receipt acknowledgement by using the wsman:AckRequested
  5192 block and subsequently expect an http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Ack message. If
  5193 this message is not received as a reply, the service may terminate the subscription.
- 5194 The acknowledgement message format returned by the event sink (receiver) to the event source is 5195 identical for all delivery modes. As shown in the following outline, it contains a unique wsa:Action, and 5196 the wsa:RelatesTo field is set to the MessageID of the event delivery to which it applies:
- 5197 (1) <s:Envelope ...>

5198 5199 5200 5201 5202 5203 5204 5205 5206 5207	<pre>(2) <s:header> (3) (4) <wsa:to> endpoint reference from the event ReplyTo field </wsa:to> (5) <wsa:action> http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Ack</wsa:action></s:header></pre>
5208	The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
5209 5210	s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action URI that shall be defined as
5211	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/Ack
5212 5213 5214 5215	s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:RelatesTo element that shall contain the wsa:MessageID of the event delivery to which it refers wsa:RelatesTo is the critical item that ensures that the correct delivery is being acknowledged, and thus it shall not be omitted.
5216 5217 5218	s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:To EPR address extracted from the ReplyTo field in the event delivery All reference parameters shall be extracted and added to the SOAP header as well.
5219 5220 5221	In spite of the request to acknowledge, the event sink can refuse delivery with a fault or fail to respond with the acknowledgement. In this case, the event source can terminate the subscription and send any applicable SubscriptionEnd messages.
5222 5223	If the event sink does not support acknowledgement, it can respond with a wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault with the following detail code:
5224	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/Ack
5225 5226	However, this action is just as difficult as acknowledging the delivery, so most clients can scan for the wsman:AckRequested field and be prepared to acknowledge delivery or fault it.
5227	10.8 Refusal of Delivery
5228 5229 5230	With all acknowledged delivery modes as described in 10.7, an event sink can refuse to take delivery of events, either for security reasons or a policy change. It then responds with a fault rather than an acknowledgement.
5231 5232	In this case, the event source needs to be prepared to end the subscription even though an Unsubscribe message is not issued by the subscriber.
5233 5234 5235	<b>R10.8-1:</b> During event delivery, if the receiver faults the delivery with a wsman:DeliveryRefused fault, the service shall immediately cancel the subscription and may also issue a SubscriptionEnd message to the EndTo endpoint in the original subscription, if supported.
5236	Thus, the receiver can issue the fault as a way to cancel the subscription when it does not have the

## 5238 **10.9 Dropped Events**

Events that cannot be delivered are not to be silently dropped from the event stream, or the subscriber
gets a false picture of the event history. WS-Management defines three behaviors for events that
cannot be delivered with push modes or that are too large to fit within the delivery constraints requested
by the subscriber:

- Terminate the subscription.
- Silently skip such events.
- Send a special event in place of the dropped events.
- 5246 These options are discussed in 10.2.9.2 and 10.2.9.3.
- 5247 During delivery, the service might have to drop events for the following reasons:
- The events exceed the maximum size requested by the subscriber.
- The client cannot keep up with the event flow, and there is a backlog.
- The service might have been reconfigured or restarted and the events permanently lost.
- 5251 In these cases, a service can inform the client that events have been dropped.
- 5252 **R10.9-1:** If a service drops events, it should issue an
- http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/DroppedEvents event, which indicates this drop to
   the client. Any reference parameters specified in the NotifyTo address in the subscription shall also
   be copied into this message. This event is normal and implicitly considered part of any subscription.
- 5256R10.9-2: If an http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/DroppedEvents event is issued, it5257shall take the ordinal position of the original dropped event in the delivery stream. The5258DroppedEvents event is considered the same as any other event with regard to its location and5259other behavior (bookmarks, acknowledged delivery, location in batch, and so on). It simply takes5260the place of the event that was dropped.

#### 5261 EXAMPLE:

5262	(1) <s:envelope></s:envelope>
5263	(2) <s:header></s:header>
5264	(3)subscriber endpoint-reference
5265	(4)
5266	(5) <wsa:action></wsa:action>
5267	(6) http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/DroppedEvents
5268	(7)
5269	<pre>(8) </pre>
5270	(9) <s:body></s:body>
5271	<pre>(10) <wsman:droppedevents action="wsa:Action URI of dropped event"></wsman:droppedevents></pre>
5272	(11) xs:int
5273	(12)
5274	(13)
5275	(14)
5276	(15)

- 5277 The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
- 5278 s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action
- 5279 URI that shall be defined as
- 5280 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/DroppedEvents

- 5281 s:Body/wsman:DroppedEvents/@Action
- 5282 the Action URI of the event that was dropped
- 5283 s:Body/wsman:DroppedEvents
- 5284 a positive integer that represents the total number of dropped events since the subscription was 5285 created
- 5286 Renew has no effect on the running total of dropped events. Dropped events are like any other events 5287 and can require acknowledgement, affect the bookmark location, and so on.

5288 EXAMPLE: Following is an example of how a dropped event would appear in the middle of a batched event delivery:

5290	(1)	<wsman:events></wsman:events>
5291	(2)	<wsman:event action="https://foo.com/someEvent"></wsman:event>
5292	(3)	event body
5293	(4)	
5294	(5)	<wsman:event< th=""></wsman:event<>
5295	(6)	Action="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/DroppedEvents">
5296	(7)	<wsman:droppedevents action="https://foo.com/someEvent"></wsman:droppedevents>
5297	(8)	1
5298	(9)	
5299	(10)	
5300	(11)	<wsman:event action="https://foo.com/someEvent"></wsman:event>
5301	(12)	event body
5302	(13)	
5303	(14)	<wsman:events></wsman:events>

5304 **R10.9-3:** If a service cannot deliver an event and does not support the

5305 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/DroppedEvents event, it should terminate the 5306 subscription rather than silently skipping events.

5307 Because this requirement cannot be enforced, and some dropped events are irrelevant when replaced 5308 by a subsequent event (running totals, for example), it is not a firm requirement that dropped events are 5309 signaled or that they result in a termination of the subscription.

## 5310 **10.10 Access Control**

It is important for event sources to properly authorize requests. This is especially true for Subscribe
requests, because otherwise the ability to subscribe on behalf of a third-party event sink could be used
to create a distributed denial-of-service attack.

- 5314 Some possible schemes for validating Subscribe requests include:
- Send a message to the event sink that describes the requested subscription, and then wait for a confirmation message to be returned by the event sink, before the event source accepts the subscription request. While this provides strong assurance that the event sink actually desires the requested subscription, it does not work for event sinks that are not capable of sending a confirmation, and requires additional logic on the event sink.
- Require user authentication on the Subscribe request, and allow only authorized users to Subscribe.
- 5322 Other mechanisms are also possible. Be aware that event sources that are not reachable from the 5323 Internet have less need to control Subscribe requests.

## 5324 **10.11 Implementation Considerations**

5325 Implementations should generate expirations in Subscribe and Renew request and response messages 5326 that are significantly larger than expected network latency.

5327 Event sinks should be prepared to receive notifications after sending a Subscribe request but before 5328 receiving a Subscribe response message. Event sinks should also be prepared to receive notifications 5329 after receiving an Unsubscribe response message.

## 5330 **10.12 Advertisement of Notifications**

An Event Source can choose to advertise the Notification messages that it might send by including a
well-defined portType, called "EventSink", in its WSDL. Subscribers can examine this portType to
determine which messages they might need to support. Each Notification appears as an independent
operation within the portType, as shown in the following example:

#### 5335 EXAMPLE:

5336	<pre>(1) <wsdl:porttype name="EventSink"></wsdl:porttype></pre>
5337	<pre>(2) <wsdl:operation name="WeatherReport"></wsdl:operation></pre>
5338	<pre>(3) <wsdl:input <="" message="wr:ThunderStormMessage" pre=""></wsdl:input></pre>
5339	(4) wsa:Action="urn:weatherReport:ThunderStorm"
5340	<pre>(5) wsam:Action="urn:weatherReport:ThunderStorm" /&gt;</pre>
5341	<pre>(6) <wsdl:input <="" message="wr:TyphoonMessage" pre=""></wsdl:input></pre>
5342	(7) wsa:Action="urn:weatherReport:Typhoon"
5343	<pre>(8) wsam:Action="urn:weatherReport:Typhoon" /&gt;</pre>
5344	(9)
5345	<pre>(10) </pre>

5346 In the preceding example this Event Source can send two types of Notifications (a ThunderStorm and a Typhoon 5347 message).

5348 Unless otherwise noted, Event Sinks should assume that the Notifications will be sent using SOAP1.2 5349 and will use document-literal encoding.

# 5350 **11 Metadata and Discovery**

5351 The WS-Management protocol is compatible with many techniques for discovery of resources available 5352 through a service.

In addition, this specification defines a simple request-response operation to facilitate the process of
establishing communications with a WS-Management service implementation in a variety of network
environments without prior knowledge of the protocol version or versions supported by the
implementation. This operation is used to discover the presence of a service that is compatible with
WS-Management, assuming that a transport address over which the message can be delivered is
known. Typically, a simple HTTP address would be used.

5359 To ensure forward compatibility, the message content of this operation is defined in an XML 5360 namespace that is separate from the core protocol namespace and that will not change as the protocol 5361 evolves. Further, this operation does not depend on any SOAP envelope header or body content other 5362 than the types explicitly defined for this operation. In this way, WS-Management clients are assured of 5363 the ability to use this operation against all implementations and versions to confirm the presence of 5364 WS-Management services without knowing the supported protocol versions or features in advance.

- 5365 The request message is defined as follows:
- **5366** (1) <s:Envelope

5367 (2) xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"

5368 5369	(3)	<pre>xmlns:wsmid="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/identity/1/ wamanidentity.wad"</pre>						
5370	(4)	wsmanidentity.xsd"						
5371	(4)	<s:header></s:header>						
5372	(5)							
5373	(7)							
5374		<s:body> <wsmid:identify></wsmid:identify></s:body>						
5375	(8) (9)	<wsmid:identily></wsmid:identily>						
5376		<pre> </pre>						
5377	(10) (11)							
5378		 						
0070	(12)							
5379	The follow	ving definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:						
5380	wsmid:Ide	entify						
5381	the b	ody of the Identify request operation, which may contain additional vendor-specific extension						
5382		ent, but is otherwise empty						
5383		presence of this body element constitutes the request.						
0000								
5384	Notice the	e absence of any Addressing namespace, WS-Management namespace, or other version-						
5385	specific co	oncepts. This message is compatible only with the basic SOAP specification, and the						
5386		of the wsmid:Identify block in the s:Body is the embodiment of the request operation.						
	· 							
5387	The respo	onse message is defined as follows:						
5388	(13)	<s:envelope< th=""></s:envelope<>						
5389	(14)	<pre>xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"</pre>						
5390	(15)	<pre>xmlns:wsmid="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/identity/1/</pre>						
5391		wsmanidentity.xsd">						
5392	(16)	<s:header></s:header>						
5393	(17)							
5394	(18)							
5395	(19)	<s:body></s:body>						
5396	(20)	<wsmid:identifyresponse></wsmid:identifyresponse>						
5397	(21)	<pre><wsmid:protocolversion> xs:anyURI </wsmid:protocolversion> +</pre>						
5398	(22)	<pre><wsmid:productvendor> xs:string </wsmid:productvendor> ?</pre>						
5399	(23)	<pre><wsmid:productversion> xs:string </wsmid:productversion> ?</pre>						
5400	(24)	<wsmid:initiativesupport></wsmid:initiativesupport>						
5401	(25)	<pre><wsmid:initiativename> xs:string </wsmid:initiativename> ?</pre>						
5402	(26)	<pre><wsmid:initiativeversion> xs:string </wsmid:initiativeversion> ?</pre>						
5403	(27)	?						
5404	(28)	<pre><wsmid:securityprofiles></wsmid:securityprofiles></pre>						
5405 5406	(29)	<wsmid:securityprofilename> xs:anyURI </wsmid:securityprofilename>						
5400 5407		(/verid.CommitterDrofiloo)						
5407	(30)	?						
5408 5409	(31)	<wsmid:addressingversionuri> xs:anyURI </wsmid:addressingversionuri>						
5410	(32)							
5411	(32)	<pre> </pre>						
5412	(34)							
5413								
0-10	(33)	//9.muterobe/						

5414 The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:

#### 5415 wsmid:IdentifyResponse

5416 the body of the response, which packages metadata about the WS-Management implementation

5417	wsmid:IdentifyResponse/wsmid:ProtocolVersion
5418 5419	a required element or elements, each of which is a URI whose value shall be equal to the core XML namespace that identifies a supported version of the WS-Management specification
5420	One element shall be provided for each supported version of the protocol. Services should also
5421	include the XML namespace URI for supported dependent specifications such as Addressing. For
5422	example, if a future version of WS-Management supports multiple versions of Addressing, the
5423	IdentifyResponse can indicate which of the versions are supported.
5424	wsmid:IdentifyResponse/wsmid:ProductVendor
5425	an optional element that identifies the vendor of the WS-Management service implementation by
5426	using a widely recognized name or token, such as the official corporate name of the vendor or its
5427 5428	stock symbol Alternatively, a DNS name, e-mail address, or Web URL may be used.
5429	wsmid:IdentifyResponse/wsmid:ProductVersion
5430	an optional version string for the WS-Management implementation
5431	This specification places no constraints on the format or content of this element.
5432	wsmid:IdentifyResponse/wsmid:InitiativeSupport
5433	an optional element that identifies an initiative supported by the WS-Management implementation.
5434	wsmid:IdentifyResponse/wsmid:InitiativeSupport/wsmid:InitiativeName
5435	an element that identifies the name of an initiative supported by the WS-Management
5436	implementation.
5437	wsmid:IdentifyResponse/wsmid:InitiativeSupport/wsmid:InitiativeVersion
5438	an element that identifies the version of an initiative supported by the WS-Management
5439	implementation.
5440 5441	In addition, vendor-specific content can follow the preceding standardized elements. After the vendor- specific content, the following elements can follow:
5442	wsmid:IdentifyResponse/wsmid:SecurityProfiles
5443 5444	an optional element that identifies the set of security profiles supported by the WS-Management implementation.
5445	wsmid:IdentifyResponse/wsmid:SecurityProfiles/wsmid:SecurityProfileName
5446	an optional element which is a URI that identifies a security profile supported by the WS-
5447	Management implementation.
5448	wsmid:IdentifyResponse/wsmid:AddressingVersionURI
5449	an optional element which is a URI that identifies a version of Addressing supported by the WS-
5450	Management implementation.
5451	When a service supports this element, the value shall be the XML Schema namespace URI of the
5452	addressing version in use. XML Schema namespaces used in this specification are listed in
5453	ANNEX A. A service may support and advertise more than none version of addressing.
5454	R11-1: A WS-Management service should support the wsmid:Identify operation. A service
5455	implementation that supports the operation shall do so irrespective of the versions of
5456	WS-Management supported by that service. The operation shall be accessible at the same
5457	transport-level address at which the resource instances are made accessible.
5458	It is recommended that client applications not include any SOAP header content in the wsmid:Identify
5459	operation delivered to the transport address against which the inquiry is being made. If SOAP header
5460	elements are present, the s:mustUnderstand attribute on all such elements can be set to "false". Doing
5461	otherwise reduces the likelihood of a successful, version-independent response from the service.

- 5462**R11-2:** A service that supports the wsmid:Identify operation shall not require the presence of any5463SOAP header elements in order to dispatch execution of the request. If a service receives a5464wsmid:Identify operation that contains unexpected or unsupported header content with the5465s:mustUnderstand attribute set to "false", the service shall not fault the request and shall process5466the body of the request as though the header elements were not present.
- 5467 **R11-3:** A service that is processing the wsmid:Identify request should not request the presence of any Addressing header values, including the wsa:Action URI.
- 5469 The entire purpose of this mechanism is to be able to identify the presence of specific versions of 5470 WS-Management (and the corresponding dependent protocols) in a version-independent manner.
- 5471 Because Addressing is not used, the address to which this message is delivered is defined entirely at 5472 the transport level and not present in the SOAP content.
- 5473 If a client does not have any prior knowledge about a service including credentials, it is desirable to 5474 allow a service to process an Identify message without requiring authentication.
- 5475R11-4: A service that supports the wsmid:Identify operation may expose this operation without5476requiring client or server authentication in order to process the message. In the absence of other5477requirements, it is recommended that the network address be suffixed by the token sequence5478/wsman-anon/identify.
- 5479 Services that support unauthenticated wsmid:Identify requests might choose not to reveal descriptive 5480 information about protocol, vendor, or other versioning information that could potentially represent or 5481 contribute to a vulnerability. To accommodate this scenario, this specification defines a URI that 5482 services can use in place of a valid WS-Management protocol version URI. This value can be returned 5483 as a value for the wsmid:ProtocolVersion element of the wsmid:IdentifyResponse message.
- 5484 **R11-5:** A service supporting an unauthenticated wsmid:Identify message may respond using the following URI for the value of the wsmid:ProtocolVersion element:
- 5486 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/identity/1/wsmanidentity/NoAnonymousDisclosure

R11-6: A service that provides unauthenticated access to the wsmid:Identify operation but does
 not respond to such requests with the WS-Management protocol versions that are supported by the
 service shall support authenticated access to the wsmid:Identify operation. Such services shall
 respond to authenticated requests with the WS-Management protocol version identifiers for each
 version of the WS-Management protocol supported by the service.

# 5492 **12 Security**

## 5493 **12.1 General**

- In general, management operations and responses need to be protected against attacks such as
  snooping, interception, replay, and modification during transmission. Authenticating the user who has
  sent a request is also generally necessary so that access control rules can be applied to determine
  whether to process a request.
- 5498 This specification establishes the minimum interoperation standards and predefined profiles using 5499 transport-level security.
- 5500 This approach provides the best balance between simple implementations (HTTP and HTTPS stacks 5501 are readily available, even for hardware) and the security mechanisms that sit in front of any SOAP 5502 message processing, limiting the attack surface.

- 5503 More sophisticated transport and SOAP-level profiles, published separately from this specification, 5504 may be defined and used.
- Implementations that expect to interoperate can adopt one or more of the transport and security models
   defined in this clause and are free to define any additional profiles under different URI-based
   designators.

# 5508 **12.2 Security Profiles**

5509 For this specification, a profile is any arbitrary mix of transport or SOAP behavior that describes a 5510 common security need. In some cases, the profile is defined for documentation and metadata 5511 purposes, but might not be part of the actual message exchange. Rather, it *describes* the message 5512 exchange involved.

- 5513 Metadata retrieval can be employed to discover which profiles the service supports, and that is beyond 5514 the scope of this particular specification.
- 5515 For all predefined profiles, the transport is responsible for all message integrity, protection, 5516 authentication, and security.

5517 This specification makes no assumptions about the security requirements of the applications that use 5518 WS-Eventing. However, once those requirements have been satisfied within a given operational 5519 context, the addition of WS-Eventing to this operational context cannot undermine the fulfillment of 5520 those requirements; the use of WS-Eventing SHOULD NOT create additional attack vectors within an 5521 otherwise secure system.

5522 The authentication profiles do not appear in the SOAP traffic, with the exception of the Subscribe 5523 message when using any delivery mode that causes a new connection to be created from the event 5524 source to the event sink (push and batched modes, for example). When a subscription is created, the 5525 authentication technique for event-delivery needs to be specified by the subscriber, because the event 5526 sink has to authenticate the event source (acting as publisher) at event delivery-time.

In this specification, security profiles are identified by a URI. As profiles are defined, they can be
 assigned a URI and published. WS-Management defines a set of standardized security profiles for the
 common transports HTTP and HTTPS as described in C.3.1.

# 5530 **12.3 Security Considerations for Event Subscriptions**

5531 When specifying the NotifyTo address in subscriptions, it is often important to hint to the service about 5532 which authentication model to use when delivering the event.

If no hints are present, the service can simply infer from the wsa: To address what needs to be done.
However, if the service can support multiple modes and has a certificate or password store, it might not know which authentication model to choose or which credentials to use without being told in the subscription.

WS-Management provides a default mechanism to communicate the desired authentication mode and
credentials. However, more sophisticated mechanisms are beyond the scope of this version of
WS-Management. For example, the event sink service could export metadata that describes the
available options, allowing the publisher to negotiate an appropriate option. Extension profiles can
define other mechanisms enabled through a SOAP header with mustUnderstand="true".
WS-Management defines an additional field in the Delivery block that can communicate authentication

- information, as shown in the following outline:
- 5544 (1) <s:Body>
- 5545 (2) <wsme:Subscribe>
- 5546 (3) <wsme:Delivery>
- 5547 (4) <wsme:NotifyTo> Delivery EPR </wsme:NotifyTo>

5548	(5)	<wsman:auth< th=""><th>Profile="authentication-</th><th>-profile-URI"/&gt;</th></wsman:auth<>	Profile="authentication-	-profile-URI"/>
------	-----	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------	-----------------

- **5549** (6) </wsme:Delivery>
- 5550 (7) </wsme:Subscribe>
- 5551 (8) </s:Body>
- 5552 The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
- 5553 wsman:Auth
- 5554 block that contains authentication information to be used by the service (acting as publisher) when 5555 authenticating to the event sink at event delivery time
- 5556 wsman:Auth/@Profile
- a URI that indicates which security profile to use when making the connection to deliver events

If the wsman:Auth block is not present, by default the service infers what to do by using the NotifyTo address and any preconfigured policy or settings it has available. If the wsman:Auth block is present and no security-related tokens are communicated, the service needs to know which credentials to use by its own internal configuration.

5562 If the service is already configured to use a specific certificate when delivering events, the subscriber 5563 can request standard mutual authentication, as shown in the following outline:

5564	(1)	<s:body></s:body>
5565	(2)	<wsme:subscribe></wsme:subscribe>
5566	(3)	<wsme:delivery></wsme:delivery>
5567	(4)	<wsme:notifyto> HTTPS address </wsme:notifyto>
5568	(5)	<wsman:auth< th=""></wsman:auth<>
5569	(6)	Profile="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/
5570		mutual"/>
5571	(7)	
5572	(8)	
5573	(9)	

5574 If the service knows how to retrieve a proper user name and password for event delivery, simple HTTP 5575 Basic or Digest authentication can be used, as shown in the following outline:

5576	(1)	<s:body></s:body>
5577	(2)	<wsme:subscribe></wsme:subscribe>
5578	(3)	<wsme:delivery></wsme:delivery>
5579	(4)	<wsme:notifyto> HTTP address </wsme:notifyto>
5580	(5)	<wsman:auth< th=""></wsman:auth<>
5581	(6)	Profile="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/http/
5582		digest"/>
5583	(7)	
5584	(8)	
5585	(9)	

5586 Services are not required to support any specific profile. The rest of this clause defines special-case 5587 profiles for event delivery in which the service needs additional information to select the proper 5588 credentials to use when delivering events.

#### 5589 **12.4 Including Credentials with a Subscription**

5590 This clause intentionally left blank.

## 5591 **12.5 Correlating Events with a Subscription**

In many cases, the subscriber will want to ensure that the event delivery corresponds to a valid
subscription issued by an authorized party. In this case, it is recommended that reference parameters
be introduced into the NotifyTo definition.

5595 EXAMPLE: At subscription time, a UUID could be supplied as a correlation token:

5596	(1) <s:body></s:body>
5597	(2) <wsme:subscribe></wsme:subscribe>
5598	<pre>(3) <wsme:delivery></wsme:delivery></pre>
5599	(4) <wsme:notifyto></wsme:notifyto>
5600	<pre>(5) <wsa:address> address <wsa:address></wsa:address></wsa:address></pre>
5601	<pre>(6) <wsa:referenceparameters></wsa:referenceparameters></pre>
5602	<pre>(7) <mynamespace:uuid></mynamespace:uuid></pre>
5603	(8) uuid:b0f685ec-e5c9-41b5-b91c-7f580419093e
5604	(9)
5605	<pre>(10) </pre>
5606	<pre>(11) </pre>
5607	(12)
5608	<pre>(13) </pre>
5609	(14)
5610	<pre>(15) </pre>
5611	(16)

5612 This definition requires that the service include the MyNamespace:uuid value as a SOAP header with 5613 each event delivery (see 5.1). The service can use this value to correlate the event with any 5614 subscription that it issued and to validate its origin.

5615 This is not a transport-level or SOAP-level authentication mechanism as such, but it does help to 5616 maintain and synchronize valid lists of subscriptions and to determine whether the event delivery is 5617 authorized, even though the connection itself could have been authenticated.

5618 This mechanism still can require the presence of the wsman:Auth block to specify which security 5619 mechanism to use to actually authenticate the connection at event-time.

5620 Each new subscription can receive at least one unique reference parameter that is never reused, such 5621 as the illustrated UUID, for this mechanism to be of value.

5622 Other reference parameters can be present to help route and correlate the event delivery as required 5623 by the subscriber.

## 5624 **12.6 Transport-Level Authentication Failure**

Because transports typically go through their own authentication mechanisms prior to any SOAP traffic
occurring, the first attempt to connect might result in a transport-level authentication failure. In such
cases, SOAP faults will not occur, and the means of communicating the denial to the client is
implementation- and transport-specific.

# 5629 **12.7 Security Implications of Third-Party Subscriptions**

5630 Without proper authentication and authorization, WS-Management implementations can be vulnerable 5631 to distributed denial-of-service attacks through third-party subscriptions to events. This vulnerability is 5632 discussed in 10.10.

# **13 Transports and Message Encoding**

5634 This clause describes encoding rules that apply to all transports.

#### 5635 13.1 SOAP

- 5636 WS-Management qualifies the use of SOAP as indicated in this clause.
- 5637 **R13.1-1:** A service shall at least receive and send <u>SOAP 1.2</u> SOAP Envelopes.
- 5638 **R13.1-2:** A service may reject a SOAP Envelope with more than 32,767 octets.
- 5639 **R13.1-3:** A service should not send a SOAP Envelope with more than 32,767 octets unless the client has specified a wsman:MaxEnvelopeSize header that overrides this limit.
- 5641 Large SOAP Envelopes are expected to be serialized using attachments.
- 5642**R13.1-4:** Any Request Message may be encoded using either Unicode 3.0 (UTF-16) or UTF-85643encoding. A service shall accept the UTF-8 encoding type for all operations and should accept5644UTF-16 as well.
- 5645 **R13.1-5:** A service shall emit Responses using the same encoding as the original request. If the 5646 service does not support the requested encoding or cannot determine the encoding, it should use 5647 UTF-8 encoding to return a wsman:EncodingLimit fault with the following detail code:
- 5648 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/CharacterSet
- 5649 **R13.1-6:** For UTF-8 encodings, the service may fail to process any message that begins with the 5650 UTF-8 BOM (0xEF 0xBB 0xBF), and shall send UTF-8 responses without the BOM.
- 5651 The presence of BOM in 8-bit character encodings reduces interoperation. Where extended characters 5652 are a requirement, UTF-16 can be used.
- R13.1-7: If UTF-16 is the encoding, the service shall support either byte-order mark (BOM)
   U+FEFF (big-endian) or U+FFFE (little-endian) as defined in the <u>Unicode 3.0</u> specification as the
   first character in the message (see the <u>Unicode BOM FAQ</u>).
- R13.1-8: If a request includes contradictory encoding information in the BOM and HTTP charset
   header or if the information does not fully specify the encoding, the service shall fault with an HTTP
   status of "bad request message" (400).
- 5659 Repeated headers with the same QName but different values that imply contradictory behavior are 5660 considered a defect originating on the client side of the conversation. Returning a fault helps identify 5661 faulty clients. However, an implementation might be resource-constrained and unable to detect 5662 duplicate headers, so the repeated headers can be ignored. Repeated headers with the same QName 5663 that contains informational or non-contradictory instructions are possible, but none are defined by this 5664 specification or its dependencies.
- R13.1-9: If a request contains multiple SOAP headers with the same QName from
  WS-Management, Addressing, or clause 10 of this specification, the service should not process
  them and should issue a wsa:InvalidMessageInformationHeaders fault if they are detected. (No
  SOAP headers are defined in clause 7 "Resource Access" or clause 8 "Enumeration of Datasets".)
- R13.1-10: By default, a compliant service should not fault requests with leading and trailing
   whitespace in XML element values and should trim such whitespace by default as if the whitespace
   had not occurred. Services should not emit messages containing leading or trailing whitespace
   within element values unless the whitespace values are properly part of the value. If the service

- 5673 cannot accept whitespace usage within a message because the XML schema establishes other 5674 whitespace usage, the service should emit a wsman:EncodingLimit fault with the following detail 5675 code:
- 5676 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/Whitespace

5677 Clients can send messages with leading or trailing whitespace in the values, and services are permitted 5678 to eliminate unneeded "cosmetic" whitespace on both sides of the element value without faulting. (See 5679 XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes.)

R13.1-11: Services should not fault messages that contain XML comments, because this is part of
 the XML standard. Services may emit messages that contain comments that relate to the origin and
 processing of the message or add comments for debugging purposes.

## 5683 **13.2 Lack of Response**

5684 If an operation succeeds but a response cannot be computed or actually delivered because of run-time 5685 difficulties or transport problems, no response is sent and the connection is terminated.

5686 This behavior is preferable to attempting a complex model for sending responses in a delayed fashion. 5687 Implementations can generally keep a log of all requests and their results, and allow the client to 5688 reconnect later to enumerate the operation log (using Enumerate) if it failed to get a response. The 5689 format and behavior of such a log is beyond the scope of this specification. In any case, the client 5690 needs to be coded to take into account a lack of response; all abnormal message conditions can safely 5691 revert to this scenario.

5692 **R13.2-1:** If correct responses or faults cannot be computed or generated due to internal service failure, a response should not be sent.

Regardless, the client has to deal with cases of no response, so the service can simply force the client into that mode rather than send a response or fault that is not defined in this specification.

## 5696 **13.3 Replay of Messages**

- 5697 This section intentionally left blank.
- 5698 **R13.3-1:** This rule intentionally left blank.

#### 5699 13.4 Encoding Limits

5700 Most of the following limits are in characters. However, the maximum overall SOAP envelope size is 5701 defined in octets. Implementations are free to exceed these limits. A service is considered conformant if 5702 it observes these limits. Any limit violation results in a wsman:EncodingLimit fault.

- 5703 **R13.4-1:** A service may fail to process any URI with more than 2048 characters and should return 5704 a wsman:EncodingLimit fault with the following detail code:
- 5705 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/URILimitExceeded
- 5706 **R13.4-2:** A service should not generate a URI with more than 2048 characters.
- 5707 **R13.4-3:** A service may fail to process an Option Name of more than 2048 characters.
- 5708 **R13.4-4:** A service may fail to process an Option value of more than 4096 characters.
- 5709 **R13.4-5:** A service may fault any operation that would require a single reply exceeding 32,767 octets.

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- 5711**R13.4-6:** A service may always emit faults that are 4096 octets or less in length, regardless of any5712requests by the client to limit the response size. Clients need to be prepared for this minimum in5713case of an error.
- 5714 **R13.4-7:** When the default addressing model is in use, a service may fail to process a Selector 5715 Name of more than 2048 characters.
- 5716 **R13.4-8:** A service may have a maximum number of selectors that it can process. If the request 5717 contains more selectors than this limit, the service should return a wsman:EncodingLimit fault with 5718 the following detail code:
- 5719 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/SelectorLimit
- 5720 **R13.4-9:** A service may have a maximum number of options that it can process. If the request 5721 contains more options than this limit, the service should return a wsman:EncodingLimit fault with 5722 the following detail code:
- 5723 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/OptionLimit

## 5724 **13.5 Binary Attachments**

- 5725 SOAP Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism (MTOM) is used to support binary attachments 5726 to WS-Management. If a service supports attachments, the following rules apply:
- 5727 **R13.5-1:** A conformant service may optionally support binary attachments to any operation using the <u>SOAP MTOM</u> proposal.
- 5729 **R13.5-2:** If a service supports attachments, the service shall support the Abstract Transmission 5730 Optimization Feature.
- 5731 **R13.5-3:** If a service supports attachments, the service shall support the Optimized MIME Multipart 5732 Serialization Feature.
- 5733 Other attachment types are not prohibited. Specific transports can impose additional encoding rules.

# 5734 **13.6 Case-Sensitivity**

- 5735 While XML and SOAP are intrinsically case-sensitive with regard to schematic elements,
- 5736 WS-Management can be used with many underlying systems that are not intrinsically case-sensitive.
  5737 This support primarily applies to values, but can also apply to schemas that are automatically and
  5738 dynamically generated from other sources.
- 5739 A service can observe any case usage required by the underlying execution environment.
- 5740 The only requirement is that messages are able to pass validation tests against any schema definitions. 5741 At any time, a validation engine could be interposed between the client and server in the form of a
- 5742 proxy, so schematically valid messages are a practical requirement.
- 5743 Otherwise, this specification makes no requirements as to case usage. A service is free to interpret 5744 values in a case-sensitive or case-insensitive manner.
- 5745 It is recommended that case usage not be altered in transit by any part of the WS-Management 5746 processing chain. The case usage established by the sender of the message is to be retained 5747 throughout the lifetime of that message.

## 5748 **14 Faults**

5749 Many of the operations outlined in WS-Management can generate faults. This clause describes how 5750 these faults should be formatted into SOAP messages.

## 5751 **14.1 Introduction**

Faults are returned when the SOAP message is successfully delivered by the transport and processed
by the service, but the message cannot be processed properly. If the transport cannot successfully
deliver the message to the SOAP processor, a transport error occurs.

5755 **R14.1-1:** A service should support only <u>SOAP 1.2</u> (or later) faults.

5756 Generally, faults are not to be issued unless they are expected as part of a request-response pattern.
5757 For example, it would not be valid for a client to issue a Get message, receive the GetResponse
5758 message, and then *fault* that response.

## 5759 **14.2 Fault Encoding**

5760 This clause discusses XML fault encoding.

5761 **R14.2-1:** A conformant service shall use the following fault encoding format and normative constraints for faults in the WS-Management space or any of its dependent specifications:

5763	(1)	<s:envelope></s:envelope>
5764	(2)	<pre>xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"</pre>
5765	(3)	<pre>xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"&gt;</pre>
5766	(4)	<s:header></s:header>
5767	(5)	<wsa:action></wsa:action>
5768	(6)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/fault
5769	(7)	<wsa:action></wsa:action>
5770	(8)	<wsa:messageid></wsa:messageid>
5771	(9)	uuid:d9726315-bc91-430b-9ed8-ce5ffb858a87
5772	(10)	
5773	(11)	<wsa:relatesto></wsa:relatesto>
5774	(12)	uuid:d9726315-bc91-430b-9ed8-ce5ffb858a85
5775	(13)	
5776	(14)	
5777	(15)	
5778	(16)	<s:body></s:body>
5779	(17)	<s:fault></s:fault>
5780	(18)	<s:code></s:code>
5781	(19)	<s:value> [Code] </s:value>
5782	(20)	<s:subcode></s:subcode>
5783	(21)	<s:value> [Subcode] </s:value>
5784	(22)	
5785	(23)	
5786	(24)	<s:reason></s:reason>
5787	(25)	<s:text xml:lang="en"> [Reason] </s:text>
5788	(26)	
5789	(27)	<s:detail></s:detail>
5790	(28)	[Detail]
5791	(29)	
5792	(30)	
5793	(31)	
5794	(32)	

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5795	The following definitions provide additional, normative constraints on the preceding outline:
5796 5797	s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:Action a valid fault Action URI from the relevant specification that defined the fault
5798 5799	s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:MessageId element that shall be present for the fault, like any non-fault message
5800 5801 5802	s:Envelope/s:Header/wsa:RelatesTo element that shall, like any other reply, contain the MessageID of the original request that caused the fault
5803 5804	s:Body/s:Fault/s:Value element that shall be either s:Sender or s:Receiver, as specified in 14.6 in the "Code" field
5805 5806 5807 5808	s:Body/s:Fault/s:Subcode/s:Value for WS-Management-related messages, shall be one of the subcode QNames defined in 14.6 If the service exposes custom methods or other messaging, this value may be another QName not in the Master Faults described in 14.6.
5809 5810 5811 5812 5813	s:Body/s:Fault/s:Reason optional element that should contain localized text that explains the fault in more detail Typically, this text is extracted from the "Reason" field in the Master Fault tables (14.6). However, the text may be adjusted to reflect a specific circumstance. This element may be repeated for multiple languages. The xml:lang attribute shall be present on the s:Text element.
5814 5815	s:Body/s:Fault/s:Detail optional element that should reflect the recommended content from the Master Fault tables (14.6)
5816 5817	The preceding fault template is populated by examining entries from the Master Fault tables in 14.6, which includes all relevant faults from WS-Management and its underlying specifications.
5818 5819	s:Reason and s:Detail are always optional, but they are recommended. In addition, s:Reason/s:Text contains an xml:lang attribute to indicate the language used in the descriptive text.
5820 5821 5822	<b>R14.2-2</b> : Fault wsa:Action URI values vary from fault to fault. The service shall issue a fault using the correct URI, based on the specification that defined the fault. Faults defined in this specification shall have the following URI value:
5823	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
5824 5825	The Master Fault tables in 14.6 contain the relevant wsa:Action URIs. The URI values are directly implied by the QName for the fault.
5826	14.3 NotUnderstood Faults
5827 5828 5829 5830	There is a special case for faults relating to mustUnderstand attributes on SOAP headers. SOAP specifications define the fault differently than the encoding in 14.2 (see 5.4.8 in <u>SOAP 1.2</u> ). In practice, the fault varies only in indicating the SOAP header that was not understood, the QName, and the namespace (see line 5 in the following outline).

5831	(1)	<pre><s:envelope <="" pre="" xmlns:s="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"></s:envelope></pre>
5832	(2)	<pre>xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"&gt;</pre>
5833	(3)	
5834	(4)	<s:header></s:header>
5835	(5)	<s:notunderstood qname="QName of header" xmlns:ns="XML namespace of&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;5836&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;header"></s:notunderstood>
5837	(6)	<wsa:action></wsa:action>

5838	(7)	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/fault
5839	(8)	
5840	(9)	<wsa:messageid></wsa:messageid>
5841	(10)	urn:uuid:d9726315-bc91-430b-9ed8-ce5ffb858a87
5842	(11)	
5843	(12)	<wsa:relatesto></wsa:relatesto>
5844	(13)	urn:uuid:d9726315-bc91-430b-9ed8-ce5ffb858a85
5845	(14)	
5846	(15)	
5847	(16)	
5848	(17)	<s:body></s:body>
5849	(18)	<s:fault></s:fault>
5850	(19)	<s:code></s:code>
5851	(20)	<s:value>s:MustUnderstand</s:value>
5852	(21)	
5853	(22)	<s:reason></s:reason>
5854	(23)	<s:text xml:lang="en-US">Header not understood</s:text>
5855	(24)	
5856	(25)	
5857	(26)	
5858	(27)	
5859	(28)	

5860 The preceding fault template can be used in all cases of failure to process mustUnderstand attributes. 5861 Lines 5-8 show the important content, indicating which header was not understood and including a 5862 generic wsa: Action that specifies that the current message is a fault.

5863 The wsa:RelatesTo element is included so that the client can correlate the fault with the original 5864 request. Over transports other than HTTP in which requests might be interlaced, this might be the only 5865 way to respond to the correct sender.

5866 If the original wsa:MessageID itself is faulty and the connection is request-response oriented, the 5867 service can attempt to send back a fault without the wsa:RelatesTo field, or can simply fail to respond. 5868 as discussed in 14.4.

#### 14.4 **Degenerate Faults** 5869

5870 In rare cases, the SOAP message might not contain enough information to properly generate a fault. For example, if the wsa:MessageID is garbled, the service will have difficulty returning a fault that 5871 5872 references the original message. Some transports might not be able to reference the sender to return 5873 the fault.

5874 If the transport guarantees a simple request-response pattern, the service can send back a fault with no 5875 wsa:RelatesTo field. However, in some cases, there is no guarantee that the sender can be reached 5876 (for example, if the wsa:FaultTo contains an invalid address, so there is no way to deliver the fault).

5877 In all cases, the service can revert to the rules of 13.3, in which no response is sent. The service can 5878 attempt to log the requests in some way to help identify the defective client.

#### 5879 14.5 Fault Extensibility

5880 A service can include additional fault information beyond what is defined in this specification. The 5881 appropriate extension element is the s:Detail element, and the service-specific XML can appear at any location within this element, provided that it is properly mapped to an XML namespace that defines the 5882 5883 schema for that content. WS-Management makes use of this extension technique for the wsman:FaultDetail URI values, as shown in the following outline: 5884

5885	(1)	<s:detail></s:detail>
5886	(2)	<wsman:faultdetail> </wsman:faultdetail>
5887	(3)	<extensiondata xmlns="vendor-specific-namespace"></extensiondata>
5888	(4)	
5889	(5)	

5890 The extension data elements can appear before or after any WS-Management-specific extensions 5891 mandated by this specification. More than one extension element is permitted.

## 5892 **14.6 Master Faults**

5893 This clause includes all faults from this specification and all underlying specifications. This list is the 5894 normative fault list for WS-Management.

5895 R14.6-1: A service shall return faults from the following list when the operation that caused them
5896 was a message in this specification for which faults are specified. A conformant service may return
5897 other faults for messages that are not part of WS-Management.

5898 It is critical to client interoperation that the same fault be used in identical error cases. If each service 5899 returns a distinct fault for "Not Found", for example, constructing interoperable clients would be 5900 impossible. In Table 5 through Table 43, the source specification of a fault is based on its QName.

impossible. In Table 5 through Table 43, the source specification of a fault is based on its QNa

5901

#### Table 5 – wsman: AccessDenied

Fault Subcode	wsman:AccessDenied
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The sender was not authorized to access the resource.
Detail	None
Comments	This fault is returned generically for all access denials that relate to authentication or authorization failures. This fault does not indicate locking or concurrency conflicts or other types of denials unrelated to security by itself.
Applicability	Any message
Remedy	The client acquires the correct credentials and retries the operation.

## Table 6 – wsa:ActionNotSupported

Fault Subcode	wsa:ActionNotSupported
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The action is not supported by the service.
Detail	<s:detail> <wsa:action> Incorrect Action URI </wsa:action> </s:detail> The unsupported Action URI is returned, if possible
Comments	This fault means that the requested action is not supported by the implementation. As an example, read-only implementations (supporting only Get and Enumerate) return this fault for any operations other than these two. If the implementation never supports the action, the fault can be generated as shown in the "Detail" row of this table. However, if the implementation supports the action in a general sense, but it is not an appropriate match for the resource, an additional detail code can be added to the fault, as follows: <s:detail> <wsa:action> <i>The offending Action URI</i> </wsa:action> <wsman:faultdetail> http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/ActionMismatch </wsman:faultdetail> This situation can occur when the implementation supports Put, for example, but the client attempts to update a read-only resource.</s:detail>
Applicability	All messages
Remedy	The client consults metadata provided by the service to determine which operations are supported.

5903

# Table 7 – wsman: Already Exists

Fault Subcode	wsman:AlreadyExists
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The sender attempted to create a resource that already exists.
Detail	None
Comments	This fault is returned in cases where the user attempted to create a resource that already exists.
Applicability	Create
Remedy	The client uses Put or creates a resource with a different identity.

#### Table 8 – wsmen:CannotProcessFilter

Fault Subcode	wsmen:CannotProcessFilter
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The requested filter could not be processed.
Detail	<s:detail> <wsman:supportedselectorname> Valid selector name for use in filter expression </wsman:supportedselectorname> * </s:detail>
Comments	This fault is returned for syntax errors or other semantic problems with the filter. For use with the SelectorFilter dialect (see ANNEX E), the service can include one or more SupportedSelectorName elements to provide a list of supported selector names in the event that the client has requested filtering on one or more unsupported selector names. If the filter is valid, but the service cannot execute the filter due to misconfiguration, lack of resources, or other service-related problems, more specific faults can be returned, such as wsman:QuotaLimit or wsman:InternalError.
Applicability	Enumerate
Remedy	The client fixes the filter problem and tries again.

#### 5905

## Table 9 – wsman:CannotProcessFilter

Fault Subcode	wsman:CannotProcessFilter
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The requested filter could not be processed.
Detail	<s:detail></s:detail>
	<pre><wsman:supportedselectorname> Valid selector name for use in filter expression </wsman:supportedselectorname> *</pre>
Comments	This fault is returned for syntax errors or other semantic problems with the filter such as exceeding the subset supported by the service.
	For use with the SelectorFilter dialect (see ANNEX E), the service can include one or more SupportedSelectorName elements to provide a list of supported selector names in the event that the client has requested filtering on one or more unsupported selector names.
	If the filter is valid, but the service cannot execute the filter due to misconfiguration, lack of resources, or other service-related problems, more specific faults can be returned, such as wsman:QuotaLimit, wsman:InternalError, or wsme:EventSourceUnableToProcess.
Applicability	Subscribe, fragment-level resource access operations
Remedy	The client fixes the filter problem and tries again.

## Table 10 – wsman:Concurrency

Fault Subcode	wsman:Concurrency
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The action could not be completed due to concurrency or locking problems.
Detail	None
Comments	This fault means that the requested action could not be carried out either due to internal concurrency or locking problems or because another user is accessing the resource.
	This fault can occur if a resource is being enumerated using Enumerate and another client attempts operations such as Delete, which would affect the result of the enumeration in progress.
Applicability	All messages
Remedy	The client waits and tries again.

#### 5907

## Table 11 – wsme:DeliveryModeRequestedUnavailable

Fault Subcode	wsme:DeliveryModeRequestedUnavailable
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The requested delivery mode is not supported.
Detail	<s:detail></s:detail>
	<wsme:supporteddeliverymode> </wsme:supporteddeliverymode>
	<wsme:supporteddeliverymode></wsme:supporteddeliverymode>
	This is a simple, optional list of one or more supported delivery mode URIs. It may be left empty
Comments	This fault is returned for unsupported delivery modes for the specified resource.
	If the stack supports the delivery mode in general, but not for the specific resource, this fault is still returned.
	Other resources might support the delivery mode. The fault does not imply that the delivery mode is not supported by the implementation.
Applicability	Subscribe
Remedy	The client selects one of the supported delivery modes.

## Table 12 – wsman:DeliveryRefused

Fault Subcode	wsman:DeliveryRefused
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
Code	s:Receiver
Reason	The receiver refuses to accept delivery of events and requests that the subscription be canceled.
Detail	None
Comments	This fault is returned by event receivers to force a cancellation of a subscription. This fault can happen when the client tried to Unsubscribe, but failed, or when the client lost knowledge of active subscriptions and does not want to keep receiving events that it no longer owns. This fault can help clean up spurious or leftover subscriptions when clients are reconfigured or reinstalled and their previous subscriptions are still active.
Applicability	Any event delivery message in any mode
Remedy	The service stops delivering events for the subscription and cancels the subscription, sending any applicable SubscriptionEnd messages.

## 5909

#### Table 13 – wsa:DestinationUnreachable

Fault Subcode	wsa:DestinationUnreachable
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	No route can be determined to reach the destination role defined by the Addressing To header.
Detail	<s:detail> <wsman:faultdetail> http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidResourceURI </wsman:faultdetail> ? </s:detail> When the default addressing model is in use, the wsman:FaultDetail field may contain http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidResourceURI.
Comments	This fault is returned as the general "Not Found" case for a resource, in which the resource EPR cannot be mapped to the real-world resource. This fault is not used merely to indicate that the resource is temporarily offline, which is indicated by wsa:EndpointUnavailable.
Applicability	All request messages
Remedy	The client attempts to diagnose the version of the service, query any metadata, and perform other diagnostic operations to determine why the request cannot be routed.

## Table 14 – wsman:EncodingLimit

Fault Subcode	wsman:EncodingLimit
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	An internal encoding limit was exceeded in a request or would be violated if the message were processed.
Detail	<ul> <li>visite protection:</li> <li>s:Detail&gt;</li> <li>cwsman:FaultDetail&gt;</li> <li>Optional; one of the following enumeration values</li> <li></li> <li></li></ul>
Comments	This fault is returned when a system limit is exceeded, whether a published limit or a service-specific limit.
Applicability	All request messages
Remedy	The client sends messages that fit the encoding limits of the service.

## 5911

## Table 15 – wsa:EndpointUnavailable

Fault Subcode	wsa:EndpointUnavailable
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/fault
Code	s:Receiver
Reason	The specified endpoint is currently unavailable.

Detail	<s:detail> <wsa:retryafter> xs:duration </wsa:retryafter> <!-- optional--> optional service-specific XML content <wsman:faultdetail> A detail URI value </wsman:faultdetail> </s:detail> http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/ResourceOffline Used when the resource is known, but temporarily unavailable
Comments	This fault is returned if the message was correct and the EPR was valid, but the specified resource is offline. In practice, it is difficult for a service to distinguish between "Not Found" cases and "Offline" cases. In general, wsa:DestinationUnreachable is preferable.
Applicability	All request messages
Remedy	The client can retry later, after the resource is again online.

## Table 16 – wsman:EventDeliverToUnusable

Fault Subcode	wsman:EventDeliverToUnusable
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The event source cannot process the subscription because it cannot connect to the event delivery endpoint as requested in the Delivery element.
Detail	<s:detail> any service-specific content to identify the error </s:detail>
Comments	<ul> <li>This fault is limited to cases of connectivity issues in contacting the "deliver to" address. These issues include:</li> <li>The NotifyTo address is not usable because it is incorrect (system or device not reachable, badly formed address, and so on).</li> <li>Permissions cannot be acquired for event delivery (for example, the wsman:Auth element does not refer to a supported security profile, and so on).</li> <li>The credentials associated with the NotifyTo are not valid (for example, the account does not exist, the certificate thumbprint is not a hex string, and so on).</li> <li>The service can include extra information that describes the connectivity error to help in troubleshooting the connectivity problem.</li> </ul>
Applicability	Subscribe
Remedy	The client ensures connectivity from the service computer back to the event sink including firewalls and authentication/authorization configuration.

# Table 17 – wsme:EventSourceUnableToProcess

Fault Subcode	wsme:EventSourceUnableToProcess
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/fault
Code	s:Receiver
Reason	The event source cannot process the subscription.
Detail	None
Comments	This event source is not capable of fulfilling a Subscribe request for local reasons unrelated to the specific request.
Applicability	Subscribe
Remedy	The client retries the subscription later.

#### 5914

# Table 18 – wsmen:FilterDialectRequestedUnavailable

Fault Subcode	wsmen:FilterDialectRequestedUnavailable
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The requested filtering dialect is not supported.
Detail	<s:detail> <wsmen:supporteddialect> </wsmen:supporteddialect> + </s:detail>
Comments	This fault is returned when the client requests a filter type or query language not supported by the service. The filter dialect can vary from resource to resource or can apply to the entire service.
Applicability	Enumerate
Remedy	The client switches to a supported dialect or performs a simple enumeration with no filter.

#### 5915

## Table 19 – wsme:FilteringNotSupported

Fault Subcode	wsme:FilteringNotSupported
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	Filtering over the event source is not supported.
Detail	None
Comments	This fault is returned when the service does not support filtered subscriptions for the specified event source, but supports only simple delivery of all events for the resource. NOTE: The service might support filtering over a different event resource or might not support filtering for <i>any</i> resource. The same fault applies.
Applicability	Subscribe
Remedy	The client subscribes using unfiltered delivery.

# Table 20 – wsmen:FilteringNotSupported

Fault Subcode	wsmen:FilteringNotSupported
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	Filtered enumeration is not supported.
Detail	None
Comments	This fault is returned when the service does not support filtering of enumerations at all, but supports only simple enumeration. If enumeration as a whole is not supported, the correct fault is wsa:ActionNotSupported.
	NOTE: The service might support filtering over a different enumerable resource or might not support filtering for <i>any</i> resource. The same fault applies.
Applicability	Enumerate
Remedy	The client switches to a simple enumeration.

# 5917

# Table 21 – wsme:FilteringRequestedUnavailable

Fault Subcode	wsme:FilteringRequestedUnavailable
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The requested filter dialect is not supported.
Detail	<pre><s:detail> <wsme:supporteddialect> </wsme:supporteddialect> + <wsman:faultdetail>the following URI, if applicable </wsman:faultdetail> </s:detail> Possible URI value: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/FilteringRequired</pre>
Comments	This fault is returned when the client requests a filter dialect not supported by the service. In some cases, a subscription <i>requires</i> a filter because the result of an unfiltered subscription may be infinite or extremely large. In these cases, the URI http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/FilteringRequired needs to be included in the s:Detail element.
Applicability	Subscribe
Remedy	The client switches to a supported filter dialect or uses no filtering.

# Table 22 – wsman:FragmentDialectNotSupported

Fault Subcode	wsman:FragmentDialectNotSupported
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The requested fragment filtering dialect or language is not supported.
Detail	<s:detail> <wsman:fragmentdialect> xs:anyURI </wsman:fragmentdialect> <wsman:fragmentdialect> xs:anyURI </wsman:fragmentdialect>  </s:detail> The preceding optional URI values indicate supported dialects.
Comments	This fault is returned when the service does not support the requested fragment-level filtering dialect. If the implementation supports the fragment dialect in general, but not for the specific resource, this fault is still returned. Other resources might support the fragment dialect. This fault does not imply that the fragment dialect is not supported by the implementation.
Applicability	Enumerate, Get, Create, Put, Delete
Remedy	The client uses a supported filtering dialect or no filtering.

### 5919

#### Table 23 – wsman:InternalError

Fault Subcode	wsman:InternalError
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
Code	s:Receiver
Reason	The service cannot comply with the request due to internal processing errors.
Detail	<s:detail> service-specific extension XML elements <s:detail></s:detail></s:detail>
Comments	This fault is a generic error for capturing internal processing errors within the service. For example, this is the correct fault if the service cannot load necessary executable images, its configuration is corrupted, hardware is not operating properly, or any unknown or unexpected internal errors occur.
	It is expected that the service needs to be reconfigured, restarted, or reinstalled, so merely asking the client to retry will not succeed.
Applicability	All messages
Remedy	The client repairs the service out-of-band to WS-Management.

### Table 24 – wsman:InvalidBookmark

Fault Subcode	wsman:InvalidBookmark
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The bookmark supplied with the subscription is not valid.
Detail	<s:detail> <s:detail> If possible, one of the following URI values  </s:detail> Possible URI values: The service is not able to back up and replay from that point: <a href="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/Expired">http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/Expired</a> The service is not able to decode the bookmark: <a href="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidFormat">http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidFormat</a></s:detail>
Comments	This fault is returned if a bookmark has expired, is corrupt, or is otherwise unknown.
Applicability	Subscribe
Remedy	The client issues a new subscription without any bookmarks or locates the correct bookmark.

5921

# Table 25 – wsmen:InvalidEnumerationContext

Fault Subcode	wsmen:InvalidEnumerationContext
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/fault
Code	s:Receiver
Reason	The supplied enumeration context is invalid.
Detail	None
Comments	An invalid enumeration context was supplied with the message. Typically, this fault will happen with Pull. The enumeration context may be invalid due to expiration, an invalid format, or reuse of an
	old context no longer being tracked by the service.
	The service also can return this fault for any case where the enumerator has been terminated unilaterally on the service side, although one of the more descriptive faults is preferable, because this usually happens on out-of-memory errors (wsman:QuotaLimit), authorization failures (wsman:AccessDenied), or internal errors (wsman:InternalError).
Applicability	Pull, Release (whether a pull-mode subscription, or a normal enumeration)
Remedy	The client abandons the enumeration and lets the service time it out, because Release will fail as well.

# Table 26 – wsme:InvalidExpirationTime

Fault Subcode	wsme:InvalidExpirationTime
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The expiration time is not valid.
Detail	None
Comments	The expiration time is not valid at all or within the limits of the service.
	This fault is used for outright errors (expirations in the past, for example) or expirations too far into the future.
	If the service does not support expiration times at all, a wsman:UnsupportedFeature fault can be returned with the correct detail code.
Applicability	Subscribe
Remedy	The client issues a new subscription with a supported expiration time.

# 5923

# Table 27 – wsmen:InvalidExpirationTime

Fault Subcode	wsmen:InvalidExpirationTime
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The expiration time is not valid.
Detail	None
Comments	Because WS-Management recommends against implementing the Expiration feature, this fault might not occur with most implementations. See clause 8 for more information.
Applicability	Enumerate
Remedy	Not applicable

# Table 28 – wsme:InvalidMessage

Fault Subcode	wsme:InvalidMessage
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The request message has unknown or invalid content and cannot be processed.
Detail	None
Comments	This fault is generally not used in WS-Management, although it can be used for cases not covered by other faults.
	If the content violates the schema, a wsman:SchemaValidationError fault can be sent. If specific errors occur in the subscription body, one of the more descriptive faults can be used.
	This fault is not to be used to indicate unsupported features, only unexpected or unknown content in violation of this specification.
Applicability	Pub/sub request messages
Remedy	The client issues valid messages that comply with this specification.

5925

# Table 29 – wsa:InvalidMessageInformationHeader

Fault Subcode	wsa:InvalidMessageInformationHeader
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	A message information header is not valid, and the message cannot be processed.
Detail	<s:detail> the invalid header </s:detail>
Comments	This fault can occur with any type of SOAP header error. The header might be invalid in terms of schema or value, or it might constitute a semantic error.
	This fault is not to be used to indicate an invalid resource address (a "not found" condition for the resource), but to indicate actual structural violations of the SOAP header rules in this specification.
	Examples are repeated MessageIDs, missing RelatesTo on a response, badly formed addresses, or any other missing header content.
Applicability	All messages
Remedy	The client reformats message using the correct format, values, and number of message information headers.

# Table 30 – wsman:InvalidOptions

Fault Subcode	wsman:InvalidOptions
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	One or more options are not valid.
Detail	<pre><s:detail> <s:detail> <wsman:faultdetail> If possible, one of the following URI values </wsman:faultdetail> </s:detail> Possible URI values: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/NotSupported http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidName http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidValue</s:detail></pre>
Comments	This fault generically covers all cases where the option names or values are not valid, or they are used in incorrect combinations.
Applicability	All request messages
Remedy	The client discovers supported option names and valid values by consulting metadata or other mechanisms. Such metadata is beyond the scope of this specification.

#### 5927

#### Table 31 – wsman:InvalidParameter

Fault Subcode	wsman:InvalidParameter
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	An operation parameter is not valid.
Detail	<pre><s:detail> <wsman:faultdetail> If possible, one of the following URI values </wsman:faultdetail> </s:detail> Possible URI values: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/TypeMismatch http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidName</pre>
Comments	This fault is returned when a parameter to a custom action is not valid. This fault is a default for new implementations that need to have a generic fault for this case. The method can also return any specific fault of its own.
Applicability	All messages with custom actions
Remedy	The client consults the WSDL for the operation and determines how to supply the correct parameter.

5928

#### Table 32 – wsmt:InvalidRepresentation

Fault Subcode	wsmt:InvalidRepresentation
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The XML content is not valid.

Detail	<s:detail> <wsman:faultdetail> If possible, one of the following URI values </wsman:faultdetail> </s:detail> Possible URI values: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidValues http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MissingValues http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidNamespace http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidRamespace
Comments	This fault may be returned when the input XML is not valid semantically or uses the wrong schema for the resource. However, a wsman:SchemaValidationError fault can be returned if the error is related to XML schema violations as such, as opposed to invalid semantic values. Note the anomalous case in which a schema violation does not occur, but the namespace is simply the wrong one; in this case, http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidNamespace is returned.
Applicability	Put, Create
Remedy	The client corrects the request XML.

# Table 33 – wsman:InvalidSelectors

Fault Subcode	wsman:InvalidSelectors
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The selectors for the resource are not valid.
Detail	<pre><s:detail> <s:detail> if possible, one of the following URI values  </s:detail> </s:detail> Possible URI values: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InsufficientSelectors http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/UnexpectedSelectors http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidValue http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidValue </pre>
Comments	This fault covers all cases where the specified selectors were incorrect or unknown for the specified resource.
Applicability	All request messages
Remedy	The client retrieves documentation or metadata and corrects the selectors.

# Table 34 – wsa:MessageInformationHeaderRequired

Fault Subcode	wsa:MessageInformationHeaderRequired
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	A required header is missing.
Detail	<s:detail> The XML QName of the missing header </s:detail>
Comments	A required message information header (To, MessageID, or Action) is not present.
Applicability	All messages
Remedy	The client adds the missing message information header.

# 5931

#### Table 35 – wsman:NoAck

Fault Subcode	wsman:NoAck
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The receiver did not acknowledge the event delivery.
Detail	None
Comments	This fault is returned when the client (subscriber) receives an event with a wsman:AckRequested header and does not (or cannot) acknowledge the receipt. The service stops sending events and terminates the subscription.
Applicability	Any event delivery action (including heartbeats, dropped events, and so on) in any delivery mode
Remedy	For subscribers, the subscription is resubmitted without the acknowledgement option. For services delivering events, the service cancels the subscription immediately.

#### 5932

#### Table 36 – wsman:QuotaLimit

Fault Subcode	wsman:QuotaLimit
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The service is busy servicing other requests.
Detail	None
Comments	This fault is returned when the SOAP message is otherwise correct, but the service has reached a resource or quota limit.
Applicability	All messages
Remedy	The client can retry later.

# Table 37 – wsman:SchemaValidationError

Fault Subcode	wsman:SchemaValidationError
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The supplied SOAP violates the corresponding XML schema definition.
Detail	None
Comments	This fault is used for any XML parsing failure or schema violations.
	Full validation of the SOAP against schemas is not expected in real-time, but processors might in fact notice schema violations, such as type mismatches. In all of these cases, this fault applies.
	In debugging modes where validation is occurring, this fault can be returned for <i>all</i> errors noted by the validating parser.
Applicability	All messages
Remedy	The client corrects the message.

## 5934

# Table 38 – wsmen:TimedOut

Fault Subcode	wsmen:TimedOut
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/fault
Code	s:Receiver
Reason	The enumerator has timed out and is no longer valid.
Detail	None
Comments	This fault is not to be used in WS-Management due to overlap with wsman:TimedOut, which covers all the other messages.
Applicability	Pull
Remedy	The client can retry the Pull request.

5935

# Table 39 – wsman:TimedOut

Fault Subcode	wsman:TimedOut
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
Code	s:Receiver
Reason	The operation has timed out.
Detail	None
Comments	The operation could not be completed within the wsman:OperationTimeout value, or an internal override timeout was reached by the service while trying to process the request. This fault is also returned in all enumerations when no content is available for the current Pull request. Clients can simply retry the Pull request again until a different fault is returned.
Applicability	All requests
Remedy	The client can retry the operation. If the operation is a write (delete, create, or custom operation), the client can consult the system operation log before blindly attempting a retry or attempt a Get or other read operation to try to discover the result of the previous operation.

## Table 40 – wsme:UnableToRenew

Fault Subcode	wsme:UnableToRenew
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The subscription could not be renewed.
Detail	None
Comments	This fault is returned in all cases where the subscription cannot be renewed but is otherwise valid.
Applicability	wsme:Renew
Remedy	The client issues a new subscription.

5937

# Table 41 – wsme:UnsupportedExpirationType

Fault Subcode	wsme:UnsupportedExpirationType
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The specified expiration type is not supported.
Detail	None
Comments	A specific time for expiration (as opposed to duration) is not supported. This fault is not to be used if the value itself is incorrect; it is only to be used if the <i>type</i> is not supported.
Applicability	Subscribe
Remedy	The client corrects the expiration to use a duration time.

5938

# Table 42 – wsmen:UnsupportedExpirationType

Fault Subcode	wsmen:UnsupportedExpirationType
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The specified expiration type is not supported.
Detail	None
Comments	<ul> <li>The specified expiration type is not supported. For example, a specific time-based expiration type might not be supported (as opposed to a duration-based expiration type).</li> <li>This fault is not to be used if the value itself is incorrect; it is only to be used if the <i>type</i> is not supported.</li> </ul>
Applicability	Enumerate
Remedy	The client corrects the expiration time or omits it and retries.

# Table 43 – wsman:UnsupportedFeature

Fault Subcode	wsman:UnsupportedFeature
Action URI	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The specified feature is not supported.
Detail	<s:detail> <s:detail> (s:Detail&gt; If possible, one of the following URI values  </s:detail> Possible URI values: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/Ack http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/AddressingMode http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/AddressingMode http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/AddressingMode http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/AddressingMode http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/AddressingMode http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/AsynchronousRequest http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/EnumerationMode http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/EnumerationMode http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/FilteringRequired http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/FormatMismatch http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/FilteringRequired http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/FilteringRequired http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/FilteringRequired http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/FilteringRequired http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/FilteringRequired http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/Locale http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MaxEnvelopePolicy http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MaxEnvelopePolicy http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MaxEnvelopeSize http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MaxTime http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/Detail/MaxTime http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MaxTime http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MaxTime http://schemas.dmtf.or</s:detail>
Comments	This fault indicates that an unsupported feature was attempted.
Applicability	Any message
Remedy	The client corrects or removes the unsupported feature request and retries.

5940

# Table 44 – wsme:UnsupportedExpirationType

Fault Subcode	wsme:UnsupportedExpirationType
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	Only expiration durations are supported.
Detail	None
Comments	This fault is sent when a Subscribe request specifies an expiration time and the event source is only capable of accepting expiration durations; for instance, if the event source does not have access to absolute time.
Applicability	Subscribe, wsme:Renew

Remedy
--------

# Table 45 – wsmen:UnableToRenew

Fault Subcode	wsmen:UnableToRenew
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	Text explaining the failure; e.g., "The event source has too many subscribers".
Detail	None
Comments	This fault is sent when the event source is not capable of fulfilling a Renew request for local reasons unrelated to the specific request.
Applicability	wsmen:Renew
Remedy	

5942

#### Table 46 – wsa:InvalidMessage

Fault Subcode	wsa:InvalidMessage
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	The message is not valid and cannot be processed.
Detail	The invalid message
Comments	If a request message does not comply with the corresponding outline in the previous row, the request shall fail and the event source or subscription manager may generate this fault indicating that the request is invalid.
Applicability	Subscribe, Renew, wsme:GetStatus, Unsubscribe
Remedy	

5943

# Table 47 – wsme:CannotProcessFilter

Fault Subcode	wsme:CannotProcessFilter
Action URI	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing/fault
Code	s:Sender
Reason	Cannot filter as requested
Detail	None
Comments	A filter was specified can not be processed.
Applicability	Subscribe
Remedy	

5944

	Web Services for Management (WS-Management) Specification DSP0226
5945 5946	ANNEX A (informative)
5947 5948	Notational Conventions
5949	This annex specifies the notations and namespaces used in this specification.
5950	This specification uses the following syntax to define normative outlines for messages:
5951 5952	<ul> <li>The syntax appears as an XML instance, but values in italics indicate data types instead of values.</li> </ul>
5953	<ul> <li>Characters are appended to elements and attributes to indicate cardinality:</li> </ul>
5954	"?" (0 or 1)
5955	"*" (0 or more)
5956	"+" (1 or more)
5957	The character " " indicates a choice between alternatives.
5958 5959	<ul> <li>The characters "[" and "]" indicate that enclosed items are to be treated as a group with respect to cardinality or choice.</li> </ul>
5960 5961 5962 5963	• An ellipsis ("") indicates a point of extensibility that allows other child or attribute content. Additional children and attributes may be added at the indicated extension points but must not contradict the semantics of the parent or owner, respectively. If a receiver does not recognize an extension, the receiver should not process the message and may fault.
5964 5965	<ul> <li>XML namespace prefixes (see Table A-1) indicate the namespace of the element being defined.</li> </ul>
5966	Throughout the document, whitespace within XML element values is used for readability. In practice, a

Throughout the document, whitespace within XML element values is used for readability. In practice, a 5966 service can accept and strip leading and trailing whitespace within element values as if whitespace had 5967 not been used. 5968

#### A.1 5969 **XML Namespaces**

5970 Table A-1 lists XML namespaces used in this specification. The choice of any namespace prefix is arbitrary and not semantically significant. Unless otherwise noted, the XML Schema for each 5971 specification can be retrieved by resolving the XML namespace URI for each specification listed in 5972 Table A-1. 5973

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# Table A-1 – Prefixes and XML Namespaces Used in This Specification

Prefix	XML Namespace	Specification
wsman	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd	This specification
wsmid	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/identity/1/ wsmanidentity.xsd	This specification – discovery of supported protocol versions
S	http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope	<u>SOAP 1.2</u>
XS	http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema	XML Schema 1, XML Schema 2
wsdl	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl	WSDL/1.1
wsa	Either wsa04 or wsa10	Either wsa04 or wsa10
wsa04	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing	Clause 5 of this specification
wsa10	http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing	WS-Addressing W3C Recommendation
wsam	http://www.w3.org/2007/05/addressing/metadata	WS-Addressing Metadata W3C Recommendation
wsme	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing	Clause 10 of this specification
wsmen	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration	Clause 8 of this specification
wsmt	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer	Clause 7 of this specification
wsp	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/policy	WS-Policy

5975

5976	ANNEX B
5977	(normative)
5978	
5979	Conformance
5980	This annex specifies the conformance rules used in this specification.
5981 5982 5983	An implementation is not conformant with this specification if it fails to satisfy one or more of the "shall" or "required" level requirements defined in the conformance rules for each section, as indicated by the following format:
5984	Rnnnn: Rule text
5985	General conformance rules are defined as follows:
5986 5987 5988 5989	<b>RB-1:</b> To be conformant, the service shall comply with all the rules defined in this specification. Items marked with shall are required, and items marked with should are highly advised to maximize interoperation. Items marked with may indicate the preferred implementation for expected features, but interoperation is not affected if they are ignored.
5990 5991	<b>RB-2:</b> Conformant services of this specification shall use this XML namespace Universal Resource Identifier:
5992	(1) http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd
5993 5994	<b>RB-3:</b> A SOAP node shall not use the XML namespace identifier for this specification unless it complies with the conformance rules in this specification.
5995 5996 5997 5998	This specification does not mandate that all messages and operations need to be supported. It only requires that any supported message or operation obey the conformance rules for that message or operation. It is important that services not use the XML namespace identifier for WS-Management in SOAP operations in a mapper that is inconsistent with the rules defined in this specification.

5998 SOAP operations in a manner that is inconsistent with the rules defined in this specification.

5999		ANNEX C				
6000	(normative)					
6001						
6002		HTTP(S) Transport and Security Profile				
6003	C.1 Gene	eral				
6004 6005 6006 6007	interoperation common usag	Management is a SOAP protocol and not tied to a specific network transport, requires some common standards to be established. This clause centers on establishing e over HTTP 1.1 and HTTPS. In addition to HTTP and HTTPS, this specification allows abled transport to be used as a carrier for WS-Management messages.				
6008 6009	For identification and referencing, each transport is identified by a URI, and each authentication mechanism defined in this specification is also identified by a URI.					
6010 6011 6012 6013	As new transports are standardized, they can also acquire a URI for referencing purposes, and any new authentication mechanisms that they expose can also be assigned URIs for publication and identification purposes in XML documents. As new transports are standardized for WS-Management, the associated transport-specific requirements can be defined and published to ensure interoperability.					
6014 6015	The SOAP HTTP binding described in section 7 of <u>SOAP Version 1.2 Part 2: Adjuncts</u> is used for WS-Management encoding over HTTP and HTTPS.					
6016	C.2 HTTP	P(S) Binding				
6017	This clause cla	arifies how SOAP messages are bound to HTTP(S).				
6018 6019	<b>RC.2-1:</b> 1.1.	A service that supports the SOAP HTTP(S) binding shall at least support it using HTTP				
6020 6021	RC.2-2: Response	A service shall at least implement the Responding SOAP Node of the SOAP Request- Message Exchange Pattern:				
6022	http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap/mep/request-response/					
6023	BC 2-2-	A service may choose not to implement the Responding SOAP Node of the SOAP				

- 6023 A service may choose not to implement the Responding SOAP Node of the SOAP RC.2-3: 6024 Response Message Exchange Pattern:
- http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap/mep/soap-response/ 6025
- 6026 RC.2-4: A service may choose not to support the SOAP Web Method Feature.

6027 A service shall at least implement the Responding SOAP Node of an HTTP one-way RC.2-5: Message Exchange Pattern where the SOAP Envelope is carried in the HTTP Request and the 6028 6029 HTTP Response has a Status Code of 202 Accepted and an empty Entity Body (no SOAP 6030 Envelope).

- 6031 The message exchange pattern described in RB.2-5 is used to carry SOAP messages that require 6032 no response.
- 6033 RC.2-6: A service shall at least support Request Message SOAP Envelopes and one-way 6034 SOAP Envelopes delivered using HTTP Post.

#### 6035 RC.2-7: In cases where the service cannot respond with a SOAP message, the HTTP error code 500 (Internal Server Error) should be returned and the client side should close the connection. 6036

6037RC.2-8:For services that support HTTPS, the transport layer handles negotiation of the proper6038encryption protocol. Services may implement an Identify response that is unauthenticated to6039facilitate negotiation.RC.2-9:When delivering faults, an HTTP status code of 5006040should be used in the response for s:Receiver faults, and a code of 400 should be used for6041s:Sender faults.

6042RC.2-10:The URL used with the HTTP-Post operation to deliver the SOAP message is not6043required to have the same content as the wsa:To URI used in the SOAP address. Often, the HTTP6044URL has the same content as the wsa:To URI in the message, but may additionally contain other6045message routing fields suffixed to the network address using a service-defined separator token6046sequence. It is recommended that services require only the wsa:To network address URL to6047promote uniform client-side processing and behavior, and to include service-level routing in other6048parts of the address.

- RC.2-11: In the absence of other requirements, it is recommended that the path portion of the
   URL used with the HTTP-POST operation be /wsman for resources that require authentication and
   /wsman-anon for resources that do not require authentication. If these paths are used,
   unauthenticated requests should not be supported for /wsman and authentication must not be
   required for /wsman-anon.
- 6054**RC.2-12:** If the SOAPAction header is present in an HTTP/HTTPS-based request that carries a6055SOAP message, it must match the wsa:Action URI present in the SOAP message. The6056SOAPAction header is optional, and a service must not fault a request if this header is missing.
- 6057Because WS-Management is based on SOAP 1.2, the optional SOAPAction header is merely used6058as an optimization. If present, it shall match the wsa:Action URI used in the SOAP message. The6059service is permitted to fault the request by simply examining the SOAPAction header, if the action is6060not valid, without examining the SOAP content. However, the service may not fault the request if6061the SOAPAction header is omitted.
- 6062 **RC.2-13:** If a service supports attachments, the service shall support the HTTP Transmission 6063 Optimization Feature.
- 6064**RC.2-14:** If a service cannot process a message with an attachment or unsupported encoding6065type, and the transport is HTTP or HTTPS, it shall return HTTP error 415 as its response6066(unsupported media).
- 6067RC.2-15:If a service cannot process a message with an attachment or unsupported encoding6068type using transports other than HTTP/HTTPS, it should return a wsman:EncodingLimit fault with6069the following detail code:
- 6070 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/EncodingType

# 6071 C.3 HTTP(S) Security Profiles

- 6072This specification defines a set of security profiles for use with HTTP and HTTPS. Conformant services6073need not support HTTP or HTTPS, but if supported these predefined profiles provide the client with at6074least one way to access the service. Other specifications can define additional profiles for use with6075HTTP or HTTPS.
- 6076 **RC.3-1:** A conformant service that supports HTTP shall support one of the predefined HTTP-6077 based profiles.
- 6078 **RC.3-2:** A conformant service that supports HTTPS shall support one of the predefined HTTPS-6079 based profiles.

- 6080RC.3-3:A conformant service should not expose WS-Management over a completely6081unauthenticated HTTP channel except for situations such as Identify (see clause 11), debugging, or
- as determined by the service.
- 6083 The service is not required to export only a single HTTP or HTTPS address. The service can export 6084 multiple addresses, each of which supports a specific security profile or multiple profiles.
- 6085 If clients support all predefined profiles, they are assured of some form of secure access to a 6086 WS-Management implementation that supports HTTP, HTTPS, or both.

# 6087 C.3.1 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/http/basic

- 6088 This profile is essentially the "standard" profile, but it is limited to Basic authentication.
- 6089 The typical sequence is shown in Table C-1.
- 6090

#### Table C-1 – Basic Authentication Sequence

	Client		Service
1	Client connects with no authorization header.	<b>&gt;</b>	Service sees no header.
2		÷	Service sends 401 return code, listing Basic as the authorization mode.
3	Client provides Basic authorization header.	<b>→</b>	Service authenticates the client.

This behavior is normal for HTTP. If the client connects with a Basic authorization header initially and if it is valid, the request immediately succeeds.

Basic authentication is not recommended for unsecured transports. If used with HTTP alone, for
 example, the transmission of the password constitutes a security risk. However, if the HTTP transport is
 secured with IPSec, for example, the risk is substantially reduced.

6096 Similarly, Basic authentication is suitable when performing testing, prototyping, or diagnosis.

# 6097 C.3.2 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/http/digest

- 6098 This profile is essentially the same as the "standard" profile, but it is limited to the use of Digest 6099 authentication.
- 6100 The typical sequence is shown in Table C-2.
- 6101

#### Table C-2 – Digest Authentication Sequence

	Client		Service
1	Client connects with no authorization header.	<b>&gt;</b>	Service sees no header.
2		÷	Service sends 401 return code, listing Digest as the authorization mode.
3	Client provides Digest authorization header.	<b>→</b>	
4		÷	Service begins authorization sequence of secure token exchange.
5	Client continues authorization sequence.	<b>→</b>	Service authenticates client.

6102 This behavior is normal for HTTP. If the client connects with a Digest authorization header initially and if 6103 it is valid, the token exchange sequence begins.

# 6104 C.3.3 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/basic

- 6105 This profile establishes the use of Basic authentication over HTTPS. This profile is used when only a 6106 server-side certificate encrypts the connection, but the service still needs to authenticate the client.
- 6107 The typical sequence is shown in Table C-3.

#### 6108

#### Table C-3 – Basic Authentication over HTTPS Sequence

	Client		Service
1	Client connects with no authorization header using HTTPS.	<b>→</b>	Service sees no header, but establishes an encrypted connection.
2		÷	Service sends 401 return code, listing Basic as the authorization mode.
3	Client provides Basic authorization header.	<b>→</b>	Service authenticates the client.

6109 If the client connects with a Basic authorization header initially and if it is valid, the request immediately 6110 succeeds.

## 6111 C.3.4 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/digest

- 6112 This profile establishes the use of Digest authentication over HTTPS. This profile is used when only a 6113 server-side certificate encrypts the connection, but the service still needs to authenticate the client.
- 6114 The typical sequence is shown in Table C-4.
- 6115

## Table C-4 – Digest Authentication over HTTPS Sequence

	Client		Service
1	Client connects with no authorization header using HTTPS.	<b>ት</b>	Service sees no header, but establishes an encrypted connection.
2		÷	Service sends 401 return code, listing Digest as the auth mode.
3	Client provides Digest authorization header.	<b>→</b>	
4		÷	Service begins authorization sequence of secure token exchange.
5	Client continues authorization sequence.	<b>→</b>	Service authenticates client.

6116 This behavior is normal for HTTPS. If the client connects with a Digest authorization header initially and 6117 if it is valid, the token exchange sequence begins.

# 6118 C.3.5 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/ 6119 mutual

- 6120 In this security mode, the client supplies an X.509 certificate that is used to authenticate the client. No 6121 HTTP or HTTPS authorization header is required in the HTTP-Post request.
- 6122 However, as a hint to the service, the following HTTP/HTTPS authorization header may be present.
- 6123 Authorization: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/mutual

- 6124 Because the service can be configured to always look for the certificate, this authorization header is not 6125 required.
- 6126 This simple sequence is shown in Table C-5.

6127

## Table C-5 – HTTPS with Client Certificate Sequence

	Client		Service
1	Client connects with no authorization header but supplies an X.509 certificate.	<b>*</b>	Service ignores the authorization header and retrieves the client-side certificate.
2		÷	Service accepts or denies access with 403.7 or 403.16 return codes.

# 6128C.3.6http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/6129mutual/basic

6130 In this profile, the http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/mutual profile is used
 6131 first to authenticate both sides using X.509 certificates. Individual operations are subsequently
 6132 authenticated using HTTP Basic authorization headers.

This profile authenticates both the client and service initially and provides one level of security, typically
at the machine or device level. The second level of authentication typically performs authorization for
specific operations, although it can act as a simple, secondary authentication mechanism with no
authorization semantics.

6137 The typical sequence is shown in Table C-6.

6138

# Table C-6 – Basic Authentication over HTTPS with Client Certificate Sequence

	Client		Service
1	Client connects with certificate and special authorization header.	<b>→</b>	Service queries for client certificate and authenticates. If certificate is missing or invalid, the sequence stops here with 403.7 or 403.16 return codes.
2		÷	After authenticating the certificate, the service sends 401 return code, listing available Basic authorization mode as a requirement.
3	Client selects Basic as the authorization mode to use and includes it in the Authorization header, as defined for HTTP 1.1.	<b>→</b>	Service authenticates the client again before performing the operation.

6139 In the initial request, the HTTPS authorization header must be as follows:

- 6140 Authorization: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/mutual/basic
- This indicates to the service that this special mode is in use, and that it can query for the client
- 6142 certificate to ensure that subsequent requests are properly challenged for Basic authorization if the 6143 HTTP Authorization header is missing from a request.
- 6144 The Authorization header is treated as normal HTTP basic:
- 6145 Authorization: Basic ...user/password encoding

6146 This use of Basic authentication is secure (unlike its normal use in HTTP) because the transmission of

6147 the user name and password is performed over an encrypted connection.

# 6148 C.3.7 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/ 6149 mutual/digest

6150 This profile is the same as

http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/mutual/basic, except that the HTTP
Digest authentication model is used after the initial X.509 certificate-based mutual authentication is
completed.

- 6154 In the initial request, the HTTPS authorization header must be as follows:
- 6155 Authorization: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/mutual/digest

# 6156C.3.8http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/6157spnego-kerberos

- 6158 In this profile, the client connects to the server using HTTPS with only server-side certificates to encrypt 6159 the connection.
- 6160 Authentication is carried out based on <u>RFC 4559</u>, which describes the use of GSSAPI SPNEGO over 6161 HTTP (Table C-7). This mechanism allows HTTP to carry out the negotiation protocol of <u>RFC 4178</u> to 6462
- authenticate the user based on Kerberos Version 5.

6163

# Table C-7 – SPNEGO Authentication over HTTPS Sequence

	Client		Service
1	Client connects with no authorization header using HTTPS.	<b>→</b>	Service sees no header, but establishes an encrypted connection.
2		÷	Service sends 401 return code, listing <b>Negotiate</b> as an available HTTP authentication mechanism.
3	Client uses the referenced Internet draft to start a SPNEGO sequence to negotiate for Kerberos V5.	<b>→</b>	
4		÷	Service engages in SPNEGO sequence to authenticate client using Kerberos V5.
5	Client is authenticated.	<b>→</b>	Service authenticates client.

# 6164C.3.9http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/6165mutual/spnego-kerberos

6166 This mode is the same as http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/spnego-

6167 kerberos except that the server and client mutually authenticate one another at the transport layer prior 6168 to beginning the Kerberos authentication sequence (Table C-8). See RFC 4178 for details.

to beginning the Kerberos authentication sequence (Table C-8). See  $\frac{RFC 4178}{1}$  for details

6169

Table C-8 – SPNEGO Authentication over HTTPS with Client Certificate Sequence

	Client		Service
1	Client connects with no authorization header using HTTPS.	<b>→</b>	Service queries for client certificate and authenticates. If certificate is missing or invalid, the sequence stops here with 403.7 or 403.16 return codes.
2		÷	After the mutual certificate authentication sequence, service sends 401 return code, listing <b>Negotiate</b> as an available HTTP authentication mechanism.
3	Client uses the referenced Internet draft to start a SPNEGO sequence to negotiate for Kerberos V5.	<b>→</b>	
4		÷	Service engages in SPNEGO sequence to authenticate client using Kerberos V5.
5	Client is authenticated.	<b>→</b>	Service authenticates client.

6170 Typically, this is used to mutually authenticate devices or machines, and then subsequently perform 6171 user- or role-based authentication.

# 6172 C.3.10 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/http/spnego-6173 kerberos

6174 This profile is the same as http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/spnego-6175 kerberos except that it is performed over an HTTP connection. See <u>RFC 4178</u> for details.

6176 Although this profile supports secure authentication, because it is not encrypted, it represents security 6177 risks such as information disclosure because the SOAP traffic is in plain text. It is not to be used in 6178 environments that require a high level of security.

# 6179 C.4 IPSec and HTTP

HTTP with Basic authentication is weak on an unsecured network. If IPSec is in use, however, this
weakness is no longer an issue. IPSec provides high-quality cryptographic security, data origin
authentication, and anti-replay services.

6183 Because IPSec is intended for machine-level authentication and network traffic protection, it is 6184 insufficient for real-world management in many cases, which can require additional authentication of 6185 specific users to authorize access to resource classes and instances. IPSec needs to be used in 6186 conjunction with one of the profiles in this clause for user-level authentication. However, it obviates the 6187 need for HTTPS-based traffic and allows safe use of HTTP-based profiles.

6188 From the network perspective, the use of HTTP Basic authentication when the traffic is carried over a 6189 network secured by IPSec is intrinsically safe and equivalent to using HTTPS with server-side

6190 certificates. Other specifications can define IPSec security profiles that combine IPSec6191 with appropriate authentication mechanisms.

6192	ANNEX D
6193 6194	(informative)
6195	XPath Support

### 6196 **D.1 General**

6197 Implementations typically need to support XPath for several purposes, such as fragment-level access
6198 (7.7), datasets (8), and filtering (10.2.2). Because the full <u>XPath 1.0</u> specification is large, subsets are
6199 typically required in resource-constrained implementations.

The purpose of this clause is to identify the minimum set of syntactic elements that implementations
can provide to promote maximum interoperability. In most cases, implementations provide large
subsets of full XPath, but they need additional definitions to ensure that the subsets meet minimum
requirements. The Level 1 and Level 2 BNF definitions in this annex establish such minimums for use in
the WS-Management space.

This specification defines two subset profiles for XPath: Level 1 with basic node selector support and no
filtering (for supporting Fragment-level access as described in 7.7), and Level 2 with basic filtering
support (for enumerating and receiving notifications). Level 2 is a formal superset of Level 1.

The following BNFs both are formal LL(1) grammars. A parser can be constructed automatically from
 the BNF using an appropriate tool, or a recursive-descent parser can be implemented manually by
 inspection of the grammar.

6211 Within the grammars, non-terminal tokens are surrounded by angled brackets, and terminal tokens are 6212 in uppercase and not surrounded by angled brackets.

6213 XML namespace support is explicitly absent from these definitions. Processors that meet the syntax

6214 requirements can provide a mode in which the elements are processed without regard to XML 6215 namespaces, but can also provide more powerful, namespace-aware processing.

6216 The default execution context of the XPath is specified explicitly in 8.4 and 10.2.2.

For the following dialects, XML namespaces and QNames are not expected to be supported by default and can be silently ignored by the implementation.

These dialects are for informational purposes only and are not intended as Filter Dialects in actual
 SOAP messages. Because they are XPath compliant (albeit subsets), the Filter Dialect in the SOAP
 messages is still that of full XPath:

6222 http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/REC-xpath-19991116

# 6223 **D.2 Level 1**

Level 1 contains just the necessary XPath to identify nodes within an XML document or fragment and is targeted for use with Fragment-level access (7.7) of this specification.

6226 EXAMPLE:

6227 6228 6229 6230 6231	<pre>(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)</pre>	
6232 6233 6234	(6) (7) (8)	<relpath> ::= &lt;&gt;; <relpath> ::= TOKEN_DOT TOKEN_SLASH; <relpath> ::= TOKEN_DOT_DOT TOKEN_SLASH;</relpath></relpath></relpath>
6235	(9)	<pre><element_sequence> ::= <element> <optional_filter_expression> <more>;</more></optional_filter_expression></element></element_sequence></pre>
6236 6237		<more> ::= TOKEN_SLASH <follower>; <more> ::= &lt;&gt;;</more></follower></more>
6238 6239 6240	(13)	<follower> ::= <attribute>; <follower> ::= <text_function>; <follower> ::= <element_sequence>;</element_sequence></follower></text_function></follower></attribute></follower>
6241 6242	(15) (16)	<pre><optional_filter_expression> ::= TOKEN_OPEN_BRACKET <filter_expression> TOKEN_CLOSE_BRACKET;</filter_expression></optional_filter_expression></pre>
6243	(17)	<pre><optional_filter_expression> ::= &lt;&gt;;</optional_filter_expression></pre>
6244	(18)	<attribute> ::= TOKEN_AT_SYMBOL <name>;</name></attribute>
6245	(19)	<pre><element> ::= <name>;</name></element></pre>
6246 6247	(20) (21)	<text_function> ::= TOKEN_TEXT TOKEN_OPEN_PAREN TOKEN_CLOSE_PAREN;</text_function>
6248	(22)	<name> ::= TOKEN_XML_NAME;</name>
6249	(23)	<filter_expression> ::= <array_location>;</array_location></filter_expression>
6250	(24)	<pre><array_location> ::= TOKEN_UNSIGNED_POSITIVE_INTEGER;</array_location></pre>

This dialect allows selecting any XML node based on its name or array position, or any attribute by its
 name. Optionally, the text() NodeTest can trail the entire expression to select only the raw value of the
 name, excluding the XML element name wrapper.

- 6254 Terminals in the grammar are defined as shown in Table D-1.
- 6255

#### Table D-1 – XPath Level 1 Terminals

TOKEN_SLASH	The character '/'
TOKEN_DOT	The character '.'
TOKEN_DOT_DOT	The characters ''
TOKEN_END_OF_INPUT	End of input
TOKEN_OPEN_BRACKET	The character '['
TOKEN_CLOSE_BRACKET	The character ']'
TOKEN_AT_SYMBOL	The character '@'
TOKEN_XML_NAME	Equivalent to XML Schema type xs:token
TOKEN_UNSIGNED_POSITIVE_INTEGER	Values in the subrange 14294967295
TOKEN_TEXT	The characters 'text'
TOKEN_OPEN_PAREN	The character '('
TOKEN_CLOSE_PAREN	The character ')'

Using the following XML fragment, some examples are shown assuming that the element "a" is the context node (that is, represents the resource or event document).

# 6258 EXAMPLE 1:

6259	(1)	<envelope></envelope>
6260	(2)	<body></body>
6261	(3)	<a></a>
6262	(4)	 b x="y"> 100
6263	(5)	<c></c>
6264	(6)	<d> 200 </d>
6265	(7)	
6266	(8)	<c></c>
6267	(9)	<d> 300 </d>
6268	(10)	<d> 400 </d>
6269	(11)	
6270	(12)	
6271	(13)	
6272	(14)	

# 6273 EXAMPLE 2:

6274	(1) / // Selects <a> and all its content</a>
6275	(2) /a // Selects <a> and all its content</a>
6276	(3) . // Selects <a> and all its content</a>
6277	(4)/a // Selects <a> and all its content</a>
6278	(5) b // Selects <b x="y"> 100 </b>
6279	(6) c // Selects both <c> nodes, one after the other</c>
6280	(7)c[1] // Selects <c><d>200</d></c>
6281	(8)c[2]/d[2] // Selects <d> 400 </d>
6282	(9)c[2]/d[2]/text() // Selects 400
6283	(10) b/text()// Selects 100
6284	(11) b/@x // Selects x="y"

6285The only filtering expression capability is an array selection. XPath can return a node set. In 7.7 of this6286specification, the intent is to select a specific node, not a set of nodes, so if the situation occurs as6287illustrated on line (20) above, most implementations simply return a fault stating that it is unclear which6288<c> was meant and require the client to actually select one of the two available <c> elements using6289the array syntax. Also, text() cannot be suffixed to attribute selection.

- A service that supports Fragment-level access as described in 7.7 of this specification is encouraged to support a subset of XPath at least as powerful as that described in Level 1.
- 6292 Clearly, the service can expose full XPath 1.0 or any other subset that meets or exceeds the 6293 requirements defined here.
- A service that supports the Level 1 XPath dialect must ensure that it observes matching of a single
   node. If more than one element of the same name is at the same level in the XML, the array notation
   must be used to distinguish them.

# 6297 **D.3 Level 2**

Level 2 contains everything defined in Level 1, plus general-purpose filtering functionality with the
standard set of relational operators and parenthesized sub-expressions (with AND, OR, NOT, and so
on). This dialect is suitable for filtering using enumerations and subscription filters. This dialect is a strict
superset of Level 1, with the <filter_expression> production being considerably extended to contain a
useful subset of the XPath filtering syntax.

6303	03 EXAMPLE 1:				
6304 6305 6306 6307 6308		(2)	<pre><path> ::= <root_selector> TOKEN_END_OF_INPUT; <root_selector> ::= TOKEN_SLASH <element_sequence>; <root_selector> ::= <relpath> <element_sequence>; <root_selector> ::= <attribute>; <root_selector> ::= TOKEN_DOT;</root_selector></attribute></root_selector></element_sequence></relpath></root_selector></element_sequence></root_selector></root_selector></path></pre>		
6309 6310 6311		(7)	<relpath> ::= &lt;&gt; ; <relpath> ::= TOKEN_DOT TOKEN_SLASH; <relpath> ::= TOKEN_DOT_DOT TOKEN_SLASH;</relpath></relpath></relpath>		
6312		(9)	<pre><element_sequence> ::= <element> <optional_filter_expression> <more>;</more></optional_filter_expression></element></element_sequence></pre>		
6313 6314			<more> ::= TOKEN_SLASH <follower>; <more> ::= &lt;&gt;;</more></follower></more>		
6315 6316 6317		(13)	<follower> ::= <attribute>; <follower> ::= <text_function>; <follower> ::= <element_sequence>;</element_sequence></follower></text_function></follower></attribute></follower>		
6318 6319 6320			<pre><optional_filter_expression> ::= TOKEN_OPEN_BRACKET <filter_expression>     TOKEN_CLOSE_BRACKET; <optional_filter_expression> ::= &lt;&gt;;</optional_filter_expression></filter_expression></optional_filter_expression></pre>		
6321		(17)	<attribute> ::= TOKEN_AT_SYMBOL <name>;</name></attribute>		
6322		(18)	<pre><element> ::= <name>;</name></element></pre>		
6323		(19)	<text_function> ::= TOKEN_TEXT TOKEN_OPEN_PAREN TOKEN_CLOSE_PAREN;</text_function>		
6324		(20)	<name> ::= TOKEN_XML_NAME;</name>		
6325		(21)	<filter_expression> ::= <array_location>;</array_location></filter_expression>		
6326		(22)	<pre><array_location> ::= TOKEN_UNSIGNED_POSITIVE_INTEGER;</array_location></pre>		
6327 6328 6329 6330		(24) (25)	<pre>// Next level, simple OR expression <or_expression> ::= <and_expression> <or_expression_rest>; <or_expression_rest> ::= TOKEN_OR <and_expression> <or_expression_rest>; <or_expression_rest> ::= &lt;&gt;;</or_expression_rest></or_expression_rest></and_expression></or_expression_rest></or_expression_rest></and_expression></or_expression></pre>		
6331 6332 6333 6334		(28) (29)	<pre>// Next highest level, AND expression <and_expression> ::= <rel_expression> <and_expression_rest>; <and_expression_rest> ::= TOKEN_AND <rel_expression> <and_expression_rest>; <and_expression_rest> ::= &lt;&gt;;</and_expression_rest></and_expression_rest></rel_expression></and_expression_rest></and_expression_rest></rel_expression></and_expression></pre>		
6335		(31)	// Next level of precedence >, <, >=, <=, =, !=		

6336 6337 6338	<pre>(32) <rel_expression> ::= <sub_expression> <rel_expression_rest>; (33) <rel_expression_rest> ::= <name> <rel_op> <const>; (34) <rel expression="" rest=""> ::= &lt;&gt;;</rel></const></rel_op></name></rel_expression_rest></rel_expression_rest></sub_expression></rel_expression></pre>
6339 6340 6341 6342	<pre>(35) // Identifier, literal, or identifier + param_list (function call) (36) <sub_expression> ::= TOKEN_OPEN_PAREN <filter_expression> TOKEN_CLOSE_PAREN; (37) <sub_expression> ::= TOKEN_NOT TOKEN_OPEN_PAREN <filter_expression>         TOKEN_CLOSE_PAREN;</filter_expression></sub_expression></filter_expression></sub_expression></pre>
6343 6344 6345 6346 6347 6348 6349	<pre>(38) // Relational operators (39) <rel_op> ::= TOKEN_GT; // &gt; (40) <rel_op> ::= TOKEN_LT; // &lt; (41) <rel_op> ::= TOKEN_GE; // &gt;= (42) <rel_op> ::= TOKEN_LE; // &lt;= (43) <rel_op> ::= TOKEN_EQ; // = (44) <rel op=""> ::= TOKEN_NE; // !=</rel></rel_op></rel_op></rel_op></rel_op></rel_op></pre>
6350	(45) <const> ::= QUOTE TOKEN STRING QUOTE;</const>

6351 Terminals in the grammar are defined as shown in Table D-2.

6352

#### Table D-2 – XPath Level 2 Terminals

TOWEN OF A OU	The character 'l'
TOKEN_SLASH	The character '/'
TOKEN_DOT	The character '.'
TOKEN_DOT_DOT	The characters ''
TOKEN_END_OF_INPUT	End of input
TOKEN_OPEN_BRACKET	The character '['
TOKEN_CLOSE_BRACKET	The character ']'
TOKEN_AT_SYMBOL	The character '@'
TOKEN_XML_NAME	Equivalent to XML Schema type xs:token
TOKEN_UNSIGNED_POSITIVE_INTEGER	Values in the subrange 14294967295
TOKEN_TEXT	The characters 'text'
TOKEN_OPEN_PAREN	The character '('
TOKEN_CLOSE_PAREN	The character ')'
TOKEN_AND	The characters 'and'
TOKEN_OR	The characters 'or'
TOKEN_NOT	The characters 'not'
TOKEN_STRING	Equivalent to XML Schema type xs:string
QUOTE	The character ""

		2: This dialect allows the same type of selection syntax as Level 1, but adds filtering, as in the following amples, given the Level 1 example document above:
6355 6356 6357 6358	(2) (3)	<pre>b[@x="y"] // Select <b> if it has attribute x="y" b[.="100"] // Select <b> if it is 100 c[d="200"] // Select <c> if <d> is 200 c/d[.="200"] // Select <d> if it is 200</d></d></c></b></b></pre>
6359 6360		b[.="100" and @x="z"] // Select <b> if it is 100 and has @x="z" c[d="200" or d="300"] // Select all <c> with d=200 or d=300</c></b>
6361 6362 6363	(8)	<pre>c[2][not(.="400" or @x="100")] // Select second <c> provided that: // its value is not 400 and it does not have an attribute x set to 100</c></pre>

- 6364 (10) c/d[.="100" or (@x="400" and .="500")]
- 6365 (11) // Select <d> provided that:
- 6366 (12) // its value is 100 or it has an attribute x set to 400 and its value is 500
- 6367 In essence, this dialect allows selecting any node based on a filter expression with the complete set of 6368 relational operators, logical operators, and parenthesized sub-expressions.
- 6369 A service that supports XPath-based filtering dialects as described in this specification is encouraged to 6370 support a subset of XPath at least as powerful as that described in Level 2.
- 6371 Clearly, the service can expose full XPath 1.0 or any other subset that meets or exceeds the 6372 requirements defined here.
- 6373 In the actual operation, such as Enumerate or Subscribe, the XPath dialect is identified under the 6374 normal URI for full XPath:
- 6375 http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/REC-xpath-19991116

6376	
6377	(normative)
6378 6379	Selector Filter Dialect
0379	Selector Thter Dialect
6380 6381	The Selector filter dialect is a simple filtering dialect that allows a filtered enumeration or subscription with no representation change.
6382 6383 6384 6385	Selectors are part of the default addressing model as defined in 5.1. This dialect is intended for implementations that support the default addressing model because it gives the ability to support filtering using a similar syntax while avoiding additional processing overhead of supporting more complex dialects.
6386	This specification defines the following dialect filter URI for the Selector dialect:
6387	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/SelectorFilter
6388 6389	If a service uses the WS-Management default addressing model, it can support this filter dialect for enumeration and subscription operations.
6390 6391 6392 6393	The Selector filter dialect can be used to specify name value pairs in the selector syntax to filter the results from an Enumerate request or to identify the events of interest in a Subscribe request. The selectors act as a selection mechanism against the resource class space implied by the ResourceURI; however, there is no implication that the selector values are keys or even part of the returned resource.
6394	The syntax for the filter in an Enumerate request is as follows:
6395 6396 6397 6398 6399 6400 6401 6402 6403 6404 6405 6406 6407 6408 6409 6410 6411 6412	<pre>(1) <s:header> (2) <wsa:to> Service transport address </wsa:to> (3) <wsman:resourceuri> Resource URI </wsman:resourceuri> (4) (5) </s:header> (6) <s:body> (7) <wsmen:enumerate> (8) <wsman:filter (9) Dialect="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/SelectorFilter"&gt; (10) <wsman:filter (9) Dialect="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/SelectorFilter"&gt; (10) <wsman:selectorset> (11) <wsman:selectorset> (12) selector-value (13)  (12) selector-value (13)  + (14) </wsman:selectorset> (15)  (16) (17) </wsman:selectorset></wsman:filter </wsman:filter </wsmen:enumerate> (18) </s:body></pre>
6413	Because the filter syntax does not include resource type information, the Resource URI specified in the

Because the filter syntax does not include resource type information, the Resource URI specified in the
addressing block is used for identifying the resource type. Each of the individual selectors within a
SelectorSet are logically joined by AND for determining the result of the filter.

6416**RE-1:** If the Selector Filter dialect is supported, a service shall accept as selector names the6417local (NCName) part of the QNames of any of the top-level elements that represent the resource6418instance or event and may accept additional selector names. If the service supports filtering only on6419a subset of these QNames and the filter refers to an unsupported QName, the service shall6420respond with a wsme:CannotProcessFilter fault (or wsman:CannotProcessFilter for Subscribe), and

6421 should provide in the fault detail the list of selector names that are supported for filtering by the 6422 service.

6423 For each selector name specified in the filter, the result of the operation shall contain only **RE-2**: 6424 instances for which that named element has the given value. Elements that are not referenced from 6425 the filter can have any value.

6426 It is possible that some resource or event representations include elements of the same name, but from 6427 different XML Namespaces. In this case, the service can choose to match on any of the elements 6428 where the type matches the provided selector. Clients can be written to anticipate this, such that there might be additional post-processing necessary to identify the set of desired instances. 6429

- 6430 If a resource or event representation includes two or more elements with QNames for **RE-3**: 6431 which the local part is identical but whose namespace names are different, and all of the following 6432 conditions are present, the service shall not fault the request, and shall process the filter such that it 6433 matches exactly one of the elements for which filtering is supported, using an algorithm of the 6434 service's choosing:
- 6435 A selector filter contains a wsman:Selector element whose Name attribute matches the • 6436 local part of each of these elements.
- 6437 At least one of the matching elements has a type and value space consistent with the provided selector type and value. 6438
- 6439 •
  - The service supports filtering on at least one of the corresponding elements per RE-1.

6440 **RE-4**: If a resource or event representation includes elements of an array type, and a filter 6441 contains a wsman:Selector element whose Name attribute matches the local part of the QName of 6442 these elements and the service supports filtering on the corresponding element per RE-1, the 6443 service shall process the filter such that the results include all representations for which at least one 6444 element of the array has a value equal to the value provided by the selector.

6445 Processing of the SelectorSet element when used as a filter follows the same processing rules as when used in EPRs (as described in 5.4.2), with respect to duplicate selector names, type mismatches, 6446 unexpected selectors, size restrictions, and so on. 6447

6448 **RE-5**: If the filter expression contains a SelectorSet that is invalid with respect to the rules in 6449 5.4.2, the service should fault with wsme:CannotProcessFilter (or wsman:CannotProcessFilter for 6450 Subscribe) containing the appropriate detail code.

6451	ANNEX F
6452	(informative)
6453	(
	Identify VML Coheren
6454	Identify XML Schema
	normative copy of the XML schema of the Identify response message can be retrieved at the owing address:
6457	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/identity/1/wsmanidentity.xsd
	e following non-normative copy of the XML schema is provided for convenience:
6459 6460 6461 6462 6463 6464 6465 6466 6467 6468 6469 6470 6471 6472 6473 6473 6474 6475 6476 6477 6478 6477 6478 6479 6480 6481 6482 6483 6484 6485 6486 6487 6488 6489 6490 6491 6492 6493 6496	<pre>(1) <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?> (2) <!-- (3) Notice (4) DSF8012 (5) Document: WS-Management Identify XML Schema (6) Version: 1.0.1 (7) Status: Final (8) Date: 02/27/2009 (9) Author: DMTF WS-Management Work Group Email:wsman-chair@dmtf.org (10) Description: XML Schema for WS-Management Identify Operation. (11) (12) Copyright © 2009 Distributed Management Task Force, Inc. (DMTF). All rights reserved. DMTF is a not-for-profit association of industry members dedicated to promoting enterprise and systems management and interoperability. Members and non-members may reproduce DMTF specifications and documents, provided that correct attribution is given. As DMTF specifications may be revised from time to time, the particular version and release date should always be noted. Implementation of certain elements of this standard or proposed standard may be subject to third party patent rights, including provisional patent rights (herein "patent rights"). DMTF makes no representations to users of the standard as to the existence of such rights, and is not responsible to recognize, disclose, or identify any or all such third party patent right, owners or claimants, nor for any incomplete or inaccurate identification or disclosure of such rights, owners or claimants. DMTF shall have no liability to any party, in any manner or circumstance, under any legal theory whatsoever, for failure to recognize, disclose, or identify any such third party patent rights, or for such party's reliance on the standard or incorporation thereof in its product, protocols or testing procedures. DMTF shall have no liability to any party implementing such standard, whether such implementation is foreseeable or not, nor to any patent owner or claimant, and shall have no liability to responsibility for costs or losses incurred if a standard is withdrawn or modified after publication, and shall be indemnified and held harmless by any party implementing the standard implementations. For information about patents held by third-parties whic</th--></pre>
6497 6498 6499	<pre>(14)&gt; (15) <xs:schema (16)="" (17)="" (18)="" (19)="" elementformdefault="qualified" targetnamespace="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/identity/1/wsmanidenti&lt;/pre&gt;&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;6500&lt;br&gt;6501&lt;br&gt;6502&lt;br&gt;6503&lt;br&gt;6504&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;&lt;pre&gt;ty.xsd" version="1.0.1" xmlns:wsmid="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/identity/1/wsmanidentity.xsd" xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"></xs:schema></pre>

6505	(20)	<xs:complextype name="IdentifyType"></xs:complextype>
6506	(21)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
6507	(22)	<xs:any <="" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" namespace="##other" th=""></xs:any>
6508	(23)	processContents="lax" />
6509	(24)	
6510	(25)	<pre><xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute></pre>
6511	(26)	
6512	(27)	<pre><xs:element name="Identify" type="wsmid:IdentifyType"></xs:element></pre>
6513	(28)	
6514	(29)	<xs:simpletype name="restrictedProtocolVersionType"></xs:simpletype>
6515	(30)	<pre><xs.simpletype name="rescrictedriftereiterstonType"></xs.simpletype></pre>
6516	(30)	
6517		<pre><xs:restriction base="xs:anyURI"></xs:restriction></pre>
6518	(32)	<xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
6519	(33)	luc-"http://achomac.dmtf.org/uham/uaman/idantitu/1/uamanidantitu/Nahnanumaua
6520		<pre>lue="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/identity/1/wsmanidentity/NoAnonymous osure" /&gt;</pre>
6521	(34)	Sure // <p< th=""></p<>
6522	. ,	
	(35)	
6523	(36)	
6524 6525	(37)	<xs:simpletype name="ProtocolVersionType"></xs:simpletype>
6525	(38)	<xs:union membertypes="wsmid:restrictedProtocolVersionType xs:anyURI"></xs:union>
6526	(39)	
6527	(40)	
6528	(41)	<xs:element name="ProtocolVersion" type="wsmid:ProtocolVersionType"></xs:element>
6529	(42)	<xs:element name="ProductVendor" type="xs:string"></xs:element>
6530	(43)	<xs:element name="ProductVersion" type="xs:string"></xs:element>
6531	(44)	<xs:element name="InitiativeName" type="xs:string"></xs:element>
6532	(45)	<xs:element name="InitiativeVersion" type="wsmid:VERSION_VALUE"></xs:element>
6533	(46)	<xs:element name="SecurityProfileName" type="xs:anyURI"></xs:element>
6534	(47)	<xs:complextype name="SecurityProfilesType"></xs:complextype>
6535	(48)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
6536	(49)	
6537	(50)	<xs:element <="" minoccurs="0" ref="wsmid:SecurityProfileName" th=""></xs:element>
6538	(51)	maxOccurs="unbounded" />
6539	(52)	
6540	(53)	
6541	(54)	<pre><xs:element name="SecurityProfiles" type="wsmid:SecurityProfilesType"></xs:element></pre>
6542	(55)	<pre><xs:element name="AddressingVersionURI" type="xs:anyURI"></xs:element></pre>
6543	(56)	<pre><xs:element name="IntiativeSupport"></xs:element></pre>
6544	(57)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
6545	(58)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
6546	(59)	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="1" minoccurs="0" ref="wsmid:InitiativeName"></xs:element></pre>
6547	(60)	
6548	(61)	<pre><xs:element <="" minoccurs="0" pre="" ref="wsmid:InitiativeVersion"></xs:element></pre>
6549		curs="1"/>
6550	(62)	
6551	(63)	<pre> <pre> <pre> <pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
6552	(64)	
6553	(65)	
6554	(66)	<xs:complextype name="IdentifyResponseType"></xs:complextype>
6555	(67)	<pre><xs:complexippe <xs:sequence="" name="identifyResponselype"></xs:complexippe></pre>
6556	(68)	<pre><xs:sequence>   <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" ref="wsmid:ProtocolVersion"></xs:element></xs:sequence></pre>
6557	(60)	<pre><xs:element minoccurs="0" ref="wsmid:ProductVendor"></xs:element></pre>
6558		<pre><xs:element minoccurs="0" ref="wsmid:ProductVersion"></xs:element> <xs:element minoccurs="0" ref="wsmid:ProductVersion"></xs:element></pre>
6559	(70)	<pre>\x5.erement ret= wsmru:rroductversion" minoccurs="0" /&gt;</pre>
6560	(71)	
6560 6561	(72)	<pre><xs:element curs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" ref="wsmid:IntiativeSupport"></xs:element></pre>
6562		
0002	(73)	<xs:any maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" namespace="##other"></xs:any>

6563	(74)	<xs:element <="" minoccurs="0" ref="wsmid:SecurityProfiles" th=""></xs:element>
6564	(75)	maxOccurs="1" />
6565	(76)	<xs:element <="" minoccurs="0" ref="wsmid:AddressingVersionURI" th=""></xs:element>
6566	(77)	maxOccurs="unbounded" />
6567	(78)	
6568	(79)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
6569	(80)	
6570	(81)	
6571	(82)	<pre><xs:element name="IdentifyResponse" type="wsmid:IdentifyResponseType"></xs:element></pre>
6572	(83)	
6573	(84)	<xs:simpletype name="VERSION_VALUE"></xs:simpletype>
6574	(85)	
6575	(86)	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
6576	(87)	<xs:documentation>Version values must be in form of M.N.U (Major,</xs:documentation>
6577	Minor,	Update)
6578	(88)	
6579	(89)	<xs:restriction base="xs:string"></xs:restriction>
6580	(90)	<xs:pattern value="\d*.\d*.\d*"></xs:pattern>
6581	(91)	
6582	(92)	
6583	(93)	
6584	(94) <	

6585

6586	ANNEX G			
6587	(informative)			
6588				
6589	<b>Resource Access Operations XML Schema and WSDL</b>			
6590 6591				
6592	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8031_1.0.xsd			
6593	The following non-normative copy of the XML schema is provided for convenience:			
6594	<pre>(1) <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?></pre>			
6595 6596	<pre>(2) <!-- (3) DMTF - Distributed Management Task Force, Inc http://www.dmtf.org</pre--></pre>			
6597	(4)			
6598	(5) Document number: DSP8031			
6599	(6) Date: 2010-02-19			
6600	(7) Version: 1.0.0			
6601	(8) Document status: DMTF Standard			
6602 6603	(9)			
6604	<pre>(10) Title: WS-Management Resource Access Operations XML Schema (11)</pre>			
6605	(12) Document type: Specification (W3C XML Schema)			
6606	(12) Document language: E			
6607	(14)			
6608	(15) Abstract: XML Schema for WS-Management Resource Access Operations.			
6609	(16)			
6610	(17) Contact group: DMTF WS-Management Work Group, wsman-chair@dmtf.org			
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6628	(35) theory whatsoever, for failure to recognize, disclose, or identify any			
6629 6630	(36) such third party patent rights, or for such party's reliance on the			
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6637 6638	(44) of infringement by a patent owner for such implementations. For			
6638 6639	(45) information about patents held by third-parties which have notified the			
0009	(46) DMTF that, in their opinion, such patent may relate to or impact			

#### DSP0226

# Web Services for Management (WS-Management) Specification

6640	(47)	implementations of DMTF standards, visit
6641		http://www.dmtf.org/about/policies/disclosures.php.
6642	(49)	
6643		Change log:
6644		1.0.0 - 2009-11-01 - Work in Progress release
6645		1.0.0 - 2010-02-19 - DMTF Standard release
6646	(53)	
6647	(54)	>
6648		<xs:schema< th=""></xs:schema<>
6649	(56)	targetNamespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer"
6650	(57)	xmlns:tns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer"
6651	(58)	xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
6652	(59)	xmlns:wsa04="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
6653	(60)	xmlns:wsa10="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"
6654	(61)	elementFormDefault="qualified"
6655	(62)	blockDefault="#all" >
6656	(63)	
6657	(64)	<xs:import< th=""></xs:import<>
6658	(65)	namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
6659	(66)	schemaLocation="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8034 1.0.xsd" />
6660	(67)	<pre><xs:import< pre=""></xs:import<></pre>
6661	(68)	namespace="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"
6662	(69)	<pre>schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/2006/03/addressing/ws-addr.xsd" /&gt;</pre>
6663	(70)	
6664		</th
6665	(72)	The type of the AnyEPRType is effectively
6666	(73)	the union of wsa04:EndpointReferenceType and
6667	(74)	wsal0:EndpointReferenceType. Unfortunately, xs:union only
6668	(75)	works for simple types. As a result, we have to define
6669	(76)	the element in an unvalidated way to accommodate either
6670	(77)	addressing type.
6671	(78)	>
6672	(79)	
6673	(80)	<xs:complextype name="AnyEPRType"></xs:complextype>
6674	(81)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
6675	(82)	<xs:any <="" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1" processcontents="skip" th=""></xs:any>
6676	(83)	namespace='##other' />
6677	(84)	
6678	(85)	
6679	(86)	
6680	(87)	<xs:element name="ResourceCreated" type="tns:AnyEPRType"></xs:element>
6681	(88)	
6682 6683	(89)	The following GED is defined for convenience. This GED</th
6684	(90)	may be used in cases where a resource-specific GED is
6685	(91)	not available>
6686	(92)	<pre><xs:element name="TransferElement"></xs:element></pre>
6687	(93)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
6688	(94) (95)	<pre><xs:sequence></xs:sequence></pre>
6689	(95)	<pre><xs:any maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1" namespace="##other" processcontents="skip"></xs:any></pre>
6690	(90)	<pre>  <pre>        </pre></pre>
6691	(98)	
6692	(99)	
6693	(100)	
6694	(101)	
	(= 0 - )	$i_{\rm res}$ convert the WCDL description for the resource space energians can be retrieved from the

6695 A normative copy of the WSDL description for the resource access operations can be retrieved from the 6696 following address:

6697 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8035_1.0.wsdl

6698	The following non-normative copy of the WSDL description is provided for convenience:
6699	<pre>(1) <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?></pre>
6700	(2) </th
6701	(3) DMTF - Distributed Management Task Force, Inc http://www.dmtf.org
6702	(4)
6703 6704	(5) Document number: DSP8035
6705	(6) Date: 2010-02-19 (7) Version: 1.0.0
6706	(8) Document status: DMTF Standard
6707	(9)
6708	(10) Title: WS-Management Resource Access Operations WSDL
6709	(11)
6710	(12) Document type: Specification (W3C WSDL Document)
6711 6712	(13) Document language: E
6713	<pre>(14) (15) Abstract: WSDL for WS-Management Resource Access Operations.</pre>
6714	(16)
6715	(17) Contact group: DMTF WS-Management Work Group, wsman-chair@dmtf.org
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6745	(47) implementations of DMTF standards, visit
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6747	(49)
6748	(50) Change log:
6749 6750	(51)1.0.0 - 2009-11-01 - Work in Progress release (52)1.0.0 - 2010-02-19 - DMTF Standard release
6751	(52) 1.0.0 - 2010-02-19 - DMIF Standard Telease (53)
6752	(53) (54)>
6753	(55) <wsdl:definitions< th=""></wsdl:definitions<>
6754	(56) targetNamespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer"
6755	(57) xmlns:tns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer"
6756 6757	(58) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
6757 6758	<pre>(59) xmlns:wsam="http://www.w3.org/2007/05/addressing/metadata" (60) xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"</pre>
6759	<pre>(60) xmins.wsdi= http://schemas.xmisoap.org/wsdi/ (61) xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"&gt;</pre>
	(. ,

6760	(62)	
6761	(63)	<wsdl:types></wsdl:types>
6762	(64)	<xs:schema></xs:schema>
6763	(65)	<xs:import< th=""></xs:import<>
6764	(66)	namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer"
6765	(67)	
6766	schema	Location="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8031_1.0.xsd"
6767	(68)	/>
6768	(69)	
6769	(70)	
6770	(71)	
6771	(72)	</th
6772	(73)	In some of the messages defined below a "resource-specific-GED"
6773	(74)	is expected to be inserted before the WSDL is processed by any tooling.
6774	(75)	Thus the WSDL as presented is not usable until after this substitution
6775	(76)	is done.
6776	(77)	>
6777	(78)	
6778	(79)	<wsdl:message name="EmptyMessage"></wsdl:message>
6779	(80)	<wsdl:message name="CreateRequestMessage"></wsdl:message>
6780	(81)	<wsdl:part element="resource-specific-GED" name="Body"></wsdl:part>
6781	(82)	
6782	(83)	<wsdl:message name="CreateResponseMessage"></wsdl:message>
6783	(84)	<pre><wsdl:part element="tns:ResourceCreated" name="Body"></wsdl:part></pre>
6784	(85)	
6785	(86)	<wsdl:message name="GetResponseMessage"></wsdl:message>
6786	(87)	<wsdl:part element="resource-specific-GED" name="Body"></wsdl:part>
6787	(88)	
6788	(89)	<pre><wsdl:message name="PutRequestMessage"></wsdl:message></pre>
6789	(90)	<wsdl:part element="resource-specific-GED" name="Body"></wsdl:part>
6790	(91)	
6791	(92)	<wsdl:message name="PutResponseMessage"></wsdl:message>
6792	(93)	Note this 'part' may be omitted
6793	(94)	<pre><wsdl:part element="resource-specific-GED" name="Body"></wsdl:part></pre>
6794 6705	(95)	
6795 6796	(96)	
	(97)	<wsdl:porttype name="Resource"></wsdl:porttype>
6797 6798	(98)	<wsdl:documentation></wsdl:documentation>
	(99)	This port type defines a resource that may be read,
6799	(100)	written, and deleted.
6800 6801	(101)	
6802	(102)	<wsdl:operation name="Get"></wsdl:operation>
6803	(103)	<wsdl:input< th=""></wsdl:input<>
6804	(104)	message="tns:EmptyMessage"
6805	(105)	<pre>wsa:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Get" waam.hetion="http://achemaa.ymlaaan.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Get"</pre>
6806	(106)	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Get"</pre>
6807		(und) contrast
6808	(107)	<wsdl:output< th=""></wsdl:output<>
6809	(108) (109)	message="tns:GetResponseMessage"
6810		tion="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/GetResponse"
6811	(110)	tion- http://schemas.xmisoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/GetKesponse
6812		ction="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/GetResponse" />
6813	(111)	<pre></pre>
6814	(111)	<pre></pre>
6815	(112)	<pre><wsdi.operation name="rut"></wsdi.operation></pre>
6816	(113)	message="tns:PutRequestMessage"
6817	(114)	<pre>wsa:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Put"</pre>
6818	(115)	wsa:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Put"
6819	(110)	"oum.neeron neep.,, onemas.Amisoup.org/ws/2004/05/crailsrer/fut
6820	(117)	<wsdl:output< th=""></wsdl:output<>
6821	(118)	message="tns:PutResponseMessage"
6822	(110)	wsa:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/PutResponse"
JULL	(++)	

6823	(120)	
6824	wsam:Ac	tion="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/PutResponse"/>
6825	(121)	
6826	(122)	<wsdl:operation name="Delete"></wsdl:operation>
6827	(123)	<wsdl:input< th=""></wsdl:input<>
6828	(124)	<pre>message="tns:EmptyMessage"</pre>
6829	(125)	<pre>wsa:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Delete"</pre>
6830	(126)	
6831	wsam:Ac	tion="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Delete" />
6832	(127)	<wsdl:output< th=""></wsdl:output<>
6833	(128)	<pre>message="tns:EmptyMessage"</pre>
6834	(129)	
6835	wsa:Act	ion="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/DeleteResponse"
6836	(130)	
6837		tion="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/DeleteResponse"
6838	(131)	/>
6839	(132)	
6840	(133)	
6841	(134)	
6842	(135)	<wsdl:porttype name="ResourceFactory"></wsdl:porttype>
6843	(136)	<wsdl:documentation></wsdl:documentation>
6844	(137)	This port type defines a Web service that can create new
6845	(138)	resources.
6846	(139)	
6847	(140)	<wsdl:operation name="Create"></wsdl:operation>
6848	(141)	<wsdl:input< th=""></wsdl:input<>
6849	(142)	<pre>message="tns:CreateRequestMessage"</pre>
6850	(143)	<pre>wsa:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Create"</pre>
6851	(144)	
6852		<pre>tion="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/Create" /&gt;</pre>
6853	(145)	<wsdl:output< th=""></wsdl:output<>
6854	(146)	<pre>message="tns:CreateResponseMessage"</pre>
6855	(147)	
6856		ion="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/CreateResponse"
6857	(148)	
6858		tion="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/transfer/CreateResponse"
6859	(149)	
6860	(150)	
6861	(151)	
6862	(152) <	

6863 6864	ANNEX H (informative)
	(เกมอากาสถังอา
6865	Environmention On and times VML Oak and and WODI
6866	Enumeration Operations XML Schema and WSDL
6867 6868	A normative copy of the XML schemas for the enumeration operations can be retrieved at the following address:
6869	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8033_1.0.xsd
6870	The following non-normative copy of the XML schema is provided for convenience:
6871	<pre>(1) <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?></pre>
6872 6873	<ul> <li>(2) <!--</li--> <li>(2) DMTE Distributed Management Task Force Inc. http://www.dmtf.org</li> </li></ul>
6874	<ul><li>(3) DMTF - Distributed Management Task Force, Inc http://www.dmtf.org</li><li>(4)</li></ul>
6875	(5) Document number: DSP8033
6876	(6) Date: 2010-02-19
6877 6878	<ul><li>(7) Version: 1.0.0</li><li>(8) Document status: DMTF Standard</li></ul>
6879	(9)
6880 6881	(10) Title: WS-Management Enumeration Operations XML Schema
6882	<pre>(11) (12) Document type: Specification (W3C XML Schema)</pre>
6883	(13) Document language: E
6884	(14)
6885 6886	<ul><li>(15) Abstract: XML Schema for WS-Management Enumeration Operations.</li><li>(16)</li></ul>
6887	(17) Contact group: DMTF WS-Management Work Group, wsman-chair@dmtf.org
6888	(18)
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6896	<ul><li>(25) the particular version and release date should always be noted.</li><li>(26) Implementation of certain elements of this standard or proposed</li></ul>
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6917	(47) implementations of DMTF standards, visit
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<b>6919</b> (49)	
6920 (50) Change log:	
6921 (51) 1.0.0 - 2009-11-01 - Work in Progress release	
6922 (52) 1.0.0 - 2010-02-19 - DMTF Standard release	
<b>6923</b> (53)	
<b>6924</b> (54)>	
6925 (55) <xs:schema< th=""><th></th></xs:schema<>	
	the second
	itton
6927 (57) xmlns:tns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration"	
6928 (58) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"	
6929 (59) xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"	
6930 (60) elementFormDefault="qualified"	
6931 (61) blockDefault="#all">	
<b>6932</b> (62)	
6933 (63) <xs:import< th=""><th></th></xs:import<>	
6934 (64) namespace="http://www.w3.org/XML/1998/namespace"	
6935 (65) schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/2001/xml.xsd" />	
6936 (66) <xs:import< th=""><th></th></xs:import<>	
6937 (67) namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"	
6938 (68) schemaLocation="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8034 1	0  vsd"/>
6939 (69) <xs:import< th=""><th></th></xs:import<>	
6940 (70) namespace="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"	
	wedt />
	xsu />
6943 (73) Types and global elements	
6944 (74) <xs:complextype mixed="true" name="FilterType"></xs:complextype>	
6945 (75) <xs:sequence></xs:sequence>	
6946 (76) <xs:any <="" namespace="##other" processcontents="lax" th=""><th></th></xs:any>	
6947 (77) minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />	
6948 (78)	
6949 (79) <xs:attribute name="Dialect" type="xs:anyURI"></xs:attribute>	
6950 (80) <xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>	
6951 (81)	
<b>6952</b> (82)	
6953 (83) <xs:simpletype name="PositiveDurationType"></xs:simpletype>	
6954 (84) <xs:restriction base="xs:duration"></xs:restriction>	
6955 (85) <xs:minexclusive value="POYOMODTOHOMOS"></xs:minexclusive>	
6956 (86)	
6957 (87)	
<b>6958</b> (88)	
6959 (89) <xs:simpletype name="NonNegativeDurationType"></xs:simpletype>	
6960 (90) <xs:restriction base="xs:duration"></xs:restriction>	
6961 (91) <xs:mininclusive value="POYOMODTOHOMOS"></xs:mininclusive>	
6962 (92)	
6963 (93)	
<b>6964</b> (94)	
6965 (95) <xs:simpletype name="ExpirationType"></xs:simpletype>	
6966 (96) <xs:union membertypes="xs:dateTime tns:NonNegativeDurationType&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;_"></xs:union>	
6967 (97)	
<b>6968</b> (98)	
6969 (99) <xs:complextype name="EnumerationContextType"></xs:complextype>	
6970 (100) <xs:complexcontent mixed="true"></xs:complexcontent>	
6971 (101) <xs:restriction base="xs:anyType"></xs:restriction>	
6972 (102) <xs:sequence></xs:sequence>	
6973(102)(xs.sequence)6973(103) <xs:any <="" namespace="##other" processcontents="lax" td=""></xs:any>	
6974 (104) minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />	
	X />
6977 (107)	
6978 (108)	
6979 (109)	
6980(110)6981(111) <xs:complextype name="ItemListType"></xs:complextype>	

6982	(112)	<xs:sequence maxoccurs="unbounded"></xs:sequence>
6983	(113)	<xs:any <="" namespace="##other" processcontents="lax" th=""></xs:any>
6984	(114)	<pre>minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" /&gt;</pre>
6985	(115)	
6986	(116)	
6987	(117)	
6988	(118)	<xs:complextype name="LanguageSpecificStringType"></xs:complextype>
6989	(119)	<xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>
6990	(120)	<xs:extension base="xs:string"></xs:extension>
6991	(121)	<pre><xs:attribute ref="xml:lang"></xs:attribute></pre>
6992	(122)	<pre><xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute></pre>
6993	(123)	
6994	(123)	
6995	(124)	
6996	(126)	() AD . COMPTCATYPE
6997	(120)	</th
6998	(127) (128)	
6999		The type of the AnyEPRType is effectively
	(129)	the union of wsa04:EndpointReferenceType and
7000	(130)	wsal0:EndpointReferenceType. Unfortunately, xs:union only
7001	(131)	works for simple types. As a result, we have to define
7002	(132)	the element in an unvalidated way to accommodate either
7003	(133)	addressing type.
7004	(134)	>
7005	(135)	
7006	(136)	<xs:complextype name="AnyEPRType"></xs:complextype>
7007	(137)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7008	(138)	<xs:any <="" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1" processcontents="skip" th=""></xs:any>
7009	(139)	namespace='##other' />
7010	(140)	
7011	(141)	
7012	(142)	
7013	(143)	Enumerate request
7014	(144)	<xs:element name="Enumerate"></xs:element>
7015	(145)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
7016	(146)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7017	(147)	<xs:element <="" name="EndTo" th="" type="tns:AnyEPRType"></xs:element>
7018	(148)	minOccurs="0" />
7019	(149)	<pre><xs:element <="" name="Expires" pre="" type="tns:ExpirationType"></xs:element></pre>
7020	(150)	minOccurs="0" />
7021	(151)	<pre><xs:element <="" name="Filter" pre="" type="tns:FilterType"></xs:element></pre>
7022	(152)	minOccurs="0" />
7023	(153)	<xs:any <="" namespace="##other" processcontents="lax" th=""></xs:any>
7024	(154)	minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
7025	(155)	
7026	(156)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
7027	(157)	
7028	(158)	
7029	(159)	
7030	(160)	Used for a fault response
7031	(161)	<xs:element name="SupportedDialect" type="xs:anyURI"></xs:element>
7032	(162)	
7033	(163)	Enumerate response
7034	(164)	<pre><xs:element name="EnumerateResponse"></xs:element></pre>
7035	(165)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
7036	(166)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7037	(167)	<pre><xs:element <="" name="Expires" pre="" type="tns:ExpirationType"></xs:element></pre>
7038	(168)	minOccurs="0" />
7039	(169)	<pre><xs:element <="" name="EnumerationContext" pre=""></xs:element></pre>
7040	(170)	type="tns:EnumerationContextType" />
7041	(170) $(171)$	<pre><xs:any <="" namespace="##other" pre="" processcontents="lax"></xs:any></pre>
7042	(171) $(172)$	minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
7043	(172) (173)	
7044	(173) $(174)$	<pre></pre>
	( = / = /	

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7045	(175)	
7046	(176)	
7047	(177)	
7048	(178)	Pull request
7049	(179)	<xs:element name="Pull"></xs:element>
7050	(180)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
7051	(181)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7052	(182)	<pre><xs:element <="" name="EnumerationContext" pre=""></xs:element></pre>
7053	(183)	<pre>type="tns:EnumerationContextType" /&gt;</pre>
7054	(184)	<xs:element <="" name="MaxTime" td="" type="tns:PositiveDurationType"></xs:element>
7055	(185)	minOccurs="0" />
7056	(186)	<xs:element <="" name="MaxElements" td="" type="xs:positiveInteger"></xs:element>
7057	(187)	minOccurs="0" />
7058	(188)	<xs:element <="" name="MaxCharacters" td="" type="xs:positiveInteger"></xs:element>
7059	(189)	minOccurs="0" />
7060	(190)	<xs:any <="" namespace="##other" processcontents="lax" td=""></xs:any>
7061	(191)	<pre>minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" /&gt;</pre>
7062	(192)	
7063	(193)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
7064	(194)	
7065	(195)	
7066	(196)	
7067	(197)	Pull response
7068	(198)	<xs:element name="PullResponse"></xs:element>
7069	(199)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
7070	(200)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7071	(201)	<xs:element <="" name="EnumerationContext" td=""></xs:element>
7072	(202)	type="tns:EnumerationContextType"
7073	(203)	minOccurs="0" />
7074	(204)	<xs:element <="" name="Items" td="" type="tns:ItemListType"></xs:element>
7075	(205)	minOccurs="0" />
7076	(206)	<pre><xs:element minoccurs="0" name="EndOfSequence"></xs:element></pre>
7077	(207)	
7078	(208)	<pre><xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute></pre>
7079	(209)	
7080	(210)	
7081	(211)	
7082	(212)	Renew request
7083	(213)	<pre><xs:element name="Renew"></xs:element></pre>
7084	(214)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
7085	(215)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7086	(216)	<pre><xs:element <="" name="EnumerationContext" pre=""></xs:element></pre>
7087	(217)	<pre>type="tns:EnumerationContextType" /&gt;</pre>
7088	(218)	<pre><xs:element <="" name="Expires" pre="" type="tns:ExpirationType"></xs:element></pre>
7089	(219)	minOccurs="0" />
7090	(220)	<xs:any <="" namespace="##other" processcontents="lax" td=""></xs:any>
7091	(221)	<pre>minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" /&gt;</pre>
7092	(222)	
7093	(223)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
7094	(224)	
7095	(225)	
7096	(226)	
7097	(227)	Renew response
7098	(228)	<xs:element name="RenewResponse"></xs:element>
7099	(229)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
7100	(230)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7101	(231)	<pre><xs:element <="" name="Expires" pre="" type="tns:ExpirationType"></xs:element></pre>
7102	(232)	minOccurs="0" />
7103	(233)	<xs:element <="" name="EnumerationContext" td=""></xs:element>
7104	(234)	<pre>type="tns:EnumerationContextType" minOccupation" top://occupation.contextType"</pre>
7105	(235)	minOccurs="0" />
7106	(236)	<xs:any <="" namespace="##other" processcontents="lax" td=""></xs:any>
7107	(237)	<pre>minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" /&gt;</pre>

7108	(238)	
7109	(239)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
7110	(240)	
7111	(241)	
7112	(242)	
7113	(243)	GetStatus request
7114	(244)	<pre><xs:element name="GetStatus"></xs:element></pre>
7115		
	(245)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
7116	(246)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7117	(247)	<xs:element <="" name="EnumerationContext" td=""></xs:element>
7118	(248)	type="tns:EnumerationContextType" />
7119	(249)	<xs:any <="" namespace="##other" processcontents="lax" td=""></xs:any>
7120	(250)	<pre>minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" /&gt;</pre>
7121	(251)	
7122	(252)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
7123	(253)	
7124	(254)	
7125	(255)	
7126	(256)	GetStatus response
7127	(257)	<pre><xs:element name="GetStatusResponse"></xs:element></pre>
7128	(257)	
	. ,	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
7129	(259)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7130	(260)	<xs:element <="" name="Expires" td="" type="tns:ExpirationType"></xs:element>
7131	(261)	minOccurs="0" />
7132	(262)	<xs:any <="" namespace="##other" processcontents="lax" td=""></xs:any>
7133	(263)	<pre>minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" /&gt;</pre>
7134	(264)	
7135	(265)	<xs:anyattribute< td=""></xs:anyattribute<>
7136	(266)	
7137	(267)	
7138	(268)	
7139	(269)	Release request
7140	(270)	<pre><xs:element name="Release"></xs:element></pre>
7141		
7142	(271)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
	(272)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7143	(273)	<xs:element <="" name="EnumerationContext" td=""></xs:element>
7144	(274)	<pre>type="tns:EnumerationContextType" /&gt;</pre>
7145	(275)	
7146	(276)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
7147	(277)	
7148	(278)	
7149	(279)	
7150	(280)	Release response has an empty body
7151	(281)	
7152	(282)	EnumerationEnd message
7153	(283)	<xs:element name="EnumerationEnd"></xs:element>
7154	(284)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
7155	(285)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7156	(286)	<pre><xs:element <="" name="EnumerationContext" pre=""></xs:element></pre>
7157	(287)	type="tns:EnumerationContextType" />
7158	(288)	<pre><xs:element name="Code" type="tns:OpenEnumerationEndCodeType"></xs:element></pre>
7159	(289)	<pre><xs:element <="" <xs:element="" name="Reason" pre="" type="ths:LanguageSpecificStringType"></xs:element></pre>
7160		
7161	(290)	minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
	(291)	<xs:any <="" namespace="##other" processcontents="lax" td=""></xs:any>
7162	(292)	<pre>minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" /&gt;</pre>
7163	(293)	
7164	(294)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
7165	(295)	
7166	(296)	
7167	(297)	
7168	(298)	<xs:simpletype name="EnumerationEndCodeType"></xs:simpletype>
7169	(299)	<xs:restriction base="xs:anyURI"></xs:restriction>
7170	(300)	<xs:enumeration< td=""></xs:enumeration<>

#### DSP0226

7172       (301) <xs:enumeration< td="">         7173       value="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/0         7174       (302)          7175       (303)          7176       (305)       <xs:simpletype <="" name="OpenEnumeration" td=""></xs:simpletype></xs:enumeration<>	ionEndCodeType"> erationEndCodeType xs:anyURI" />
7183 http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8037_1	I.0.wsdl
7184 The following non-normative copy of the WSDL descript	tion is provided for convenience:
7185(1) xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?</th 7186(2) </td 7187(3) DMTF - Distributed Management Task For7188(4)7189(5) Document number: DSP80377190(6) Date: 2010-02-197191(7) Version: 1.0.07192(8) Document status: DMTF Standard7193(9)7194(10) Title: WS-Management Enumeration Operation7195(11)7196(12) Document type: Specification (W3C WSD)7197(13) Document language: E7198(14)7199(15) Abstract: WSDL for WS-Management Enume7200(16)7201(17) Contact group: DMTF WS-Management Worl7203(19) Copyright (C) 2008-2010 Distributed Matter7204(20) All rights reserved. DMTF is a not-fr7205(21) members dedicated to promoting enterp7206(22) interoperability. Members and non-met7207(23) specifications and documents, providee7208(24) given. As DMTF specifications may be7209(25) the particular version and release dat7211(27) standard may be subject to third part7212(28) provisional patent rights (herein "part7213(29) no representations to users of the sta7214(30) such rights, and is not responsible to7215(31) or identify any or all such third part7216(32) claimants, nor for any incomplete or7217(33) disclosure of such rights, owners or7218(34) liability to any party, in any manner </th <th><pre>&gt; rce, Inc http://www.dmtf.org ations WSDL L Document) eration Operations. k Group, wsman-chair@dmtf.org anagement Task Force, Inc. (DMTF). or-profit association of industry rise and systems management and mbers may reproduce DMTF d that correct attribution is revised from time to time, te should always be noted. this standard or proposed y patent rights, including tent rights"). DMTF makes andard as to the existence of o recognize, disclose, ty patent right, owners or inaccurate identification or claimants. DMTF shall have no or circumstance, under any legal ognize, disclose, or identify any r such party's reliance on the its product, protocols or testing lity to any party implementing ation is foreseeable or not, nor shall have no liability or curred if a standard is withdrawn all be indemnified and held e standard from any and all claims</pre></th>	<pre>&gt; rce, Inc http://www.dmtf.org ations WSDL L Document) eration Operations. k Group, wsman-chair@dmtf.org anagement Task Force, Inc. (DMTF). or-profit association of industry rise and systems management and mbers may reproduce DMTF d that correct attribution is revised from time to time, te should always be noted. this standard or proposed y patent rights, including tent rights"). DMTF makes andard as to the existence of o recognize, disclose, ty patent right, owners or inaccurate identification or claimants. DMTF shall have no or circumstance, under any legal ognize, disclose, or identify any r such party's reliance on the its product, protocols or testing lity to any party implementing ation is foreseeable or not, nor shall have no liability or curred if a standard is withdrawn all be indemnified and held e standard from any and all claims</pre>

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7233	(49)
7234	(50) Change log:
7235	(51) 1.0.0 - 2009-11-01 - Work in Progress release
7236	(52) 1.0.0 - 2010-02-19 - DMTF Standard release
7237	(53)
7238	(54)>
7239	(55) <wsdl:definitions< th=""></wsdl:definitions<>
7240	(56) targetNamespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration"
7241	(57) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
7242	(58) xmlns:wsam="http://www.w3.org/2007/05/addressing/metadata"
7243	(59) xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"
7244	(60) xmlns:wsmen="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration"
7245	<pre>(61) xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" &gt;</pre>
7246	(62) (62)
7247	(63) <wsdl:types></wsdl:types>
7248	(64) <xs:schema></xs:schema>
7249	(65) <xs:import< th=""></xs:import<>
7250	(66) namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration"
7251	(67) schemaLocation="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8033 1.0.xsd"
7252	(68) /> (68) />
7253	(69)
7254	(70)
7255	(70) (71)
7256	(71) (72) <wsdl:message name="EnumerateMessage"></wsdl:message>
7257	<pre>(72) <wsdi:message name="EnumerateMessage"> (73) <wsdi:part element="wsmen:Enumerate" name="Body"></wsdi:part></wsdi:message></pre>
7258	(74)
7259	
7260	
7261	<pre>(76) <wsdl:part element="wsmen:EnumerateResponse" name="Body"></wsdl:part> (77) </pre>
7262	<pre>(77)  (78) <wsdl:message name="PullMessage"></wsdl:message></pre>
7263	<pre>(76) <wsd1:message <br="" name="rd11Message">(79) <wsd1:part element="wsmen:Pull" name="Body"></wsd1:part></wsd1:message></pre>
7264	
7265	<pre>(80)  (81) <wsdl:message name="PullResponseMessage"></wsdl:message></pre>
7266	<pre>(81) \vsd1.message hame= rd11kesponsemessage &gt; (82) \vsd1:part name="Body" element="vsmen:PullResponse" /&gt;</pre>
7267	(82)
7268	<pre>(83) (84) <wsdl:message name="RenewMessage"></wsdl:message></pre>
7269	<pre>(84) \vsd1:message name= Renewmessage / (85) \vsd1:part name="Body" element="wsmen:Renew" /&gt;</pre>
7270	(86)
7271	<pre>(80) (87) <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMessage"></wsdl:message></pre>
7272	<pre>(87) <wsdi:message (88)="" <wsdi:part="" element="wsmen:RenewResponse" name="Body"></wsdi:message></pre>
7273	(89)
7274	(90) <wsdl:message name="GetStatusMessage"></wsdl:message>
7275	<pre>(90) <wsdi:message <br="" name="GetStatusMessage">(91) <wsdi:part element="wsmen:GetStatus" name="Body"></wsdi:part></wsdi:message></pre>
7276	(92)
7277	<pre>(92) (93) <wsd1:message name="GetStatusResponseMessage"></wsd1:message></pre>
7278	<pre>(94) <wsdl:part element="wsmen:GetStatusResponse" name="Body"></wsdl:part></pre>
7279	(95)
7280	<pre>(96) <wsdl:message name="ReleaseMessage"></wsdl:message></pre>
7281	<pre>(97) <wsdl:part element="wsmen:Release" name="Body"></wsdl:part></pre>
7282	(98)
7283	(99) <wsdl:message name="ReleaseResponseMessage"></wsdl:message>
7284	(100) <wsdl:message name="EnumerationEndMessage"></wsdl:message>
7285	(100) <wsdl:message element="wsmen:EnumerationEnd" name="Body"></wsdl:message>
7286	(102)
7287	(102) (103)
7288	(103) <wsdl:porttype name="DataSource"></wsdl:porttype>
7289	<pre>(105) <wsdl:operation name="EnumerateOp"></wsdl:operation></pre>
7290	(106) <wsdl:input< th=""></wsdl:input<>
7291	(107) message="wsmen:EnumerateMessage"
7292	(108)

	<pre>wsa:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Enumerate"</pre>
7293 7294	(109)
7295	wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Enumerate"
7296	(110) />
7297	(111) <wsdl:output< th=""></wsdl:output<>
7298	(112) message="wsmen:EnumerateResponseMessage"
7299	(113)
7300	<pre>wsa:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/EnumerateResponse"</pre>
7301	(114)
7302	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/EnumerateResponse"</pre>
7303	(115) />
7304	<pre>(116) </pre>
7305	<pre>(117) <wsdl:operation name="PullOp"></wsdl:operation></pre>
7306	(118) <wsdl:input< th=""></wsdl:input<>
7307	(119) message="wsmen:PullMessage"
7308	(120)
7309	<pre>wsa:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Pull"</pre>
7310	(121)
7311 7312	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Pull"</pre>
7312	(122) /> (123) <wsdl:output< th=""></wsdl:output<>
7314	(123) <wsdi:output (124) message="wsmen:PullResponseMessage"</wsdi:output 
7315	(124) message wsmen.ruirkesponsemessage (125)
7316	wsa:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/PullResponse"
7317	(126)
7318	wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/PullResponse"
7319	(127) />
7320	(128)
7321	<pre>(129) <wsdl:operation name="RenewOp"></wsdl:operation></pre>
7322	(130) <wsdl:input< th=""></wsdl:input<>
7323	(131) message="wsmen:RenewMessage"
7324	(132)
7325	<pre>wsa:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew"</pre>
7326	(133)
7327	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew"</pre>
7328	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt;</pre>
7328 7329	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output< pre=""></wsdl:output<></pre>
7328 7329 7330	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" <="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" pre=""></wsdl:output></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)<="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" pre=""></wsdl:output></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" <="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" pre="" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse"></wsdl:output></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" <="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" pre="" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse"></wsdl:output></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" <="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" pre="" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse"></wsdl:output></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" <="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" pre="" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse"></wsdl:output></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334 7335 7336 7336 7337	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" (139)="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse"></wsdl:output></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334 7335 7336 7336 7337 7338	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" (139)="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse"></wsdl:output> (140)  (141) <wsdl:operation name="GetStatusOp"> (142) <wsdl:input< pre=""></wsdl:input<></wsdl:operation></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334 7335 7336 7336 7337 7338 7339	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" (139)="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse"></wsdl:output> (140)  (141) <wsdl:operation name="GetStatusOp"> (142) <wsdl:input (143)="" <="" message="wsmen:GetStatusMessage" pre=""></wsdl:input></wsdl:operation></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334 7335 7336 7336 7337 7338 7339 7340	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" (139)="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse"></wsdl:output> (140)  (141) <wsdl:operation name="GetStatusOp"> (142) <wsdl:input (134)<="" (143)="" message="wsmen:GetStatusMessage" pre=""></wsdl:input></wsdl:operation></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334 7335 7336 7336 7337 7338 7339 7340 7341	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" (139)="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse"></wsdl:output> (140)  (141) <wsdl:operation name="GetStatusOp"> (142) <wsdl:input (143)="" (144)="" <="" message="wsmen:GetStatusMessage" pre="" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus"></wsdl:input></wsdl:operation></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334 7335 7336 7336 7337 7338 7339 7340 7341 7342	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" (139)="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewRespon se"></wsdl:output> (140)  (141) <wsdl:operation name="GetStatusOp"> (142) <wsdl:input (143)="" (144)="" (145)<="" message="wsmen:GetStatusMessage" pre="" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus"></wsdl:input></wsdl:operation></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334 7335 7336 7336 7337 7338 7339 7340 7340 7341 7342 7343	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" (139)="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewRespon se"></wsdl:output> (140)  (141) <wsdl:operation name="GetStatusOp"> (142) <wsdl:input (143)="" (144)="" <="" message="wsmen:GetStatusMessage" pre="" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus"></wsdl:input></wsdl:operation></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334 7335 7336 7336 7337 7338 7339 7340 7341 7342 7343 7344	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" (139)="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse"></wsdl:output> (140)  (141) <wsdl:operation name="GetStatusOp"> (142) <wsdl:input (143)="" (144)="" (145)="" (146)="" message="wsmen:GetStatusMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus"></wsdl:input></wsdl:operation></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334 7335 7336 7337 7338 7339 7340 7341 7342 7343 7344 7345	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" (139)="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewRespon se"></wsdl:output> (140)  (141) <wsdl:operation name="GetStatusOp"> (142) <wsdl:input (143)="" (144)="" (145)="" (146)="" message="wsmen:GetStatusMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus"></wsdl:input> (147) <wsdl:output< pre=""></wsdl:output<></wsdl:operation></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334 7335 7336 7337 7338 7339 7340 7341 7342 7343 7344 7345 7346	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" (139)="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse"></wsdl:output> (140)  (141) <wsdl:operation name="GetStatusOp"> (142) <wsdl:input (143)="" (144)="" (145)="" (146)="" message="wsmen:GetStatusMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus"></wsdl:input> (147) <wsdl:output (148)="" <="" message="wsmen:GetStatusResponseMessage" pre=""></wsdl:output></wsdl:operation></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334 7335 7336 7337 7338 7339 7340 7341 7342 7343 7344 7345 7346 7347	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" (139)="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewRespon se"></wsdl:output> (140)  (141) <wsdl:operation> (142) <wsdl:input (143)="" (144)="" (145)="" (146)="" message="wsmen:GetStatusMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus"></wsdl:input> (147) <wsdl:output (148)="" (149)<="" message="wsmen:GetStatusResponseMessage" pre=""></wsdl:output></wsdl:operation></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334 7335 7336 7337 7338 7339 7340 7341 7342 7343 7344 7345 7346 7347 7348	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" (139)="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewRespon se"></wsdl:output> (140)  (141) <wsdl:operation name="GetStatusOp"> (142) <wsdl:input (143)="" (144)="" (145)="" (146)="" message="wsmen:GetStatusMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus"></wsdl:input> (147) <wsdl:output (148)="" (149)="" <="" message="wsmen:GetStatusResponseMessage" pre="" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus"></wsdl:output></wsdl:operation></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334 7335 7336 7337 7338 7339 7340 7341 7342 7343 7344 7345 7346 7345 7346 7347 7348 7349	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" (139)="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewRespon se"></wsdl:output> (140)  (141) <wsdl:operation name="GetStatusOp"> (142) <wsdl:input (143)="" (144)="" (145)="" (146)="" message="wsmen:GetStatusMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus"></wsdl:input> (147) <wsdl:output (148)="" (149)="" (150)="" <="" message="wsmen:GetStatusResponseMessage" pre="" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatusResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatusResponse"></wsdl:output></wsdl:operation></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334 7335 7336 7337 7338 7339 7340 7341 7342 7343 7344 7345 7346 7347 7348	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" (139)="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewRespon se"></wsdl:output> (140)  (141) <wsdl:operation name="GetStatusOp"> (142) <wsdl:input (143)="" (144)="" (145)="" (146)="" message="wsmen:GetStatusMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus"></wsdl:input> (147) <wsdl:output (148)="" (149)="" (150)="" <="" message="wsmen:GetStatusResponseMessage" pre="" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatusResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatusResponse"></wsdl:output></wsdl:operation></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334 7335 7336 7337 7338 7339 7340 7341 7342 7343 7344 7345 7346 7345 7346 7347 7348 7349 7350	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" (139)="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewRespon se"></wsdl:output> (140)  (141) <wsdl:operation name="GetStatusOp"> (142) <wsdl:input (143)="" (144)="" (145)="" (146)="" message="wsmen:GetStatusMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus"></wsdl:input> (147) <wsdl:output (148)="" (149)="" (150)="" (151)="" message="wsmen:GetStatusResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatusResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatusResponse"></wsdl:output></wsdl:operation></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334 7335 7336 7337 7338 7339 7340 7341 7342 7343 7344 7345 7346 7344 7345 7346 7347 7348 7349 7350 7351 7352 7353	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" (139)="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewRespon se"></wsdl:output> (140)  (141) <wsdl:operation name="GetStatusOp"> (142) <wsdl:input (143)="" (144)="" (145)="" (146)="" message="wsmen:GetStatusMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus"></wsdl:input> (147) <wsdl:output (148)="" (149)="" (150)="" (151)="" message="wsmen:GetStatusResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatusResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatusResponse"></wsdl:output></wsdl:operation></pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334 7335 7336 7337 7338 7339 7340 7341 7342 7343 7344 7345 7346 7344 7345 7346 7347 7348 7349 7350 7351 7352 7353 7354	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" (139)="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse"></wsdl:output> (140)  (141) <wsdl:operation name="GetStatusOp"> (142) <wsdl:input (143)="" (144)="" (145)="" (146)="" message="wsmen:GetStatusMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus"></wsdl:input> (147) <wsdl:output (148)="" (149)="" (150)="" (151)="" message="wsmen:GetStatusResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatusResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatusResponse"></wsdl:output> (152) </wsdl:operation> </pre>
7328 7329 7330 7331 7332 7333 7334 7335 7336 7337 7338 7339 7340 7341 7342 7343 7344 7345 7346 7344 7345 7346 7347 7348 7349 7350 7351 7352 7353	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Renew" (134) /&gt; (135) <wsdl:output (136)="" (137)="" (138)="" (139)="" message="wsmen:RenewResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/RenewRespon se"></wsdl:output> (140)  (141) <wsdl:operation name="GetStatusOp"> (142) <wsdl:input (143)="" (144)="" (145)="" (146)="" message="wsmen:GetStatusMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatus"></wsdl:input> (147) <wsdl:output (148)="" (149)="" (150)="" message="wsmen:GetStatusResponseMessage" wsa:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatusResponse" wsam:action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/GetStatusResponse"></wsdl:output> (152) </wsdl:operation> (153) </pre>

#### DSP0226

# Web Services for Management (WS-Management) Specification

7356	(156)			
7357	wsa:Ac	tion="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Release"		
7358	(157)			
7359	wsam:A	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Release"</pre>		
7360	(158)	/>		
7361	(159)	<wsdl:output< th=""></wsdl:output<>		
7362	(160)	message="wsmen:ReleaseResponseMessage"		
7363	(161)	<pre>wsa:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/ReleaseRespo</pre>		
7364	nse"			
7365	(162)	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/ReleaseResp</pre>		
7366	onse"			
7367	(163)	/>		
7368	(164)			
7369	(165)			
7370	(166)			
7371	(167)	The following portType shall be supported by the endpoint to which</th		
7372	(168)	The EnumerationEnd message is sent>		
7373	(169)	<wsdl:porttype name="EnumEndEndpoint"></wsdl:porttype>		
7374	(170)	<wsdl:operation name="EnumerationEndOp"></wsdl:operation>		
7375	(171)	<wsdl:input< th=""></wsdl:input<>		
7376	(172)	message="wsmen:EnumerationEndMessage"		
7377	(173)			
7378	wsa:Ac	tion="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/EnumerationEnd"		
7379	(174)	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/enumeration/Enumeration</pre>		
7380	End"			
7381	(175)	/>		
7382	(176)			
7383	(177)			
7384	(178)			

7385

7386	
7387	(informative)
7388	(internative)
7389	Notification OperationsXML Schema and WSDL
	normative copy of the XML schemas for the notification operations can be retrieved at the following Idress:
7392	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8032_1.0.xsd
7393 T	ne following non-normative copy of the XML schema is provided for convenience:
$\begin{array}{c} 7394\\ 7395\\ 7396\\ 7397\\ 7398\\ 7399\\ 7400\\ 7401\\ 7402\\ 7403\\ 7404\\ 7405\\ 7406\\ 7407\\ 7408\\ 7406\\ 7407\\ 7408\\ 7409\\ 7411\\ 7412\\ 7413\\ 7414\\ 7415\\ 7416\\ 7417\\ 7418\\ 7419\\ 7420\\ 7421\\ 7422\\ 7423\\ 7424\\ 7425\\ 7426\\ 7427\\ 7428\\ 7426\\ 7427\\ 7428\\ 7426\\ 7427\\ 7428\\ 7426\\ 7427\\ 7428\\ 7426\\ 7427\\ 7428\\ 7426\\ 7427\\ 7428\\ 7426\\ 7421\\ 7425\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7427\\ 7428\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7427\\ 7428\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7427\\ 7428\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7427\\ 7428\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7426\\ 7431\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\ 7436\\$	<pre>(1) &lt;7xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?&gt; (2) &lt;( (3) DMTF - Distributed Management Task Force, Inc http://www.dmtf.org (4) (5) Document number: DSP8032 (6) Date: 2010-02-19 (7) Version: 1.0.0 (8) Document status: DMTF Standard (9) (10) Title: WS-Management Notification Operations XML Schema (11) (12) Document type: Specification (W3C XML Schema) (13) Document language: E (14) (15) Abstract: XML Schema for WS-Management Notification Operations. (16) (17) Contact group: DMTF WS-Management Work Group, wsman-chair@dmtf.org (18) (19) Copyright (C) 2009-2009 Distributed Management Task Force, Inc. (DMTF). (20) All rights reserved. DMTF is a not-for-profit association of industry (21) members dedicated to promoting enterprise and systems management and (22) interoperability. Members and non-members may reproduce DMTF (23) specifications and documents, provided that correct attribution is (24) given. As DMTF specifications may be revised from time to time, (25) the particular version and release date should always be noted. (26) Implementation of certain elements of this standard or proposed (27) standard may be subject to third party patent rights, including (28) provisional patent rights (herei "patent rights, including (29) no representations to users of the standard as to the existence of (30) such rights, and is not responsible to recognize, disclose, (31) or identify any or all such third party patent right, wners or (32) claimants, nor for any incomplete or inaccurate identification or (33) disclosure of such rights, owners or claimants. DMTF shall have no (34) liability to any party, in any manner or circumstance, under any legal (35) theory whatsoever, for failure to recognize, disclose, or identify any (36) such third party patent rights, or for such party's reliance on the (37) standard or incorporation thereof in its product, protocols or testing (39) such standard, whether such implementation is foreseeable or not, nor (40) to any patent or claimant, and shall have no liability of (40) responsib</pre>
7437 7438 7439 7440 7441	<ul> <li>(43) harmitess by any party implementing the standard from any and all claims</li> <li>(44) of infringement by a patent owner for such implementations. For</li> <li>(45) information about patents held by third-parties which have notified the</li> <li>(46) DMTF that, in their opinion, such patent may relate to or impact</li> <li>(47) implementations of DMTF standards, visit</li> <li>(48) http://www.dmtf.org/about/policies/disclosures.php.</li> </ul>

7442	(49)
7443	(50) Change log:
7444	(51)1.0.0 - 2009-11-01 - Work in Progress release
7445	(52)1.0.0 - 2010-02-19 - DMTF Standard release
7446	(53)
7447	(54)>
7448	(55) <xs:schema< th=""></xs:schema<>
7449	(56) targetNamespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing"
7450	(57) xmlns:tns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing"
7451	(58) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
7452	(59) xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
7453	(60) elementFormDefault="qualified"
7454	<pre>(61) blockDefault="#all"&gt;</pre>
7455	(62)
7456	(63) <xs:import< th=""></xs:import<>
7457 7458	<pre>(64) namespace="http://www.w3.org/XML/1998/namespace" (65) achematicaes "http://www.w3.org/XML/1998/namespace"</pre>
7458	<pre>(65) schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/2001/xml.xsd" /&gt; (66)</pre>
7459	(66) <xs:import< th=""></xs:import<>
7460	<pre>(67) namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing" (68) ashereLegetign="http://schemag.drtf.gug/uber/uperg/1/DSD8024_1_0_wadd" ())</pre>
7462	<pre>(68) schemaLocation="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8034_1.0.xsd" /&gt; (69) <xs:import< pre=""></xs:import<></pre>
7462	<pre>(69) <xs:import (70)="" <="" namespace="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing" pre=""></xs:import></pre>
7464	<pre>(70) Hamespace= http://www.ws.org/2005/08/addressing (71) schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/2006/03/addressing/ws-addr.xsd" /&gt;</pre>
7465	(71) Schemalocation- http://www.ws.org/2000/05/addressing/ws-addr.xsd //
7466	(73) Types and global elements
7467	<pre>(74) <xs:complextype mixed="true" name="DeliveryType"></xs:complextype></pre>
7468	(75) <xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7469	<pre>(76) <xs:any <="" namespace="##any" pre="" processcontents="lax"></xs:any></pre>
7470	(77) minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
7471	(78)
7472	<pre>(79) <xs:attribute name="Mode" type="xs:anyURI" use="optional"></xs:attribute></pre>
7473	<pre>(80) <xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute></pre>
7474	(81)
7475	(82)
7476	<pre>(83) <xs:simpletype name="NonNegativeDurationType"></xs:simpletype></pre>
7477	<pre>(84) <xs:restriction base="xs:duration"></xs:restriction></pre>
7478	<pre>(85) <xs:mininclusive value="POYOMODTOHOMOS"></xs:mininclusive></pre>
7479	(86)
7480	(87)
7481	(88)
7482	<pre>(89) <xs:simpletype name="ExpirationType"></xs:simpletype></pre>
7483	(90) <xs:union membertypes="xs:dateTime&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;7484&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;(91) tns:NonNegativeDurationType"></xs:union>
7485	(92)
7486	(93)
7487 7488	<pre>(94) <xs:complextype mixed="true" name="FilterType"></xs:complextype></pre>
7488 7489	(95) <xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7489 7490	<pre>(96) <xs:any (97)="" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:any></pre>
7490 7491	
7491 7492	<pre>(98)  (99) <xs:attribute name="Dialect" type="xs:anyURI" use="optional"></xs:attribute></pre>
7493	(100) <xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
7494	(101)
7495	(102)
7496	<pre>(102) (103) <xs:complextype name="LanguageSpecificStringType"></xs:complextype></pre>
7497	(104) <xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>
7498	(105) <xs:extension base="xs:string"></xs:extension>
7499	(106) <xs:attribute ref="xml:lang"></xs:attribute>
7500	<pre>(107) <xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute></pre>
7501	(108)
7502	(109)
7503	(110)
7504	(111)

7505	(112)	</th
7506	(113)	The type of the AnyEPRType is effectively
7507	(114)	the union of wsa04:EndpointReferenceType and
7508	(115)	wsal0:EndpointReferenceType. Unfortunately, xs:union only
7509	(116)	works for simple types. As a result, we have to define
7510	(117)	the element in an unvalidated way to accommodate either
7511	(118)	addressing type.
7512	(119)	>
7513	(120)	
7514	(121)	<xs:complextype name="AnyEPRType"></xs:complextype>
7515	(122)	<pre><xs:sequence></xs:sequence></pre>
7516	(123)	<pre><xs:any <="" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1" pre="" processcontents="skip"></xs:any></pre>
7517	(123)	namespace='##other' />
7518	(124)	
7519	(125)	
7520	(120)	<pre></pre>
7521	(127)	<xs:element name="NotifyTo" type="tns:AnyEPRType"></xs:element>
7522		<pre><xs.etement <="" name="NotifyTo" pre="" type="ths.Anybratype"></xs.etement></pre>
7523	(129)	
7523	(130)	Subscribe request
7525	(131)	<xs:element name="Subscribe"></xs:element>
7525	(132)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
	(133)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7527	(134)	<xs:element <="" name="EndTo" th="" type="tns:AnyEPRType"></xs:element>
7528	(135)	minOccurs="0" />
7529	(136)	<xs:element name="Delivery" type="tns:DeliveryType"></xs:element>
7530	(137)	<xs:element <="" name="Expires" th="" type="tns:ExpirationType"></xs:element>
7531	(138)	minOccurs="0" />
7532	(139)	<xs:element <="" name="Filter" th="" type="tns:FilterType"></xs:element>
7533	(140)	minOccurs="0" />
7534	(141)	<xs:any <="" namespace="##other" processcontents="lax" th=""></xs:any>
7535	(142)	<pre>minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" /&gt;</pre>
7536	(143)	
7537	(144)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
7538	(145)	
7539	(146)	
7540	(147)	
7541	(148)	<xs:element name="Identifier" type="xs:anyURI"></xs:element>
7542	(149)	
7543	(150)	Subscribe response
7544	(151)	<xs:element name="SubscribeResponse"></xs:element>
7545	(152)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
7546	(153)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7547	(154)	<xs:element <="" name="SubscriptionManager" th=""></xs:element>
7548	(155)	type="tns:AnyEPRType" />
7549	(156)	<xs:element name="Expires" type="tns:ExpirationType"></xs:element>
7550	(157)	<xs:any <="" namespace="##other" processcontents="lax" th=""></xs:any>
7551	(158)	<pre>minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" /&gt;</pre>
7552	(159)	
7553	(160)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
7554	(161)	
7555	(162)	
7556	(163)	
7557	(164)	Used in a fault if there's an unsupported dialect
7558	(165)	<xs:element name="SupportedDialect" type="xs:anyURI"></xs:element>
7559	(166)	
7560	(167)	Used in a fault if there's an unsupported delivery mode
7561	(168)	<xs:element name="SupportedDeliveryMode" type="xs:anyURI"></xs:element>
7562	(169)	
7563	(170)	Renew request
7564	(171)	<xs:element name="Renew"></xs:element>
7565	(172)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
7566	(173)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7567	(174)	<xs:element <="" name="Expires" th="" type="tns:ExpirationType"></xs:element>

7500		
7568	(175)	minOccurs="0" />
7569	(176)	<xs:any <="" namespace="##other" processcontents="lax" th=""></xs:any>
7570	(177)	<pre>minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" /&gt;</pre>
7571	(178)	
7572	(179)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
7573	(180)	
7574	(181)	
7575	(182)	
7576	(183)	Renew response
7577	(184)	<xs:element name="RenewResponse"></xs:element>
7578	(185)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
7579	(186)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7580	(187)	<xs:element <="" name="Expires" th="" type="tns:ExpirationType"></xs:element>
7581	(188)	minOccurs="0" />
7582	(189)	<xs:any <="" namespace="##other" processcontents="lax" th=""></xs:any>
7583	(190)	<pre>minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" /&gt;</pre>
7584	(191)	
7585	(192)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
7586	(193)	
7587	(194)	
7588	(195)	
7589	(196)	GetStatus request
7590	(197)	<xs:element name="GetStatus"></xs:element>
7591	(198)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
7592	(199)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7593	(200)	<xs:any <="" namespace="##other" processcontents="lax" th=""></xs:any>
7594	(201)	minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
7595	(202)	
7596	(203)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
7597	(204)	<pre> <pre></pre></pre>
7598	(205)	
7599	(206)	
7600	(200)	GetStatus response
7601	(208)	<xs:element name="GetStatusResponse"></xs:element>
7602	(209)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
7603	(210)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7604	(210)	<pre><xs:element <="" name="Expires" pre="" type="tns:ExpirationType"></xs:element></pre>
7605	(212)	minOccurs="0" />
7606	(212)	<pre><xs:any <="" namespace="##other" pre="" processcontents="lax"></xs:any></pre>
7607	(213)	minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
7608	(211)	
7609	(216)	<pre></pre>
7610	(210)	<pre></pre>
7611	(218)	
7612	(210)	
7613	(220)	Unsubscribe request
7614	(221)	<xs:element name="Unsubscribe"></xs:element>
7615	(222)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
7616	(223)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7617	(224)	<pre><xs:any <="" namespace="##other" pre="" processcontents="lax"></xs:any></pre>
7618	(225)	minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
7619	(226)	
7620	(227)	<pre></pre>
7621	(228)	<pre> <pre></pre></pre>
7622	(229)	
7623	(220)	
7624	(230)	SubscriptionEnd message
7625	(232)	<xs:element name="SubscriptionEnd"></xs:element>
7626	(233)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
7627	(234)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7628	(235)	<pre><xs:sequence> <xs:element <="" name="SubscriptionManager" pre=""></xs:element></xs:sequence></pre>
7629	(236)	type="tns:AnyEPRType" />
7630	(237)	<xs:element <="" name="Status" th=""></xs:element>
	(= 2 · )	

7631	(238) type="tns:OpenSubscriptionEndCodeType" />
7632	(239) <xs:element <="" name="Reason" td=""></xs:element>
7633	(240) type="tns:LanguageSpecificStringType"
7634	(241) minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
7635	(242) <xs:any <="" namespace="##other" processcontents="lax" td=""></xs:any>
7636	(243) minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
7637	(244)
7638	(244) (245) <xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
7639	
	(246)
7640	(247)
7641	(248)
7642	(249) <xs:simpletype name="SubscriptionEndCodeType"></xs:simpletype>
7643	(250) <xs:restriction base="xs:anyURI"></xs:restriction>
7644	(251) <xs:enumeration< td=""></xs:enumeration<>
7645	<pre>value="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/DeliveryFailure" /&gt;</pre>
7646	(252) <xs:enumeration< td=""></xs:enumeration<>
7647	value="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/SourceShuttingDown" />
7648	(253) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
7649	value="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/SourceCancelling" />
7650	(254)
7651	
	(255)
7652	(256)
7653	(257) <xs:simpletype name="OpenSubscriptionEndCodeType"></xs:simpletype>
7654	<pre>(258) <xs:union membertypes="tns:SubscriptionEndCodeType xs:anyURI"></xs:union></pre>
7655	(259)
7655	(260)
7656	
7656 7657	(261) <xs:attribute name="EventSource" type="xs:boolean"></xs:attribute>
7656	
7656 7657	(261) <xs:attribute name="EventSource" type="xs:boolean"></xs:attribute>
7656 7657 7658 7659 7660	<pre>(261) <xs:attribute name="EventSource" type="xs:boolean"></xs:attribute> (262)  A normative copy of the WSDL description can be retrieved from the following address: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8036_1.0.wsdl</pre>
7656 7657 7658 7659 7660 7661	<pre>(261) <xs:attribute name="EventSource" type="xs:boolean"></xs:attribute> (262)  A normative copy of the WSDL description can be retrieved from the following address:     http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8036_1.0.wsdl The following non-normative copy of the WSDL description is provided for convenience:</pre>
7656 7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662	<pre>(261) <xs:attribute name="EventSource" type="xs:boolean"></xs:attribute> (262)  A normative copy of the WSDL description can be retrieved from the following address: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8036_1.0.wsdl</pre>
7656 7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662 7663	<pre>(261) <xs:attribute name="EventSource" type="xs:boolean"></xs:attribute> (262)  A normative copy of the WSDL description can be retrieved from the following address:     http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8036_1.0.wsdl The following non-normative copy of the WSDL description is provided for convenience:</pre>
7656 7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662	<pre>(261) <xs:attribute name="EventSource" type="xs:boolean"></xs:attribute> (262)  A normative copy of the WSDL description can be retrieved from the following address: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8036_1.0.wsdl The following non-normative copy of the WSDL description is provided for convenience:     (1) <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?></pre>
7656 7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662 7663	<pre>(261) <xs:attribute name="EventSource" type="xs:boolean"></xs:attribute> (262)  A normative copy of the WSDL description can be retrieved from the following address: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8036_1.0.wsdl The following non-normative copy of the WSDL description is provided for convenience:     (1) <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>     (2) <!--</pre--></pre>
7656 7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662 7663 7664	<pre>(261) <xs:attribute name="EventSource" type="xs:boolean"></xs:attribute> (262)  A normative copy of the WSDL description can be retrieved from the following address: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8036_1.0.wsdl The following non-normative copy of the WSDL description is provided for convenience:     (1) <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>     (2) <!--     (3) DMTF - Distributed Management Task Force, Inc http://www.dmtf.org</pre--></pre>
7656 7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662 7663 7664 7665	<pre>(261) <xs:attribute name="EventSource" type="xs:boolean"></xs:attribute> (262)  A normative copy of the WSDL description can be retrieved from the following address: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8036_1.0.wsdl The following non-normative copy of the WSDL description is provided for convenience:     (1) <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>     (2) <!--     (3) DMTF - Distributed Management Task Force, Inc http://www.dmtf.org     (4)</pre--></pre>
7656 7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662 7663 7664 7665 7666 7666	<pre>(261) <xs:attribute name="EventSource" type="xs:boolean"></xs:attribute> (262)  A normative copy of the WSDL description can be retrieved from the following address: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8036_1.0.wsdl The following non-normative copy of the WSDL description is provided for convenience:     (1) <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>     (2) <!--     (3) DMTF - Distributed Management Task Force, Inc http://www.dmtf.org     (4)     (5) Document number: DSP8036     (6) Date: 2010-02-19</pre--></pre>
7656 7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662 7663 7664 7665 7666 7666 7667 7668	<pre>(261) <xs:attribute name="EventSource" type="xs:boolean"></xs:attribute> (262)  A normative copy of the WSDL description can be retrieved from the following address: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8036_1.0.wsdl The following non-normative copy of the WSDL description is provided for convenience:     (1) <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>     (2) <!--     (3) DMTF - Distributed Management Task Force, Inc http://www.dmtf.org     (4)     (5) Document number: DSP8036     (6) Date: 2010-02-19     (7) Version: 1.0.0</pre--></pre>
7656 7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662 7663 7664 7665 7666 7666 7667 7668 7669	<pre>(261) <xs:attribute name="EventSource" type="xs:boolean"></xs:attribute> (262)  A normative copy of the WSDL description can be retrieved from the following address: http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8036_1.0.wsdl The following non-normative copy of the WSDL description is provided for convenience:     (1) <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>     (2) <!--     (3) DMTF - Distributed Management Task Force, Inc http://www.dmtf.org     (4)     (5) Document number: DSP8036     (6) Date: 2010-02-19     (7) Version: 1.0.0     (8) Document status: DMTF Standard</pre--></pre>
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<pre>7699 (38) procedures. DMTF shall have no liability to any party implementing 7700 (39) such standard, whether such implementation is foreseeable or not, nor 7701 (40) to any patent owner or claimant, and shall have no liability or 7702 (41) responsibility for costs or losses incurred if a standard is withdrawn 7703 (42) or modified after publication, and shall be indemnified and held 7704 (43) harmless by any party implementing the standard from any and all claim 7705 (45) information about patents held by third-parties which have notified th 7706 (45) information about patents held by third-parties which have notified th 7707 (46) DMTF that, in their opinion, such patent may relate to or impact 7708 (41) implementations of DMTF standards, visit 7709 (48) http://www.dmf.org/about/policies/disclosures.php. 7711 (50) Change log: 7712 (51) 1.0.0 - 2009-11-01 - MOTK in Progress release 7713 (52) 1.0.0 - 2009-02-19 - DMTF Standard release 7713 (52) 1.0.0 - 2010-02-19 - DMTF Standard release 7714 (53) 7715 (54)&gt; 7716 (55) <wsdl:definitions 7717 (55) targetNamespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing" 7718 (57) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing" 7720 (59) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing" 7721 (60) xmlns:wse="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing" 7722 (61) xmlns:wse="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing" 7723 (62) 7724 (63) <wsdl:types> 7725 (64) <xs:schema> 7725 (64) <xs:schema> 7726 (65) namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing" 7733 (70) 7733 (71) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeMsg"> 7734 (72) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeRsgnoseMsg"> 7735 (73) </wsdl:message> 7736 (74) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeRsgnoseMsg"> 7736 (75) </wsdl:message> 7737 (76) </wsdl:message> 7738 (77) 7744 (82)  7744 (82)  7744 (82)  7744 (82) <th></th><th></th></xs:schema></xs:schema></wsdl:types></wsdl:definitions </pre>		
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<pre>7708 (47) implementations of DMTF standards, visit 7709 (48) http://www.dmtf.org/about/policies/disclosures.php. 7711 (50) Change log: 7712 (51) 1.0.0 - 2009-11-01 - Work in Progress release 7713 (52) 1.0.0 - 2010-02-19 - DMTF Standard release 7714 (53) 7715 (54)&gt; 7716 (55) <wsdl:definitions 7717 (56) targetNamespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing" 7718 (57) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing" 7719 (58) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing" 7720 (59) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing" 7721 (60) xmlns:wsal="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing" 7722 (61) xmlns:sws="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing" 7723 (62) 7724 (63) <wsdl:type> 7725 (64) <xs:schema> 7726 (64) <xs:schema> 7727 (66) namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing" 7728 (67) 7729 schemaLocation="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8032_1.0.xsd" /&gt; 7730 (68)  7731 (70) <wsdl:type> 7732 (70) 7733 (71) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeMsg"> 7734 (72) </wsdl:message></wsdl:type></xs:schema></xs:schema></wsdl:type></wsdl:definitions </pre> (73)  (74) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeMsg"> 7735 (73)  (74)  (75)  (75)  (76) </wsdl:message>		
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<pre>7710 (49) ************************************</pre>		
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7723       (62)         7724       (63) <wsdl:types>         7725       (64) <xs:schema>         7726       (65) <xs:import< td="">         7727       (66) namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing"         7728       (67)         7729       schemaLocation="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8032_1.0.xsd" /&gt;         7730       (68)           7731       (69)        </xs:import<></xs:schema></wsdl:types> 7732       (70)         7733       (71) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeMsg">         7734       (72) <wsdl:part element="wsme:Subscribe" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7735       (73)           7736       (74) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeResponseMsg">         7738       (76)        <wsdl:part element="wsme:SubscribeResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7739       (77)           7740       (78) <wsdl:message name="RenewMsg">          7740       (78) <wsdl:message element="wsme:Renew" name="Body"></wsdl:message>          7741       (79)        <wsdl:message>          7743       (81)        <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg">         7744       (82)        <wsdl:part element="wsme:Renew" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7743       (81)</wsdl:message></wsdl:message></wsdl:message></wsdl:message></wsdl:message>	7722	(61) xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" >
<pre>7724 (63) <wsdl:types> 7725 (64) <xs:schema> 7726 (65) <xs:import (66)="" (67)="" 7727="" 7728="" 7729="" namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing" schemalocation="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8032_1.0.xsd"></xs:import> 7730 (68) </xs:schema> 7731 (69) </wsdl:types> 7732 (70) 7733 (71) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeMsg"> 7734 (72) <wsdl:part element="wsme:Subscribe" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7735 (73) </wsdl:message> 7736 (74) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeResponseMsg"> 7738 (76) </wsdl:message> 7738 (76)  7739 (77) 7740 (78) <wsdl:message name="RenewMsg"> 7741 (79) <wsdl:message name="RenewMsg"> 7742 (80) </wsdl:message> 7744 (82) </wsdl:message> 7744 (82)  7745 (83)  </pre>	7723	
7725       (64) <xs:schema>         7726       (65)       <xs:import< td="">         7727       (66)       namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing"         7728       (67)         7729       schemaLocation="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8032_1.0.xsd" /&gt;         7730       (68)       </xs:import<></xs:schema> 7731       (69)          7732       (70)         7733       (71) <wsd!:message name="SubscribeMsg">         7734       (72)       <wsd!:message>         7735       (73)           7736       (74)       <wsd!:message name="SubscribeResponseMsg">         7737       (75)       <wsd!:part element="wsme:SubscribeResponse" name="body"></wsd!:part>         7738       (76)           7740       (78)       <wsd!:part element="wsme:Renew" name="body"></wsd!:part>         7740       (78)       <wsd!:part element="wsme:Renew" name="body"></wsd!:part>         7742       (80)           7743       (81)       <wsd!:message name="RenewResponseMsg">         7744       (82)       <wsd!:part element="wsme:RenewResponse" name="body"></wsd!:part>         7745       (83)     <!--</th--><th></th><th></th></wsd!:message></wsd!:message></wsd!:message></wsd!:message>		
<pre>7726 (65) <xs:import 7727 (66) namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing" 7728 (67) 7729 schemaLocation="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8032_1.0.xsd" /&gt; 7730 (68)  7731 (69)  7732 (70) 7733 (71) <wsdl:types> 7733 (71) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeMsg"> 7734 (72) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeMsg"> 7735 (73) </wsdl:message> 7736 (74) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeResponseMsg"> 7737 (75) <wsdl:message> 7738 (76) </wsdl:message> 7739 (77) 7740 (78) <wsdl:message name="RenewMsg"> 7741 (79) <wsdl:message> 7742 (80) </wsdl:message> 7743 (81) <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg"> 7744 (82) <wsdl:message></wsdl:message></wsdl:message></wsdl:message></wsdl:message></wsdl:message></wsdl:types></xs:import </pre>		
<pre>7727 (66) namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing" 7728 (67) 7729 schemaLocation="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8032_1.0.xsd" /&gt; 7730 (68)  7731 (69)  7732 (70) 7733 (71) <wst:message name="SubscribeMsg"> 7734 (72) <wst:message name="SubscribeMsg"> 7735 (73) </wst:message> 7736 (74) <wst:message name="SubscribeResponseMsg"> 7737 (75) <wst:message name="SubscribeResponseMsg"> 7738 (76) </wst:message> 7739 (77) 7740 (78) <wst:message name="RenewMsg"> 7741 (79) <wst:message name="RenewMsg"> 7742 (80) </wst:message> 7743 (81) <wst:message name="RenewResponseMsg"> 7744 (82) <wst:message name="RenewResponseMsg"> 7745 (83) </wst:message></wst:message></wst:message></wst:message></wst:message></pre>		
7728       (67)         7729       schemaLocation="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8032_1.0.xsd" />         7730       (68)          7731       (69)          7732       (70)         7733       (71) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeMsg">         7734       (72)       <wsdl:part element="wsme:Subscribe" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7735       (73)        <wsdl:message>         7736       (74)       <wsdl:message name="SubscribeResponseMsg">         7737       (75)       <wsdl:part element="wsme:SubscribeResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7738       (76)           7739       (77)           7740       (78)           7741       (79)       <wsdl:message name="RenewMsg">         7742       (80)           7743       (81)       <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg">         7744       (82)       <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg">         7745       (83)</wsdl:message></wsdl:message></wsdl:message></wsdl:message></wsdl:message></wsdl:message>		
<pre>7729 schemaLocation="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8032_1.0.xsd" /&gt; 7730 (68)  7731 (69)  7732 (70) 7733 (71) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeMsg"> 7734 (72) <wsdl:part element="wsme:Subscribe" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7735 (73) </wsdl:message> 7736 (74) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeResponseMsg"> 7737 (75) <wsdl:part element="wsme:SubscribeResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7738 (76) </wsdl:message> 7739 (77) 7740 (78) <wsdl:message name="RenewMsg"> 7741 (79) <wsdl:message> 7741 (79) </wsdl:message> 7743 (81) </wsdl:message> 7744 (82) <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg"> 7745 (83) </wsdl:message></pre>		
7730       (68)          7731       (69)          7732       (70)         7733       (71) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeMsg">         7734       (72)       <wsdl:part element="wsme:Subscribe" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7735       (73)       </wsdl:message> 7736       (74) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeResponseMsg">         7737       (75)       <wsdl:part element="wsme:SubscribeResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7738       (76)           7739       (77)           7740       (78)       <wsdl:message>          7741       (79)       <wsdl:part element="wsme:Renew" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7742       (80)           7743       (81)       <wsdl:message>         7744       (82)       <wsdl:part element="wsme:RenewResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7744       (82)       <wsdl:part element="wsme:RenewResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7745       (83)</wsdl:message></wsdl:message></wsdl:message>		(67)
7730       (68)          7731       (69)          7732       (70)         7733       (71)          7734       (72) <wsdl:part element="wsme:Subscribe" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7735       (73)           7736       (74) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeResponseMsg">         7737       (75)        <wsdl:part element="wsme:SubscribeResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7738       (76)            7740       (78)        <wsdl:message name="RenewMsg">         7741       (79)        <wsdl:part element="wsme:Renew" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7742       (80)            7744       (81)        <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg">         7744       (82)        <wsdl:part element="wsme:Renew" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7743       (81)        <wsdl:message>         7744       (82)        <wsdl:part element="wsme:RenewResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7745       (83)</wsdl:message></wsdl:message></wsdl:message></wsdl:message>	7729	<pre>schemaLocation="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8032 1.0.xsd" /&gt;</pre>
<pre>7731 (69)  7732 (70) 7733 (71) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeMsg"> 7734 (72) <wsdl:part element="wsme:Subscribe" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7735 (73) </wsdl:message> 7736 (74) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeResponseMsg"> 7737 (75) <wsdl:part element="wsme:SubscribeResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7738 (76) </wsdl:message> 7739 (77) 7740 (78) <wsdl:message name="RenewMsg"> 7741 (79) <wsdl:message element="wsme:Renew" name="Body"></wsdl:message> 7742 (80) </wsdl:message> 7743 (81) <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg"> 7744 (82) <wsdl:message> 7745 (83) </wsdl:message></wsdl:message></pre>	7730	
<pre>7732 (70) 7733 (71) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeMsg"> 7734 (72) <wsdl:part element="wsme:Subscribe" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7735 (73) </wsdl:message> 7736 (74) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeResponseMsg"> 7737 (75) <wsdl:part element="wsme:SubscribeResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7738 (76) </wsdl:message> 7739 (77) 7740 (78) <wsdl:message name="RenewMsg"> 7741 (79) <wsdl:message element="wsme:Renew" name="Body"></wsdl:message> 7742 (80) </wsdl:message> 7743 (81) <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg"> 7744 (82) <wsdl:message element="wsme:RenewResponse" name="Body"></wsdl:message> 7745 (83) </wsdl:message></pre>		
<pre>7733 (71) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeMsg"> 7734 (72) <wsdl:part element="wsme:Subscribe" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7735 (73) </wsdl:message> 7736 (74) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeResponseMsg"> 7737 (75) <wsdl:part element="wsme:SubscribeResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7738 (76) </wsdl:message> 7739 (77) 7740 (78) <wsdl:message name="RenewMsg"> 7741 (79) <wsdl:message element="wsme:Renew" name="body"></wsdl:message> 7742 (80) </wsdl:message> 7743 (81) <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg"> 7744 (82) <wsdl:message></wsdl:message></wsdl:message></pre>		
<pre>7734 (72) <wsdl:part element="wsme:Subscribe" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7735 (73)  7736 (74) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeResponseMsg"> 7737 (75) <wsdl:part element="wsme:SubscribeResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7738 (76) </wsdl:message> 7739 (77) 7740 (78) <wsdl:message name="RenewMsg"> 7741 (79) <wsdl:part element="wsme:Renew" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7742 (80) </wsdl:message> 7743 (81) <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg"> 7744 (82) <wsdl:part element="wsme:RenewResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7745 (83) </wsdl:message></pre>		
<pre>7735 (73)  7736 (74) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeResponseMsg"> 7737 (75) <wsdl:part element="wsme:SubscribeResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7738 (76) </wsdl:message> 7739 (77) 7740 (78) <wsdl:message name="RenewMsg"> 7741 (79) <wsdl:part element="wsme:Renew" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7742 (80) </wsdl:message> 7743 (81) <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg"> 7744 (82) <wsdl:message element="wsme:RenewResponse" name="body"></wsdl:message> 7745 (83) </wsdl:message></pre>		
<pre>7736 (74) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeResponseMsg"> 7737 (75) <wsdl:part element="wsme:SubscribeResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7738 (76) </wsdl:message> 7739 (77) 7740 (78) <wsdl:message name="RenewMsg"> 7741 (79) <wsdl:part element="wsme:Renew" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7742 (80) </wsdl:message> 7743 (81) <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg"> 7744 (82) <wsdl:message element="wsme:RenewResponse" name="body"></wsdl:message> 7745 (83) </wsdl:message></pre>		
<pre>7737 (75) <wsdl:part element="wsme:SubscribeResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7738 (76)  7739 (77) 7740 (78) <wsdl:message name="RenewMsg"> 7741 (79) <wsdl:part element="wsme:Renew" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7742 (80) </wsdl:message> 7743 (81) <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg"> 7744 (82) <wsdl:part element="wsme:RenewResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7745 (83) </wsdl:message></pre>	7735	(73)
7738       (76)          7739       (77)         7740       (78) <wsdl:message name="RenewMsg">         7741       (79)       <wsdl:part element="wsme:Renew" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7742       (80)       </wsdl:message> 7743       (81) <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg">         7744       (82)       <wsdl:part element="wsme:RenewResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7745       (83)</wsdl:message>	7736	<pre>(74) <wsdl:message name="SubscribeResponseMsg"></wsdl:message></pre>
7738       (76)          7739       (77)         7740       (78) <wsdl:message name="RenewMsg">         7741       (79)       <wsdl:part element="wsme:Renew" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7742       (80)       </wsdl:message> 7743       (81) <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg">         7744       (82)       <wsdl:part element="wsme:RenewResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7745       (83)</wsdl:message>		
7739       (77)         7740       (78) <wsdl:message name="RenewMsg">         7741       (79)       <wsdl:part element="wsme:Renew" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7742       (80)       </wsdl:message> 7743       (81) <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg">         7744       (82)       <wsdl:part element="wsme:RenewResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part>         7745       (83)</wsdl:message>		
<pre>7740 (78) <wsdl:message name="RenewMsg"> 7741 (79) <wsdl:part element="wsme:Renew" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7742 (80) </wsdl:message> 7743 (81) <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg"> 7744 (82) <wsdl:part element="wsme:RenewResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7745 (83) </wsdl:message></pre>		
<pre>7741 (79) <wsdl:part element="wsme:Renew" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7742 (80)  7743 (81) <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg"> 7744 (82) <wsdl:part element="wsme:RenewResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7745 (83) </wsdl:message></pre>		
<pre>7742 (80)  7743 (81) <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg"> 7744 (82) <wsdl:part element="wsme:RenewResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7745 (83) </wsdl:message></pre>		
<pre>7743 (81) <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg"> 7744 (82) <wsdl:part element="wsme:RenewResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7745 (83) </wsdl:message></pre>		
<pre>7743 (81) <wsdl:message name="RenewResponseMsg"> 7744 (82) <wsdl:part element="wsme:RenewResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7745 (83) </wsdl:message></pre>	7742	(80)
<pre>7744 (82) <wsdl:part element="wsme:RenewResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part> 7745 (83) </pre>	7743	
7745 (83)		
	1140	

#### DSP0226

7747	(85)	<wsdl:message name="GetStatusMsg"></wsdl:message>
7748	(86)	<wsdl:part element="wsme:GetStatus" name="body"></wsdl:part>
7749		
	(87)	
7750	(88)	<wsdl:message name="GetStatusResponseMsg"></wsdl:message>
7751	(89)	<wsdl:part element="wsme:GetStatusResponse" name="body"></wsdl:part>
7752	(90)	
7753	(91)	
7754	(92)	<wsdl:message name="UnsubscribeMsg"></wsdl:message>
7755	(93)	<wsdl:part element="wsme:Unsubscribe" name="body"></wsdl:part>
7756	(94)	
7757	(95)	<wsdl:message name="UnsubscribeResponseMsg"></wsdl:message>
7758	(96)	
7759	(97)	<wsdl:message name="SubscriptionEnd"></wsdl:message>
7760	(98)	<wsdl:part element="wsme:SubscriptionEnd" name="body"></wsdl:part>
7761	(99)	
7762	(100)	
7763	(101)	<wsdl:porttype name="EventSource"></wsdl:porttype>
7764	(102)	<pre><wsdl:operation name="SubscribeOp"></wsdl:operation></pre>
7765	(103)	<wsdl:input< th=""></wsdl:input<>
7766	(104)	<pre>message="wsme:SubscribeMsg"</pre>
7767	(105)	
7768		tion="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/Subscribe"
7769	(106)	
7770		ction="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/Subscribe"/>
7771	(107)	<wsdl:output< th=""></wsdl:output<>
7772	(108)	message="wsme:SubscribeResponseMsg"
7773	(109)	
7774	wsa:Ac	tion="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/SubscribeResponse"
7775	(110)	
7776		
		ction="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/SubscribeResponse"/>
7777	(111)	
7778	(112)	
7779	(113)	
7780	(114)	The following portType shall be supported by the endpoint to which</th
7781		
	(115)	the SubscriptionEnd message is sent>
7782	(116)	<wsdl:porttype name="EndToEndpoint"></wsdl:porttype>
7783	(117)	<wsdl:operation name="SubscriptionEnd"></wsdl:operation>
7784	(118)	<wsdl:input< th=""></wsdl:input<>
7785	(119)	message="wsme:SubscriptionEnd"
7786	(120)	
7787		tion="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/SubscriptionEnd"
		tion- http://schemas.xmisoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/subscriptionEnd
7788	(121)	
7789		ction="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/SubscriptionEnd"/>
7790	(122)	
7791	(123)	
7792	(124)	
7793	(125)	The following portType shall be supported by the endpoint to which</th
7794	(126)	Notifications are sent. This portType also serves as a
7795	(127)	mechanism by which Subscribers can know the Notifications that
7796	(128)	will sent by an Event Source>
7797	(129)	<wsdl:porttype name="EventSink"></wsdl:porttype>
7798	(130)	place the Notification messages (operations) here. For example:</th
7799	(131)	<pre><wsdl:operation name="WeatherReport"></wsdl:operation></pre>
7800	(132)	<wsdl:input <="" message="wr:ThunderStormMessage" th=""></wsdl:input>
7801	(133)	wsa:Action="urn:weatherReport:ThunderStorm"
7802	(134)	<pre>wsam:Action="urn:weatherReport:ThunderStorm" /&gt;</pre>
7803	(135)	
7804	(136)	>
7805	(137)	
		<pre>//wsur.portrype/</pre>
7806	(138)	
7807	(139)	<wsdl:porttype name="SubscriptionManager"></wsdl:porttype>
7808	(140)	<wsdl:operation name="RenewOp"></wsdl:operation>
7809	(141)	<wsdl:input< th=""></wsdl:input<>

7810	(142) message="wsme:RenewMsg"
7811	(143) wsa:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/Renew"
7812	(144)
7813	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/Renew"/&gt;</pre>
7814	(145) <wsdl:output< th=""></wsdl:output<>
7815	(146) message="wsme:RenewResponseMsg"
7816	(147)
7817	<pre>wsa:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/RenewResponse"</pre>
7818	(148)
7819	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/RenewResponse"/&gt;</pre>
7820	(149)
7821 7822	<pre>(150) <wsdl:operation name="GetStatusOp"></wsdl:operation></pre>
7822 7823	(151) <wsdl:input< th=""></wsdl:input<>
7824	(152) message="wsme:GetStatusMsg"
7825	(153) wsa:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/GetStatus"
7826	(154)
7827	wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/GetStatus"/>
7828	(155) <wsdl:output< th=""></wsdl:output<>
7829	(155) (wsd1.odcpdc) (156) message="wsme:GetStatusResponseMsg"
7830	(157)
7831	wsa:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/GetStatusResponse"
7832	(158)
7833	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/GetStatusResponse"/&gt;</pre>
7834	(159)
7835	<pre>(160) <wsdl:operation name="UnsubscribeOp"></wsdl:operation></pre>
7836	(161) <wsdl:input< th=""></wsdl:input<>
7837	<pre>(162) message="wsme:UnsubscribeMsg"</pre>
7838	(163)
7839	<pre>wsa:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/Unsubscribe"</pre>
7840	(164)
7841	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/Unsubscribe"/&gt;</pre>
7842	(165) <wsdl:output< th=""></wsdl:output<>
7843	<pre>(166) message="wsme:UnsubscribeResponseMsg"</pre>
7844 7845	
7846	<pre>wsa:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/UnsubscribeResponse" (168)</pre>
7847	<pre>wsam:Action="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/eventing/UnsubscribeResponse"/</pre>
7848	>
7849	(169)
7850	(170)
7851	(171)
1001	(1,1) // #941.40111111101013/

7852

7853	ANNEX J
7854	(informative)
7855	
7856	Addressing XML Schema
1000	Addressing AME Schema
7857	A normative copy of the XML schemas for the addressing features can be retrieved at the following
7858	address:
7859	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/DSP8034_1.0.xsd
7860	The following non-normative copy of the XML schema is provided for convenience:
7861	<pre>(1) <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?></pre>
7862 7863	<pre>(2) <!-- (3) DMTF - Distributed Management Task Force, Inc http://www.dmtf.org</pre--></pre>
7864	(4)
7865	(5) Document number: DSP8034
7866	(6) Date: 2010-02-19
7867 7868	<ul><li>(7) Version: 1.0.0</li><li>(8) Document status: DMTF Standard</li></ul>
7869	(9)
7870	(10) Title: WS-Management Addressing XML Schema
7871	(11)
7872 7873	<ul><li>(12) Document type: Specification (W3C XML Schema)</li><li>(13) Document language: E</li></ul>
7874	(13) Document language. E (14)
7875	(15) Abstract: XML Schema for WS-Management Addressing.
7876	(16)
7877 7878	(17) Contact group: DMTF WS-Management Work Group, wsman-chair@dmtf.org
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7906	(46) DMTF that, in their opinion, such patent may relate to or impact
7907	(47) implementations of DMTF standards, visit
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7909	(49)	
7910		Change log:
7911	(51)	1.0.0 - 2009-11-01 - Work in Progress release
7912		1.0.0 - 2010-02-19 - DMTF Standard release
7913	(53)	>
7914		<xs:schema< th=""></xs:schema<>
7915	(55)	targetNamespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
7916	(56)	<pre>xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</pre>
7917	(57)	xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"
7918	(58)	elementFormDefault="qualified" blockDefault="#all">
7919	(59)	
7920	(60)	/////////////// Addressing ////////////////////////////////////</th
7921	(61)	Endpoint reference
7922	(62)	<xs:element name="EndpointReference" type="wsa:EndpointReferenceType"></xs:element>
7923	(63)	<xs:complextype name="EndpointReferenceType"></xs:complextype>
7924	(64)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7925	(65)	<xs:element name="Address" type="wsa:AttributedURI"></xs:element>
7926	(66)	<xs:element <="" name="ReferenceProperties" th=""></xs:element>
7927	(67)	<pre>type="wsa:ReferencePropertiesType" minOccurs="0"/&gt;</pre>
7928	(68)	<xs:element <="" name="ReferenceParameters" th=""></xs:element>
7929 7930	(69)	<pre>type="wsa:ReferenceParametersType" minOccurs="0"/&gt;</pre>
7930 7931	(70)	<pre><xs:element minoccurs="0" name="PortType" type="wsa:AttributedQName"></xs:element> </pre>
7932	(71)	<pre><xs:element ccurs="0" name="ServiceName" type="wsa:ServiceNameType"></xs:element></pre>
7933		
7934	(72) (73)	<pre><xs:any maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:any></pre>
7935	(74)	<pre><maxoccurs= <xs:annotation="" unbounded=""></maxoccurs=></pre>
7936	(75)	<pre><xs:documentation></xs:documentation></pre>
7937	(76)	If "Policy" elements from namespace
7938	(77)	"http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2002/12/policy#policy" are used,
7939	(78)	they must appear first (before any extensibility elements).
7940	(79)	<pre> <pre></pre> <p< th=""></p<></pre>
7941	(80)	<pre> <pre></pre></pre>
7942	(81)	
7943	(82)	
7944	(83)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
7945	(84)	
7946	(85)	<xs:complextype name="ReferencePropertiesType"></xs:complextype>
7947	(86)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7948	(87)	<xs:any maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" processcontents="lax"></xs:any>
7949	(88)	
7950	(89)	
7951	(90)	<xs:complextype name="ReferenceParametersType"></xs:complextype>
7952	(91)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
7953	(92)	<pre><xs:any maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" processcontents="lax"></xs:any></pre>
7954 7955	(93)	
7955	(94)	
7956 7957	(95) (96)	<pre><xs:complextype name="ServiceNameType">     <xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent></xs:complextype></pre>
7958		<pre><xs:simplecontent>   <xs:extension base="xs:OName"></xs:extension></xs:simplecontent></pre>
7959	(97) (98)	<pre><xs:extension -="" base="" xs:gname=""></xs:extension></pre>
7960	(98)	<pre><xs:attribute <br="" name="PortName" type="xs:NCName"><xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute></xs:attribute></pre>
7961	(100)	
7962	(101)	
7963	(102)	-
7964	(103)	
7965	(104)	
7966	(105)	
7967	(106)	
7968	(107)	
7969	(108)	
7970	(109)	
7971	(110)	<pre><xs:element name="FaultTo" type="wsa:EndpointReferenceType"></xs:element></pre>

7972	(111)	<xs:complextype name="Relationship"></xs:complextype>
7973	(112)	<xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>
7974	(113)	<xs:extension base="xs:anyURI"></xs:extension>
7975	(114)	<xs:attribute <="" name="RelationshipType" th="" type="xs:QName"></xs:attribute>
7976	use="o	optional"/>
7977	(115)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
7978	(116)	
7979	(117)	
7980	(118)	
7981	(119)	<xs:simpletype name="RelationshipTypeValues"></xs:simpletype>
7982	(120)	<xs:restriction base="xs:QName"></xs:restriction>
7983	(121)	<xs:enumeration value="wsa:Reply"></xs:enumeration>
7984	(122)	
7985	(123)	
7986	(124)	<xs:element name="ReplyAfter" type="wsa:ReplyAfterType"></xs:element>
7987	(125)	<xs:complextype name="ReplyAfterType"></xs:complextype>
7988	(126)	<xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>
7989	(127)	<xs:extension base="xs:nonNegativeInteger"></xs:extension>
7990	(128)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other"></xs:anyattribute>
7991	(129)	
7992	(130)	
7993	(131)	
7994	(132)	<pre><xs:element name="RetryAfter" type="wsa:RetryAfterType"></xs:element></pre>
7995	(133)	<xs:complextype name="RetryAfterType"></xs:complextype>
7996	(134)	<xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>
7997	(135)	<pre><xs:extension base="xs:nonNegativeInteger"></xs:extension></pre>
7998	(136)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other"></xs:anyattribute>
7999	(137)	
8000	(138)	
8001	(139)	
8002	(140)	<pre><xs:simpletype name="FaultSubcodeValues"></xs:simpletype></pre>
8003	(141)	<xs:restriction base="xs:QName"></xs:restriction>
8004	(142)	<pre><xs:enumeration value="wsa:InvalidMessageInformationHeader"></xs:enumeration></pre>
8005	(143)	<xs:enumeration value="wsa:MessageInformationHeaderRequired"></xs:enumeration>
8006	(144)	<pre><xs:enumeration value="wsa:DestinationUnreachable"></xs:enumeration></pre>
8007	(145)	<pre><xs:enumeration value="wsa:ActionNotSupported"></xs:enumeration></pre>
8008	(146)	<pre><xs:enumeration value="wsa:EndpointUnavailable"></xs:enumeration></pre>
8009	(147)	
8010	(148)	
8011	(149)	<pre><xs:attribute name="Action" type="xs:anyURI"></xs:attribute></pre>
8012	(150)	Common declarations and definitions
8013	(151)	<xs:complextype name="AttributedQName"></xs:complextype>
8014	(152)	<xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>
8015	(153)	<xs:extension base="xs:QName"></xs:extension>
8016	(154)	<pre><xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute></pre>
8017	(155)	
8018	(156)	
8019	(157)	
8020	(158)	<xs:complextype name="AttributedURI"></xs:complextype>
8021	(159)	<xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>
8022	(160)	<pre><xs:extension base="xs:anyURI"></xs:extension></pre>
8023	(161)	<pre><xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute></pre>
8024	(162)	<pre> <pre> <pre> <pre>   <pre>       </pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
8025	(163)	
8026	(164)	
8027	(165)	
	,,	

	Web Services for Management (WS-Management) Specification         DSP0226
	ANNEX K
8028	
8029	(informative)
8030	
8031	WS-Management XML Schema
8032	A normative copy of the XML schemas for WS-Management can be retrieved at the following address:
8033	http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd
8034	The following non-normative copy of the XML schema is provided for convenience:
8035	<pre>(1) <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?></pre>
8036	(2) </td
8037	(3) Notice
8038 8039	(4) DSP8015
8040	<ul><li>(5) Document: WS-Management protocol XML Schema</li><li>(6) Version: 1.0.0</li></ul>
8041	(7) Status: Final
8042	(8) Date: 01/20/2008
8043	(9) Author: Bryan Murray, et al.
8044	(10) Description: XML Schema for WS-Management protocol
8045	(11)
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8070	implementations of DMTF standards, visit
8071	http://www.dmtf.org/about/policies/disclosures.php.
8072	(13)
8073	(14) Change Requests:

8073 (14)8074 (15) None

8075 (16) -->

8076 <xs:schema targetNamespace="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd" (17) 8077 (18) xmlns:wsman="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman.xsd" 8078 (19) xmlns:wsa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing" 8079 (20) xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" 8080 (21)elementFormDefault="qualified" version="1.0.0e"> 8081 (22)8082 <xs:import namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"</pre> (23)

0000	(0.4)	
8083	(24)	
8084		chemaLocation="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/08/addressing"/>
8085	(25)	<pre><xs:import <="" namespace="http://www.w3.org/XML/1998/namespace" th=""></xs:import></pre>
8086	(26)	<pre>schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/2001/xml.xsd"/&gt;</pre>
8087	(27)	
8088	(28)	<xs:complextype name="attributableURI"></xs:complextype>
8089	(29)	<xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>
8090	(30)	<pre><xs:extension base="xs:anyURI"></xs:extension></pre>
8091	(31)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
8092	(32)	
8093	(33)	
8094	(34)	
8095	(35)	
8096	(36)	<xs:element name="ResourceURI" type="wsman:attributableURI"></xs:element>
8097	(37)	
8098	(38)	<xs:complextype name="SelectorType"></xs:complextype>
8099	(39)	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
8100	(40)	<xs:documentation></xs:documentation>
8101	(41)	Instances of this type can be only simple types or EPRs, not arbitrary
8102		ixed data.
8103	(42)	
8104	(43)	
8105	(44)	<xs:complexcontent mixed="true"></xs:complexcontent>
8106	(45)	<xs:restriction base="xs:anyType"></xs:restriction>
8107	(46)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
8108	(47)	<xs:element minoccurs="0" ref="wsa:EndpointReference"></xs:element>
8109	(48)	
8110	(49)	<xs:attribute name="Name" type="xs:NCName" use="required"></xs:attribute>
8111	(50)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
8112	(51)	
8113	(52)	
8114	(53)	
8115	(54)	<xs:element name="Selector" type="wsman:SelectorType"></xs:element>
8116	(55)	
8117	(56)	<xs:complextype name="SelectorSetType"></xs:complextype>
8118	(57)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
8119	(58)	<xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1" ref="wsman:Selector"></xs:element>
8120	(59)	
8121	(60)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
8122	(61)	
8123	(62)	
8124	(63)	<xs:element name="SelectorSet" type="wsman:SelectorSetType"></xs:element>
8125	(64)	<xs:unique name="oneSelectorPerName"></xs:unique>
8126	(65)	<xs:selector xpath="./Selector"></xs:selector>
8127	(66)	<xs:field xpath="@Name"></xs:field>
8128	(67)	
8129	(68)	
8130	(69)	
8131	(70)	<xs:complextype name="attributableDuration"></xs:complextype>
8132	(71)	<xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>
8133	(72)	<pre><xs:extension base="xs:duration"></xs:extension></pre>
8134	(73)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
8135	(74)	
8136	(75)	
8137	(76)	
8138	(77)	
8139	(78)	<xs:element name="OperationTimeout" type="wsman:attributableDuration"></xs:element>
8140	(79)	
8141	(80)	<xs:complextype name="attributablePositiveInteger"></xs:complextype>
8142	(81)	<xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>

8143	(82)	<xs:extension base="xs:positiveInteger"></xs:extension>
8144	(83)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
8145	(84)	
8146	(85)	
8147	(86)	
8148	(87)	
8149	(88)	<xs:simpletype name="PolicyType"></xs:simpletype>
8150	(89)	<xs:restriction base="xs:token"></xs:restriction>
8151	(90)	<xs:enumeration value="CancelSubscription"></xs:enumeration>
8152	(91)	<xs:enumeration value="Skip"></xs:enumeration>
8153	(92)	<xs:enumeration value="Notify"></xs:enumeration>
8154	(93)	
8155	(94)	
8156	(95)	
8157	(96)	<xs:complextype name="MaxEnvelopeSizeType"></xs:complextype>
8158	(97)	<xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>
8159	(98)	<pre><xs:extension base="wsman:attributablePositiveInteger"></xs:extension></pre>
8160	(99)	<pre><xs:attribute default="Notify" name="Policy" type="wsman:PolicyType"></xs:attribute></pre>
8161	(100)	<pre> <pre> <pre></pre> <pre>/xs:extension&gt;</pre></pre></pre>
8162	(101)	
8163	(102)	
8164	(102)	<pre></pre>
8165	(103)	meteropetizerype //
8166	(105)	<xs:element name="Locale"></xs:element>
8167	(106)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
8168	(107)	<pre><xs:attribute ref="xml:lang" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>
8169	(108)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
8170	(109)	<pre> <pre></pre></pre>
8171	(110)	
8172	(111)	
8173	(112)	<xs:complextype name="OptionType"></xs:complextype>
8174	(113)	<xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>
8175	(114)	<pre><xs:extension base="xs:string"></xs:extension></pre>
8176	(115)	<pre><xs:attribute name="Name" type="xs:NCName" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>
8177	(116)	<xs:attribute default="false" name="MustComply" type="xs:boolean"></xs:attribute>
8178	(117)	<xs:attribute name="Type" type="xs:QName"></xs:attribute>
8179	(118)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
8180	(119)	<pre></pre>
8181	(120)	
8182	(121)	
8183	(122)	<xs:element name="Option" type="wsman:OptionType"></xs:element>
8184	(123)	
8185	(124)	<xs:element name="OptionSet"></xs:element>
8186	(125)	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
8187	(126)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
8188	(127)	<xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" ref="wsman:Option"></xs:element>
8189	(128)	
8190	(129)	<pre><xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute></pre>
8191	(130)	
8192	(131)	
8193	(132)	
8194	(133)	<xs:complextype name="attributableEmpty"></xs:complextype>
8195	(134)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
8196	(135)	
8197	(136)	
8198	(137)	<xs:element name="RequestEPR" type="wsman:attributableEmpty"></xs:element>
8199	(138)	<xs:element name="EPRInvalid" type="wsman:attributableEmpty"></xs:element>
8200	(139)	<xs:element name="EPRUnknown" type="wsman:attributableEmpty"></xs:element>
8201	(140)	
8202	(141)	<xs:complextype name="RequestedEPRType"></xs:complextype>

8203	(142)	<xs:choice></xs:choice>
8204	(143)	<xs:element ref="wsa:EndpointReference"></xs:element>
8205	(144)	<xs:element ref="wsman:EPRInvalid"></xs:element>
8206	(145)	<xs:element ref="wsman:EPRUnknown"></xs:element>
8207	(146)	
8208	(147)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
8209	(148)	
8210	(149)	<xs:element name="RequestedEPR" type="wsman:RequestedEPRType"></xs:element>
8211	(150)	
8212	(151)	<xs:complextype name="mixedDataType"></xs:complextype>
8213	(152)	<xs:complexcontent mixed="true"></xs:complexcontent>
8214	(153)	<xs:restriction base="xs:anyType"></xs:restriction>
8215	(154)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
8216	(155)	<xs:any <="" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" namespace="##other" th=""></xs:any>
8217	proc	essContents="skip"/>
8218	(156)	
8219	(157)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
8220	(158)	
8221	(159)	
8222	(160)	
8223	(161)	
8224	(162)	<xs:complextype name="fragmentMixedDataType"></xs:complextype>
8225	(163)	<xs:complexcontent mixed="true"></xs:complexcontent>
8226	(164)	<xs:extension base="wsman:mixedDataType"></xs:extension>
8227	(165)	<xs:attribute <="" name="Dialect" th="" type="xs:anyURI"></xs:attribute>
8228	· · ·	ult="http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/REC-xpath-19991116"/>
8229	(166)	<pre><xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute></pre>
8230	(167)	
8231	(168)	
8232	(169)	
8233	(170)	
8234	(171)	<xs:element name="FragmentTransfer" type="wsman:fragmentMixedDataType"></xs:element>
8235	(172)	<pre><xs:element name="XmlFragment" type="wsman:mixedDataType"></xs:element></pre>
8236	(173)	
8237	(174)	<xs:complextype name="attributableNonNegativeInteger"></xs:complextype>
8238	(175)	<xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>
8239	(176)	<pre><xs:extension base="xs:nonNegativeInteger"></xs:extension></pre>
8240	(177)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
8241	(178)	
8242	(179)	
8243	(180)	
8244	(181)	
8245	(182)	<xs:element <="" name="TotalItemsCountEstimate" th=""></xs:element>
8246	· · · ·	="wsman:attributableNonNegativeInteger" nillable="true"/>
8247	(183)	<xs:element <="" name="RequestTotalItemsCountEstimate" th=""></xs:element>
8248	type	="wsman:attributableEmpty"/>
8249	(184)	
8250	(185)	<xs:element name="OptimizeEnumeration" type="wsman:attributableEmpty"></xs:element>
8251	(186)	<pre><xs:element name="MaxElements" type="wsman:attributablePositiveInteger"></xs:element></pre>
8252	(187)	
8253	(188)	<xs:simpletype name="EnumerationModeType"></xs:simpletype>
8254	(189)	<pre><xs:restriction base="xs:token"></xs:restriction></pre>
8255	(190)	<pre><xs:enumeration value="EnumerateEPR"></xs:enumeration></pre>
8256	(191)	<pre><xs:enumeration value="EnumerateObjectAndEPR"></xs:enumeration></pre>
8257	(192)	
8258	(193)	
8259	(194)	<pre>                                            </pre>
8260	(195)	
8261	(196)	<xs:complextype mixed="true" name="mixedDataFilterType"></xs:complextype>
8262	(197)	<pre><xs:complexcontent mixed="true"></xs:complexcontent></pre>
	(/	

8263	(198)	<xs:restriction base="xs:anyType"></xs:restriction>
8264	(199)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
8265	(200)	<pre><xs:any <="" minoccurs="0" namespace="##any" pre="" processcontents="skip"></xs:any></pre>
8266 8267		)ccurs="unbounded"/>
8268	(201)	
8269	(202) (203)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##any" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
8270	(203)	
8270	(204)	
8272	(205)	(/xs.comprexiype>
8273	(200)	<xs:complextype mixed="true" name="filterMixedDataType"></xs:complextype>
8274	(208)	<xs:complexcontent mixed="true"></xs:complexcontent>
8275	(209)	<pre><xs:extension base="wsman:mixedDataFilterType"></xs:extension></pre>
8276	(210)	<xs:attribute <="" name="Dialect" th="" type="xs:anyURI"></xs:attribute>
8277	· /	ault="http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/REC-xpath-19991116"/>
8278	(211)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##any" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
8279	(212)	
8280	(213)	
8281	(214)	
8282	(215)	
8283	(216)	<xs:element name="Filter" type="wsman:filterMixedDataType"></xs:element>
8284	(217)	
8285	(218)	<xs:complextype name="ObjectAndEPRType"></xs:complextype>
8286	(219)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
8287	(220)	<xs:any namespace="##any" processcontents="lax"></xs:any>
8288	(221)	<xs:element ref="wsa:EndpointReference"></xs:element>
8289 8290	(222)	
8290	(223) (224)	 <xs:element name="Item" type="wsman:ObjectAndEPRType"></xs:element>
8292	(224)	<pre><xs.erement <="" name="rtem" pre="" type="wsman.objectAndErKiype"></xs.erement></pre>
8293	(225)	<xs:complextype name="anyListType"></xs:complextype>
8294	(220)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
8295	(228)	<pre><xs:any <="" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" namespace="##other" pre=""></xs:any></pre>
8296		cessContents="lax"/>
8297	(229)	
8298	(230)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
8299	(231)	
8300	(232)	
8301	(233)	<xs:element name="Items" type="wsman:anyListType"></xs:element>
8302	(234)	<xs:element name="EndOfSequence" type="wsman:attributableEmpty"></xs:element>
8303	(235)	
8304	(236)	<xs:complextype name="attributableLanguage"></xs:complextype>
8305	(237)	<xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>
8306 8307	(238)	<pre><xs:extension base="xs:language"></xs:extension></pre>
8308	(239)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
8309	(240) (241)	 
8310	(241)	
8311	(243)	(/X3.Complexiype/
8312	(244)	<xs:element name="ContentEncoding" type="wsman:attributableLanguage"></xs:element>
8313	(245)	
8314	(246)	<xs:complextype name="ConnectionRetryType"></xs:complextype>
8315	(247)	<xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>
8316	(248)	<xs:extension base="wsman:attributableDuration"></xs:extension>
8317	(249)	<xs:attribute name="Total" type="xs:unsignedLong"></xs:attribute>
8318	(250)	
8319	(251)	
8320	(252)	
8321	(253)	<xs:element name="ConnectionRetry" type="wsman:ConnectionRetryType"></xs:element>
8322	(254)	

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8323	(255)	<pre><xs:element name="Heartbeats" type="wsman:attributableDuration"></xs:element></pre>
8324	(256)	<xs:element name="SendBookmarks" type="wsman:attributableEmpty"></xs:element>
8325	(257)	
8326 8327	(258)	<xs:complextype name="attributableAny"></xs:complextype>
8328	(259)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
8329	(260)	<pre><xs:any esscontents="lax" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" namespace="##other"></xs:any></pre>
8330	(261)	
8331	(262)	<pre></pre>
8332	(263)	<pre> <pre> <pre> <pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
8333	(264)	(, NO. COMPTONI JPC)
8334	(265)	<xs:element name="Bookmark" type="wsman:mixedDataType"></xs:element>
8335	(266)	<pre><xs:element name="MaxTime" type="wsman:attributableDuration"></xs:element></pre>
8336	(267)	
8337	(268)	<xs:complextype name="EventType"></xs:complextype>
8338	(269)	<xs:complexcontent></xs:complexcontent>
8339	(270)	<xs:extension base="wsman:attributableAny"></xs:extension>
8340	(271)	<xs:attribute name="Action" type="xs:anyURI" use="required"></xs:attribute>
8341	(272)	
8342	(273)	
8343	(274)	
8344	(275)	<xs:element name="Event" type="wsman:EventType"></xs:element>
8345	(276)	
8346	(277)	<xs:complextype name="EventsType"></xs:complextype>
8347	(278)	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
8348	(279)	<xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="1" ref="wsman:Event"></xs:element>
8349	(280)	
8350	(281)	<xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute>
8351	(282)	
8352	(283)	<xs:element name="Events" type="wsman:EventsType"></xs:element>
8353	(284)	
8354	(285)	<xs:element name="AckRequested" type="wsman:attributableEmpty"></xs:element>
8355 8356	(286)	
8357	(287) (288)	<pre><xs:complextype name="attributableInt"></xs:complextype></pre>
8358	(289)	<pre><xs:simplecontent> <xs:extension base="xs:int"></xs:extension></xs:simplecontent></pre>
8359	(290)	<pre><xs:anyattribute namespace="##other" processcontents="lax"></xs:anyattribute></pre>
8360	(291)	
8361	(292)	
8362	(293)	
8363	(294)	
8364	(295)	<xs:complextype name="DroppedEventsType"></xs:complextype>
8365	(296)	<xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>
8366	(297)	<xs:extension base="wsman:attributableInt"></xs:extension>
8367	(298)	<xs:attribute name="Action" type="xs:anyURI" use="required"></xs:attribute>
8368	(299)	
8369	(300)	
8370	(301)	
8371	(302)	<xs:element name="DroppedEvents" type="wsman:DroppedEventsType"></xs:element>
8372	(303)	
8373	(304)	<xs:simpletype name="restrictedProfileType"></xs:simpletype>
8374	(305)	<xs:restriction base="xs:anyURI"></xs:restriction>
8375	(306)	<pre><xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<></pre>
8376		e="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/http/basic"/>
8377 8378	(307)	<pre><xs:enumeration e="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/http/digest"></xs:enumeration></pre>
8379	(308)	<pre><xs:enumeration< pre=""></xs:enumeration<></pre>
8380		<pre><xs:enumeration e="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/basic"></xs:enumeration></pre>
8381	(309)	<pre></pre>
8382		e="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/digest"/>

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8383	(310) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8384	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/mutual"/&gt;</pre>
8385	(311) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8386 8387	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/mutual/basic"/ &gt;</pre>
8388	(312) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8389	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/mutual/digest"
8390	/>
8391	(313) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8392	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/spnego-
8393	kerberos"/>
8394	(314) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8395	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/https/mutual/spnego-
8396	kerberos"/>
8397	(315) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8398	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/secprofile/http/spnego-
8399	kerberos"/>
8400	(316)
8401	(317)
8402	(318)
8403	<pre>(319) <xs:simpletype name="ProfileType"></xs:simpletype></pre>
8404	<pre>(320) <xs:union membertypes="wsman:restrictedProfileType xs:anyURI"></xs:union></pre>
8405	(321)
8406	(322)
8407	<pre>(323) <xs:complextype name="AuthType"></xs:complextype></pre>
8408	(324) <xs:complexcontent></xs:complexcontent>
8409	<pre>(325) <xs:extension base="wsman:attributableEmpty"></xs:extension></pre>
8410	<pre>(326) <xs:attribute name="Profile" type="wsman:ProfileType" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>
8411	(327)
8412	(328)
8413	(329)
8414	<pre>(330) <xs:element name="Auth" type="wsman:AuthType"></xs:element></pre>
8415	(331)
8416	<pre>(332) <xs:simpletype name="ThumbprintType"></xs:simpletype></pre>
8417	<pre>(333) <xs:restriction base="xs:string"></xs:restriction></pre>
8418	(334) <xs:pattern value="[0-9a-fA-F]{40}"></xs:pattern>
8419	(335)
8420	(336)
8421	<pre>(337) <xs:element name="CertificateThumbprint" type="wsman:ThumbprintType"></xs:element></pre>
8422	(338)

0100	
8423	(339)
8424	<pre>(340) <xs:simpletype name="restrictedFaultDetailType"></xs:simpletype></pre>
8425	(341) <xs:restriction base="xs:anyURI"></xs:restriction>
8426	(342) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8427	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/ActionMismatch"/&gt;</pre>
8428	(343) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8429	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/Ack"/&gt; (244)</pre>
8430 8431	(344) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8432	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/AddressingMode"/&gt; (245)</pre>
8433	<pre>(345) <xs:enumeration value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/AsynchronousRequest</xs:enumeration </pre>
8434	<pre>"/&gt;</pre>
8435	(346) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8436	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/Bookmarks"/>
8437	(347) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8438	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/CharacterSet"/>
8439	(348) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8440	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/DeliveryRetries"/>
8441	(349) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8442	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/DuplicateSelectors"
8443	/>
8444	(350) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8445	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/EncodingType"/>
8446	(351) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8447	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/EnumerationMode"/&gt;</pre>
8448	(352) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8449	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/ExpirationTime"/&gt;</pre>
8450	(353) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8451	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/Expired"/&gt;</pre>
8452	(354) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8453	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/FilteringRequired"/</pre>
8454	
8455 8456	<pre>(355) <xs:enumeration value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/FormatMismatch"/&gt;</xs:enumeration </pre>
8457	(356) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8458	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/FragmentLevelAccess
8459	"/>
8460	(357) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8461	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/Heartbeats"/>
8462	(358) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8463	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InsecureAddress"/>
8464	(359) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8465	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InsufficientSelecto
8466	rs"/>
8467	(360) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8468	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/Invalid"/&gt;</pre>
8469	(361) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8470	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidName"/&gt;</pre>
8471	(362) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8472 8473	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidFragment"/&gt; (262)</pre>
8473 8474	(363) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8475	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidNamespace"/&gt; (364) <xs:enumeration< pre=""></xs:enumeration<></pre>
8476	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidResourceURI"
8477	/>
8478	(365) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8479	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidValue"/>
8480	(366) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8481	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/InvalidValues"/>
8482	(367) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8483	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/Locale"/>
8484	(368) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>

8485	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MaxElements"/&gt;</pre>
8486	(369) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8487	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MaxEnvelopePolicy"/
8488	>
8489	(370) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8490	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MaxEnvelopeSize"/>
8491	(371) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8492	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MaxTime"/>
8493	(372) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8494	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MinimumEnvelopeLimi
8495	t"/>
8496	(373) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8497	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/MissingValues"/&gt;</pre>
8498	(374) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8499	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/NotSupported"/&gt;</pre>
8500	(375) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8501	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/OperationTimeout"/&gt; (276)</pre>
8502 8503	(376) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8503 8504	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/OptionLimit"/&gt; (377) <xs:enumeration< pre=""></xs:enumeration<></pre>
8505	<pre>(3//) <xs:enumeration value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/ResourceOffline"></xs:enumeration></pre>
8505	(378) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8507	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/SelectorLimit"/>
8508	(379) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8509	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/ServiceEnvelopeLimi
8510	t"/>
8511	(380) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8512	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/TypeMismatch"/>
8513	(381) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8514	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/UnexpectedSelectors
8515	"/>
8516	(382) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8517	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/UnreportableSuccess
8518	"/>
8519	(383) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8520	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/UnsupportedCharacte" "/"</pre>
8521	r"/>
8522	(384) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8523	<pre>value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/UnusableAddress"/&gt;</pre>
8524 8525	<pre>(385) <xs:enumeration value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/URILimitExceeded"/&gt;</xs:enumeration </pre>
8526	(386) <xs:enumeration< th=""></xs:enumeration<>
8527	value="http://schemas.dmtf.org/wbem/wsman/1/wsman/faultDetail/Whitespace"/>
8528	(387)
8529	(388)
8530	(389)
8531	(390) <xs:simpletype name="FaultDetailType"></xs:simpletype>
8532	<pre>(390) <xs:union membertypes="wsman:restrictedFaultDetailType xs:anyURI"></xs:union></pre>
8533	(392)
8534	(393)
8535	<pre>(394) <xs:element name="FaultDetail" type="wsman:FaultDetailType"></xs:element></pre>
8536	<pre>(395) <xs:element name="FragmentDialect" type="wsman:attributableURI"></xs:element></pre>
8537	(396) <xs:element name="SupportedSelectorName" type="xs:NCName"></xs:element>
8538	(397)
8539	(398) Master Fault Table subcode QNames
8540	(399) <xs:element name="AccessDenied"><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></xs:element>
8541	(400) <xs:element name="AlreadyExists"><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></xs:element>
8542	(401) <xs:element name="CannotProcessFilter"><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></xs:element>
8543	(402) <xs:element name="Concurrency"><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></xs:element>
8544	(403) <xs:element name="DeliveryRefused"><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></xs:element>
8545	(404) <xs:element name="EncodingLimit"><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></xs:element>

8546	(405)	<xs:element name="EventDeliverToUnusable"><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></xs:element>
8547	(406)	<xs:element< th=""></xs:element<>
8548	nam	="FragmentDialectNotSupported"> <xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
8549	(407)	<xs:element name="InternalError"><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></xs:element>
8550	(408)	<xs:element name="InvalidBookmark"><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></xs:element>
8551	(409)	<xs:element name="InvalidOptions"><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></xs:element>
8552	(410)	<xs:element name="InvalidParameter"><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></xs:element>
8553	(411)	<xs:element name="InvalidSelectors"><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></xs:element>
8554	(412)	<xs:element name="NoAck"><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></xs:element>
8555	(413)	<xs:element name="QuotaLimit"><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></xs:element>
8556	(414)	<xs:element name="SchemaValidationError"><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></xs:element>
8557	(415)	<xs:element name="TimedOut"><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></xs:element>
8558	(416)	<xs:element name="UnsupportedFeature"><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></xs:element>
8559	(417)	
8560	(418)	

8561

8562 8563	ANNEX L (informative)
8564	
8565	Change Log

8566

Version	Date	Description
1.0.0	2008-02-12	
1.1.0	2010-03-03	Released as DMTF Standard, with the following changes: Incorporates TEEN specifications inline Addresses consistency issues with DSP0227 on Put and Fragment Put
1.1.1	2012-07-30	Incorporate additional clarifying text to Forward section for ISO/IEC publication as Publicly Available Specification (PAS)
1.1.1	2012-08-28	DMTF Standard
1.2.0	2014-09-30	DMTF Standard Update document for security requirements in SP 800-52 Rev. 1.

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