



Redfish for Liquid Cooling Equipment

DMTF Redfish Forum
November 2023



Introduction

- Redfish extended into DCIM in 2019
 - Initial support for power infrastructure and power distribution units
 - Liquid cooling systems added in release 2023.1
- Benefits industry in several ways
 - Client software obtains data using a single protocol, represented in a standard data model, avoiding ongoing work to adapt vendor-specific
 - Equipment vendors leverage Redfish ecosystem and freely-available open source tools for “housekeeping” software functions
 - Includes: event configuration, firmware update, security & certificates mgmt, etc.
 - With a consistent model, DCIM equipment data can be correlated with the associated IT gear, enabling more advanced, integrated management functionality
 - Numerous methods to increase energy efficiency and equipment utilization if DCIM and IT controls can be tightly coupled
 - But we have to be able to measure and monitor first...



THERMAL EQUIPMENT MODEL

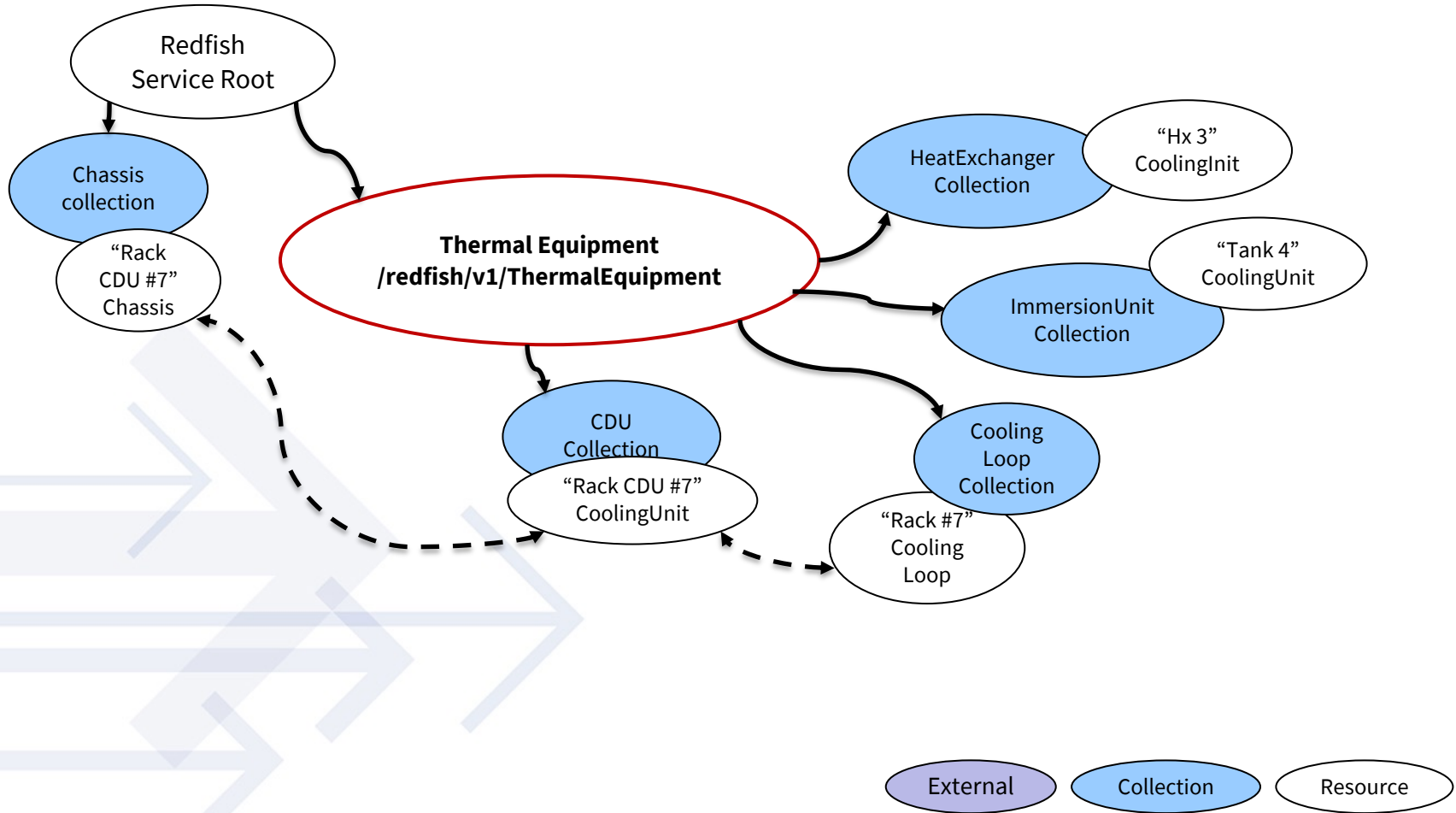


ThermalEquipment resource

- Single resource under **ServiceRoot**
 - Follows design pattern used for **PowerEquipment**
 - Contains links to all cooling systems and related equipment
 - Used primarily for discovery of managed equipment
 - Can expand to include other equipment categories, such as heat re-use
- Links to Resource Collections of:
 - Coolant Distribution Units (CDU's)
 - Immersion Cooling Units
 - Heat Exchangers
 - Also leverages the **ThermalSubsystem** under **Chassis** for **Fan** resources
 - Cooling Loops
 - Both facility-level (FWS) and rack/secondary (TCS) loops



Thermal Equipment Model





COOLING LOOP MODEL

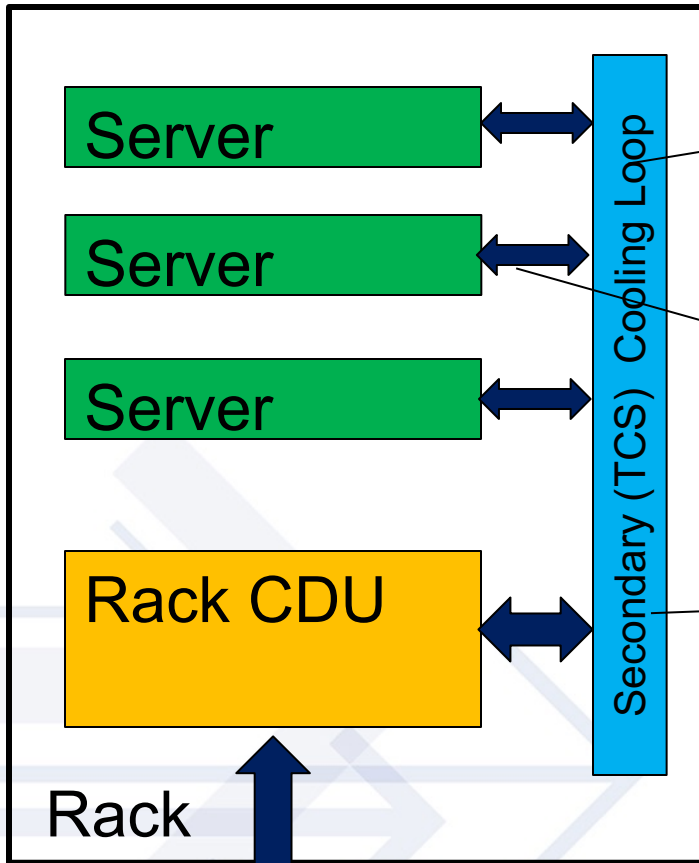


Cooling Loop and Coolant Connector Models

- **CoolingLoop** model
 - Describes the physical characteristics and capacities of a cooling loop
 - Loop can be self-contained (within a rack or group of racks)
 - Or can be facility-wide (primary loops from external chillers, etc.)
 - Shows connectivity to equipment
 - Provides means for both “names” (strings) and links to resources
- **CoolantConnector** models connections to a **CoolingLoop**
 - Describes the “supply” and / or “return” side of the managed equipment
 - An instance is either a connection pair, or an individual supply or return
 - Metrics are gathered at these connection points
 - Allows independent metrics for each piece of equipment connected to the loop
 - Can also support “in line” measurement points using the consistent data model
 - Provide information about the connected loop if available
 - User-entered “loop name” provides a connection path through the infrastructure



Cooling Loop – Rack-level self-contained example



This **CoolingLoop** is within the rack, and can be modeled and populated by the RackCDU's Redfish service

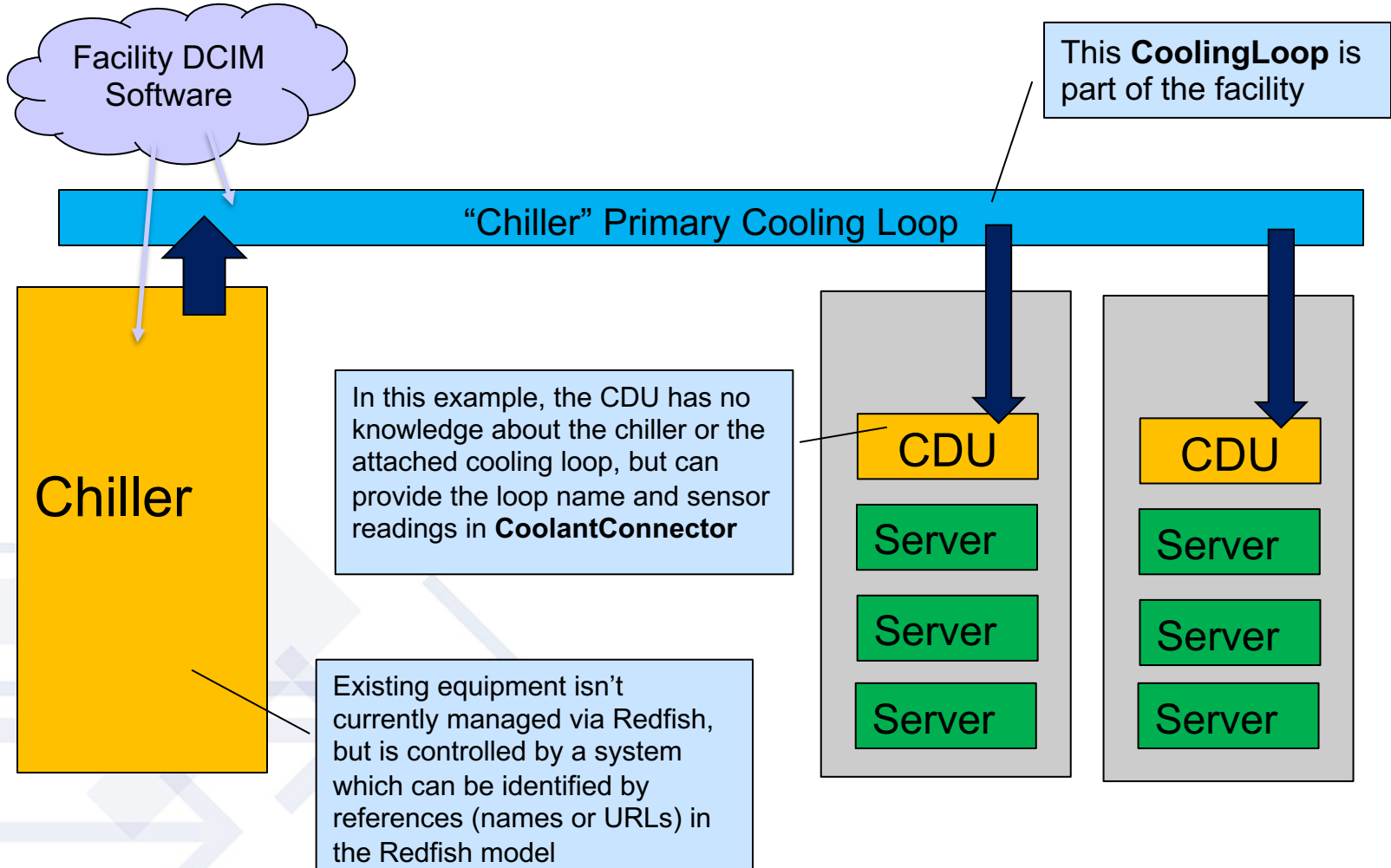
System's **CoolantConnector** links to the external **CoolingLoop** (in the Rack CDU)

Rack CDU *secondary* **CoolantConnector** connects to a **CoolingLoop** resource

Rack CDU *primary* **CoolantConnector** links to a **CoolingLoop** resource in the facility, or provides just the *LoopName*



Cooling Loop – facility level example





CoolingLoop schema

- **CoolingLoopCollection** placed under **ThermalEquipment**
- Reports product, location, and capacity for the loop
- Describes *Coolant* properties
 - *CoolantType* – Water, Dielectric, Hydrocarbon, Fluorocarbon
 - *AdditiveName* and *AdditivePercent* – based on *CoolantType*
 - *ServicedDate* and *ServiceHours* – Track maintenance requirements
 - *SpecificHeatkJoulesPerKgK* and *DensitykgPerCubicMeter* – info for clients
- Cooling loop-level metrics
 - *CoolantQuality* – Normal or Abnormal
 - *CoolantLevelStatus* (OK, Warning, Critical) and *CoolantLevelPercent*
- Methods to represent connections to related equipment
 - *ConsumingEquipmentNames[]* – User-defined strings for unmanaged gear
 - *SupplyEquipmentNames[]* – User-defined strings for upstream gear
 - *CoolingManagerUri* – User-defined link to a management console



CoolingLoop resource example

```
{
  "@odata.type": "#CoolingLoop.v1_0_0.CoolingLoop",
  "Id": "BuildingChiller",
  "Name": "Feed from building chiller",
  "Status": {
    "Health": "OK"
  },
  "UserLabel": "Building Chiller",
  "RatedFlowLitersPerMinute": 900,
  "RatedPressurekPa": 1600,
  "Coolant": {
    "AdditiveName": "Generic cooling water biocide",
    "AdditivePercent": 0.25,
    "CoolantType": "water"
  },
  "CoolantLevelStatus": "OK",
  "CoolantQuality": "Normal",
  "CoolantLevelPercent": {
    "Reading": 95
  },
  "SupplyEquipmentNames": ["Chiller"],
  "ConsumingEquipmentNames": ["Rack #1 CDU", "Rack #2 CDU", "Rack #3 CDU", "Rack #4 CDU"],
  "PrimaryCoolantConnectors": {
    "@odata.id": "/redfish/v1/ThermalEquipment/CoolingLoops/BuildingChiller/PrimaryCoolantConnectors"
  },
  "SecondaryCoolantConnectors": {
    "@odata.id": "/redfish/v1/ThermalEquipment/CoolingLoops/BuildingChiller/SecondaryCoolantConnectors"
  },
  << TRUNCATED >>
}
```

Details about coolant
used in the loop

Sensor excerpts for coolant
level and total heat removed

EquipmentNames allow users to
manually add non-Redfish devices
to help complete the model



COOLING UNIT MODEL

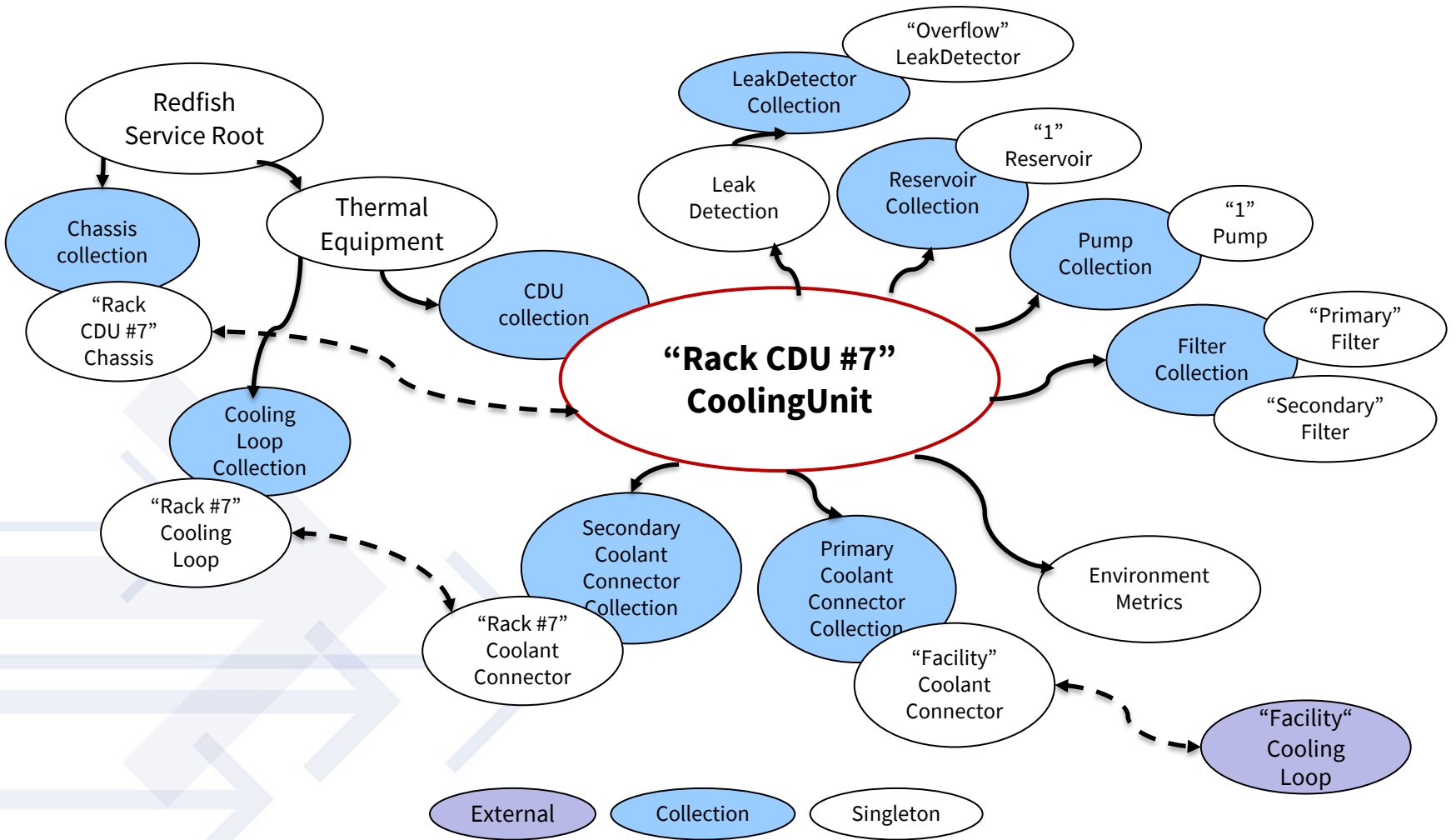


CoolingUnit schema and resources

- Unified schema covers many types of cooling gear
 - Equipment that cannot be modeled by a **Chassis** and **ThermalSubsystem**
 - Simple heat exchangers or manifolds may be covered as a Chassis alone
 - **CoolingUnit** equipment will have a containing Chassis resource
 - Share common modeling and property definitions
 - *EquipmentType* property provides specific identification
- Resource contents
 - General product identification – model, manufacturer, serial number, etc.
 - Versioning – Hardware revision, firmware version, date of manufacture
- *Links* to subordinate and related resources
 - **Sensors, LeakDetection, EnvironmentMetrics**
 - Primary (input) and Secondary (output) **CoolantConnectors**
 - Subsystems: **Pumps, Filters, Reservoirs**
 - **Chassis** that contains the equipment



Cooling Unit Model





CoolingUnit resource example

```
{
  "@odata.type": "#CoolingUnit.v1_0_0.CoolingUnit",
  "Id": "1",
  "EquipmentType": "CDU",
  "Name": "Rack #4 Cooling Distribution Unit",
  "FirmwareVersion": "3.2.0",
  "Version": "1.03b",
  "ProductionDate": "2020-12-24T08:00:00Z",
  "Manufacturer": "Contoso",
  "Model": "BRRR4000",
  "SerialNumber": "29347ZT536",
  "PartNumber": "ICE-9",
  "Coolant": {
    "CoolantType": "Hydrocarbon"
  },
  "AssetTag": "PDX5-92381",
  "Status": {
    "State": "Enabled",
    "Health": "OK"
  },
  "LeakDetection": { "@odata.id": < Link to LeakDetection > },
  "PrimaryCoolantConnectors": { "@odata.id": < Link to CoolantConnectorCollection > },
  "SecondaryCoolantConnectors": { "@odata.id": < Link to CoolantConnectorCollection > },
  "Pumps": { "@odata.id": < Link to PumpCollection > },
  "Filters": { "@odata.id": < Link to FilterCollection > },
  "EnvironmentMetrics": { "@odata.id": < Link to EnvironmentMetrics > },
  < TRUNCATED >
}
```



CoolantConnector schema

- Describes a coolant-carrying connector and its equipment connections
 - Modeled either as a connector pair, or an individual “supply” or “return”
 - Provides numerous sensor readings
 - Flow, Temperature, Pressure on both supply and return
 - If known, provide link to **CoolingLoop**
 - Or the loop name and Manager URI if known and populated by end user
- Main monitoring resource for the cooling unit’s functionality
 - Primary coolant connectors – input from facility chillers or other sources
 - Secondary coolant connectors– output from the cooling unit to feed “consuming” equipment

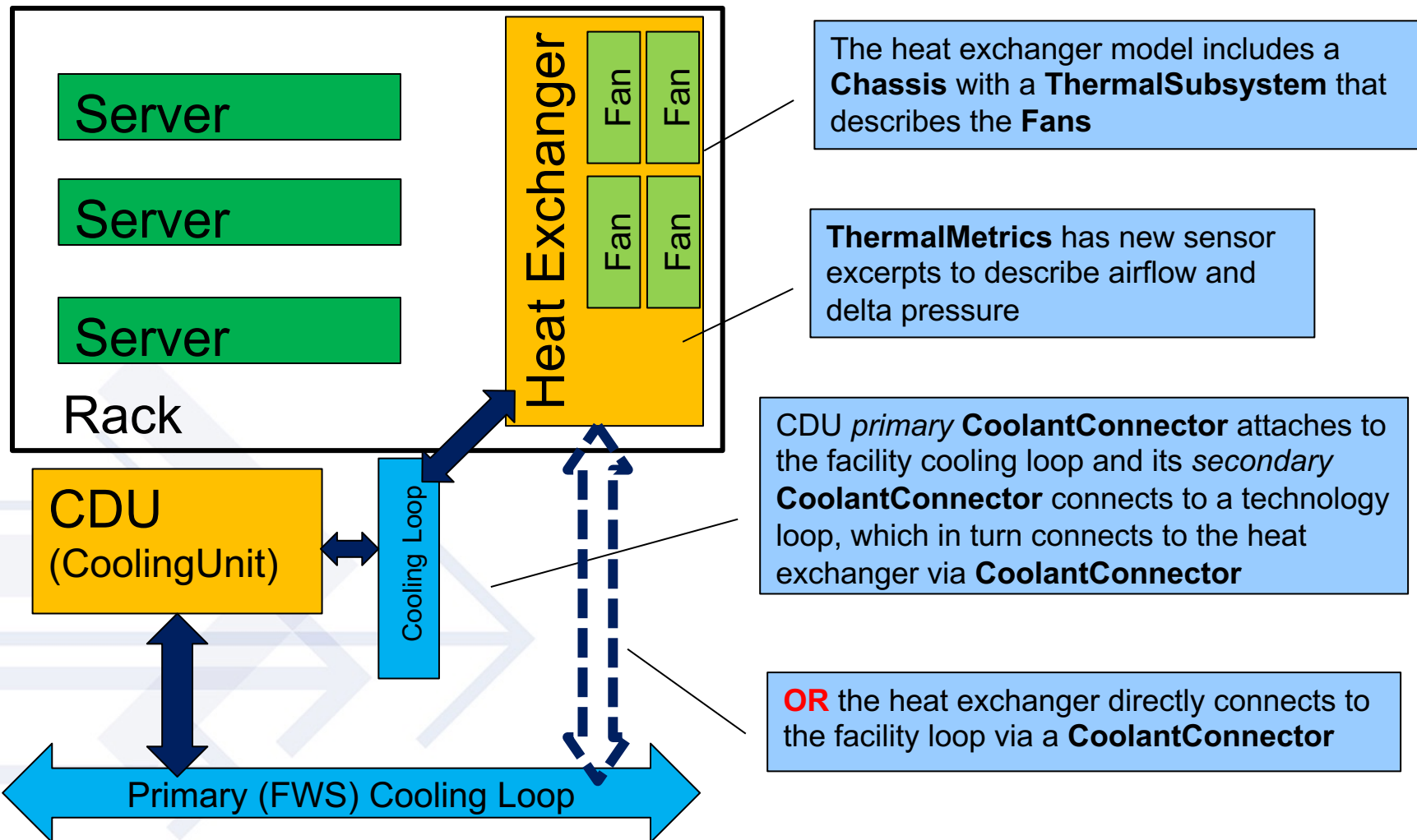


CoolantConnector resource example

```
{
  "@odata.type": "#CoolantConnector.v1_0_0.CoolantConnector",
  "Id": "Chiller",
  "Name": "Primary Input from Chiller",
  "Status": {
    "Health": "OK"
  },
  "CoolantConnectorType": "Pair",
  "CoolingLoopName": "Building Chiller",
  "Coolant": {
    "CoolantType": "Water",
    "AdditiveName": "Generic cooling water biocide",
    "AdditivePercent": 0.25
  }
  "RatedFlowLitersPerMinute": 120,
  "RatedPressurekPa": 1600,
  "SupplyTemperatureCelsius": {
    "DataSourceUri": "/redfish/v1/CoolingEquipment/RackCDUs/1/Sensors/LoopASupplyTemp",
    "Reading": 14.8
  },
  "SupplyPressurekPa": {
    "Reading": 319.6
  },
  "DeltaTemperatureCelsius": {
    "Reading": 19.3
  },
  < TRUNCATED >
}
```



Example: Rear Door Heat Exchanger





Subsystems for CoolingUnit and ThermalEquipment

- Equipment that may appear as a subsystem of a **CoolingUnit**
 - Model this equipment as a subordinate resources to an individual **CoolingUnit**
- These schemas contain basic inventory and identification data
 - More specific properties are easily added as feedback is received
- **Pump** resource collection
 - Pump speed, product information
- **Reservoir** resource collection
 - Fill level, capacity, internal pressure, product information
- **Filter** resource collection
 - Service time / install time, product information



LEAK DETECTION

LeakDetection schema

- Resource to describe leak detection equipment and report leaks
 - Allows discovery of detection equipment to validate customer requirements
- *DetectorGroups* supports multiple “zones” of detection
 - Each group represents a detection zone
 - Made up of one or more *LeakDetector instances*
 - Can also include a humidity sensor
 - “Policy” for what constitutes a reported leak is left to implementation
 - Assumes this is manufacturer or configuration based, not user-defined
- *Status* object provides means to report leaks
 - Will define messages for reporting leaks as *Conditions*





LeakDetection resource example

```
{
  "@odata.type": "#LeakDetection.v1_0_0.LeakDetection",
  "Name": "Leak Detection Systems",
  "Status": {
    "State": "Enabled",
    "Health": "OK",
    "Conditions": []
  },
  "LeakDetectorGroups": [{
    "GroupName": "Detectors under and around the CDU",
    "HumidityPercent": {
      "Reading": 45
    },
    "Detectors": [{
      "DataSourceURI": "/redfish/v1/ThermalEquipment/CDUs/1/LeakDetection/LeakDetectors/1",
      "PhysicalContext": "Chassis",
      "DetectorState": "OK"
    },
    {
      "DataSourceURI": "/redfish/v1/ThermalEquipment/CDUs/1/LeakDetection/LeakDetectors/2",
      "PhysicalContext": "Chassis",
      "DetectorState": "OK"
    }
  ]
}],
}
```

In this example with one LeakDetectorGroup, there are three sensors, with the implementation deciding the policy under which a leak is reported

Humidity reading, with an internal threshold to indicate a leak

Two types of Detectors, which will indicate a leak with a DetectorState of "Alert"



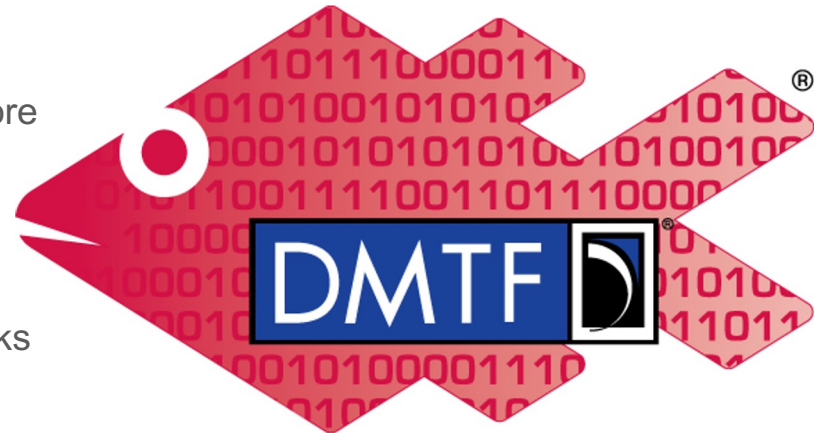
Call to Action

- Implement Redfish support on your cooling equipment
 - Leverage the existing Redfish software ecosystem
 - Enable higher-level client software functions
 - Link infrastructure power & cooling to IT gear performance data
 - Share status information and provide event notification
- Provide feedback on the data model
 - Redfish 2023.2 release incorporated feedback from early adopters
 - CoolingLoop, CoolantConnector redundancy support added
 - Redfish releases typically occur 3-4 times annually
 - Simple questions or suggestions are welcome on the public forum
 - Feedback can be submitted to the DMTF directly



Getting involved in Redfish

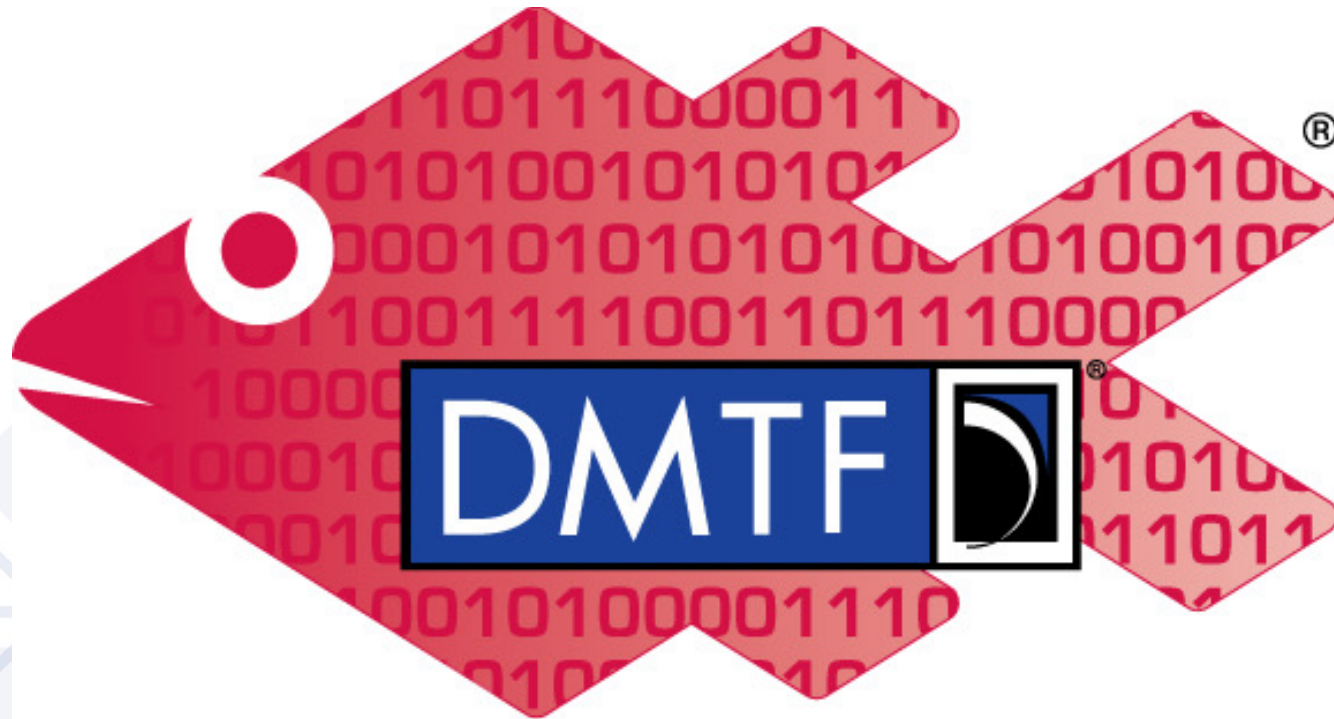
- Redfish Standards page
 - Schemas, Specs, Mockups, White Papers & more
 - <https://www.dmtf.org/standards/redfish>
- Redfish Developer Portal
 - Redfish Interactive Resource Explorer
 - Educational material, documentation & other links
 - <https://redfish.dmtf.org>
- Redfish User Forum
 - User forum for questions, suggestions and discussion
 - <https://www.redfishforum.com>
- DMTF Feedback Portal
 - Provide feedback or submit proposals for Redfish standards
 - <https://www.dmtf.org/standards/feedback>
- DMTF GitHub organization
 - Open source tools and libraries for DMTF standards
 - <https://www.github.com/DMTF>



Redfish



Q&A & Discussion



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